

Statistical bulletin

# Employment in the UK: August 2024

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for the UK.

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# 1 . Other pages in this release

Other commentary from the latest labour market data can be found on the following pages:

- [Labour market overview](#)
- [Average weekly earnings in Great Britain](#)
- [Earnings and employment from Pay As You Earn Real Time Information, UK](#)
- [Labour market in the regions of the UK](#)
- [Vacancies and jobs in the UK](#)

## 2 . Main points

- Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates have been weighted to population estimates published in November 2023 for periods from July to September 2022; headline UK seasonally adjusted series prior to this have been modelled, but other series have a discontinuity at this point.
- Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution, and we recommend using them as part of our suite of labour market indicators alongside Workforce Jobs, Claimant Count data, and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.
- The UK employment rate for April to June 2024 (74.5%) is below estimates of a year ago (April to June 2023), but increased in the latest quarter.
- The UK unemployment rate for April to June 2024 (4.2%) is below estimates of a year ago (April to June 2023), and decreased in the latest quarter.
- The UK economic inactivity rate for April to June 2024 (22.2%) is above estimates of a year ago (April to June 2023), but is largely unchanged in the latest quarter.

The ongoing challenges with response rates and levels mean that LFS-based labour market statistics will be badged as [official statistics in development](#) until further review. Read more in [Section 12: Data sources and quality](#)

### 3 . Coronavirus and measuring the labour market

Latest Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates are based on interviews that took place from April to June 2024.

Because of coronavirus (COVID-19) and the suspension of face-to-face interviewing, we had to make operational changes to the LFS, which moved to a by-telephone approach. This introduced an increased non-response bias to the survey, which was partially mitigated by the introduction of housing tenure-based weights into the survey in October 2020, as detailed in our [Coronavirus and its impact on the Labour Force Survey article](#).

However, it was acknowledged that further improvement work was required to deal with the increase in non-response from those with a non-UK country of birth or nationality. As a result, an adjusted [Labour Force Survey weighting methodology](#) was introduced in July 2021. Further information is available in our [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators, UK: 2022 article](#).

From our February 2024 labour market release, LFS periods from July to September 2022 onwards have been reweighted to incorporate estimates of the size and composition of the UK population published in November 2023. This reweighting creates a discontinuity between June to August 2022 and July to September 2022. Users should take this discontinuity into consideration when considering long-term movements in the series.

However, we have modelled the seasonally adjusted UK levels of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity by sex and age band back to the start of the population revisions in June to August 2011. This has been done by scaling to the population estimates used from July to September 2022, while taking account of the relative revisions to population by sex and age band in each year over the revision period. This ensures that the headline series in Table 1, Table 2 (1) and Table 2 (2) (also available in A02SA, A05SA and A01 Tables 1 and 2) are comparable over the full series.

This reweighting does not address the volatility seen in recent periods and this may be seen to some extent in the future. Therefore, we advise increased caution when interpreting short-term changes in series and recommend using them as part of a suite of labour market indicators, alongside Workforce Jobs, Claimant Count data and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.

LFS estimates are currently not considered accredited official statistics and are currently designated as [official statistics in development](#).

For further information, please see our [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators, UK: 2024 article](#).

## 4 . Summary

Table 1: April to June 2024 headline measures and changes

UK headline economic status levels and rates, total weekly hours, and redundancy levels and rates, seasonally adjusted, April to June 2024

	Level/Rate	Confidence Interval of level/rate	Change on previous three-month period	Change on year	Change since December 2019 to February 2020
<b>Employment (000s, aged 16+)</b>	33,094	± 251	+97	-69	+3
<b>Employment rate (aged 16 to 64)</b>	74.5%	± 0.6	+0.1pp	-0.7pp	-1.7pp
<b>Unemployment (000s, aged 16+)</b>	1,435	± 103	-51	-25	+35
<b>Unemployment rate (aged 16+)</b>	4.2%	± 0.3	-0.2pp	-0.1pp	+0.1pp
<b>Economically inactive (000s, aged 16 to 64)</b>	9,410	± 226	+27	+350	+859
<b>Economic inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64)</b>	22.2%	± 0.5	0.0pp	+0.7pp	+1.7pp
<b>Total weekly hours (millions)</b>	1,059.5	Not available	3.2	10.5	Not available due to discontinuity
<b>Redundancies (000s, aged 16 years and over)</b>	108	± 27	+19	-2	Not available due to discontinuity
<b>Redundancy rate (per thousand, aged 16+)</b>	3.8	Not available	+0.7	-0.1	Not available due to discontinuity

Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

## 5 . Employment

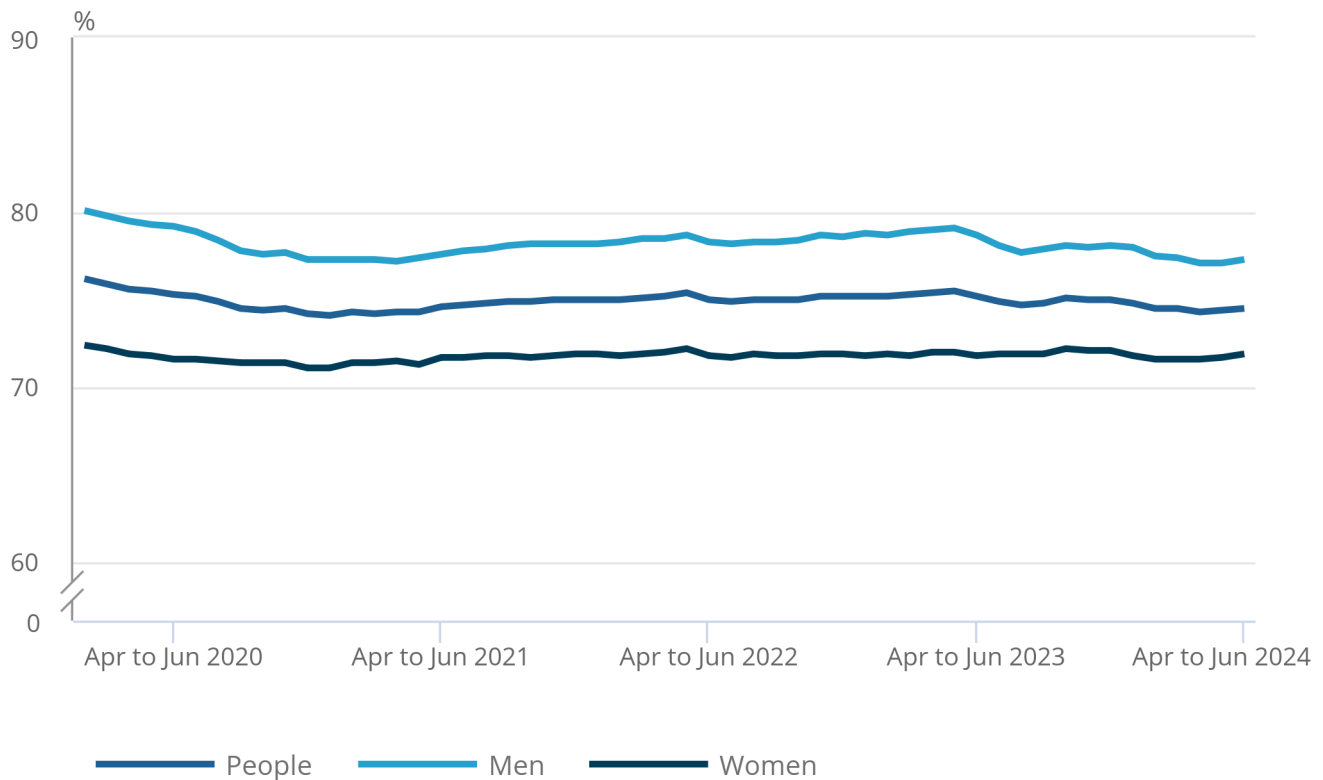
Following an increase in the [employment](#) rate since early 2012, the rate decreased from the start of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. There had largely been an increase since the end of 2020, but the rate has been decreasing since mid-2023. In the latest quarter, the employment rate increased but remains below pre-coronavirus levels.

**Figure 1: The employment rate increased in the latest quarter but remains below estimates from a year ago [note 1]**

UK employment rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 to February 2020 and April to June 2024

Figure 1: The employment rate increased in the latest quarter but remains below estimates from a year ago [note 1]

UK employment rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 to February 2020 and April to June 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

**Notes:**

1. Increased volatility of Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

The quarterly increase was largely because of part-time employees and self-employed workers; this increase was partially offset by a decrease in full-time employees. Meanwhile, the annual decrease was largely because of part-time workers.

The number of people in employment with second jobs has been decreasing since mid-2023 but has seen an increase since early 2024 and increased in the latest three-month period and on the year to 1.25 million (3.8% of people in employment).

We also publish estimates of payrolled employees in our [Earnings and employment from Pay As You Earn Real Time Information, UK bulletin](#) and estimates of the number of jobs in our [Vacancies and jobs in the UK bulletin](#).

## Hours worked

The number of [total actual weekly hours worked](#) has been generally increasing in the UK since the relaxation of coronavirus lockdown measures, but was largely flat during 2023. In the latest period (April to June 2024), total actual weekly hours worked increased on the quarter to 1.06 billion hours and are above the level of a year ago (April to June 2023). The increase was largely because of increases in men's working hours, but women's hours also increased.

Average actual weekly hours worked was at 32.0 hours per week, remaining largely unchanged on the quarter but up 0.4 hours per week on the year.

## 6 . Unemployment

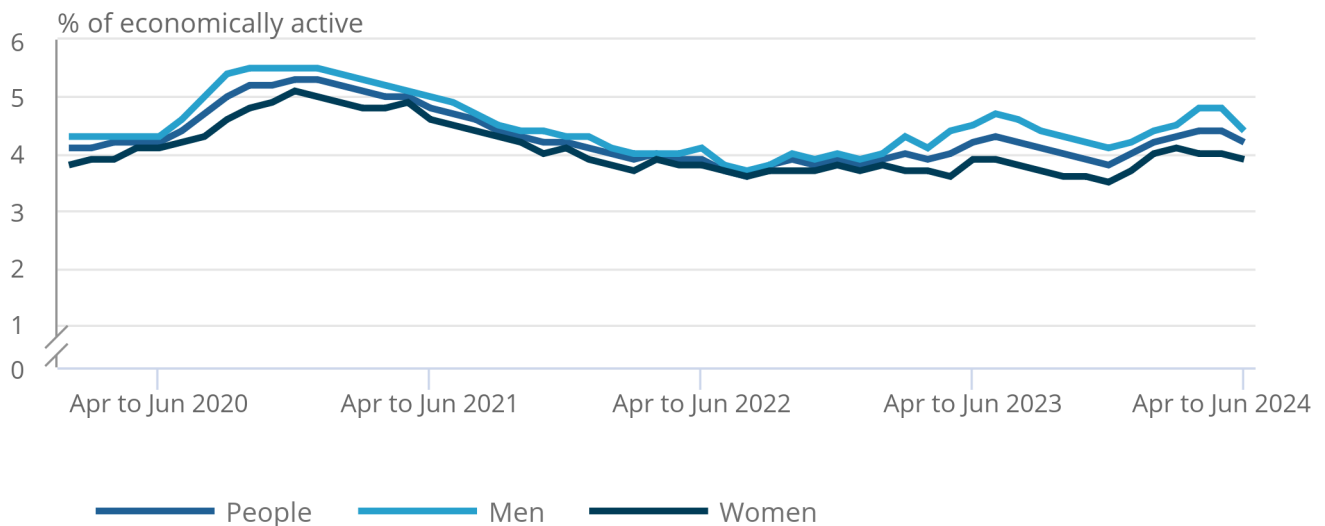
Following decreases in the [unemployment](#) rate since late 2013, the unemployment rate increased during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. From early 2021, it decreased to below pre-coronavirus rates by mid-2022. The unemployment rate has been largely increasing since then, despite a period of decrease during the latter half of 2023. In the latest quarter, the unemployment rate decreased.

**Figure 2: The unemployment rate decreased on the quarter [note 1] and on the year**

UK unemployment rates, people, men and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and April to June 2024

Figure 2: The unemployment rate decreased on the quarter [note 1] and on the year

UK unemployment rates, people, men and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and April to June 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

**Notes:**

1. Increased volatility of Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

In April to June 2024, the number of those unemployed for up to 6 months decreased, dropping below levels of a year ago (April to June 2023). Those unemployed for over 6 and up to 12 months and those unemployed for over 12 months also decreased in the latest quarter but are above estimates a year ago.

We also publish the [Claimant Count](#), a measure of the number of people who are receiving a benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed. Claimant Count statistics are currently designated as [official statistics in development](#). The UK Claimant Count for July 2024 increased on the month and on the year, to 1.801 million.

Commencing in May 2024, the Department for Work and Pensions are rolling out an increase in the administrative earnings threshold for full work search conditionality. This change is likely to affect around 180,000 claimants over a period of around 6 months, increasing the Claimant Count over that time.





## 7 . Economic inactivity

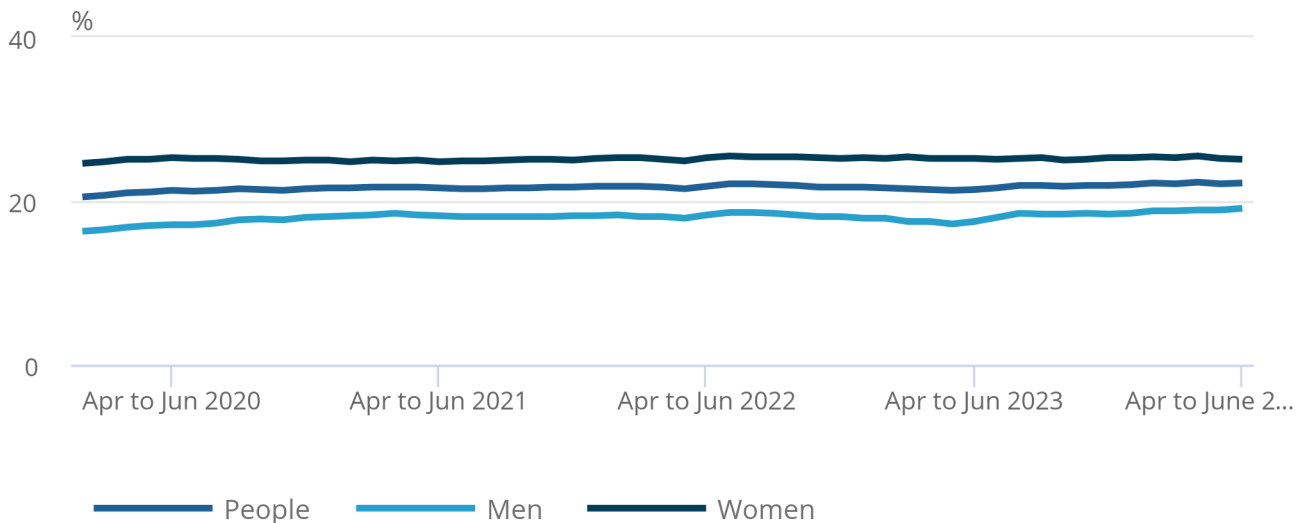
Since comparable records began in 1971, the [economic inactivity](#) rate had generally been falling; however, it increased during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and fluctuated around this increased rate. In the latest quarter, the economic inactivity rate decreased.

**Figure 3: The economic inactivity rate was largely unchanged in the latest quarter [note 1] but increased on the year**

UK economic inactivity rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 and February 2020 and April to June 2024

Figure 3: The economic inactivity rate was largely unchanged in the latest quarter [note 1] but increased on the year

UK economic inactivity rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 and February 2020 and April to June 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Increased volatility of Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

Increases in economic inactivity in the first year of the pandemic were largely among those aged 16 to 24 years. Following the pandemic, increases were largely among those aged 50 to 64 years.

In the latest quarter, those economically inactive aged 16 to 24 years decreased, while those economically inactive aged 25 to 34 years increased. All other ages were largely unchanged.

Quarterly increases in those inactive because of looking after the family or home, students and those who were temporarily sick, were offset by decreases in those inactive for other reasons and those who are retired.

We also publish estimates of economic inactivity by reason and age from the Annual Population Survey (APS). Latest APS estimates, up to April 2023 to March 2024, show the majority of those who were inactive because of long-term sickness were aged 50 to 64 years, although long-term sickness has been increasing across all age groups.

APS estimates have not been reweighted to the same populations as the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Consequently, all APS tables remain weighted to the previous population totals, which will be inconsistent with those used for the LFS in the latest periods. More information on the relationship between the APS and LFS is available in our [Comparison of labour market data sources](#).

## 8 . Redundancies

The number of people reporting redundancy in the three months prior to interview increased by 0.7 per thousand employees in April to June 2024 compared with the previous quarter, to 3.8 per thousand employees. Moreover, the redundancy rate decreased compared with the rate a year ago (April to June 2023).

We also publish our [HR1: Potential redundancies dataset](#) showing potential redundancies, covering those notified by employers to the Insolvency Service through the form, broken down by region and industry.

## 9 . Labour market flows

From 14 May 2024, we have reinstated our estimates of labour market flows from the longitudinal Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates of labour market flows from January to March 2024 are weighted in line with the quarterly LFS estimates. These estimates should be treated with additional caution because of increased volatility resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes.

No revisions are being made to previous periods, and estimates that were previously suspended remain suspended. As a result, seasonally adjusted flows estimates are not available.

Flows estimates show that, between January to March 2024 and April to June 2024, there were net movements from economic inactivity into unemployment and from unemployment into employment. There was also a net movement from economic inactivity into employment.

## 10 . Data on employment in the UK

### [Employment, unemployment and economic inactivity by age group \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset A05 SA | Released 13 August 2024

Employment, unemployment and economic activity and inactivity by age group (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Labour Force Survey sampling variability \(not seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset A11 | Released 13 August 2024

Sampling variability for estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity. These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Full-time, part-time and temporary workers \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset EMP01 SA | Released 13 August 2024

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Actual weekly hours worked \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset HOUR01 SA | Released 13 August 2024

Actual weekly hours worked (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Unemployment by age and duration \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset UNEM01 SA | Released 13 August 2024

Unemployment by age and duration (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Economic inactivity by reason \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset INAC01 SA | Released 13 August 2024

Economic inactivity (aged 16 to 64 years) by reason (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

## 11 . Glossary

### Actual and usual hours worked

Statistics for [usual hours worked](#) measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with [actual hours worked](#), they are not affected by absences and so can provide a better measure of normal working patterns. For example, a person who usually works 37 hours a week but who was on holiday for a week would be recorded as working zero actual hours for that week, while usual hours would be recorded as 37 hours.

Workers temporarily absent from a job as a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic would still be classed as employed; however, they would be employed working no hours. This has directly affected estimates of total actual hours worked during the coronavirus pandemic. Since the average actual weekly hours are the average of all in employment, those temporarily absent from a job also affected these estimates.

### Claimant Count

The Claimant Count is an [official statistic in development](#) that measures the number of people who are receiving a benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed. Currently the Claimant Count consists of those receiving Jobseekers' Allowance, and Universal Credit claimants in the "searching for work" conditionality group.

## Economic inactivity

People not in the labour force (also known as [economically inactive](#)) are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks and/or are unable to start work in the next two weeks. The economic inactivity rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are not in the labour force.

## Employment

The term [employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work or who had a job that they were temporarily away from (for example, because they were on holiday or off sick). This differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are in employment.

Workers furloughed under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS), or those who were self-employed but temporarily not in work, had a reasonable expectation of returning to their jobs after a temporary period of absence. Therefore, they were classified as employed under the International Labour Organization (ILO) definition.

A more detailed explanation is available in our [Guide to labour market statistics](#).

## Redundancies

The redundancy estimates measure the number of people who were made redundant or who took voluntary redundancy in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews; it does not take into consideration planned redundancies.

## Unemployment

[Unemployment](#) measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population that is unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (that is, those in work plus those seeking and available to work) that is unemployed.

A [more detailed glossary](#) is available.

## 12 . Data sources and quality

This bulletin relies on data collected from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), the largest household survey in the UK.

## Official statistics in development

These statistics are labelled as "official statistics in development". Until September 2023, these were called "experimental statistics". Read more about the change in our [Guide to official statistics in development](#).

These statistics are based on information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The reweighting exercise has improved the representativeness of our LFS estimates for periods from July to September 2022, reducing potential bias in our estimates. Nonetheless, the ongoing challenges with response rates and levels mean that LFS-based labour market statistics are now badged as [official statistics in development](#) until further review. This is also in line with the [letter from the Office for Statistics Regulation \(OSR\)](#), stating that LFS statistics should not be published as accredited official statistics until OSR has reviewed them.

We would advise caution when interpreting short-term changes in headline LFS rates and recommend using them as part of our suite of labour market indicators alongside Workforce Jobs, Claimant Count data and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.

We are transforming how we collect and produce the LFS data to improve the quality of these statistics. We have published a [Labour market transformation article](#) providing an update on the transformation of labour market statistics. As stated in the article, we are planning a further reweighting exercise, based on the population projections published in January 2024. We plan to introduce the reweighted LFS series into our labour market publication by the end of 2024.

More quality and methodology information on strengths, limitations, appropriate uses, and how the data were created is available in [our LFS Quality and Methodology Information \(QMI\) report](#).

The [LFS performance and quality monitoring reports](#) provide data on response rates, quality analysis, and survey operation changes for the LFS.

## Coronavirus

Read more about how the labour market data sources are affected by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic in our [Coronavirus and the effects on UK labour market statistics article](#).

For a comparison of our labour market data sources and the main differences, read our [Comparison of our labour market data sources methodology](#).

## Making our published spreadsheets accessible

Following the Government Statistical Service (GSS) guidance on [Government Statistical Service \(GSS\) guidance on releasing statistics in spreadsheets](#), we will be amending our published tables over the coming months to improve usability, accessibility and machine readability of our published statistics. To help users change to the new formats, we will be publishing sample versions of a selection of our tables, and where practical, initially publish the tables in both the new and current formats. If you have any questions or comments, please email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk).

## Strengths and limitations

### Uncertainty in these data

The estimates presented in this bulletin contain [uncertainty](#). For more information on uncertainty, please see our [Uncertainty and how we measure it for our surveys web page](#).

The figures in this bulletin come from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which gathers information from a sample of households across the UK rather than from the whole population. The sample is designed to be as accurate as possible, given practical limitations. Results from sample surveys are always estimates, not precise figures. This can have an impact on how changes in the estimates should be interpreted, especially for short-term comparisons. For more information on sampling, see [Section 2 of our Uncertainty and how we measure it for our surveys webpage](#).

The data in this bulletin come from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households. It is not practical to survey every household each quarter, so these statistics are estimates based on a large sample.

As the sample gets smaller, the variability of the estimates gets larger. Estimates for small groups, which are based on small subsets of the LFS sample, are less reliable and tend to be more volatile than for larger aggregated groups.

In general, changes in the numbers (and especially the rates) reported in this bulletin between quarters are small and are not usually greater than the level that can be explained by sampling variability. Short-term movements in reported rates should be considered alongside longer-term patterns in the series and corresponding movements in other sources to give a fuller picture.

Information on the quality of estimates is available in our [Labour Force Survey sampling variability table](#).

### Comparability

The data in this bulletin follow internationally accepted definitions specified by the [International Labour Organization \(ILO\)](#). This ensures that the estimates for the UK are comparable with those for other countries.

Our annual [reconciliation report of job estimates](#) article compares the latest Workforce Jobs series estimates with the equivalent estimates of jobs from the LFS. It is usually published in March each year following the benchmarking of Workforce Jobs.

Further information is available in our [Guide to labour market statistics](#).

## 13 . Related links

### [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators: 2024](#)

Article | Released 5 February 2024 Indicative estimates of the Labour Force Survey (LFS) reweighting methodology on key indicators for the UK and countries of the UK, between January to March 2020 and October to December 2021.

### [Working and workless households in the UK: January to March 2024](#)

Bulletin | Released 29 May 2024

The economic status of households in the UK and the people living in them, where at least one person is aged 16 to 64 years. Taken from the Labour Force Survey.

### [Young people not in education, employment or training \(NEET\), UK: May 2024](#)

Bulletin | Released 23 May 2024

Estimates of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) who are not in education, employment or training, by age and sex.

### [Business insights and impact on the UK economy](#)

Bulletin | Released 1 August 2024

The impact of challenges facing the economy and other events on UK businesses. Based on responses from the voluntary fortnightly business survey (BICS) to deliver real-time information to help assess issues affecting UK businesses and economy, including financial performance, workforce, trade and business resilience.

### [Coronavirus and the effects on UK labour market statistics](#)

Article | Released 6 May 2020

How the global outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) and the wider containment efforts are expected to affect the UK labour market, providing some of the practical challenges that the Office for National Statistics is likely to face.

### [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\)](#)

Webpage | Updated frequently

Latest data and analysis on coronavirus (COVID-19) in the UK and its effect on the economy and society. Includes recent articles on coronavirus and self-employment in the UK, coronavirus and employment for parents in the UK, and coronavirus and employment for those aged 70 years and over in the UK.

## 14 . Cite this statistical bulletin

Office for National Statistical (ONS), released 13 August 2024, ONS website, statistical bulletin, [Employment in the UK: August 2024](#)

# Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the Excel spreadsheet datasets which are available on the website at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/bulletins/uklabourmarket/august2024/relateddata>

Statistical Bulletin table number	Table description	Dataset
<b>SUMMARY</b>		
1	Labour Force Survey Summary	<a href="#">Dataset A02 SA</a>
2 (*)	Labour market status by age group	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>
<b>EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS</b>		
3	Full-time, part-time & temporary workers	<a href="#">Dataset EMP01 SA</a>
4	Public and private sector employment	<a href="#">Dataset EMP02</a>
4(1)	Public sector employment by industry	<a href="#">Dataset EMP03</a>
5	Workforce jobs summary	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS01</a>
6 (**)	Workforce jobs by industry	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS02</a>
7	Actual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR01 SA</a>
7(1)	Usual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR02 SA</a>
<b>NON-UK WORKERS</b>		
8(1)	Employment by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset EMP06</a>
8(2)	Unemployment and economic inactivity by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset A12</a>
<b>UNEMPLOYMENT</b>		
9	Unemployment by age and duration	<a href="#">Dataset UNEM01 SA</a>
<b>ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY</b>		
10(*)	Economic activity by age	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>
11	Economic inactivity by reason	<a href="#">Dataset INAC01 SA</a>
12	Labour market and educational status of young people	<a href="#">Dataset A06 SA</a>
<b>EARNINGS</b>		
13	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Total pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>
14	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Bonus pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>
15	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Regular pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>
16	Average Weekly Earnings real and nominal (summary table)	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>
<b>INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
17	International comparisons of employment and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset A10</a>
<b>LABOUR DISPUTES</b>		
18	Labour disputes	<a href="#">Labour Disputes in the UK</a>
<b>VACANCIES</b>		
19	Vacancies by size of business	<a href="#">Dataset VACS03</a>
20	Vacancies and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset VACS01</a>
21	Vacancies by industry	<a href="#">Dataset VACS02</a>
<b>REDUNDANCIES</b>		
22	Redundancies levels and rates	<a href="#">Dataset RED01 SA</a>
<b>REGIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
23(1)	Regional labour market summary	<a href="#">Dataset A07</a>
23(2)	Regional summary of Workforce Jobs	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS05</a>

(\*) Tables 2 and 10 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Dataset A05 SA).

(\*\*) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available,\* suppressed due to small sample size.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market Statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/labourmarketstatistics>



# SUMMARY

## 1 Summary of headline LFS<sup>1</sup> indicators

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	LFS household population <sup>1</sup>		Headline indicators					
			Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64
	MGSL	LF20	MGRZ	LF24	MGSC	MGSX	LF2M	LF2S
<b>People</b>								
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	54,292	42,000	32,958	75.0	1,351	3.9	9,169	21.8
Apr-Jun 2023	54,745	42,248	33,163	75.2	1,460	4.2	9,060	21.4
Jul-Sep 2023	54,844	42,291	33,102	74.8	1,407	4.1	9,255	21.9
Oct-Dec 2023	54,943	42,335	33,174	75.0	1,320	3.8	9,278	21.9
Jan-Mar 2024	55,043	42,379	32,997	74.5	1,486	4.3	9,383	22.1
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>55,143</b>	<b>42,423</b>	<b>33,094</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>1,435</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>9,410</b>	<b>22.2</b>
Change on quarter	100	44	97	0.1	-51	-0.2	27	0.0
Change %	0.2	0.1	0.3		-3.4		0.3	
Change on year	398	175	-69	-0.7	-25	-0.1	350	0.7
Change %	0.7	0.4	-0.2		-1.7		3.9	
<b>Men</b>								
	MGSM	YBTG	MGSA	MGSV	MGSD	MGSY	YBSO	YBTM
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	26,323	20,629	17,025	78.3	723	4.1	3,766	18.3
Apr-Jun 2023	26,557	20,761	17,176	78.7	805	4.5	3,639	17.5
Jul-Sep 2023	26,610	20,786	17,068	77.9	792	4.4	3,821	18.4
Oct-Dec 2023	26,663	20,812	17,110	78.1	737	4.1	3,838	18.4
Jan-Mar 2024	26,716	20,837	17,008	77.4	799	4.5	3,927	18.8
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>26,769</b>	<b>20,863</b>	<b>16,984</b>	<b>77.3</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3,989</b>	<b>19.1</b>
Change on quarter	53	26	-23	-0.2	-20	-0.1	62	0.3
Change %	0.2	0.1	-0.1		-2.5		1.6	
Change on year	212	102	-192	-1.4	-26	-0.1	350	1.6
Change %	0.8	0.5	-1.1		-3.2		9.6	
<b>Women</b>								
	MGSN	LF2P	MGSB	LF25	MGSE	MGSZ	LF2N	LF2T
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	27,969	21,371	15,933	71.8	628	3.8	5,403	25.3
Apr-Jun 2023	28,188	21,487	15,987	71.8	655	3.9	5,421	25.2
Jul-Sep 2023	28,234	21,505	16,034	71.9	615	3.7	5,434	25.3
Oct-Dec 2023	28,281	21,523	16,065	72.1	582	3.5	5,440	25.3
Jan-Mar 2024	28,327	21,542	15,989	71.6	687	4.1	5,456	25.3
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>28,374</b>	<b>21,560</b>	<b>16,109</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>5,421</b>	<b>25.1</b>
Change on quarter	47	18	120	0.3	-31	-0.2	-35	-0.2
Change %	0.2	0.1	0.8		-4.5		-0.6	
Change on year	186	73	122	0.1	1	0.0	0	-0.1
Change %	0.7	0.3	0.8		0.1		0.0	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of households in the UK.
2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.
3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.
4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16-64.
5. Data from Jun-Aug 2011 to Jun-Aug 2022 have been modelled to make them consistent with the new populations introduced in Jul-Sep 2022

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity rate for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

# SUMMARY

## 2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 16 and over						Aged 16-64					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	MGRZ	MGSR	MGSC	MGSX	MGSI	YBTC	LF2G	LF24	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2M	LF2S
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	32,958	60.7	1,351	3.9	19,984	36.8	31,509	75.0	1,322	4.0	9,169	21.8
Apr-Jun 2023	33,163	60.6	1,460	4.2	20,122	36.8	31,757	75.2	1,431	4.3	9,060	21.4
Jul-Sep 2023	33,102	60.4	1,407	4.1	20,335	37.1	31,654	74.8	1,383	4.2	9,255	21.9
Oct-Dec 2023	33,174	60.4	1,320	3.8	20,449	37.2	31,755	75.0	1,302	3.9	9,278	21.9
Jan-Mar 2024	32,997	59.9	1,486	4.3	20,560	37.4	31,552	74.5	1,445	4.4	9,383	22.1
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	33,094	60.0	1,435	4.2	20,614	37.4	31,612	74.5	1,401	4.2	9,410	22.2
Change on quarter	97	0.1	-51	-0.2	54	0.0	61	0.1	-44	-0.1	27	0.0
Change %	0.3		-3.4		0.3		0.2		-3.1		0.3	
Change on year	-69	-0.6	-25	-0.1	492	0.6	-145	-0.7	-30	-0.1	350	0.7
Change %	-0.2		-1.7		2.4		-0.5		-2.1		3.9	
<b>Men</b>	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MGSY	MGSJ	YBTD	YBSF	MGSV	YBSI	YBTJ	YBSO	YBTM
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	17,025	64.7	723	4.1	8,576	32.6	16,157	78.3	706	4.2	3,766	18.3
Apr-Jun 2023	17,176	64.7	805	4.5	8,576	32.3	16,340	78.7	782	4.6	3,639	17.5
Jul-Sep 2023	17,068	64.1	792	4.4	8,750	32.9	16,194	77.9	772	4.5	3,821	18.4
Oct-Dec 2023	17,110	64.2	737	4.1	8,816	33.1	16,247	78.1	727	4.3	3,838	18.4
Jan-Mar 2024	17,008	63.7	799	4.5	8,909	33.3	16,134	77.4	776	4.6	3,927	18.8
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	16,984	63.4	779	4.4	9,005	33.6	16,118	77.3	756	4.5	3,989	19.1
Change on quarter	-23	-0.2	-20	-0.1	97	0.3	-17	-0.2	-20	-0.1	62	0.3
Change %	-0.1		-2.5		1.1		-0.1		-2.6		1.6	
Change on year	-192	-1.2	-26	-0.1	429	1.3	-222	-1.4	-26	-0.1	350	1.6
Change %	-1.1		-3.2		5.0		-1.4		-3.3		9.6	
<b>Women</b>	MGSB	MGST	MGSE	MGSZ	MGSK	YBTE	LF2H	LF25	LF2J	LF2R	LF2N	LF2T
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	15,933	57.0	628	3.8	11,408	40.8	15,352	71.8	616	3.9	5,403	25.3
Apr-Jun 2023	15,987	56.7	655	3.9	11,546	41.0	15,417	71.8	649	4.0	5,421	25.2
Jul-Sep 2023	16,034	56.8	615	3.7	11,586	41.0	15,460	71.9	611	3.8	5,434	25.3
Oct-Dec 2023	16,065	56.8	582	3.5	11,633	41.1	15,508	72.1	575	3.6	5,440	25.3
Jan-Mar 2024	15,989	56.4	687	4.1	11,651	41.1	15,417	71.6	668	4.2	5,456	25.3
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	16,109	56.8	656	3.9	11,609	40.9	15,495	71.9	644	4.0	5,421	25.1
Change on quarter	120	0.3	-31	-0.2	-42	-0.2	77	0.3	-24	-0.2	-35	-0.2
Change %	0.8		-4.5		-0.4		0.5		-3.6		-0.6	
Change on year	122	0.1	1	0.0	63	0.0	77	0.1	-5	0.0	0	-0.1
Change %	0.8		0.1		0.5		0.5		-0.7		0.0	
	Aged 16-17						Aged 18-24					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	YBTO	YBUA	YBVH	YBVK	YCAS	LWEX	YBTR	YBUD	YBVN	YBVQ	YCAV	LWFA
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	355	23.4	113	24.2	1,048	69.1	3,429	62.5	350	9.3	1,705	31.1
Apr-Jun 2023	448	28.7	93	17.2	1,019	65.3	3,350	60.8	440	11.6	1,722	31.2
Jul-Sep 2023	397	25.2	75	15.9	1,101	70.0	3,245	58.8	424	11.6	1,851	33.5
Oct-Dec 2023	392	24.7	104	20.9	1,089	68.7	3,286	59.4	378	10.3	1,866	33.7
Jan-Mar 2024	365	22.8	130	26.3	1,102	69.0	3,235	58.4	409	11.2	1,896	34.2
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	353	21.9	115	24.5	1,142	70.9	3,262	58.8	445	12.0	1,844	33.2
Change on quarter	-12	-0.9	-16	-1.8	39	1.9	27	0.4	35	0.8	-52	-1.0
Change %	-3.2		-12.1		3.6		0.8		8.6		-2.7	
Change on year	-95	-6.8	22	7.3	123	5.6	-88	-2.0	5	0.4	123	2.0
Change %	-21.2		23.2		12.0		-2.6		1.1		7.1	
<b>Men</b>	YBTP	YBUB	YBVI	YBVL	YCAT	LWEY	YBTS	YBUE	YBVO	YBVR	YCAW	LWFB
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	161	20.7	68	29.6	550	70.6	1,734	62.5	216	11.1	825	29.7
Apr-Jun 2023	217	27.1	49	18.3	536	66.9	1,724	61.7	284	14.1	785	28.1
Jul-Sep 2023	198	24.5	35	14.9	576	71.2	1,627	58.2	275	14.5	894	32.0
Oct-Dec 2023	181	22.2	51	22.0	582	71.5	1,679	59.9	258	13.3	866	30.9
Jan-Mar 2024	167	20.4	58	25.9	596	72.5	1,627	57.9	264	14.0	917	32.7
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	161	19.5	59	26.8	608	73.4	1,629	57.9	277	14.5	907	32.2
Change on quarter	-6	-0.9	1	1.0	12	0.9	3	0.0	13	0.6	-10	-0.4
Change %	-3.7		1.2		2.0		0.2		4.8		-1.1	
Change on year	-56	-7.6	10	8.5	71	6.6	-94	-3.8	-7	0.4	122	4.1
Change %	-25.8		21.3		13.3		-5.5		-2.5		15.5	
<b>Women</b>	YBTQ	YBUC	YBVJ	YBVM	YCAU	LWEZ	YBTT	YBUF	YBVP	YBVS	YCAC	LWFC
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	193	26.2	46	19.1	499	67.6	1,695	62.6	133	7.3	880	32.5
Apr-Jun 2023	231	30.5	44	16.1	483	63.7	1,627	59.8	156	8.7	937	34.4
Jul-Sep 2023	199	26.0	40	16.9	526	68.7	1,617	59.4	149	8.4	957	35.1
Oct-Dec 2023	211	27.4	52	19.9	507	65.8	1,607	58.9	120	7.0	1,000	36.7
Jan-Mar 2024	197	25.4	72	26.8	507	65.3	1,608	58.9	145	8.3	979	35.8
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	192	24.6	56	22.5	534	68.3	1,632	59.6	168	9.3	937	34.2
Change on quarter	-5	-0.9	-16	-4.3	28	3.0	24	0.8	23	1.0	-41	-1.6
Change %	-2.7		-22.7		5.4		1.5		15.5		-4.2	
Change on year	-39	-5.9	11	6.3	51	4.6	6	-0.2	12	0.6	1	-0.2
Change %	-16.9		25.3		10.6		0.3		7.7		0.1	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Data from Jun-Aug 2011 to Jun-Aug 2022 have been modelled to make them consistent with the new populations introduced in Jul-Sep 2022.



# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over)  
seasonally adjusted

	All in employment				Full-time and part-time workers <sup>1</sup>											
	Total	Employees	Self-employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training & employment programmes <sup>2</sup>		Total people working full-time	total people working part-time	Employees working full-time	Employees working part-time	Self-employed people working full-time	Self-employed people working part-time	Total Workers with second jobs			
					3	4								5	6	7
<b>People</b>		MGRN	MGRS	MGRT	MGRU	MGRV	MGRW	YCBH	YCBK	YCBN	YCBQ	YCBT	YCBW			
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	32,792	28,376	4,248	99	69	24,612	8,180	21,713	6,663	2,837	1,411	1,224				
Apr-Jun 2023	33,163	28,688	4,322	88	65	24,518	8,645	21,618	7,070	2,841	1,481	1,163				
Jul-Sep 2023	33,102	28,633	4,320	95	55	24,607	8,495	21,663	6,970	2,892	1,428	1,152				
Oct-Dec 2023	33,174	28,678	4,370	85	42	24,813	8,361	21,807	6,870	2,948	1,422	1,149				
Jan-Mar 2024	32,997	28,635	4,250	74	37	24,850	8,146	21,942	6,693	2,871	1,380	1,168				
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	33,094	28,676	4,272	91	55	24,803	8,291	21,859	6,817	2,888	1,384	1,267				
Change on quarter	97	41	22	17	17	-48	144	-83	124	18	4	99				
Change %	0.3	0.1	0.5	22.9	45.5	-0.2	1.8	-0.4	1.9	0.6	0.3	8.5				
Change on year	-69	-12	-50	3	-10	285	-354	240	-253	48	-97	105				
Change %	-0.2	0.0	-1.2	3.2	-15.5	1.2	-4.1	1.1	-3.6	1.7	-6.6	9.0				
<b>Men</b>		MGRN	MGRS	MGRU	MGRX	YCBF	YCBI	YCBL	YCBO	YCBR	YCBU	YCBX				
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	17,167	14,363	2,726	40	38	14,855	2,313	12,675	1,689	2,146	580	541				
Apr-Jun 2023	17,176	14,331	2,761	49	36	14,714	2,462	12,520	1,811	2,154	607	495				
Jul-Sep 2023	17,068	14,214	2,761	58	35	14,666	2,402	12,453	1,760	2,171	590	474				
Oct-Dec 2023	17,110	14,279	2,745	57	29	14,760	2,350	12,543	1,736	2,170	575	500				
Jan-Mar 2024	17,008	14,255	2,678	46	29	14,704	2,303	12,552	1,702	2,123	555	494				
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	16,984	14,157	2,747	47	32	14,654	2,330	12,445	1,712	2,167	580	545				
Change on quarter	-23	-98	70	1	3	-50	27	-107	9	44	25	51				
Change %	-0.1	-0.7	2.6	2.7	11.7	-0.3	1.2	-0.9	0.5	2.1	4.6	10.3				
Change on year	-192	-174	-13	-1	-3	-60	-132	-74	-99	13	-26	50				
Change %	-1.1	-1.2	-0.5	-2.9	-0.1	-0.4	-5.4	-0.6	-5.5	0.6	-4.3	10.0				
<b>Women</b>		MGRP	MGRS	MGRV	MGRY	YCBG	YCBJ	YCBM	YCBP	YCBS	YCBV	YCBY				
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	15,625	14,013	1,523	58	31	9,758	5,867	9,038	4,974	691	832	683				
Apr-Jun 2023	15,987	14,358	1,561	39	29	9,804	6,183	9,099	5,259	687	874	668				
Jul-Sep 2023	16,034	14,419	1,559	36	19	9,940	6,094	9,210	5,210	721	838	678				
Oct-Dec 2023	16,065	14,399	1,625	28	13	10,053	6,011	9,265	5,135	778	847	649				
Jan-Mar 2024	15,989	14,380	1,573	28	8	10,146	5,843	9,390	4,991	748	825	674				
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	16,109	14,519	1,525	43	22	10,148	5,961	9,413	5,106	721	803	723				
Change on quarter	120	139	-48	16	14	2	118	24	115	-27	-21	49				
Change %	0.8	1.0	-3.0	56.6	163.1	0.0	2.0	0.3	2.3	-3.6	-2.6	7.2				
Change on year	122	161	-37	4	-7	344	-222	315	-153	34	-71	55				
Change %	0.8	1.1	-2.3	11.0	-23.6	3.5	-3.6	3.5	-2.9	5.0	-8.1	8.2				
	Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)						Part-time workers (reasons for working part-time) <sup>3</sup>						Student or at school			
	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total <sup>4</sup>	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Ill or disabled					
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25			
<b>People</b>	YCBZ	YCCB	YCCF	YCCI	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCCD	YCCG	YCCD			
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	1,635	5.8	392	24.0	452	196	595	8,074	821	10.2	5,776	316	1,114			
Apr-Jun 2023	1,667	5.8	371	22.2	445	181	670	8,551	815	9.5	6,018	377	1,284			
Jul-Sep 2023	1,648	5.8	350	21.2	464	141	693	8,398	804	9.6	5,854	388	1,303			
Oct-Dec 2023	1,490	5.2	310	20.8	443	141	596	8,292	824	9.9	5,829	382	1,200			
Jan-Mar 2024	1,446	5.0	307	21.2	391	203	545	8,073	762	9.4	5,804	323	1,126			
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	1,489	5.2	297	19.9	418	143	632	8,201	857	10.4	5,780	337	1,202			
Change on quarter	44	0.1	-10	-1.3	27	-60	87	128	94	1.0	-44	14	76			
Change %	3.0		-3.3		6.9	-29.6	15.9	1.6	12.4		-0.8	4.3	6.8			
Change on year	-177	-0.6	-74	-2.3	-26	-39	-38	-350	42	0.9	-258	-40	-81			
Change %	-10.6		-20.0		-5.9	-21.3	-5.7	-4.1	5.1		-4.3	-10.7	-6.3			
<b>Men</b>	YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCCB	YCCD	YCCD	YCCD			
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	744	5.2	179	24.1	201	100	264	2,268	363	16.0	1,301	127	457			
Apr-Jun 2023	740	5.2	165	22.4	195	98	280	2,418	347	14.3	1,365	142	542			
Jul-Sep 2023	744	5.2	158	21.2	195	84	306	2,351	316	13.4	1,332	148	545			
Oct-Dec 2023	712	5.0	158	22.2	198	88	267	2,311	331	14.3	1,327	140	494			
Jan-Mar 2024	711	5.0	165	23.3	168	114	264	2,257	342	15.2	1,301	121	467			
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	733	5.2	165	22.5	175	78	315	2,292	406	17.7	1,282	115	466			
Change on quarter	22	0.2	0	-0.7	7	-36	51	34	63	2.5	-19	-5	-1			
Change %	3.1		-0.1		4.2	-31.7	19.5	1.5	18.5		-1.4	-4.4	-0.2			
Change on year	-6	0.0	0	0.2	-21	-20	35	-126	59	3.4	-83	-27	-76			
Change %	-0.8		0.0		-10.5	-20.7	12.4	-5.2	17.0		-6.1	-18.8	-14.0			
<b>Women</b>	YCCB	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCCB	YCCD	YCCD	YCCD			
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>5</sup>	891	6.4	213	23.9	251	96	331	5,806	457	7.9	4,475	190	658			
Apr-Jun 2023	927	6.5	205	22.1	249	83	389	6,133	468	7.6	4,653	235	741			
Jul-Sep 2023	904	6.3	192	21.2	269	56	387	6,048	488	8.1	4,522	240	758			
Oct-Dec 2023	778	5.4	152	19.5	245	53	329	5,981	493	8.2	4,503	242	706			
Jan-Mar 2024	734	5.1	141	19.2	224	88	281	5,815	420	7.2	4,504	202	659			
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	756	5.2	131	17.4	244	65	316	5,909	451	7.6	4,478	221	736			
Change on quarter	22	0.1	-10	-1.9	20	-24	35	94	31	0.4	-26	19	77			
Change %	2.9		-7.0		9.0	-26.9	12.5	1.6	7.4		-0.6	9.6	11.7			
Change on year	-171	-1.3	-74	-4.8	-6	-16	-73	-224	-17	0.0	-175	-14	-6			
Change %	-18.5		-36.1		-2.3	-22.1	-18.7	-3.7	-3.7		-3.8	-5.8	-0.7			

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

**Note: When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).**

- The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.
- This series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes those engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training.
- These series cover Employees and Self-employed only. These series include some temporary employees.
- The total includes those who did not give a reason for working part-time and it therefore does not equal the sum of the other columns in this section of the table.
- Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 7 Actual weekly hours worked

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked

	Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>1,2</sup>	All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Second Jobs
People	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	1,043.1	31.8	36.4	16.4	10.2
Apr-Jun 2023	1,049.0	31.6	36.5	16.5	9.0
Jul-Sep 2023	1,040.0	31.4	36.2	16.2	9.4
Oct-Dec 2023	1,046.6	31.5	36.4	16.3	8.8
Jan-Mar 2024	1,056.3	32.0	36.6	16.6	10.0
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>1,059.5</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>9.7</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	3.2	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.3
<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.8	-2.6
<i>Change on year</i>	10.5	0.4	0.1	-0.1	0.7
<i>Change %</i>	1.0	1.2	0.3	-0.4	8.0
Men	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	606.5	35.3	37.8	16.2	11.2
Apr-Jun 2023	602.4	35.1	37.8	16.3	9.0
Jul-Sep 2023	594.8	34.9	37.6	15.9	9.8
Oct-Dec 2023	599.4	35.0	37.8	15.9	9.3
Jan-Mar 2024	601.5	35.4	38.1	16.0	11.7
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>604.2</b>	<b>35.6</b>	<b>38.2</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>10.6</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	2.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	-1.1
<i>Change %</i>	0.5	0.6	0.4	-0.1	-9.1
<i>Change on year</i>	1.8	0.5	0.4	-0.4	1.7
<i>Change %</i>	0.3	1.4	0.9	-2.2	18.6
Women	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	436.6	27.9	34.2	16.6	9.4
Apr-Jun 2023	446.6	27.9	34.4	16.6	9.0
Jul-Sep 2023	445.1	27.8	34.2	16.4	9.1
Oct-Dec 2023	447.2	27.8	34.2	16.4	8.4
Jan-Mar 2024	454.9	28.4	34.6	16.9	8.7
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>455.3</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>34.3</b>	<b>16.7</b>	<b>9.0</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	0.4	-0.2	-0.3	-0.2	0.3
<i>Change %</i>	0.1	-0.6	-0.9	-1.1	3.4
<i>Change on year</i>	8.7	0.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	1.9	1.2	-0.4	0.3	0.1

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. Main and second job

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

4. Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# 7 (1) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Apr-Jun 2023</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	1.0	1.7	0.9	0.6	1.1	3.7	2.6	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.4	3.9	9.0	5.6	3.3	7.8	11.4	6.6	19.7
16 up to 30 hours	18.7	10.6	27.5	17.9	9.3	26.6	24.1	17.3	36.2
31 up to 45 hours	59.0	65.1	52.5	62.0	68.7	55.3	39.9	47.0	27.3
Over 45 hours	14.6	19.4	9.3	13.6	18.1	9.2	21.0	26.5	11.1
Total (thousands)	33,163	17,176	15,987	28,688	14,331	14,358	4,322	2,761	1,561
<b>Jan-Mar 2024</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.2	0.9	1.5	0.8	0.6	1.1	3.3	2.4	4.9
6 up to 15 hours	6.0	3.8	8.3	5.1	3.2	7.1	10.7	6.0	18.7
16 up to 30 hours	18.7	10.3	27.6	17.9	8.9	26.7	24.5	17.8	35.7
31 up to 45 hours	59.4	65.0	53.4	62.3	68.7	56.0	40.0	46.0	29.7
Over 45 hours	14.8	20.0	9.3	13.8	18.6	9.1	21.6	27.8	11.0
Total (thousands)	32,997	17,008	15,989	28,635	14,255	14,380	4,250	2,678	1,573
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.9	1.7	0.9	0.6	1.2	3.3	2.0	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.0	3.7	8.3	5.1	3.0	7.3	11.1	7.2	18.0
16 up to 30 hours	18.8	10.4	27.8	18.1	9.0	27.0	23.7	17.3	35.2
31 up to 45 hours	59.2	65.1	53.0	62.0	68.7	55.5	41.0	47.3	29.5
Over 45 hours	14.7	19.9	9.2	13.8	18.8	9.0	21.0	26.2	11.6
Total (thousands)	33,094	16,984	16,109	28,676	14,157	14,519	4,272	2,747	1,525

<sup>1</sup> Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

# NON-UK WORKERS

## 8(1) Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted

	United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted																			
	Europe										Africa		Asia			America and Oceania				
	European Union (EU)										Total Africa	Of which: South Africa	Total Asia	Of which: India	Of which: Pakistan and Bangladesh	Total America and Oceania	Of which: USA	Of which: Australia and New Zealand	Total Non-EU <sup>7</sup>	
Total <sup>1</sup>	UK	Non UK	Total Europe	Total EU (EU27) <sup>2</sup>	EU14 <sup>3</sup>	EU8 <sup>4</sup>	EU2 <sup>5</sup>	Other EU <sup>6</sup>	Other Europe (not in EU)											
Levels (aged 16 and over)	MGMT	JF6F	JF6G	FSC2	EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	FSC3	FSC4	FSC5	JJS3	FSC6	JJS7	JJS9	FSC7	JJR7	JJS5	EQ4S	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>8</sup>	32,733	26,469	6,253	..	2,389	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,864
Apr-Jun 2023	33,093	26,519	6,568	..	2,230	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,337
Jul-Sep 2023	33,137	26,449	6,679	..	2,265	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,414
Oct-Dec 2023	33,193	26,319	6,859	..	2,285	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,575
Jan-Mar 2024	32,977	26,164	6,813	..	2,212	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,601
Apr-Jun 2024	33,021	26,203	6,817	..	2,211	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,606
Change on year	-72	-316	249	..	-19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	268
Change %	-0.2	-1.2	3.8	..	-0.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6.2
Country of birth rates	LF9D	LFM6	LFM7	FSD5	EQ4Y	LFM8	LFM9	EQ4Z	FSD6	FSD7	FSD8	LFN4	FSD9	LFN6	LFN7	FSE2	LFN2	LFN5	EQ52	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>8</sup>	75.4	75.3	75.7	..	82.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71.9
Apr-Jun 2023	75.0	74.9	75.4	..	82.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.1
Jul-Sep 2023	74.9	74.9	75.1	..	79.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.9
Oct-Dec 2023	75.1	74.8	76.2	..	81.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	73.7
Jan-Mar 2024	74.4	74.3	74.9	..	80.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.6
Apr-Jun 2024	74.3	74.3	74.6	..	79.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.5
Change on year	-0.7	-0.7	-0.8	..	-3.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.4
Nationality levels	MGMT	JF6H	JF6I	FSC8	EQ4U	JJR4	JJR6	EQ4V	FSC9	FSC6	FSD2	JJS4	FSD3	JJS8	JJT2	FSD4	JJR8	JJS6	EQ4W	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>8</sup>	32,733	28,758	3,964	..	2,176	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,788
Apr-Jun 2023	33,093	28,796	4,292	..	2,152	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,140
Jul-Sep 2023	33,137	28,757	4,374	..	2,244	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,130
Oct-Dec 2023	33,193	28,693	4,491	..	2,199	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,292
Jan-Mar 2024	32,977	28,527	4,448	..	2,093	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,355
Apr-Jun 2024	33,021	28,547	4,471	..	2,117	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,354
Change on year	-72	-249	179	..	-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	214
Change %	-0.2	-0.9	4.2	..	-1.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10.0
Nationality rates	LF9D	LFN8	LFN9	FSE3	EQ54	LFO2	LFO3	EQ55	FSE4	FSE5	FSE6	LFO6	FSE7	LFO8	LFO9	FSE8	LFO4	LFO7	EQ56	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>8</sup>	75.4	75.4	75.3	..	81.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	68.8
Apr-Jun 2023	75.0	75.0	75.3	..	82.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	69.3
Jul-Sep 2023	74.9	74.9	75.0	..	80.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70.0
Oct-Dec 2023	75.1	74.9	76.3	..	82.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71.3
Jan-Mar 2024	74.4	74.4	74.7	..	80.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70.0
Apr-Jun 2024	74.3	74.4	73.9	..	79.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	69.7
Change on year	-0.7	-0.6	-1.4	..	-3.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.4

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGMT does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.

2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states. This series equals the sum of EU14, EU8, EU2 and Other EU.

3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.

4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

5. Romania and Bulgaria.

6. Cyprus, Malta and Croatia

7. Total Non-EU equals the sum of Other Europe, Total Africa, Total Asia and Total America and Oceania

8. Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

# NON-UK WORKERS

## 8(2) Unemployment and economic inactivity levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people) not seasonally adjusted

	Unemployment (all aged 16 and over)					Economically inactive (all aged from 16 to 64)										
	Total <sup>1</sup>	UK	Non-UK	EU27 <sup>2</sup>	Non-EU	Total <sup>1</sup>		UK		Non-UK		EU27 <sup>2</sup>		Non-EU		
						All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Levels (thousands of people)</b>																
<b>Country of birth levels</b>	MGTP	DSWD	DT35	DT3F	DTKB	LF9L	LF9W	DTLK	DYUP	DYUR	DYVR	DYVZ	DYWL	DYWR	DZ37	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	1,233	934	299	71	228	9,019	2,436	7,329	1,945	1,668	490	413	145	1,255	345	
Apr-Jun 2023	1,432	1,031	400	68	333	9,166	2,432	7,436	1,861	1,705	572	403	182	1,303	390	
Jul-Sep 2023	1,453	1,059	395	71	324	9,182	2,338	7,379	1,753	1,773	585	496	198	1,277	387	
Oct-Dec 2023	1,321	967	354	103	251	9,235	2,448	7,482	1,901	1,740	547	399	133	1,340	413	
Jan-Mar 2024	1,482	1,011	471	90	381	9,415	2,604	7,621	2,037	1,771	566	445	137	1,326	430	
Apr-Jun 2024	1,418	977	441	102	340	9,516	2,659	7,677	2,079	1,825	578	460	149	1,365	429	
Change on year	-13	-55	41	34	7	350	227	241	219	120	7	57	-33	63	40	
Change %	-0.9	-5.3	10.3	50.8	2.1	3.8	9.3	3.2	11.8	7.0	1.2	14.3	-18.1	4.8	10.2	
<b>Country of birth rates</b>	MGUK	DT2W	DT3B	DTJG	DTKD	CRZK		DYTD		DYUT		DYWD		DYWT		
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	3.6	3.4	4.6	2.9	5.6	21.7		22.0		20.7		14.6		23.9		
Apr-Jun 2023	4.1	3.7	5.7	2.9	7.1	21.7		22.1		20.0		15.1		22.3		
Jul-Sep 2023	4.2	3.8	5.6	3.0	6.8	21.7		22.0		20.4		17.7		21.7		
Oct-Dec 2023	3.8	3.5	4.9	4.3	5.2	21.8		22.3		19.8		14.5		22.2		
Jan-Mar 2024	4.3	3.7	6.5	3.9	7.6	22.2		22.7		20.0		16.5		21.5		
Apr-Jun 2024	4.1	3.6	6.1	4.4	6.9	22.4		22.9		20.5		16.9		22.1		
Change on year	0.0	-0.2	0.3	1.5	-0.3	0.7		0.8		0.5		1.9		-0.1		
<b>Nationality levels</b>	MGTP	DSWE	DT39	DTG9	DTKC	LF9L	LF9W	DYTC	DYUQ	DYUS	DYVU	DYWA	DYWM	DYWS	DZGD	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	1,233	1,029	204	82	122	9,019	2,436	7,922	2,082	1,080	354	399	147	681	207	
Apr-Jun 2023	1,432	1,150	281	66	215	9,166	2,432	8,017	2,014	1,124	418	392	152	732	266	
Jul-Sep 2023	1,453	1,188	265	75	191	9,182	2,338	7,977	1,865	1,175	473	460	183	715	289	
Oct-Dec 2023	1,321	1,040	282	106	176	9,235	2,448	8,122	2,082	1,100	366	358	111	741	255	
Jan-Mar 2024	1,482	1,148	334	89	245	9,415	2,604	8,224	2,195	1,168	409	403	133	765	276	
Apr-Jun 2024	1,418	1,105	313	111	202	9,516	2,659	8,245	2,208	1,253	447	437	147	816	300	
Change on year	-13	-45	32	45	-13	350	227	228	194	129	29	45	-5	84	34	
Change %	-0.9	-3.9	11.3	68.1	-6.2	3.8	9.3	2.8	9.6	11.5	7.0	11.6	-3.3	11.5	12.9	
<b>Nationality rates</b>	MGUK	DT2Z	DT3D	DTKA	DTLH	CRZK		DYUO		DYUU		DYWE		DZ36		
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>4</sup>	3.6	3.5	4.9	3.6	6.4	21.7		21.9		20.8		15.2		26.5		
Apr-Jun 2023	4.1	3.8	6.2	3.0	9.1	21.7		21.9		19.9		15.1		23.8		
Jul-Sep 2023	4.2	4.0	5.7	3.2	8.2	21.7		21.9		20.4		16.7		23.8		
Oct-Dec 2023	3.8	3.5	5.9	4.6	7.1	21.8		22.3		18.9		13.6		23.2		
Jan-Mar 2024	4.3	3.9	7.0	4.1	9.4	22.2		22.5		19.9		15.8		23.0		
Apr-Jun 2024	4.1	3.7	6.5	5.0	7.9	22.4		22.6		21.0		16.7		24.5		
Change on year	0.0	-0.1	0.4	2.0	-1.2	0.7		0.7		1.2		1.5		0.6		

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series therefore do not equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.

2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states.

3. This series consists of those people whose main reason for being economically inactive was because they were students. It does not include all students as some students will be included in the employment and unemployment estimates.

4. Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.



# UNEMPLOYMENT

## 9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 & over							All aged 16 - 64						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
			Up to 6 months	12 months						Up to 6 months	12 months			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>People</b>			YBWF	YBWG	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL			LF2Y	LF32	LF34	LF36	LF38
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	1,294	3.8	782	160	352	27.2	174	1,264	3.9	763	152	349	27.6	166
Apr-Jun 2023	1,460	4.2	955	208	298	20.4	176	1,431	4.3	938	206	287	20.1	170
Jul-Sep 2023	1,407	4.1	924	233	249	17.7	131	1,383	4.2	918	230	235	17.0	123
Oct-Dec 2023	1,320	3.8	888	170	262	19.8	150	1,302	3.9	871	167	264	20.3	143
Jan-Mar 2024	1,486	4.3	925	225	336	22.6	163	1,445	4.4	902	223	320	22.1	158
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	1,435	4.2	890	211	335	23.3	146	1,401	4.2	880	208	313	22.3	138
Change on quarter	-51	-0.2	-35	-14	-2	0.7	-17	-44	-0.1	-23	-15	-7	0.2	-20
Change %	-3.4		-3.8	-6.2	-0.5		-10.4	-3.1		-2.5	-6.6	-2.1		-12.5
Change on year	-25	-0.1	-65	3	37	2.9	-29	-30	-0.1	-59	2	26	2.3	-32
Change %	-1.7		-6.8	1.4	12.3		-16.8	-2.1		-6.2	1.2	8.9		-18.8
<b>Men</b>			MGYM	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM			YBWP	YBVS	YBVS	YBVS	YBVS
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	705	3.9	417	76	211	29.9	109	687	4.0	406	72	209	30.4	105
Apr-Jun 2023	805	4.5	495	118	192	23.9	120	782	4.6	484	115	183	23.4	115
Jul-Sep 2023	792	4.4	519	120	153	19.4	98	772	4.5	513	116	142	18.4	91
Oct-Dec 2023	737	4.1	469	87	181	24.6	110	727	4.3	454	85	188	25.8	107
Jan-Mar 2024	799	4.5	447	123	230	28.7	117	776	4.6	436	121	219	28.2	114
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	779	4.4	458	107	215	27.6	105	756	4.5	449	104	203	26.8	101
Change on quarter	-20	-0.1	11	-16	-15	-1.2	-12	-20	-0.1	13	-17	-16	-1.4	-13
Change %	-2.5		2.5	-13.2	-6.5		-10.2	-2.6		3.1	-14.1	-7.4		-11.6
Change on year	-26	-0.1	-37	-11	22	3.7	-15	-26	-0.1	-34	-11	19	3.4	-14
Change %	-3.2		-7.5	-9.4	11.6		-12.2	-3.3		-7.1	-9.6	10.7		-11.8
<b>Women</b>			MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN			LF2Z	LF33	LF35	LF37	LF39
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	589	3.6	364	83	141	24.0	64	577	3.7	357	80	140	24.3	61
Apr-Jun 2023	655	3.9	460	90	106	16.1	56	649	4.0	455	90	104	16.0	55
Jul-Sep 2023	615	3.7	405	113	96	15.6	33	611	3.8	405	114	93	15.1	32
Oct-Dec 2023	582	3.5	420	82	80	13.8	40	575	3.6	417	82	76	13.2	36
Jan-Mar 2024	687	4.1	479	101	107	15.6	46	668	4.2	466	101	101	15.1	43
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	656	3.9	432	104	120	18.3	41	644	4.0	430	104	110	17.1	37
Change on quarter	-31	-0.2	-46	2	13	2.7	-5	-24	-0.2	-36	2	9	2.0	-6
Change %	-4.5		-9.7	2.2	12.3		-11.0	-3.6		-7.7	2.4	9.2		-15.1
Change on year	1	0.0	-28	14	14	2.2	-15	-5	0.0	-24	14	6	1.1	-18
Change %	0.1		-6.0	15.5	13.7		-26.5	-0.7		-5.4	15.1	5.9		-33.3
	16-17							18-24						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	15	16	17	18				19	20	21	22			
<b>People</b>			YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP			YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	103	23.4	88	13	2	2.0	*	326	8.8	241	26	59	18.1	20
Apr-Jun 2023	93	17.2	72	18	3	3.8	*	440	11.6	299	82	59	13.3	29
Jul-Sep 2023	75	15.9	59	15	*	*	*	424	11.6	291	81	52	12.3	28
Oct-Dec 2023	104	20.9	90	10	*	*	*	378	10.3	256	58	64	16.9	30
Jan-Mar 2024	130	26.3	104	16	11	8.1	*	409	11.2	245	82	82	20.1	22
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	115	24.5	79	17	19	16.6	*	445	12.0	315	55	74	16.6	18
Change on quarter	-16	-1.8	-25	1	8	8.5	*	35	0.8	70	-26	-9	-3.5	-4
Change %	-12.1		-24.2	7.1	80.5		*	8.6		28.5	-32.0	-10.4		-17.7
Change on year	22	7.3	8	-1	16	12.8	*	5	0.4	16	-26	15	3.3	-11
Change %	23.2		10.6	-8.1	444.0		*	1.1		5.4	-32.2	26.0		-39.0
<b>Men</b>			YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ			YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	63	29.5	56	7	*	*	*	207	10.7	151	18	38	18.5	14
Apr-Jun 2023	49	18.3	42	6	*	*	*	284	14.1	182	56	46	16.2	26
Jul-Sep 2023	35	14.9	30	5	*	*	*	275	14.5	186	51	38	13.8	24
Oct-Dec 2023	51	22.0	43	6	*	*	*	258	13.3	174	35	48	18.7	26
Jan-Mar 2024	58	25.9	49	7	3	4.7	*	264	14.0	146	47	71	27.0	18
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	59	26.8	42	7	9	16.0	*	277	14.5	196	26	55	19.9	14
Change on quarter	1	1.0	-7	1	7	11.2	*	13	0.6	50	-21	-16	-7.1	-4
Change %	1.2		-13.6	9.3	243.0		*	4.8		34.2	-45.2	-22.7		-24.6
Change on year	10	8.5	0	1	*	*	*	-7	0.4	14	-30	9	3.7	-12
Change %	21.3		0.0	22.6	*	*	*	-2.5		7.8	-54.3	19.8		-46.9
<b>Women</b>			YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR			YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	40	17.6	33	5	*	*	*	119	6.7	90	8	21	17.4	6
Apr-Jun 2023	44	16.1	29	12	*	*	*	156	8.7	117	26	13	8.1	*
Jul-Sep 2023	40	16.9	29	10	*	*	*	149	8.4	105	30	14	9.5	*
Oct-Dec 2023	52	19.9	46	*	*	*	*	120	7.0	82	23	16	13.0	*
Jan-Mar 2024	72	26.8	56	9	8	10.8	*	145	8.3	99	35	11	7.7	*
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	56	22.5	37	9	10	17.2	*	168	9.3	119	30	19	11.1	*
Change on quarter	-16	-4.3	-19	0	2	6.4	*	23	1.0	20	-5	8	3.5	*
Change %	-22.7		-33.6	5.3	23.4		*	15.5		20.2	-14.5	68.1		*
Change on year	11	6.3	8	-3	*	*	*	12	0.6	2	4	6	3.1	*
Change %	25.3		25.8	-23.5	*	*	*	7.7		1.5	15.7	48.4		*

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Note: When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).

<sup>1</sup> Denominator = economically active for that age group.

<sup>2</sup> Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

# UNEMPLOYMENT

## 9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	25-49							50 and over						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>People</b>	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBYT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	574	3.0	315	79	179	31.2	96	291	2.7	137	42	112	38.5	58
Apr-Jun 2023	614	3.2	420	74	120	19.5	58	314	2.8	164	34	116	37.0	88
Jul-Sep 2023	619	3.2	432	83	104	16.9	57	288	2.6	143	54	91	31.6	47
Oct-Dec 2023	608	3.2	426	66	117	19.2	64	230	2.1	117	36	77	33.3	55
Jan-Mar 2024	651	3.4	420	74	157	24.1	79	296	2.7	155	53	87	29.4	61
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>25.9</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>60</b>
Change on quarter	-44	-0.2	-58	14	1	1.9	-11	-26	-0.2	-21	-3	-2	2.0	-1
Change %	-6.8		-13.9	18.3	0.5		-13.3	-8.9		-13.8	-4.8	-2.8		-2.3
Change on year	-7	0.0	-58	13	38	6.4	10	-45	-0.4	-30	17	-32	-5.6	-29
Change %	-1.1		-13.8	18.0	31.6		18.0	-14.3		-18.4	51.3	-27.3		-32.6
<b>Men</b>	YBYF	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBYU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	278	2.8	143	27	108	38.9	63	156	2.7	69	24	64	40.9	32
Apr-Jun 2023	277	2.8	180	33	65	23.4	32	195	3.3	91	24	81	41.5	62
Jul-Sep 2023	296	3.0	219	21	55	18.7	43	186	3.2	84	42	60	32.4	31
Oct-Dec 2023	297	3.0	195	22	80	27.1	50	132	2.2	57	25	51	38.6	34
Jan-Mar 2024	298	3.0	159	35	104	34.9	65	179	3.0	92	35	52	28.9	34
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>32.9</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>41</b>
Change on quarter	-9	-0.1	-10	9	-9	-2.0	-14	-24	-0.4	-23	-5	4	6.9	6
Change %	-3.1		-6.0	27.1	-8.6		-21.5	-13.5		-24.6	-14.7	7.0		18.7
Change on year	11	0.1	-30	12	30	9.4	18	-40	-0.7	-21	6	-26	-5.8	-21
Change %	4.1		-16.8	35.4	46.0		56.7	-20.6		-23.2	27.3	-31.7		-33.9
<b>Women</b>	YBYG	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBYV	YBYV	YBYW	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	296	3.3	173	52	71	23.9	32	135	2.6	69	18	48	35.7	26
Apr-Jun 2023	336	3.6	240	42	55	16.2	26	119	2.3	74	10	35	29.7	27
Jul-Sep 2023	323	3.4	213	61	49	15.2	14	102	1.9	59	12	31	30.3	16
Oct-Dec 2023	312	3.3	231	44	37	11.7	14	98	1.9	61	12	26	26.1	22
Jan-Mar 2024	353	3.7	261	40	53	14.9	15	117	2.2	63	18	35	30.3	27
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>25.6</b>	<b>19</b>
Change on quarter	-35	-0.4	-49	4	10	4.7	3	-2	-0.1	1	3	-6	-4.7	-8
Change %	-9.9		-18.8	10.6	18.6		22.7	-1.8		2.0	14.5	-17.1		-29.4
Change on year	-18	-0.2	-28	2	8	3.4	-8	-5	-0.1	-9	11	-6	-4.1	-8
Change %	-5.4		-11.6	4.5	14.5		-30.6	-3.8		-12.6	108.1	-17.2		-29.4

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Note: When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).

<sup>1</sup> Denominator = economically active for that age group.

<sup>2</sup> Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 10 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged							
	16 & over	16 - 64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64	65+
<b>Economically active</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>People</b>	MGSF	LF2K	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	LF3A	LFK8
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	34,309	32,831	468	3,778	7,817	11,252	9,516	1,477
Apr-Jun 2023	34,623	33,188	541	3,790	7,890	11,338	9,629	1,435
Jul-Sep 2023	34,509	33,037	472	3,669	7,933	11,305	9,659	1,472
Oct-Dec 2023	34,494	33,057	496	3,664	7,827	11,374	9,697	1,437
Jan-Mar 2024	34,483	32,996	495	3,644	7,829	11,407	9,620	1,487
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>34,529</b>	<b>33,013</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>3,706</b>	<b>7,799</b>	<b>11,426</b>	<b>9,614</b>	<b>1,516</b>
Change on quarter	46	17	-27	62	-30	18	-6	29
Change %	0.1	0.1	-5.5	1.7	-0.4	0.2	-0.1	1.9
Change on year	-94	-176	-73	-84	-91	87	-15	81
Change %	-0.3	-0.5	-13.6	-2.2	-1.1	0.8	-0.2	5.7
<b>Men</b>	MGSG	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBZV	YBZY	YCAE
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	17,748	16,863	229	1,951	3,992	5,773	4,918	885
Apr-Jun 2023	17,981	17,122	266	2,007	4,042	5,806	5,001	859
Jul-Sep 2023	17,860	16,965	233	1,903	4,056	5,785	4,988	895
Oct-Dec 2023	17,847	16,974	232	1,936	3,992	5,790	5,023	874
Jan-Mar 2024	17,807	16,911	225	1,891	4,002	5,778	5,015	896
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>17,764</b>	<b>16,874</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>1,906</b>	<b>3,975</b>	<b>5,802</b>	<b>4,971</b>	<b>889</b>
Change on quarter	-43	-36	-6	16	-26	24	-44	-7
Change %	-0.2	-0.2	-2.4	0.8	-0.7	0.4	-0.9	-0.8
Change on year	-217	-248	-46	-101	-66	-4	-30	31
Change %	-1.2	-1.4	-17.2	-5.0	-1.6	-0.1	-0.6	3.6
<b>Women</b>	MGSH	LF2L	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	LF3B	LFK9
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	16,561	15,968	239	1,828	3,825	5,478	4,598	592
Apr-Jun 2023	16,642	16,066	276	1,782	3,848	5,532	4,628	576
Jul-Sep 2023	16,649	16,071	239	1,766	3,876	5,520	4,670	577
Oct-Dec 2023	16,647	16,083	264	1,727	3,835	5,584	4,674	564
Jan-Mar 2024	16,676	16,085	270	1,754	3,827	5,629	4,605	591
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>16,765</b>	<b>16,139</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>3,824</b>	<b>5,624</b>	<b>4,643</b>	<b>627</b>
Change on quarter	89	53	-22	46	-3	-6	38	36
Change %	0.5	0.3	-8.1	2.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.8	6.1
Change on year	123	73	-28	18	-24	92	15	50
Change %	0.7	0.5	-10.1	1.0	-0.6	1.7	0.3	8.8

## Economic activity rates (%)

<b>People</b>	MGWG	LF22	YCAC	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	LF2C	LF2L
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	63.2	78.2	30.9	68.9	87.1	87.4	72.3	12.0
Apr-Jun 2023	63.2	78.6	34.7	68.8	87.8	87.5	72.8	11.5
Jul-Sep 2023	62.9	78.1	30.0	66.5	88.3	87.1	73.0	11.7
Oct-Dec 2023	62.8	78.1	31.3	66.3	87.1	87.5	73.3	11.4
Jan-Mar 2024	62.6	77.9	31.0	65.8	87.2	87.6	72.7	11.7
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>62.6</b>	<b>77.8</b>	<b>29.1</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>86.9</b>	<b>87.6</b>	<b>72.6</b>	<b>11.9</b>
Change on quarter	0.0	0.0	-1.9	1.0	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2
Change on year	-0.6	-0.7	-5.6	-2.0	-0.9	0.0	-0.1	0.4
<b>Men</b>	MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	67.4	81.7	29.4	70.3	91.2	92.2	76.4	15.5
Apr-Jun 2023	67.7	82.5	33.1	71.9	92.0	92.2	77.2	14.8
Jul-Sep 2023	67.1	81.6	28.8	68.0	92.3	91.7	77.0	15.4
Oct-Dec 2023	66.9	81.6	28.5	69.1	90.7	91.6	77.6	14.9
Jan-Mar 2024	66.7	81.2	27.5	67.3	90.9	91.2	77.4	15.2
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>67.8</b>	<b>90.3</b>	<b>91.4</b>	<b>76.8</b>	<b>15.1</b>
Change on quarter	-0.3	-0.3	-0.9	0.4	-0.6	0.2	-0.7	-0.2
Change on year	-1.3	-1.6	-6.6	-4.1	-1.7	-0.8	-0.5	0.2
<b>Women</b>	MGWI	LF23	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	LF2D	LF2L
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>1</sup>	59.2	74.7	32.4	67.5	83.2	82.9	68.4	9.0
Apr-Jun 2023	59.0	74.8	36.3	65.6	83.7	83.1	68.5	8.6
Jul-Sep 2023	59.0	74.7	31.3	64.9	84.4	82.8	69.1	8.6
Oct-Dec 2023	58.9	74.7	34.2	63.3	83.6	83.6	69.1	8.3
Jan-Mar 2024	58.9	74.7	34.7	64.2	83.5	84.1	68.1	8.7
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>59.1</b>	<b>74.9</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>65.8</b>	<b>83.6</b>	<b>83.9</b>	<b>68.7</b>	<b>9.2</b>
Change on quarter	0.2	0.2	-3.0	1.6	0.0	-0.2	0.6	0.5
Change on year	0.0	0.1	-4.6	0.2	-0.2	0.8	0.2	0.6

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Total aged 16-64									
	Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64)								Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	LF63	LF65	LF67	LF69	LF68	LF6B	LF6D	LF6E	LF6F	LF6G
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	8,891	2,337	1,713	207	2,386	18	1,196	1,034	7,145	1,746
Apr-Jun 2023	9,060	2,348	1,668	197	2,697	24	1,074	1,051	7,320	1,739
Jul-Sep 2023	9,255	2,459	1,680	190	2,736	22	1,081	1,087	7,452	1,803
Oct-Dec 2023	9,278	2,501	1,649	159	2,800	29	1,089	1,051	7,411	1,868
Jan-Mar 2024	9,383	2,506	1,662	208	2,820	26	1,109	1,051	7,661	1,722
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>9,410</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>1,728</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1,062</b>	<b>1,001</b>	<b>7,613</b>	<b>1,797</b>
Change on quarter	27	54	67	20	-17	1	-47	-50	-48	75
Change %	0.3	2.1	4.0	9.5	-0.6	4.2	-4.2	-4.8	-0.6	4.4
Change on year	350	212	60	31	107	3	-12	-50	293	58
Change %	3.9	9.0	3.6	15.5	4.0	11.2	-1.1	-4.7	4.0	3.3
<b>Men</b>	BEEK	BEEH	BEEI	BEEJ	BEEK	BEEF	BEEG	BEEH	BEEI	BEEJ
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	3,671	1,184	246	107	1,135	11	546	442	2,888	783
Apr-Jun 2023	3,639	1,125	234	100	1,194	18	493	475	2,869	770
Jul-Sep 2023	3,821	1,224	243	80	1,243	13	508	511	3,046	775
Oct-Dec 2023	3,838	1,203	274	91	1,267	16	490	498	3,022	817
Jan-Mar 2024	3,927	1,238	282	129	1,286	13	498	481	3,165	762
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>3,989</b>	<b>1,292</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>1,305</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>3,160</b>	<b>829</b>
Change on quarter	62	54	-15	-8	19	6	-13	18	-5	67
Change %	1.6	4.4	-5.3	-6.4	1.5	48.3	-2.6	3.8	-0.2	8.8
Change on year	350	168	33	20	111	1	-8	24	291	59
Change %	9.6	14.9	14.2	20.3	9.3	7.7	-1.6	5.2	10.1	7.7
<b>Women</b>	LF64	LF66	LF68	LF6A	LFM3	LF6C	LF6E	LFM4	LFM5	
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	5,220	1,153	1,467	100	1,251	7	650	592	4,257	963
Apr-Jun 2023	5,421	1,223	1,434	97	1,502	6	581	577	4,451	970
Jul-Sep 2023	5,434	1,235	1,437	110	1,493	9	574	577	4,406	1,028
Oct-Dec 2023	5,440	1,299	1,375	69	1,533	13	598	553	4,389	1,051
Jan-Mar 2024	5,456	1,288	1,380	80	1,535	13	610	570	4,496	960
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>5,421</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>1,462</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>1,498</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>4,453</b>	<b>968</b>
Change on quarter	-35	0	81	28	-37	-5	-34	-68	-43	8
Change %	-0.6	0.0	5.9	35.1	-2.4	-41.2	-5.5	-12.0	-1.0	0.8
Change on year	0	44	27	10	-4	1	-4	-74	2	-2
Change %	0.0	3.6	1.9	10.5	-0.3	21.4	-0.7	-12.9	0.0	-0.2
Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%)										
<b>People</b>	LF6V	LF6X	LF6Z	LF73	LF75	LF77	LF79	LF7B	LF7D	LF7F
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	100.0	26.3	19.3	2.3	26.8	0.2	13.5	11.6	80.4	19.6
Apr-Jun 2023	100.0	25.9	18.4	2.2	29.8	0.3	11.9	11.6	80.8	19.2
Jul-Sep 2023	100.0	26.6	18.2	2.1	29.6	0.2	11.7	11.7	80.5	19.5
Oct-Dec 2023	100.0	27.0	17.8	1.7	30.2	0.3	11.7	11.3	79.9	20.1
Jan-Mar 2024	100.0	26.7	17.7	2.2	30.1	0.3	11.8	11.2	81.7	18.3
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>18.4</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>29.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>19.1</b>
<b>Men</b>	BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEJ	BEEQ	BEEU	BEEV	BEEW	BEEY	BEGT
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	100.0	32.3	6.7	2.9	30.9	0.3	14.9	12.0	78.7	21.3
Apr-Jun 2023	100.0	30.9	6.4	2.8	32.8	0.5	13.5	13.0	78.8	21.2
Jul-Sep 2023	100.0	32.0	6.4	2.1	32.5	0.3	13.3	13.4	79.7	20.3
Oct-Dec 2023	100.0	31.3	7.1	2.4	33.0	0.4	12.8	13.0	78.7	21.3
Jan-Mar 2024	100.0	31.5	7.2	3.3	32.7	0.3	12.7	12.2	80.6	19.4
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>20.8</b>
<b>Women</b>	LF6W	LF6Y	LF72	LF74	LF76	LF78	LF7A	LF7C	LF7E	LF7G
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>2</sup>	100.0	22.1	28.1	1.9	24.0	0.1	12.4	11.3	81.6	18.4
Apr-Jun 2023	100.0	22.6	26.5	1.8	27.7	0.1	10.7	10.6	82.1	17.9
Jul-Sep 2023	100.0	22.7	26.4	2.0	27.5	0.2	10.6	10.6	81.1	18.9
Oct-Dec 2023	100.0	23.9	25.3	1.3	28.2	0.2	11.0	10.2	80.7	19.3
Jan-Mar 2024	100.0	23.2	25.3	1.5	28.1	0.2	11.2	10.5	82.4	17.6
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>17.9</b>

Data Source: Labour Force Survey.

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

- Discouraged workers are those who are not looking for work because they believe no jobs are available.
- Other reasons include people who (i) are waiting the results of a job application, (ii) have not yet started looking for work, (iii) do not need or want employment, (iv) have given an uncatagorised reason for being economically inactive, or (v) have not given a reason for being economically inactive.
- Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 12 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

Apr-Jun 2024

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

All aged 16 to 24				In full-time education (FTE)				Not in full-time education (FTE) <sup>1</sup>			
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Total	Employed <sup>2</sup>	Unemployed <sup>2</sup>	Economically inactive	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

### Levels

#### People

16-17	1,610	353	115	1,142	1,386	262	83	1,041	223	91	32	101
18-24	5,550	3,262	445	1,844	2,015	684	115	1,217	3,535	2,578	330	627
16-24	7,160	3,615	559	2,986	3,402	946	198	2,258	3,758	2,669	362	728

#### Men

16-17	828	161	59	608	703	112	41	549	124	49	17	58
18-24	2,813	1,629	277	907	933	267	63	603	1,880	1,362	214	304
16-24	3,641	1,790	336	1,514	1,636	380	105	1,152	2,005	1,411	231	363

#### Women

16-17	782	192	56	534	683	150	41	492	99	43	14	42
18-24	2,737	1,632	168	937	1,083	417	52	614	1,655	1,215	116	323
16-24	3,520	1,824	224	1,472	1,766	567	93	1,106	1,754	1,258	130	365

### Changes on quarter

#### People

16-17	12	-12	-16	39	5	-23	-17	46	7	12	1	-6
18-24	10	27	35	-52	101	86	28	-13	-90	-59	7	-38
16-24	23	15	19	-12	106	62	11	32	-83	-47	8	-44

#### Men

16-17	6	-6	1	12	-2	-8	-7	13	8	2	7	-1
18-24	5	3	13	-10	34	3	17	14	-29	0	-4	-25
16-24	12	-3	13	2	33	-5	10	27	-21	2	3	-26

#### Women

16-17	6	-5	-16	28	7	-16	-10	33	-1	10	-6	-5
18-24	5	24	23	-41	66	82	11	-28	-61	-59	11	-14
16-24	11	19	6	-14	73	67	1	5	-63	-48	5	-19

### Rates(%)<sup>3</sup>

#### People

16-17	21.9	24.5	70.9	18.9	24.0	75.1	40.8	25.9	45.0
18-24	58.8	12.0	33.2	33.9	14.4	60.4	72.9	11.3	17.7
16-24	50.5	13.4	41.7	27.8	17.3	66.4	71.0	11.9	19.4

#### Men

16-17	19.5	26.8	73.4	16.0	27.0	78.1	39.1	26.5	46.9
18-24	57.9	14.5	32.2	28.6	19.1	64.6	72.5	13.6	16.2
16-24	49.2	15.8	41.6	23.2	21.6	70.4	70.4	14.1	18.1

#### Women

16-17	24.6	22.5	68.3	21.9	21.7	72.0	42.9	25.1	42.7
18-24	59.6	9.3	34.2	38.5	11.0	56.7	73.5	8.7	19.5
16-24	51.8	10.9	41.8	32.1	14.1	62.6	71.7	9.4	20.8

### Changes on quarter

#### People

16-17	-0.9	-1.8	1.9	-1.8	-1.8	3.0	4.2	-2.1	-4.3
18-24	0.4	0.8	-1.0	2.7	1.7	-3.9	0.2	0.4	-0.6
16-24	0.1	0.4	-0.3	1.0	-0.1	-1.1	0.3	0.4	-0.7

#### Men

16-17	-0.9	1.0	0.9	-1.1	-1.7	2.0	-1.2	8.8	-4.2
18-24	0.0	0.6	-0.4	-0.7	4.2	-0.9	1.1	-0.2	-1.0
16-24	-0.3	0.6	-0.1	-0.8	1.9	0.3	0.8	0.2	-1.1

#### Women

16-17	-0.9	-4.3	3.0	-2.5	-2.1	4.1	10.7	-13.8	-4.5
18-24	0.8	1.0	-1.6	5.6	0.3	-6.4	-0.8	1.1	-0.1
16-24	0.4	0.2	-0.5	2.6	-1.4	-2.4	-0.2	0.6	-0.3

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training. Estimates of the number of young people who were not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table. Estimates of young people who were NEET are published separately at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peoplenotinwork/unemployment/bulletins/youngpeoplenotineducationemploymentortrainingneet/late>

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

4. Data from July to September 2022 onward has been reweighted, causing a step change discontinuity.

# REDUNDANCIES

## 22 Redundancies: level<sup>1</sup> and rates<sup>2</sup>

United Kingdom

	People (aged 16 and over)		Men (aged 16 and over)		Women (aged 16 and over)	
	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
Apr-Jun 2022 <sup>3</sup>	54	1.9	30	2.1	24	1.7
Apr-Jun 2023	110	3.8	69	4.8	41	2.9
Jul-Sep 2023	76	2.6	40	2.8	36	2.5
Oct-Dec 2023	116	4.0	75	5.3	41	2.8
Jan-Mar 2024	90	3.1	53	3.7	36	2.5
<b>Apr-Jun 2024</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>3.0</b>
Change on quarter	19	0.7	12	0.8	7	0.5
Change %	20.6		21.9		18.7	
Change on year	-2	-0.1	-4	-0.2	2	0.1
Change %	-1.7		-5.5		4.7	

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The redundancy level is the number of people who were made redundant in the three months prior to interview. The figure is not seasonally adjusted.
2. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.
3. Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.