

Statistical bulletin

# Labour market overview, UK: October 2020

Estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity and other employment-related statistics for the UK.



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10 November 2020

## Notice

### 13 October 2020

The effect of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on our capacity means we have reviewed the existing labour market releases and will be suspending some publications.

This will protect the delivery and quality of our remaining labour market outputs as well as ensuring we can respond to new demands as a direct result of the coronavirus. More details about the impact on labour market outputs can be found in our [statement](#).

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# 1 . Other pages in this release

- [Employment in the UK](#)
- [Average weekly earnings in Great Britain](#)
- [Vacancies and jobs in the UK](#)
- [Earnings and employment from Pay As You Earn Real Time Information, UK](#)
- [Coronavirus and its impact on the Labour Force Survey](#)

## 2 . Main points

Early estimates for September 2020 suggest that there is little change in the number of payroll employees in the UK; up 20,000 compared with August 2020. Since March 2020, the number of payroll employees has fallen by 673,000; however, the larger falls were seen at the start of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

Data from our Labour Force Survey show the employment rate has been decreasing since the start of the coronavirus pandemic, while the unemployment rate and the level of redundancies have been increasing in recent periods. Total hours worked, while still low, show signs of recovering and there are fewer people temporarily away from work.

Vacancies also show signs of a recovery, with a record quarterly increase in the recent period. Annual growth in employee pay strengthened in August 2020 as employees continued to return to work from furlough; this followed strong falls in months since April when growth was affected by lower pay for furloughed employees, and reduced bonuses.

Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates in this bulletin have been reweighted to account for the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on survey interviewing methods.

- June to August 2020 figures show the unemployment rate and the number of redundancies continue to increase, while the employment rate continues to fall.
- Although decreasing over the year, total hours worked had a record increase on the quarter, with the June to August period covering a time when a number of coronavirus lockdown measures were eased.
- In September 2020, 20,000 more people were in payrolled employment when compared with August 2020 and 673,000 fewer people were in payrolled employment when compared with March 2020.
- The Claimant Count increased in September 2020, reaching 2.7 million; this includes both those working with low income or hours and those who are not working.
- After a record low of 343,000 vacancies in April to June 2020, there has been an estimated record quarterly increase of 144,000 to 488,000 vacancies in July to September 2020; vacancies remain below the pre-coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic levels and are 332,000 (40.5%) less than a year ago.
- Growth in average total pay (including bonuses) among employees for the three months June to August was unchanged from a year ago, while regular pay (excluding bonuses) growth was positive at 0.8%.

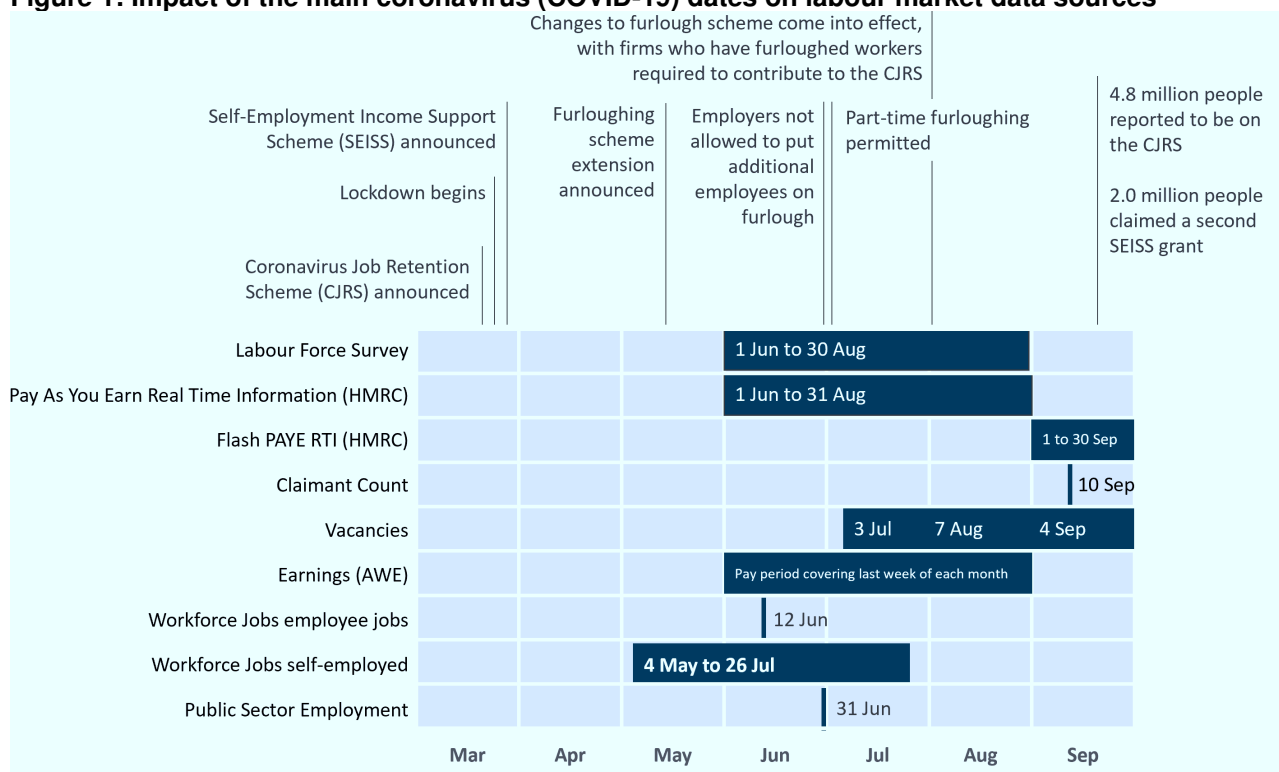
The majority of data in this bulletin come from surveys of households and businesses. It is not possible to survey every household and business each month, so these statistics are estimates based on samples.

### 3 . Coronavirus and measuring the labour market

The data presented in this bulletin are collected from various sources. Each cover different reference periods or count dates and are therefore impacted differently by the coronavirus (COVID-19) social distancing and lockdown measures.

Figure 1 shows the data reported in this bulletin (dark bars) alongside their different reference periods and count dates (white text). The main coronavirus dates are included to show how much of the data presented were impacted by the implementation of coronavirus social distancing and lockdown measures.

**Figure 1: Impact of the main coronavirus (COVID-19) dates on labour market data sources**



Source: Office for National Statistics – Labour Force Survey

Latest Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates are based on interviews that took place from the start of June to the end of August 2020. Interviews during June, July and August relate to the period when a number of the government lockdown measures aimed at protecting businesses and jobs during the coronavirus pandemic started to be eased.

The International Labour Organization (ILO) definition of employment includes those who worked in a job for at least one hour and those temporarily absent from a job. Workers furloughed under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme or who are self-employed but temporarily not in work have a reasonable expectation of returning to their jobs after a temporary period of absence. Therefore, they are classified as employed under the ILO definition.

Because of the coronavirus and the suspension of face to face interviewing on 17 March 2020, we had to make operational changes to the LFS, particularly in the way that we contact households for initial interview, which moved to a "by telephone" approach. These changes have resulted in a response where certain characteristics have not been as well represented as previously. This is evidenced in a change in the balance of type of household that we are reaching. In particular, the proportion of households where people own their homes in the sample has increased and rented accommodation households has decreased.

To mitigate the impact of this non-response bias we have introduced housing tenure into the LFS weighting methodology for periods from January to March 2020 onwards. While not providing a perfect solution, this has redressed some of the issues that had previously been noted in the survey results. More information can be found in an article [Coronavirus and its impact on the Labour Force Survey](#). Revisions to headline indicators can be seen in [Table X08](#).

This change in weighting methodology has resulted in revisions to all LFS estimates for the periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 and has consequently had an impact on recent movements for a number of the published series.

For estimates from the LFS in this bulletin (employment, unemployment, economic inactivity, hours worked and redundancies) we focus on movements in the data based on the new weighting methodology; however, we also indicate the impact of the change in weighting by displaying the movements in the data based on the previous weighting methodology in each chart.

## 4 . Employment, unemployment and economic inactivity

### Figure 2: The unemployment rate is rising, and the employment rate is falling

UK employment, unemployment and economic inactivity rates, seasonally adjusted, between June to August 2010 and June to August 2020

[Download the data](#)

### Employment

Employment measures the number of people aged 16 years and over in paid work and those who had a job that they were temporarily away from (to which they are expecting to return). The employment rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are in employment.

Estimates for June to August 2020 show 32.59 million people aged 16 years and over in employment, 102,000 fewer than a year earlier and 153,000 fewer than the previous quarter. For June to August 2020:

- the estimated employment rate for all people was 75.6%; this is 0.3 percentage points down on the year and 0.3 percentage points down on the quarter
- the estimated employment rate for men was 79.1%; this is 1.1 percentage points down on the year and 0.6 percentage points down on the quarter
- the estimated employment rate for women was 72.1%; this is 0.4 percentage points up on the year and 0.1 percentage points down on the quarter

Estimates of the number of people in employment on the Labour Force Survey (LFS) are consistent with the International Labour Organization (ILO) definition of employment. Under this definition, employment includes both those who are in work during the reference period and those who are temporarily away from a job. The number of people who are estimated to be temporarily away from work includes furloughed workers, those on maternity or paternity leave and annual leave. Prior to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic there was on average 2 to 2.5 million people temporarily away from work. The number of people temporarily away from work rose to almost 7.3 million people in April to June 2020 but has fallen to 6.4 million people in June to August 2020.

There were also around 192,000 people away from work because of the pandemic and receiving no pay in June to August 2020, this has fallen from 419,000 in April to June 2020.

## Unemployment

Unemployment measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed.

Estimates for June to August 2020 show an estimated 1.52 million people were unemployed, 209,000 more than a year earlier and 138,000 more than the previous quarter.

For June to August 2020:

- the estimated UK unemployment rate for all people was 4.5%; this is 0.6 percentage points higher than a year earlier and 0.4 percentage points higher than the previous quarter
- the estimated UK unemployment rate for men was 4.9%; this is 0.8 percentage points higher than a year earlier and 0.7 percentage points higher than the previous quarter
- the estimated UK unemployment rate for women was 4.0%; this is 0.3 percentage points higher than a year earlier and 0.1 percentage points higher than the previous quarter

## Economic inactivity

Economic inactivity measures people without a job but who are not classed as unemployed because they have not been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and/or they are unable to start work within the next two weeks. Our headline measure of economic inactivity is for those aged between 16 and 64 years.

Estimates for June to August 2020 show 8.63 million people aged between 16 and 64 years not in the labour force (economically inactive), 51,000 fewer than a year earlier and 3,000 fewer than the previous quarter.

For June to August 2020:

- the estimated economic inactivity rate for all people was 20.8%; this is down by 0.2 percentage points on the year and unchanged on the quarter
- the estimated economic inactivity rate for men was 16.7%; this is up by 0.4 percentage points on the year and down by 0.1 percentage points on the quarter
- the estimated economic inactivity rate for women was 24.9%; this is down by 0.7 percentage points on the year and unchanged on the quarter

## 5 . Hours worked

**Figure 3: Total hours worked still low but showing signs of recovery**

UK total actual weekly hours worked (people aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted, between June to August 2005 and June to August 2020

### Figure 3: Total hours worked still low but showing signs of recovery

UK total actual weekly hours worked (people aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted, between June to August 2005 and June to August 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics – Labour Force Survey

Between March to May 2020 and June to August 2020, total actual weekly hours worked in the UK saw a record increase of 20.0 million, or 2.3%, to 891.0 million hours. Average actual weekly hours worked saw a record increase of 0.7 hours on the quarter to 27.3 hours.

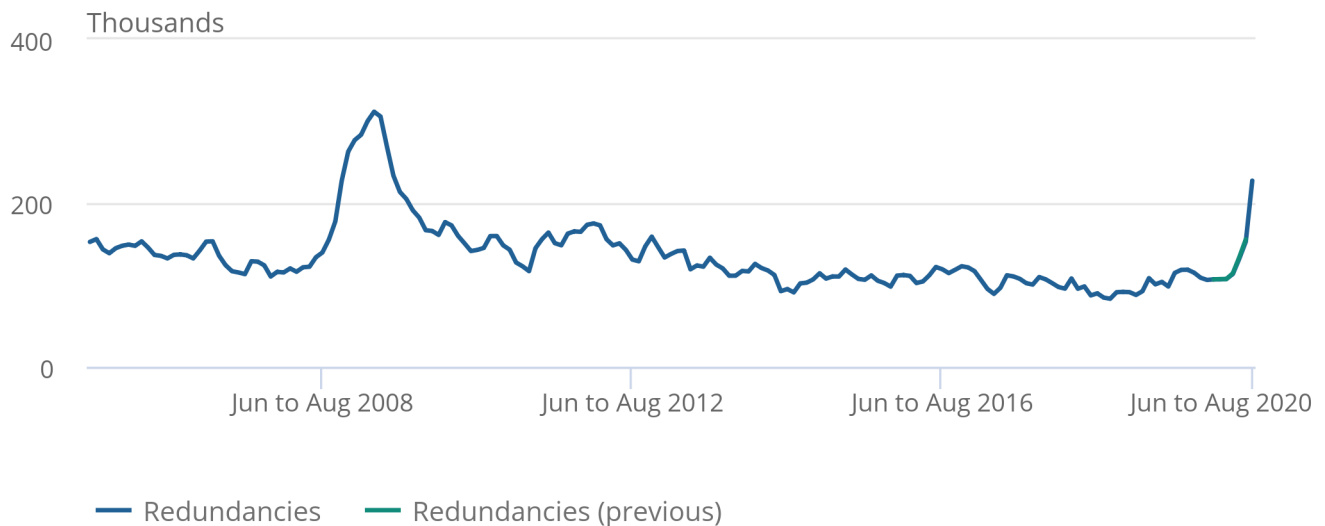
## 6 . Redundancies

**Figure 4: Redundancies increased by a record 114,000 on the quarter**

UK redundancies, not seasonally adjusted, between June to August 2005 and June to August 2020

Figure 4: Redundancies increased by a record 114,000 on the quarter

UK redundancies, not seasonally adjusted, between June to August 2005 and June to August 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics – Labour Force Survey

Redundancies increased in June to August 2020 by 113,000 on the year, and a record 114,000 on the quarter, to 227,000. The annual increase was the largest since April to June 2009, with the number of redundancies reaching its highest level since May to July 2009.

The redundancies estimates measure the number of people who were made redundant or who took voluntary redundancy in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews; it does not take into consideration planned redundancies.

## 7 . Pay As You Earn Real Time Information

[Experimental](#) data on the number of payroll employees and median earnings, using HM Revenue and Customs' (HMRC's) Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information (RTI), also show current labour market conditions.

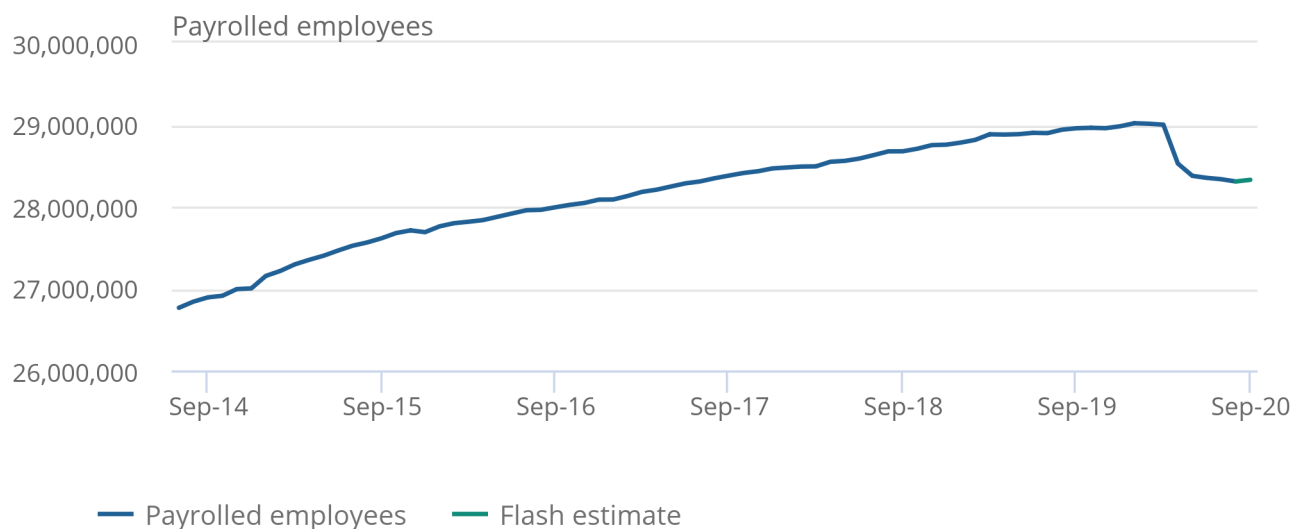


**Figure 5: After rising for several years, the number of employees has fallen in recent months**

Payrolled employees, seasonally adjusted, UK, July 2014 to September 2020

## Figure 5: After rising for several years, the number of employees has fallen in recent months

Payrolled employees, seasonally adjusted, UK, July 2014 to September 2020



Source: HM Revenue and Customs – Pay As You Earn Real Time

**Notes:**

1. The latest period, highlighted in orange, is based on early data and therefore is more likely to be subject to slightly more significant revisions.
2. The August 2020 figure is not a flash estimate of payrolled employees; this is included purely for graphing purposes.

Early estimates for September 2020 indicate that there were 28.3 million payrolled employees, a fall of 2.2% compared with the same period in the previous year and a decline of 629,000 people over the 12-month period. Compared with the previous month, the number of payrolled employees increased by 0.1% in September 2020 – equivalent to 20,000 people.

Early estimates for September 2020 indicate that median monthly pay increased to £1,905, an increase of 4.3% compared with the same period of the previous year.

## 8 . Claimant Count (Experimental Statistics)

These Claimant Count [Experimental Statistics](#) relate to 10 September 2020. Enhancements to Universal Credit as part of the UK government's response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) mean that an increasing number of people became eligible for unemployment-related benefit support despite still being in work. Consequently, changes in the Claimant Count will not be wholly because of changes in the number of people who are not in work. We are not able to identify to what extent people who are employed or unemployed have affected the numbers.

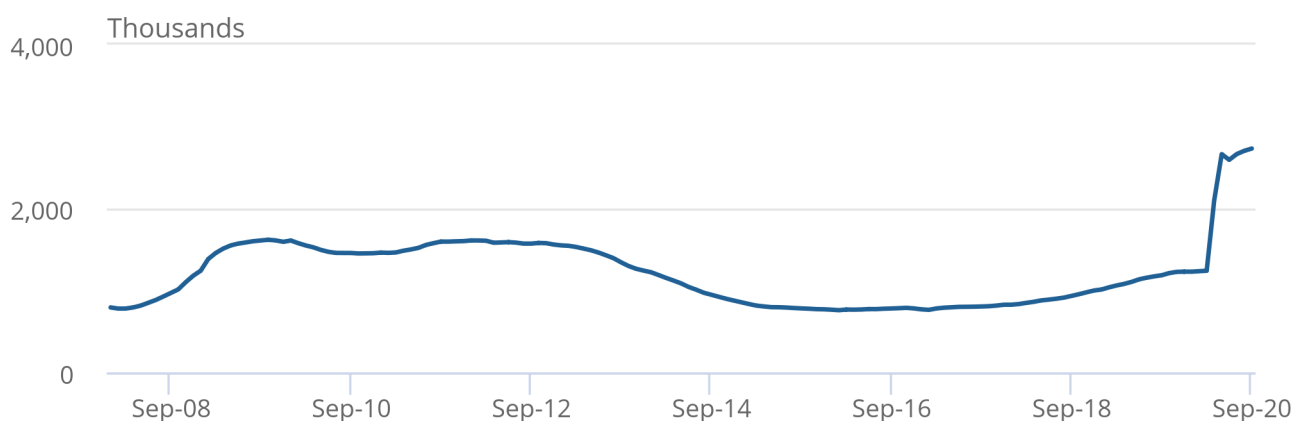
More detail on the Claimant Count can be found in the [Employment in the UK bulletin](#).

### Figure 6: UK Claimant Count level has increased by 120.3% since March 2020

UK Claimant Count, seasonally adjusted, between January 2008 and September 2020

Figure 6: UK Claimant Count level has increased by 120.3% since March 2020

UK Claimant Count, seasonally adjusted, between January 2008 and September 2020



Source: Department for Work and Pensions

The Claimant Count increased in September 2020 to 2.7 million. This represents a monthly increase of 1.0% and an increase of 120.3%, or 1.5 million, since March 2020.

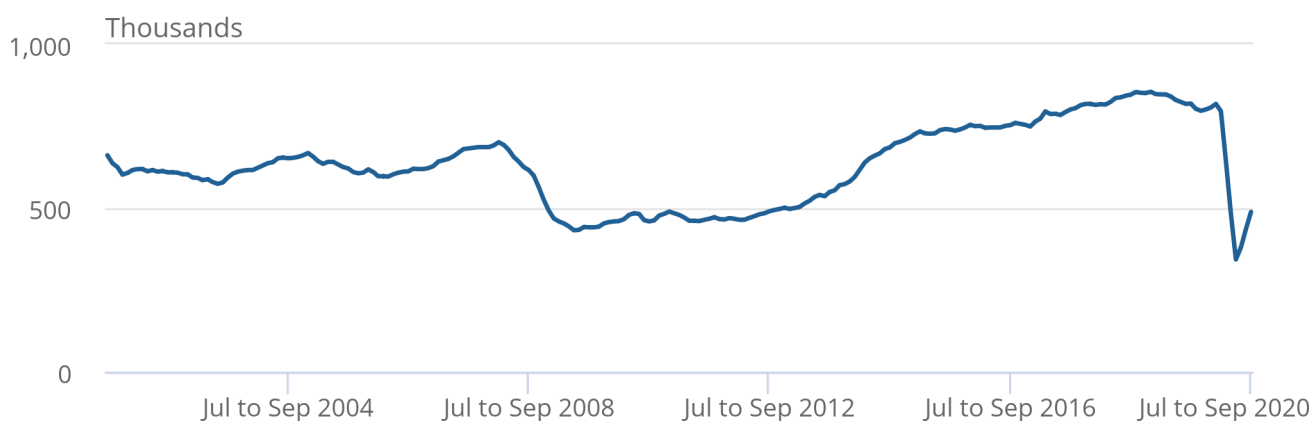
## 9 . Vacancies

**Figure 7: Whilst July to September 2020 saw a record quarterly increase in the level of vacancies the level is still 40.5% lower than a year ago**

Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted, between July to September 2001 and July to September 2020

Figure 7: Whilst July to September 2020 saw a record quarterly increase in the level of vacancies the level is still 40.5% lower than a year ago

Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted, between July to September 2001 and July to September 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Vacancy Survey

For July to September 2020, there were an estimated 488,000 vacancies, which is a record quarterly increase of 144,000 vacancies from the record low in April to June 2020. The increase is driven by small businesses (49 or fewer employees). Despite the record quarterly increase, vacancies remain below the pre-coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic levels and are 332,000 (40.5%) less than a year ago.

While the [experimental](#) single-month estimates should not be considered accurate estimates of vacancies in the reported months, they do indicate for August 2020 an increase of approximately 55% in the estimated vacancies compared with the record low in May 2020. However, estimated vacancies for August 2020 were still around 40% less than in February 2020.

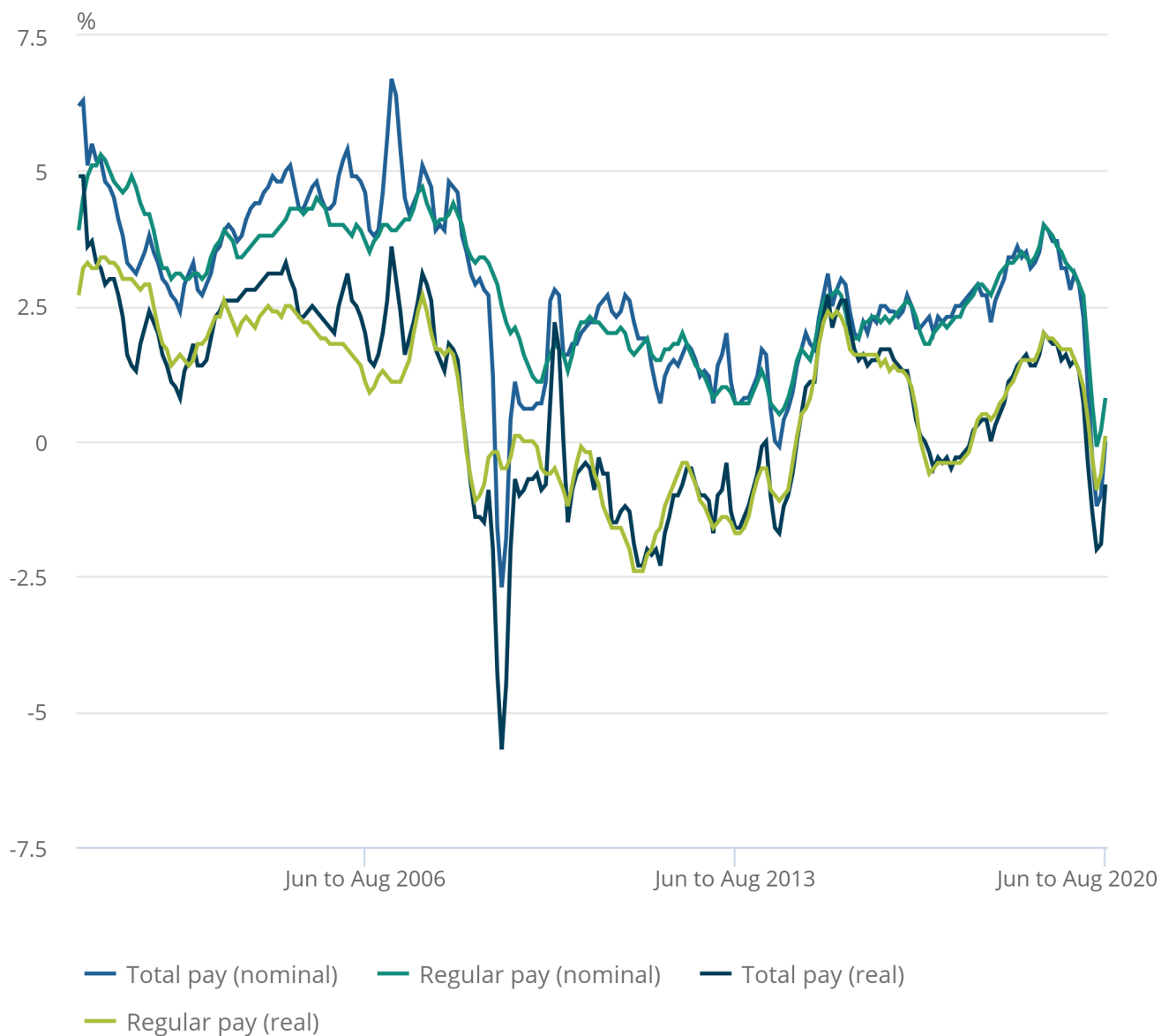
## 10 . Earnings growth

**Figure 8: Growth in employee total pay (including bonuses) is unchanged from a year earlier; this translates to a fall of 0.8% in real terms**

Great Britain average weekly earnings annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted, January to March 2001 to June to August 2020

Figure 8: Growth in employee total pay (including bonuses) is unchanged from a year earlier; this translates to a fall of 0.8% in real terms

Great Britain average weekly earnings annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted, January to March 2001 to June to August 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics – Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

In June to August 2020, the rate of annual pay growth was unchanged for total pay but positive 0.8% for regular pay. The difference between the two measures is because of subdued bonuses, which fell by an average negative 15.3% (in nominal terms) in the three months June to August 2020.

The rate of growth stood at 2.9% in December 2019 to February 2020 immediately prior to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, it then slowed sharply to negative 1.2% for total pay and negative 0.1% for regular pay before some increase in July and August.

Between June to August 2019 and June to August 2020, average pay growth varied by industry sector. The public sector saw the highest estimated growth, at 4.1% for regular pay. Negative growth was seen in the construction sector, estimated at negative 5.3%, the wholesaling, retailing, hotels and restaurants sector, estimated at negative 1.8%, and the manufacturing sector, estimated at negative 0.9%. This is, however, an improvement over the growth rates during May to July 2020.

In real terms, total pay is growing at a slower rate than inflation, at negative 0.8%. Regular pay growth in real terms is now positive, at 0.1%.

## 11 . Labour market data

Because of changes in the Labour Force Survey (LFS) weighting methodology, we were not able to update all tables this month, see article. Those not updated include:

- A06 Educational status and labour market status for people aged from 16 to 24 years
- A11 Labour Force Survey sampling variability
- HOUR02 Usual weekly hours worked
- HOUR03 Average hours worked by industry
- UNEM01 Unemployment by age and duration
- UNEM03 Unemployment by previous industrial sector
- X01 LFS Single month estimates
- X05 Comparison of unemployment and the claimant count
- X07 Weekly LFS estimates

These will be updated in our next Labour market publication on 10 November 2020.

We apologise for any inconvenience.

### [Summary of labour market statistics](#)

Dataset A01 | Released 13 October 2020

Estimates of employment, unemployment and other employment-related statistics for the UK.

### [Employment, unemployment and economic inactivity](#)

Dataset A02 SA | Released 13 October 2020

Estimates of UK employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for people aged 16 years and over and people aged between 16 and 64 years based on the Labour Force Survey (LFS).

### [Average weekly earnings](#)

Dataset EARN01 | Released 13 October 2020

Estimates of Great Britain earnings growth based on the Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey.

### [Vacancies by industry](#)

Dataset VACS02 | Released 13 October 2020

Estimates of the number of UK job vacancies for each industry, based on a survey of businesses.

### [Real Time Information statistics](#)

Dataset Real Time Information statistics | Released 13 October 2020

Earnings and employment statistics from Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information (RTI) (Experimental Statistics) seasonally adjusted.

### [Claimant Count](#)

Dataset CLA01 | Released 13 October 2020

Experimental estimates of the Claimant Count including Jobseeker's Allowance and out of work Universal Credit claimants.

### [Labour Force Survey weekly estimates](#)

Dataset X07 | Released 13 October 2020

LFS weekly estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity and hours in the UK. All estimates are calculated from highly experimental weekly LFS datasets.

View all related data on the [related data page](#). Alternatively, [Nomis](#) provides free access to the most detailed and up-to-date UK labour market statistics from official sources.

## 12 . Glossary

### Average weekly earnings

[Average weekly earnings](#) measures money paid by employers to employees in Great Britain before tax and other deductions from pay. The estimates are not just a measure of pay rises as they also reflect, for example, changes in the overall structure of the workforce. More high-paid jobs in the economy would have an upward effect on the earnings growth rate.

### Economic inactivity

People not in the labour force (also known as [economically inactive](#)) are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks and/or they are unable to start work in the next two weeks. The economic inactivity rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are not in the labour force.

## Employment

[Employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work or who had a job that they were temporarily away from (for example, because they were on holiday or off sick). This differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are in employment. A more detailed explanation is available in [A guide to labour market statistics](#).

## Unemployment

[Unemployment](#) measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed.

## Vacancies

[Vacancies](#) are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking recruits from outside their business or organisation. The estimates are based on the Vacancy Survey; this is a survey of businesses designed to provide estimates of the stock of vacancies across the economy, excluding agriculture, forestry and fishing (a small sector for which the collection of estimates would not be practical).

## Claimant Count

The Claimant Count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits.

The Claimant Count estimates are currently designated as [Experimental Statistics](#) because the Universal Credit estimates are still being developed by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). However, the Claimant Count estimates provide the best available estimates of the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits in the UK.

The Claimant Count does not meet the internationally agreed definition of unemployment specified by the International Labour Organization (ILO). The estimates are sourced from the Jobcentre Plus administrative system.

There is a large degree of overlap between the Claimant Count and unemployment, although the latter figures are generally much higher. People who are not claimants can appear among the unemployed if they are not entitled to unemployment-related benefits. For example:

- people who are only looking for part-time work young
- people aged under 18 years, who are not usually eligible to claim Jobseeker's allowance
- students looking for vacation work people who have left their job voluntarily

Some people recorded in the Claimant Count would not be counted as unemployed. For example, in certain circumstances people can claim Jobseeker's Allowance or Universal Credit while they have relatively low earnings from part-time work. These people would not be unemployed.

## Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information (RTI)

These data come from HM Revenue and Customs' (HMRC's) Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information (RTI) system. They cover the whole population rather than a sample of people or companies, and they will allow for more detailed estimates of the population. The release is classed as Experimental Statistics as the methodologies used to produce the statistics are still in their development phase. As a result, the series are subject to revisions.

PAYE is the system employers and pension providers use to take Income Tax and National Insurance contributions before they pay wages or pensions to employees and pensioners. This publication relates to employees only and not pensioners.

A [more detailed glossary](#) is available.

## 13 . Measuring the data

### Coronavirus

In response to the developing coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, we are working to ensure that we continue to publish economic statistics. For more information, please see [COVID-19 and the production of statistics](#).

We have reviewed all publications and data published as part of the labour market release in response to the coronavirus pandemic. This has led to the [postponement of some publications and datasets](#) to ensure that we can continue to publish our main labour market data. This will protect the delivery and quality of our remaining outputs and ensure we can respond to new demands as a direct result of the coronavirus.

For more information on how labour market data sources, among others, will be affected by the coronavirus pandemic, see the [statement](#) published on 27 March 2020. A further [article](#) published on 6 May 2020 detailed some of the challenges that we have faced in producing estimates at this time. A [blog](#) published in July 2020 by Jonathan Athow, Deputy National Statistician for Economic Statistics, explains some of the differences between sources.

Our latest data and analysis on the impact of the coronavirus on the UK economy and population are available on our dedicated [coronavirus web page](#). This is the hub for all special coronavirus-related publications, drawing on all available data.

### After EU withdrawal

As the UK leaves the EU, it is important that our statistics continue to be of high quality and are internationally comparable. During the transition period, those UK statistics that align with EU practice and rules will continue to do so in the same way as before 31 January 2020.

After the transition period, we will continue to produce our labour market statistics in line with the UK Statistics Authority's [Code of Practice for Statistics](#) and in accordance with International Labour Organization (ILO) definitions and agreed international statistical guidance.

The employment, unemployment and economic inactivity estimates rely on data collected from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a survey run by field interviewers with people across the UK every month.



The [LFS performance and quality monitoring reports](#) provide data on response rates and other quality-related issues for the LFS, including breakdowns of response by LFS wave, region and question-specific response issues. The average weekly earnings and vacancies estimates rely on data collected from surveys of employers.

More quality and methodology information on strengths, limitations, appropriate uses, and how the data were created is available in the following QMI reports:

- [LFS QMI](#)
- [Average weekly earnings QMI](#)
- [Vacancy Survey QMI](#)
- [Claimant Count QMI](#)

## Future publication dates

10 November 2020  
15 December 2020  
26 January 2021  
23 February 2021  
23 March 2021  
20 April 2021

## Sampling variability

Because of the methodology changes applied to the Labour Force Survey this month, the sampling variability data are not available.

This will be updated with the next Labour market release on 10 November 2020.

We apologise for any inconvenience.

Table 1: Summary of employee earnings, Great Britain, June to August 2020, seasonally adjusted

	Annual growth rate (estimate)	Sampling variability of growth rate <sup>1</sup>
<b>Total pay (nominal)</b>	0.0	± 0.5
<b>Total pay (real)</b>	-1.2	
<b>Regular pay (nominal)</b>	0.8	± 0.5
<b>Regular pay (real)</b>	-0.1	

Source: Office for National Statistics - Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

### Notes

1. The sampling variability estimates are for 95% confidence intervals (where we are 95% certain the true value lies within the specified range) and are calculated on not seasonally adjusted data for single month growth rates for the 12 months from January to December 2014. It is not possible to calculate confidence intervals for growth rates in real terms.

## 14 . Strengths and limitations

### Accuracy of the statistics: estimating and reporting uncertainty

Some of the figures in this bulletin come from surveys, which gather information from a sample rather than from the whole population. The sample is designed to be as accurate as possible given practical limitations such as time and cost constraints. Therefore, the estimates presented in this bulletin contain some [uncertainty](#) and are not precise figures. This can have an impact on how changes in the estimates should be interpreted, especially for short-term comparisons.

As the number of people available in the sample gets smaller, the variability of the estimates that we can make from that sample size gets larger. Estimates for small groups (for example, unemployed people aged between 16 and 17 years), which are based on small subsets of the Labour Force Survey (LFS) sample, are less reliable and tend to be more volatile than for larger aggregated groups (for example, the total number of unemployed people).

In general, changes in the numbers (and especially the rates) reported in this bulletin between three-month periods are small and are not usually greater than the level that can be explained by sampling variability. Short-term movements in reported rates should be considered alongside longer-term patterns in the series and corresponding movements in other sources to give a fuller picture.

Further information is available in [A guide to labour market statistics](#).

### Where to find data about uncertainty and reliability

[Dataset A11](#) (not updated in October 2020, see [section 11](#)) shows sampling variabilities for estimates derived from the LFS.

Sampling variability information for average weekly earnings growth rates is available from the 'Sampling Variability' worksheets within datasets [EARN01](#) and [EARN03](#). The sampling variability of the three-month average vacancies level is around plus or minus 1.5% of that level. Information on revisions is available in the [labour market statistics revisions policy](#).

## 15 . Related links

### [Earnings and employment from Pay As You Earn Real Time Information, UK](#)

Bulletin | Released 13 October 2020

Experimental monthly estimates of paid employees and their pay from HM Revenue and Customs' (HMRC's) Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information (RTI) data.

### [Labour market in the regions of the UK](#)

Bulletin | Released 13 October 2020

Regional breakdowns of changes in UK employment, unemployment and economic inactivity.

### [Young people not in education, employment or training \(NEET\)](#)

Bulletin | Released 20 August 2020

Estimates of people in the UK aged between 16 and 24 years who are not in education, employment or training (NEET).

### [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) latest data and analysis](#)

Web page | Updated as and when data become available

Latest data and analysis on the coronavirus (COVID-19) in the UK and its effect on the economy and society.

### [Coronavirus and the economic impacts on the UK](#)

Article | Released 8 October 2020

New experimental data on the UK economy detailing the impact on businesses from the coronavirus.

### [Coronavirus and key workers in the UK](#)

Article | Released 15 May 2020

Estimates of the numbers and characteristics of those who could be considered as potential key workers in the response to the coronavirus.

# Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the [Excel spreadsheet datasets](#) which are available on the website:

Some data included in this table are based on previous weighting methodology and not consistent with latest estimates published on 13 October 2020. These estimates will be revised as soon as possible. We appologise for any inconvenience.

Statistical Bulletin table number	Table description	Dataset	Updated with new LFS methodology
	<b>SUMMARY</b>		
1	Labour Force Survey Summary	<a href="#">Dataset A02 SA</a>	Updated
2 (*)	Labour market status by age group	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>	Updated
	<b>EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS</b>		
3	Full-time, part-time & temporary workers	<a href="#">Dataset EMP01 SA</a>	Updated
4	Public and private sector employment	<a href="#">Dataset EMP02</a>	Not updated
4(1)	Public sector employment by industry	<a href="#">Dataset EMP03</a>	Not updated
5	Workforce jobs summary	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS01</a>	Not updated
6 (**)	Workforce jobs by industry	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS02</a>	Not updated
7	Actual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR01 SA</a>	Updated
7(1)	Usual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR02 SA</a>	Not updated
	<b>NON-UK WORKERS</b>		
8	Employment by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset EMP06</a>	Not updated
8(1)	Unemployment and economic inactivity by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset A12</a>	Not updated
	<b>UNEMPLOYMENT</b>		
9	Unemployment by age and duration	<a href="#">Dataset UNEM01 SA</a>	Not updated
	<b>ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY</b>		
10(*)	Economic activity by age	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>	Not updated
11	Economic inactivity by reason	<a href="#">Dataset INAC01 SA</a>	Updated
12	Labour market and educational status of young people	<a href="#">Dataset A06 SA</a>	Not updated
	<b>EARNINGS</b>		
13	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Total pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	Not affected
14	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Bonus pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	Not affected
15	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Regular pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	Not affected
16	Average Weekly Earnings real and nominal (summary table)	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	Not affected
	<b>INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
17	International comparisons of employment and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset A10</a>	Not affected
	<b>LABOUR DISPUTES</b>		
18	Labour disputes	<a href="#">Dataset LABD01</a>	Not affected
	<b>VACANCIES</b>		
19	Vacancies by size of business	<a href="#">Dataset VACS03</a>	Not affected
20	Vacancies and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset VACS01</a>	Updated
21	Vacancies by industry	<a href="#">Dataset VACS02</a>	Not affected
	<b>REDUNDANCIES</b>		
22	Redundancies levels and rates	<a href="#">Dataset RED01 SA</a>	Updated
	<b>REGIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
23	Regional labour market summary	<a href="#">Dataset A07</a>	Updated

(\*) Tables 2 and 10 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Dataset A05 SA).

(\*\*) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available,\* suppressed due to small sample size.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market Statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/labourmarketstatistics>

## Summary of labour market statistics published on 13 October 2020

Series	Reference period	Latest estimate	Last time higher	Last time lower	Comparable data begins in
Employment level (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2020	32.591 million	May-Jul 2020 (32.665 million)	Sep-Nov 2018 (32.542 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Employment rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2020	75.6%	May-Jul 2020 (75.8%)	May-Jul 2018 (75.5%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment level (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2020	1.522 million	Jan-Mar 2017 (1.527 million)	May-Jul 2020 (1.451 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment rate (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2020	4.5%	Jan-Mar 2017 (4.6%)	May-Jul 2020 (4.3%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Inactivity level (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2020	8.625 million	Apr-Jun 2020 (8.641 million)	May-Jul 2020 (8.604 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2020	20.8%	Apr-Jun 2020 (20.9%)	Feb-Apr 2020 (20.7%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Average Earnings (total pay - nominal)	Jun-Aug 2020	0.0%	Feb-Apr 2020 (1%)	May-Jul 2020 (-1%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (regular pay - nominal)	Jun-Aug 2020	0.8%	Feb-Apr 2020 (1.7%)	May-Jul 2020 (0.2%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (total pay - real)	Jun-Aug 2020	-0.8%	Feb-Apr 2020 (-0.4%)	May-Jul 2020 (-1.9%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (regular pay - real)	Jun-Aug 2020	0.1%	Feb-Apr 2020 (0.4%)	May-Jul 2020 (-0.6%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Vacancies level	Jul-Sep 2020	488,000	Feb-Apr 2020 (644,000)	Jun-Aug 2020 (436,000)	Apr-Jun 2001

# SUMMARY

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 1 Summary of headline LFS<sup>1</sup> indicators

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	LFS household population <sup>1</sup>		Headline indicators					
			Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 to 64
	MGSL	LF2O	MGRZ	LF24	MGSC	MGSX	LF2M	LF2S
<b>People</b>								
Jun-Aug 2018	53,047	41,258	32,410	75.6	1,363	4.0	8,740	21.2
Jun-Aug 2019	53,321	41,339	32,693	75.9	1,314	3.9	8,676	21.0
Sep-Nov 2019	53,391	41,363	32,901	76.3	1,306	3.8	8,506	20.6
Dec-Feb 2020	53,463	41,388	33,073	76.6	1,364	4.0	8,370	20.2
Mar-May 2020r	53,534	41,423	32,744	75.9	1,384	4.1	8,628	20.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	53,603	41,435	32,591	75.6	1,522	4.5	8,625	20.8
Change on quarter	69	12	-153	-0.3	138	0.4	-3	0.0
Change %	0.1	0.0	-0.5		10.0		0.0	
Change on year	282	96	-102	-0.3	209	0.6	-51	-0.2
Change %	0.5	0.2	-0.3		15.9		-0.6	
<b>Men</b>	MGSM	YBTG	MGSA	MGSV	MGSD	MGSY	YBSO	YBTM
Jun-Aug 2018	25,956	20,517	17,176	80.1	733	4.1	3,356	16.4
Jun-Aug 2019	26,107	20,567	17,256	80.2	727	4.0	3,366	16.4
Sep-Nov 2019	26,145	20,581	17,317	80.4	729	4.0	3,326	16.2
Dec-Feb 2020	26,183	20,595	17,345	80.5	763	4.2	3,281	15.9
Mar-May 2020r	26,221	20,615	17,158	79.7	749	4.2	3,460	16.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	26,260	20,623	17,043	79.1	877	4.9	3,448	16.7
Change on quarter	39	8	-115	-0.6	127	0.7	-12	-0.1
Change %	0.1	0.0	-0.7		17.0		-0.3	
Change on year	154	56	-213	-1.1	149	0.8	82	0.4
Change %	0.6	0.3	-1.2		20.5		2.4	
<b>Women</b>	MGSN	LF2P	MGSB	LF25	MGSE	MGSZ	LF2N	LF2T
Jun-Aug 2018	27,091	20,740	15,235	71.0	629	4.0	5,384	26.0
Jun-Aug 2019	27,215	20,772	15,437	71.6	586	3.7	5,310	25.6
Sep-Nov 2019	27,247	20,782	15,584	72.3	577	3.6	5,180	24.9
Dec-Feb 2020	27,279	20,792	15,728	72.7	601	3.7	5,089	24.5
Mar-May 2020r	27,313	20,808	15,586	72.2	634	3.9	5,168	24.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	27,343	20,811	15,548	72.1	646	4.0	5,178	24.9
Change on quarter	30	3	-38	-0.1	11	0.1	9	0.0
Change %	0.1	0.0	-0.2		1.8		0.2	
Change on year	128	40	111	0.4	59	0.3	-133	-0.7
Change %	0.5	0.2	0.7		10.1		-2.5	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of households in the UK.
2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.
3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.
4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16-64.

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity rate for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

**Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.**

# SUMMARY Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 16 and over						Aged 16-64					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	MGRZ	MGSR	MGSC	MG SX	MGSI	YBTC	LF2G	LF24	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2M	LF2S
Jun-Aug 2018	32,410	61.1	1,363	4.0	19,274	36.3	31,173	75.6	1,345	4.1	8,740	21.2
Jun-Aug 2019	32,693	61.3	1,314	3.9	19,315	36.2	31,365	75.9	1,297	4.0	8,676	21.0
Sep-Nov 2019	32,901	61.6	1,306	3.8	19,184	35.9	31,577	76.3	1,280	3.9	8,506	20.6
Dec-Feb 2020	33,073	61.9	1,364	4.0	19,026	35.6	31,687	76.6	1,331	4.0	8,370	20.2
Mar-May 2020r	32,744	61.2	1,384	4.1	19,407	36.3	31,437	75.9	1,358	4.1	8,628	20.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	32,591	60.8	1,522	4.5	19,490	36.4	31,308	75.6	1,501	4.6	8,625	20.8
Change on quarter	-153	-0.4	138	0.4	84	0.1	-129	-0.3	143	0.4	-3	0.0
Change %	-0.5		10.0		0.4		-0.4		10.5		0.0	
Change on year	-102	-0.5	209	0.6	175	0.1	-57	-0.3	204	0.6	-51	-0.2
Change %	-0.3		15.9		0.9		-0.2		15.7		-0.6	
<b>Men</b>	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MG SY	MG SJ	YBTD	YBSF	MG SV	YBSI	YBTJ	YBSO	YBTM
Jun-Aug 2018	17,176	66.2	733	4.1	8,047	31.0	16,441	80.1	721	4.2	3,356	16.4
Jun-Aug 2019	17,256	66.1	727	4.0	8,123	31.1	16,485	80.2	716	4.2	3,366	16.4
Sep-Nov 2019	17,317	66.2	729	4.0	8,099	31.0	16,543	80.4	713	4.1	3,326	16.2
Dec-Feb 2020	17,345	66.2	763	4.2	8,075	30.8	16,575	80.5	740	4.3	3,281	15.9
Mar-May 2020r	17,158	65.4	749	4.2	8,314	31.7	16,423	79.7	732	4.3	3,460	16.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	17,043	64.9	877	4.9	8,341	31.8	16,311	79.1	864	5.0	3,448	16.7
Change on quarter	-115	-0.5	127	0.7	27	0.1	-112	-0.6	132	0.8	-12	-0.1
Change %	-0.7		17.0		0.3		-0.7		18.1		-0.3	
Change on year	-213	-1.2	149	0.8	218	0.6	-173	-1.1	148	0.9	82	0.4
Change %	-1.2		20.5		2.7		-1.1		20.6		2.4	
<b>Women</b>	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MG SY	MG SJ	YBTD	YBSF	LF25	LF2J	LF2R	LF2N	LF2T
Jun-Aug 2018	15,235	56.2	629	4.0	11,228	41.4	14,732	71.0	624	4.1	5,384	26.0
Jun-Aug 2019	15,437	56.7	586	3.7	11,192	41.1	14,881	71.6	581	3.8	5,310	25.6
Sep-Nov 2019	15,584	57.2	577	3.6	11,085	40.7	15,034	72.3	567	3.6	5,180	24.9
Dec-Feb 2020	15,728	57.7	601	3.7	10,951	40.1	15,113	72.7	591	3.8	5,089	24.5
Mar-May 2020r	15,586	57.1	634	3.9	11,093	40.6	15,014	72.2	626	4.0	5,168	24.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	15,548	56.9	646	4.0	11,149	40.8	14,997	72.1	637	4.1	5,178	24.9
Change on quarter	-38	-0.2	11	0.1	57	0.2	-17	-0.1	11	0.1	9	0.0
Change %	-0.2		1.8		0.5		-0.1		1.7		0.2	
Change on year	111	0.1	59	0.3	-43	-0.3	116	0.4	56	0.3	-133	-0.7
Change %	0.7		10.1		-0.4		0.8		9.7		-2.5	
	Aged 16-17						Aged 18-24					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	YBTO	YBUA	YBVH	YBVK	YCAS	LWEX	YBTR	YBUD	YBVN	YBVQ	YCAV	LWFA
Jun-Aug 2018	337	24.2	94	21.9	961	69.0	3,490	62.4	373	9.6	1,730	30.9
Jun-Aug 2019	338	24.2	86	20.3	971	69.7	3,366	61.1	408	10.8	1,734	31.5
Sep-Nov 2019	344	24.5	94	21.4	966	68.8	3,420	62.3	388	10.2	1,680	30.6
Dec-Feb 2020	338	23.9	105	23.8	970	68.7	3,487	63.8	408	10.5	1,574	28.8
Mar-May 2020r	317	22.3	108	25.3	995	70.1	3,440	63.0	438	11.3	1,580	29.0
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	288	20.1	92	24.2	1,052	73.5	3,248	59.8	489	13.1	1,692	31.2
Change on quarter	-29	-2.2	-16	-1.2	57	3.4	-191	-3.2	51	1.8	111	2.2
Change %	-9.1		-14.6		5.7		-5.6		11.7		7.0	
Change on year	-49	-4.1	6	3.9	80	3.8	-118	-1.3	81	2.3	-43	-0.3
Change %	-14.6		7.2		8.3		-3.5		19.8		-2.5	
<b>Men</b>	YBTP	YBUB	YBVI	YBVL	YCAT	LWEY	YBTS	YBUE	YBVO	YBVR	YCAW	LWFB
Jun-Aug 2018	168	23.6	49	22.4	496	69.6	1,825	63.9	211	10.4	821	28.7
Jun-Aug 2019	156	21.9	50	24.2	508	71.1	1,736	61.7	246	12.4	831	29.5
Sep-Nov 2019	153	21.2	53	25.7	514	71.4	1,758	62.7	240	12.0	805	28.7
Dec-Feb 2020	148	20.4	62	29.4	514	71.0	1,795	64.3	240	11.8	758	27.1
Mar-May 2020r	154	21.2	64	29.2	509	70.1	1,774	63.7	231	11.5	782	28.1
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	136	18.5	46	25.1	552	75.3	1,666	60.1	309	15.7	797	28.7
Change on quarter	-19	-2.7	-18	-4.1	43	5.2	-108	-3.6	78	4.1	15	0.7
Change %	-12.1		-28.5		8.4		-6.1		34.0		1.9	
Change on year	-21	-3.4	-4	0.9	44	4.2	-70	-1.6	63	3.2	-35	-0.8
Change %	-13.3		-9.0		8.7		-4.0		25.6		-4.2	
<b>Women</b>	YBTQ	YBUC	YBVJ	YBVM	YCAU	LWEZ	YBTT	YBUF	YBVP	YBVS	YCAC	LWFC
Jun-Aug 2018	169	24.9	46	21.4	465	68.4	1,665	60.9	162	8.8	909	33.2
Jun-Aug 2019	181	26.6	36	16.5	463	68.1	1,630	60.5	162	9.1	903	33.5
Sep-Nov 2019	192	28.0	41	17.6	452	66.1	1,663	61.9	148	8.2	875	32.6
Dec-Feb 2020	190	27.5	44	18.7	456	66.1	1,692	63.2	168	9.0	816	30.5
Mar-May 2020r	163	23.5	44	21.3	486	70.1	1,665	62.4	207	11.1	798	29.9
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	153	21.8	46	23.3	500	71.5	1,582	59.6	180	10.2	895	33.7
Change on quarter	-10	-1.7	2	2.0	14	1.4	-83	-2.8	-27	-0.9	96	3.8
Change %	-6.4		5.4		2.9		-5.0		-13.1		12.1	
Change on year	-29	-4.8	11	6.8	36	3.4	-48	-0.9	18	1.2	-8	0.2
Change %	-15.7		29.9		7.8		-2.9		10.9		-0.9	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.



# SUMMARY Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 2(2) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 25-34						Aged 35-49					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	YBTU	YBUG	YCGM	YCGP	YCAZ	LWFD	YBTX	YBUJ	YCGS	YCGV	YCBB	LWFG
Jun-Aug 2018	7,435	83.3	296	3.8	1,198	13.4	10,861	85.0	298	2.7	1,613	12.6
Jun-Aug 2019	7,550	84.2	272	3.5	1,140	12.7	10,866	85.4	276	2.5	1,584	12.4
Sep-Nov 2019	7,611	85.0	267	3.4	1,080	12.1	10,906	85.7	274	2.5	1,543	12.1
Dec-Feb 2020	7,639	85.3	254	3.2	1,063	11.9	10,911	85.8	278	2.5	1,534	12.1
Mar-May 2020r	7,597	84.8	276	3.5	1,085	12.1	10,830	85.1	287	2.6	1,610	12.6
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	7,626	85.2	308	3.9	1,014	11.3	10,850	85.3	295	2.6	1,572	12.4
Change on quarter	30	0.4	32	0.4	-71	-0.8	20	0.2	8	0.1	-38	-0.3
Change %	0.4		11.6		-6.5		0.2		2.9		-2.4	
Change on year	77	1.0	36	0.4	-126	-1.4	-16	-0.1	19	0.2	-12	-0.1
Change %	1.0		13.2		-11.1		-0.1		6.9		-0.8	
<b>Men</b>	YBTV	YBUH	YCGN	YCGQ	YCAZ	LWFE	YBTY	YBUK	YCGT	YCGW	YCBC	LWFG
Jun-Aug 2018	3,996	89.3	155	3.7	324	7.2	5,721	90.7	157	2.7	426	6.8
Jun-Aug 2019	4,050	90.0	144	3.4	308	6.8	5,750	91.5	128	2.2	407	6.5
Sep-Nov 2019	4,075	90.5	141	3.3	288	6.4	5,734	91.3	135	2.3	415	6.6
Dec-Feb 2020	4,072	90.4	135	3.2	298	6.6	5,729	91.2	138	2.3	418	6.6
Mar-May 2020r	4,030	89.4	130	3.1	348	7.7	5,668	90.2	154	2.6	465	7.4
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	4,016	89.1	166	4.0	324	7.2	5,673	90.3	151	2.6	459	7.3
Change on quarter	-14	-0.3	36	0.9	-23	-0.5	5	0.1	-3	-0.1	-5	-0.1
Change %	-0.3		27.9		-6.8		0.1		-2.2		-1.1	
Change on year	-35	-0.8	22	0.5	16	0.4	-77	-1.2	23	0.4	53	0.8
Change %	-0.9		15.2		5.3		-1.3		18.3		13.0	
<b>Women</b>	YBTV	YBUH	YCGN	YCGQ	YCAZ	LWFE	YBTY	YBUL	YCGU	YCGX	YCBD	LWFI
Jun-Aug 2018	3,439	77.2	141	3.9	875	19.6	5,140	79.5	141	2.7	1,187	18.3
Jun-Aug 2019	3,499	78.5	128	3.5	832	18.7	5,116	79.4	148	2.8	1,177	18.3
Sep-Nov 2019	3,536	79.4	126	3.4	793	17.8	5,172	80.3	139	2.6	1,129	17.5
Dec-Feb 2020	3,567	80.1	119	3.2	765	17.2	5,182	80.5	140	2.6	1,116	17.3
Mar-May 2020r	3,567	80.2	146	3.9	737	16.6	5,162	80.2	132	2.5	1,145	17.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	3,610	81.3	142	3.8	690	15.5	5,177	80.5	144	2.7	1,112	17.3
Change on quarter	43	1.1	-4	-0.2	-47	-1.0	15	0.3	12	0.2	-33	-0.5
Change %	1.2		-2.9		-6.4		0.3		8.9		-2.9	
Change on year	111	2.8	14	0.3	-143	-3.1	61	1.0	-4	-0.1	-65	-1.0
Change %	3.2		10.8		-17.1		1.2		-2.8		-5.5	
	Aged 50-64						Age 65+					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	LF26	LF2U	LF28	LF2E	LF2A	LF2W	LFK4	LFK6	K5HU	K5HW	LFL4	LFL6
Jun-Aug 2018	9,049	72.0	283	3.0	3,236	25.7	1,237	10.5	18	1.4	10,535	89.4
Jun-Aug 2019	9,246	72.5	255	2.7	3,247	25.5	1,327	11.1	16	1.2	10,639	88.8
Sep-Nov 2019	9,295	72.7	256	2.7	3,236	25.3	1,324	11.0	26	2.0	10,679	88.8
Dec-Feb 2020	9,314	72.6	286	3.0	3,229	25.2	1,386	11.5	33	2.3	10,656	88.2
Mar-May 2020r	9,253	71.9	250	2.6	3,358	26.1	1,307	10.8	26	1.9	10,779	89.0
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	9,295	72.0	317	3.3	3,297	25.5	1,282	10.5	21	1.6	10,865	89.3
Change on quarter	42	0.1	67	0.7	-61	-0.6	-24	-0.3	-4	-0.3	86	0.3
Change %	0.5		26.8		-1.8		-1.9		-16.9		0.8	
Change on year	49	-0.5	62	0.6	50	0.1	-45	-0.5	5	0.4	226	0.5
Change %	0.5		24.3		1.5		-3.4		29.6		2.1	
<b>Men</b>	MGUX	YBUN	MGVM	MGXF	MGWB	LWFK	MGVA	YBUQ	MGVP	MGXI	MGWE	LWFG
Jun-Aug 2018	4,731	76.7	149	3.1	1,288	20.9	735	13.5	12	1.6	4,691	86.3
Jun-Aug 2019	4,792	76.6	148	3.0	1,312	21.0	771	13.9	11	1.4	4,757	85.9
Sep-Nov 2019	4,823	76.9	144	2.9	1,304	20.8	774	13.9	17	2.1	4,773	85.8
Dec-Feb 2020	4,832	76.8	165	3.3	1,293	20.6	771	13.8	23	2.9	4,794	85.8
Mar-May 2020r	4,797	76.1	153	3.1	1,356	21.5	735	13.1	18	2.3	4,854	86.6
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	4,820	76.2	192	3.8	1,315	20.8	732	13.0	13	1.7	4,893	86.8
Change on quarter	24	0.1	39	0.7	-41	-0.7	-3	-0.1	-5	-0.6	39	0.2
Change %	0.5		25.5		-3.0		-0.4		-28.6		0.8	
Change on year	28	-0.5	44	0.8	3	-0.2	-40	-0.9	1	0.3	136	0.9
Change %	0.6		29.6		0.3		-5.2		13.3		2.9	
<b>Women</b>	LF27	LF2V	LF29	LF2F	LF2B	LF2X	LFK5	LFK7	K5HV	K5HX	LFL5	LFL7
Jun-Aug 2018	4,319	67.5	134	3.0	1,948	30.4	502	7.9	5	1.0	5,844	92.0
Jun-Aug 2019	4,454	68.6	106	2.3	1,935	29.8	556	8.6	5	1.0	5,882	91.3
Sep-Nov 2019	4,472	68.6	113	2.5	1,932	29.6	550	8.5	10	1.7	5,905	91.3
Dec-Feb 2020	4,482	68.6	120	2.6	1,936	29.6	615	9.5	10	1.7	5,862	90.4
Mar-May 2020r	4,456	68.0	97	2.1	2,002	30.5	572	8.8	8	1.4	5,925	91.1
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	4,475	68.0	125	2.7	1,981	30.1	551	8.4	9	1.6	5,972	91.4
Change on quarter	19	0.0	28	0.6	-21	-0.4	-21	-0.4	1	0.2	47	0.3
Change %	0.4		28.9		-1.0		-3.7		8.7		0.8	
Change on year	21	-0.6	18	0.4	46	0.3	-5	-0.2	3	0.6	90	0.1
Change %	0.5		17.0		2.4		-0.9		63.3		1.5	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.



## Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

### 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

4 Public and private sector employment

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted									
Public sector		Private sector <sup>1</sup>		Total employment <sup>2</sup>	Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory note at bottom of table)		Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory note at bottom of table)		
(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5	
Mar 18	5,351	16.5	27,038	83.5	32,389	5,233	16.2	27,156	83.8
Jun 18	5,352	16.5	27,056	83.5	32,408	5,247	16.2	27,161	83.8
Sep 18	5,345	16.5	27,147	83.5	32,492	5,257	16.2	27,235	83.8
Dec 18	5,359	16.4	27,355	83.6	32,714	5,271	16.1	27,443	83.9
Mar 19	5,374	16.4	27,372	83.6	32,746	5,286	16.1	27,460	83.9
Jun 19	5,393 r	16.5	27,384 r	83.5	32,777	5,304 r	16.2	27,473 r	83.8
Sep 19	5,423	16.5	27,378	83.5	32,801	5,336	16.3	27,465	83.7
Dec 19	5,439	16.5	27,546	83.5	32,985	5,351	16.2	27,634	83.8
Mar 20	5,469 r	16.6	27,522 r	83.4	32,991	5,380 r	16.3	27,611 r	83.7
Jun 20	5,508	16.7	27,471	83.3	32,979	5,417	16.4	27,562	83.6
Change on quarter	39	0.1	-51	-0.1	-12	37	0.1	-49	-0.1
Change %	0.7	-	-0.2	-	0.0	0.7	-	-0.2	-
Change on year	115	0.2	87	-0.2	202	113	0.2	89	-0.2
Change %	2.1	-	0.3	-	0.6	2.1	-	0.3	-

Enquiries 01633 455400

Relationship between columns: 2 = 1/5\*100; 3 = 5-1; 4 = 3/5\*100, 5=6+8

Source: Labour Force Survey (LFS) and returns from public sector organisations

See footnotes under table 4(1)

4(1) Public sector employment by industry

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted										
Construction	HM Forces <sup>3</sup>	Police (including civilians)	Public administration	Of which: Civil Service <sup>4</sup>	Education	National Health Service	Other health and social work	Other (including financial corporations)	Total public sector employment <sup>5</sup>	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7D6	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FM	G7AU	
Mar 18	35	155	246	1,024	430	1,498	1,642	229	524	5,351
Jun 18	35	153	247	1,029	431	1,501	1,650	222	516	5,352
Sep 18	35	153	247	1,033	436	1,495	1,662	216	506	5,345
Dec 18	35	151	247	1,040	440	1,496	1,670	215	504	5,359
Mar 19	36	152	249	1,050	446	1,493	1,683	214	498	5,374
Jun 19	36	152	249	1,054	448	1,496	1,694 r	215	498 r	5,393
Sep 19	35	153	252	1,056	451	1,497	1,711	214	505	5,423
Dec 19	35	153	253	1,065	453	1,492	1,727	212	502	5,439
Mar 20	36	155 r	258 r	1,069 r	456	1,491	1,748 r	211 r	505	5,469
Jun 20	36	156	261	1,073	459	1,487	1,782	208	505	5,508
Change on quarter	0	1	3	4	3	-4	34	-3	0	39
Change %	0.0	0.6	1.2	0.4	0.7	-0.3	1.9	-1.4	0.0	0.7
Change on year	0	4	12	19	11	-9	88	-7	7	115
Change %	0.0	2.6	4.8	1.8	2.5	-0.6	5.2	-3.3	1.4	2.1

Enquiries 01633 455400

Source: returns from public sector organisations

**Explanatory Note: The public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:**

Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.  
Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.  
Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.  
Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.  
Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).  
Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.  
Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.  
Welsh Further Education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.  
Housing associations in England are included in the public sector between September 2008 and September 2017; they are in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.  
Housing associations in Scotland are included in the public sector from September 2001 until June 2018; they are included in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.  
Housing associations in Wales are included in the private sector from June 2018; they are included in the public sector for earlier time periods.  
Housing associations in Northern Ireland are included in the public sector back to the start of the time series in March 1999.

The series shown at Table 4 (in columns 6 to 9) for public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications show all of the above mentioned bodies included in the private sector for all time periods and excluded from the public sector for all time periods. When using figures from this table, the latest estimate of the number of people employed in the public and private sectors should be taken from columns 1 and 3 respectively. However the quarterly and annual changes in employment shown in these columns are affected by reclassifications. Figures from columns 6 and 8 should be used for assessments of the recent underlying changes in public and private sector employment. The changes in employment shown in these columns are measured on a consistent basis to remove the effect of major reclassifications.

1. Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.  
2. LFS employment data for March refer to February-April, June refers to May-July, September refers to August-October and December refers to November-January.  
3. This series excludes locally engaged staff stationed outside the United Kingdom.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 5 Workforce jobs<sup>1</sup>

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted					
	Workforce jobs	Employee jobs	Self-employment jobs <sup>2</sup>	HM Forces	Government-supported trainees <sup>2</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5
	DYDC	BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU
Jun 18	35,012	30,295	4,537	153	28
Sep 18	35,101	30,444	4,481	153	23
Dec 18	35,291	30,530	4,589	152	21
Mar 19	35,542	30,705	4,658	153	27
Jun 19	35,676	30,810	4,673	152	41
Sep 19	35,764	30,965	4,618	153	29
Dec 19 (r)	35,796	30,916	4,692	153	35
Mar 20 (r) <sup>3</sup>	35,767	31,032	4,549	154	30
<b>Jun 20 (p)</b>	35,412	30,805	4,422	156	30
Change on quarter	-354	-227	-128	2	-1
Change %	-1.0	-0.7	-2.8	1.0	-2.5
Change on year	-264	-5	-251	4	-12
Change %	-0.7	0.0	-5.4	2.6	-28.2
Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5			See footnotes under table 6		

## 6 Workforce jobs by industry<sup>1</sup>

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)											United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted										
SIC 2007 sections	All jobs	Agriculture, forestry & fishing	Mining & quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport & storage	Accommod-ation & food service activities	Information & commun-ication										
	A-T	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J										
	DYDC	JWR5	JWR6	JWR7	JWR8	JWR9	JWS2	JWS3	JWS4	JWS5	JWS6										
Jun 18	35,012	407	63	2,713	150	227	2,310	4,997	1,733	2,432	1,478										
Sep 18	35,101	410	61	2,695	154	227	2,322	4,998	1,741	2,419	1,462										
Dec 18	35,291	375	59	2,686	149	231	2,343	5,000	1,799	2,452	1,480										
Mar 19	35,542	386	60	2,717	143	241	2,344	5,017	1,784	2,456	1,508										
Jun 19	35,676	391	58	2,709	145	243	2,305	5,010	1,825	2,495	1,513										
Sep 19	35,764	408	57	2,717	144	246	2,265	4,979	1,805	2,492	1,524										
Dec 19 (r)	35,796	413	59	2,698	150	241	2,294	4,969	1,795	2,510	1,532										
Mar 20 (r) <sup>3</sup>	35,767	377	64	2,700	151	237	2,273	4,948	1,790	2,514	1,559										
Jun 20 (p)	35,412	362	59	2,652	149	234	2,296	4,999	1,792	2,404	1,546										
Change on quarter	-354	-15	-5	-49	-2	-3	23	51	2	-110	-13										
Change %	-1.0	-4.1	-8.5	-1.8	-1.3	-1.1	1.0	1.0	0.1	-4.4	-0.8										
Change on year	-264	-30	1	-57	4	-9	-9	-11	-32	-91	32										
Change %	-0.7	-7.6	1.5	-2.1	2.7	-3.5	-0.4	-0.2	-1.8	-3.6	2.1										
SIC 2007 sections	Financial & insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional scientific & technical activities	Administrative & support service activities	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security <sup>4</sup>	Education	Human health & social work activities	Arts, entertainment & recreation	Other service activities	People employed by households, etc.	Total services										
	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	G-T										
	JWS7	JWS8	JWS9	JWT2	JWT3	JWT4	JWT5	JWT6	JWT7	KW78	JWT8										
Jun 18	1,111	564	3,037	3,030	1,493	2,935	4,335	1,005	925	68	29,143										
Sep 18	1,123	587	3,093	3,046	1,495	2,937	4,350	1,000	919	60	29,231										
Dec 18	1,118	597	3,143	3,031	1,506	2,954	4,359	1,014	947	49	29,448										
Mar 19	1,126	582	3,210	3,036	1,513	2,963	4,413	1,026	960	59	29,652										
Jun 19	1,123	593	3,251	3,042	1,511	2,952	4,463	1,016	967	63	29,826										
Sep 19	1,128	627	3,247	3,062	1,523	2,971	4,491	1,026	994	56	29,927										
Dec 19 (r)	1,121	652	3,229	3,043	1,532	2,975	4,476	1,036	1,017	54	29,942										
Mar 20 (r) <sup>3</sup>	1,131	661	3,297	3,018	1,544	2,975	4,475	1,029	968	55	29,964										
Jun 20 (p)	1,138	657	3,205	2,868	1,563	2,970	4,491	994	994	40	29,661										
Change on quarter	7	-5	-91	-150	18	-5	16	-35	26	-16	-303										
Change %	0.6	-0.7	-2.8	-5.0	1.2	-0.2	0.4	-3.4	2.6	-28.6	-1.0										
Change on year	15	63	-46	-174	51	18	28	-22	27	-24	-165										
Change %	1.3	10.7	-1.4	-5.7	3.4	0.6	0.6	-2.2	2.8	-37.4	-0.6										

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 7 Actual weekly hours worked

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked				
	Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>12</sup>	All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Second Jobs
<b>People</b>	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
Jun-Aug 2018	1,041.1	32.1	37.3	16.3	9.8
Jun-Aug 2019	1,049.2	32.1	37.3	16.3	10.1
Sep-Nov 2019	1,054.1	32.0	37.1	16.3	9.5
Dec-Feb 2020	1,052.2	31.8	36.9	16.2	9.7
Mar-May 2020r	870.9	26.6	31.2	12.6	8.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	891.0	27.3	31.9	12.9	9.0
Change on quarter	20.0	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.1
Change %	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.9	1.5
Change on year	-158.2	-4.8	-5.3	-3.4	-1.1
Change %	-15.1	-14.8	-14.3	-20.6	-10.7
<b>Men</b>	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Jun-Aug 2018	624.8	36.4	39.1	16.2	10.7
Jun-Aug 2019	626.5	36.3	39.0	16.3	10.7
Sep-Nov 2019	626.4	36.2	38.8	16.2	10.3
Dec-Feb 2020	622.5	35.9	38.5	15.9	10.7
Mar-May 2020r	510.7	29.8	32.1	11.9	10.3
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	527.8	31.0	33.3	12.7	10.5
Change on quarter	17.2	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.1
Change %	3.4	4.1	3.7	6.7	1.3
Change on year	-98.7	-5.3	-5.7	-3.6	-0.3
Change %	-15.7	-14.7	-14.5	-22.2	-2.6
<b>Women</b>	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Jun-Aug 2018	416.4	27.3	34.4	16.4	9.2
Jun-Aug 2019	422.7	27.4	34.5	16.3	9.6
Sep-Nov 2019	427.7	27.4	34.4	16.4	8.8
Dec-Feb 2020	429.7	27.3	34.2	16.3	9.0
Mar-May 2020r	360.3	23.1	29.6	12.8	7.8
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	363.1	23.4	29.8	13.0	7.8
Change on quarter	2.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Change %	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.7	0.8
Change on year	-59.6	-4.0	-4.7	-3.3	-1.7
Change %	-14.1	-14.7	-13.7	-20.0	-18.0

Source: Labour Force Survey

1 Main and second job

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2 Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3 Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

**Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.**

# 7 (1) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>May-Jul 2019</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	1.0	2.1	1.0	0.6	1.3	3.6	1.9	6.9
6 up to 15 hours	6.3	3.4	9.6	5.7	2.9	8.6	9.3	5.3	17.4
16 up to 30 hours	19.8	10.2	30.6	19.4	8.9	30.0	22.3	15.4	35.9
31 up to 45 hours	54.0	60.0	47.2	56.8	63.6	49.9	38.3	44.9	25.2
Over 45 hours	18.4	25.5	10.5	17.0	24.0	10.1	26.5	32.5	14.6
Total (thousands)	32,777	17,261	15,517	27,671	13,893	13,778	4,928	3,276	1,652
<b>Feb-Apr 2020</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	1.0	2.0	1.0	0.7	1.4	3.6	2.1	6.5
6 up to 15 hours	6.3	3.4	9.6	5.8	2.9	8.6	9.1	4.7	17.4
16 up to 30 hours	19.2	9.6	29.7	18.7	8.1	29.2	22.3	16.1	34.0
31 up to 45 hours	55.2	61.7	48.1	57.9	65.2	50.7	40.2	47.2	27.1
Over 45 hours	17.7	24.3	10.5	16.6	23.1	10.0	24.8	29.9	15.1
Total (thousands)	32,991	17,247	15,744	27,928	13,968	13,960	4,902	3,198	1,704
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.8	1.8	0.8	0.6	1.1	3.5	1.6	6.7
6 up to 15 hours	6.0	3.3	9.0	5.5	2.9	8.1	8.9	4.4	16.8
16 up to 30 hours	19.1	9.7	29.5	18.4	8.0	28.9	23.5	17.6	34.0
31 up to 45 hours	56.3	62.7	49.3	59.1	66.1	52.1	40.2	48.0	26.4
Over 45 hours	17.3	23.4	10.5	16.2	22.4	9.8	23.9	28.4	16.0
Total (thousands)	32,979	17,269	15,710	28,087	14,153	13,934	4,748	3,036	1,712

1 Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.

NON-UK WORKERS

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

8(1) Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality  
(first published 11 August 2020)

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted																				
	Europe										Africa		Asia			America and Oceania				
	European Union (EU)										Total Africa	Of which: South Africa	Total Asia	Of which: India	Of which: Pakistan and Bangla- desh	Total America and Oceania	Of which: USA	Of which: Australia and New Zealand	Total Non-EU <sup>7</sup>	
	Total <sup>1</sup>	UK	Non UK	Total Europe	Total EU (EU27) <sup>2</sup>	EU14 <sup>3</sup>	EU8 <sup>4</sup>	EU2 <sup>5</sup>	Other EU <sup>6</sup>	Other Europe (not in EU)										
Levels (aged 16 and over)																				
Country of birth levels	MGTM	JF6F	JF6G	FSC2	EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	FSC3	FSC4	FSC5	JJS3	FSC6	JJS7	JJS9	FSC7	JJR7	JJS5	EQ4S	
Apr-Jun 2018	32,321	26,720	5,597	2,575	2,350	1,014	906	391	38	225	877	168	1,508	503	341	638	100	156	3,248	
Apr-Jun 2019	32,752	26,967	5,777	2,692	2,438	1,019	971	407	41	254	923	198	1,504	475	387	658	105	167	3,339	
Jul-Sep 2019	32,802	27,028	5,770	2,630	2,368	1,020	953	356	40	261	962	176	1,532	483	373	646	93	166	3,401	
Oct-Dec 2019	32,983	27,171	5,809	2,704	2,436	1,026	970	400	40	269	937	171	1,544	490	373	624	95	169	3,373	
Jan-Mar 2020	33,113	27,244	5,861	2,736	2,457	1,044	962	413	38	279	927	185	1,573	523	359	626	93	167	3,404	
Apr-Jun 2020	32,853	27,389	5,450	2,462	2,187	1,014	794	340	39	275	868	165	1,475	515	342	645	97	157	3,263	
Change on year	101	422	-327	-230	-251	-5	-177	-67	-2	21	-55	-33	-29	41	-45	-13	-8	-10	-76	
Change %	0.3	1.6	-5.7	-8.6	-10.3	-0.5	-18.2	-16.4	-5.1	8.1	-6.0	-16.6	-1.9	8.6	-11.7	-2.0	-7.4	-6.1	-2.3	
Country of birth rates	LF9D	LFM6	LFM7	FSD5	EQ4Y	LFM8	LFM9	EQ4Z	FSD6	FSD7	FSD8	LFN4	FSD9	LFN6	LFN7	FSE2	LFN2	LFN5	EQ52	
Apr-Jun 2018	75.4	75.7	74.0	81.2	82.8	79.5	86.8	83.3	72.5	68.3	72.1	83.0	64.2	80.3	54.4	76.6	73.4	85.4	68.7	
Apr-Jun 2019	76.0	76.3	74.6	82.2	83.1	80.2	85.2	86.2	78.3	74.4	73.2	87.4	63.4	75.5	59.0	78.6	73.9	87.7	69.3	
Jul-Sep 2019	76.2	76.3	75.6	82.5	83.3	80.6	86.1	84.6	76.0	76.1	74.9	84.9	65.4	77.0	57.9	79.2	78.2	88.8	71.0	
Oct-Dec 2019	76.6	76.8	75.6	82.0	83.1	80.9	85.7	82.7	78.0	73.5	74.2	82.3	65.7	78.7	56.7	80.2	79.1	87.8	70.9	
Jan-Mar 2020	76.6	76.6	76.6	82.5	83.4	81.2	85.7	84.2	78.8	75.1	75.6	87.2	67.0	79.0	56.6	81.4	76.4	88.0	72.2	
Apr-Jun 2020	76.3	76.3	76.4	81.3	82.0	80.6	83.5	83.4	75.7	76.5	74.8	83.4	68.6	78.5	60.7	80.8	80.2	84.4	73.0	
Change on year	0.3	0.0	1.8	-0.9	-1.1	0.4	-1.7	-2.8	-2.6	2.1	1.6	-4.0	5.2	3.0	1.6	2.2	6.3	-3.3	3.6	
Nationality levels	MGTM	JF6H	JF6I	FSC8	EQ4U	JJR4	JJR6	EQ4V	FSC9	FSCE	FSD2	JJS4	FSD3	JJS8	JJT2	FSD4	JJR8	JJS6	EQ4W	
Apr-Jun 2018	32,321	28,787	3,527	2,373	2,269	990	881	387	11	103	262	55	569	211	101	324	92	103	1,258	
Apr-Jun 2019	32,752	29,084	3,661	2,490	2,368	1,019	952	375	22	122	289	63	567	187	121	314	78	95	1,292	
Jul-Sep 2019	32,802	29,209	3,589	2,367	2,238	981	903	333	21	129	297	56	599	210	126	326	68	107	1,351	
Oct-Dec 2019	32,983	29,325	3,654	2,439	2,310	994	931	367	17	129	298	68	602	199	126	316	75	107	1,344	
Jan-Mar 2020	33,113	29,405	3,698	2,467	2,341	1,018	921	386	16	126	296	65	610	217	112	325	70	112	1,357	
Apr-Jun 2020	32,853	29,506	3,330	2,159	2,057	968	759	315	15	102	287	61	563	214	119	320	76	103	1,273	
Change on year	101	422	-331	-331	-312	-52	-193	-60	-7	-20	-2	-1	-4	27	-2	6	-2	8	-19	
Change %	0.3	1.4	-9.0	-13.3	-13.2	-5.1	-20.3	-15.9	-30.8	-16.1	-0.7	-2.3	-0.7	14.2	-1.9	1.9	-2.0	8.6	-1.5	
Nationality rates	LF9D	LFN8	LFN9	FSE3	EQ54	LFO2	LFO3	EQ55	FSE4	FSE5	FSE6	LFO6	FSE7	LFO8	LFO9	FSE8	LFO4	LFO7	EQ56	
Apr-Jun 2018	75.4	75.5	74.5	81.5	83.0	80.3	87.0	83.1	46.7	58.3	67.6	89.5	56.4	79.3	49.0	75.5	72.2	86.0	62.8	
Apr-Jun 2019	76.0	76.1	75.0	82.5	83.3	80.8	85.0	85.9	83.7	69.5	70.7	90.2	54.3	69.3	53.8	76.8	73.1	86.3	63.4	
Jul-Sep 2019	76.2	76.2	76.2	82.5	82.8	80.3	85.5	83.5	83.7	76.3	71.8	87.1	59.4	73.1	55.4	78.1	74.2	92.0	67.2	
Oct-Dec 2019	76.6	76.7	76.0	81.9	82.4	80.3	85.4	81.0	80.0	73.4	69.0	85.8	60.3	74.6	55.2	78.5	77.2	87.8	66.9	
Jan-Mar 2020	76.6	76.6	76.8	82.4	83.0	80.7	85.4	83.8	76.7	72.3	67.3	90.6	62.7	77.6	53.4	80.2	72.8	86.8	68.1	
Apr-Jun 2020	76.3	76.3	76.4	81.5	82.2	80.3	84.5	82.7	75.9	70.3	67.7	93.0	63.6	77.3	56.7	80.3	73.8	87.7	68.6	
Change on year	0.3	0.2	1.4	-1.0	-1.1	-0.5	-0.5	-3.2	-7.8	0.8	-2.9	2.9	9.3	8.0	2.8	3.6	0.7	1.4	5.3	

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGTM does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.

2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK. This series equals the sum of EU14, EU8, EU2 and Other EU.

3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.

4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

5. Romania and Bulgaria.

6. Cyprus, Malta and Croatia

7. Total Non-EU equals the sum of Other Europe, Total Africa, Total Asia and Total America and Oceania

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

NON-UK WORKERS

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

8(2) Unemployment and economic inactivity levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

(first published 11 August 2020)

United Kingdom (thousands of people) not seasonally adjusted

	Unemployment (all aged 16 and over)					Economically inactive (all aged from 16 to 64)									
	Total <sup>1</sup>	UK	Non-UK	EU27 <sup>2</sup>	Non-EU	Total <sup>1</sup>		UK		Non-UK		EU27 <sup>2</sup>		Non-EU	
						All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>
Levels (thousands of people)															
Country of birth levels	MGTP	DSWD	DT35	DT3F	DTKB	LF9L	LF9W	DTLK	DYUP	DYUR	DYVR	DYVZ	DYWL	DYWR	DZ37
Apr-Jun 2018	1,332	1,068	264	79	186	8,834	2,454	7,150	1,926	1,666	525	403	147	1,263	378
Apr-Jun 2019	1,296	1,015	280	74	206	8,659	2,350	7,006	1,864	1,640	485	414	159	1,226	327
Jul-Sep 2019	1,374	1,115	259	72	187	8,503	2,089	6,933	1,687	1,556	401	395	125	1,161	276
Oct-Dec 2019	1,268	1,030	237	85	152	8,450	2,223	6,844	1,769	1,596	455	403	130	1,193	325
Jan-Mar 2020	1,347	1,076	271	88	183	8,377	2,244	6,870	1,821	1,483	422	391	130	1,091	292
Apr-Jun 2020	1,303	1,049	254	98	156	8,544	2,209	7,127	1,841	1,388	366	374	116	1,014	250
Change on year	7	34	-26	24	-50	-115	-141	121	-22	-252	-119	-40	-43	-212	-76
Change %	0.5	3.3	-9.3	32.9	-24.5	-1.3	-6.0	1.7	-1.2	-15.3	-24.6	-9.6	-27.1	-17.3	-23.3
Country of birth rates	MGUK	DT2W	DT3B	DTJG	DTKD	CRZK		DYTD		DYUT		DYWD		DYWT	
Apr-Jun 2018	4.0	3.8	4.5	3.2	5.4	21.4		21.1		22.5		14.4		27.4	
Apr-Jun 2019	3.8	3.6	4.6	2.9	5.8	21.0		20.8		21.7		14.4		26.3	
Jul-Sep 2019	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.0	5.2	20.6		20.5		20.9		14.1		25.0	
Oct-Dec 2019	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.4	4.3	20.4		20.2		21.3		14.0		25.9	
Jan-Mar 2020	3.9	3.8	4.4	3.5	5.1	20.2		20.3		19.9		13.6		23.9	
Apr-Jun 2020	3.8	3.7	4.5	4.3	4.6	20.6		20.7		20.0		14.3		23.5	
Change on year	0.0	0.1	-0.2	1.4	-1.3	-0.3		-0.1		-1.7		-0.1		-2.8	
Nationality levels	MGTP	DSWE	DT39	DTG9	DTKC	LF9L	LF9W	DYTC	DYUQ	DYUS	DYVU	DYWA	DYWM	DYWS	DZGD
Apr-Jun 2018	1,332	1,172	160	72	89	8,834	2,454	7,782	2,080	1,036	372	387	143	649	229
Apr-Jun 2019	1,296	1,110	186	71	114	8,659	2,350	7,621	1,981	1,023	366	399	162	624	204
Jul-Sep 2019	1,374	1,206	168	76	92	8,503	2,089	7,546	1,801	940	287	382	125	558	162
Oct-Dec 2019	1,268	1,102	165	87	79	8,450	2,223	7,456	1,900	976	323	398	143	578	180
Jan-Mar 2020	1,347	1,159	188	86	103	8,377	2,244	7,437	1,947	913	294	387	136	526	158
Apr-Jun 2020	1,303	1,129	173	84	90	8,544	2,209	7,674	1,954	842	251	356	114	485	137
Change on year	7	19	-12	12	-24	-115	-141	53	-27	-181	-115	-43	-47	-138	-67
Change %	0.5	1.7	-6.6	16.8	-21.3	-1.3	-6.0	0.7	-1.4	-17.7	-31.3	-10.7	-29.3	-22.2	-32.9
Nationality rates	MGUK	DT2Z	DT3D	DTKA	DTLH	CRZK		DYUO		DYUU		DYWE		DZ36	
Apr-Jun 2018	4.0	3.9	4.3	3.1	6.6	21.4		21.3		22.1		14.3		32.8	
Apr-Jun 2019	3.8	3.7	4.8	2.9	8.1	21.0		20.9		21.2		14.2		31.0	
Jul-Sep 2019	4.0	4.0	4.5	3.3	6.4	20.6		20.6		20.2		14.4		28.1	
Oct-Dec 2019	3.7	3.6	4.3	3.6	5.5	20.4		20.4		20.6		14.4		29.1	
Jan-Mar 2020	3.9	3.8	4.8	3.5	7.0	20.2		20.3		19.3		14.0		26.7	
Apr-Jun 2020	3.8	3.7	4.9	3.9	6.6	20.6		20.7		19.6		14.4		26.5	
Change on year	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	-1.5	-0.3		-0.2		-1.6		0.3		-4.5	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series therefore do not equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.
2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK.
3. This series consists of those people whose main reason for being economically inactive was because they were students. It does not include all students as some students will be included in the employment and unemployment estimates.

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

All aged 16 & over								All aged 16 - 64							
	All	Rate(%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months		All	Rate(%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	MGSC	MGSX	YBWF	YBWG	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL		LF2I	LF2Q	LF2Y	LF32	LF34	LF36	LF38
People															
May-Jul 2018	1,358	4.0	795	207	356	26.2	188		1,341	4.1	789	203	349	26.0	188
May-Jul 2019	1,294	3.8	786	180	327	25.3	171		1,280	3.9	782	179	320	25.0	167
Aug-Oct 2019	1,281	3.8	782	191	308	24.0	158		1,256	3.8	771	187	299	23.8	151
Nov-Jan 2020	1,343	3.9	825	212	306	22.8	165		1,311	4.0	810	201	300	22.9	156
Feb-Apr 2020	1,336	3.9	860	206	270	20.2	138		1,314	4.0	853	202	259	19.7	132
May-Jul 2020	1,398	4.1	988	179	231	16.5	118		1,376	4.2	978	175	224	16.2	115
Change on quarter	62	0.2	128	-27	-39	-3.7	-20		62	0.2	125	-27	-35	-3.5	-17
Change %	4.6		14.9	-13.2	-14.5		-14.7		4.7		14.7	-13.5	-13.7		-12.6
Change on year	104	0.3	202	-2	-96	-8.8	-53		96	0.3	197	-4	-96	-8.7	-52
Change %	8.0		25.7	-1.0	-29.5		-31.0		7.5		25.1	-2.3	-30.1		-31.0
Men	MGSD	MGSY	MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM	YBSI	YBTJ	YBWP	YBWS	YBWV	YBWY	YBXB	
May-Jul 2018	718	4.0	398	108	213	29.6	118	709	4.1	394	106	209	29.5	117	
May-Jul 2019	710	4.0	402	106	202	28.5	110	701	4.1	399	105	197	28.1	107	
Aug-Oct 2019	715	4.0	413	108	193	27.0	102	699	4.1	407	104	188	26.9	98	
Nov-Jan 2020	748	4.1	445	123	180	24.1	96	725	4.2	435	112	178	24.5	92	
Feb-Apr 2020	738	4.1	461	121	156	21.2	81	724	4.2	456	119	149	20.6	77	
May-Jul 2020	775	4.3	530	110	135	17.4	79	761	4.4	525	106	129	17.0	78	
Change on quarter	37	0.2	69	-11	-21	-3.8	-2	37	0.2	70	-13	-20	-3.6	1	
Change %	5.0		14.9	-8.8	-13.7		-2.9	5.1		15.3	-10.7	-13.3		0.9	
Change on year	65	0.3	128	4	-68	-11.1	-31	60	0.3	126	1	-68	-11.1	-29	
Change %	9.1		32.0	3.6	-33.4		-28.1	8.5		31.6	1.3	-34.4		-27.1	
Women	MGSE	MGSZ	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN	LF2J	LF2R	LF2Z	LF33	LF35	LF37	LF39	
May-Jul 2018	640	4.0	397	99	143	22.4	71	632	4.1	395	97	140	22.2	71	
May-Jul 2019	583	3.6	385	74	125	21.4	61	579	3.7	382	74	123	21.3	60	
Aug-Oct 2019	566	3.5	368	83	115	20.3	56	557	3.6	364	83	111	19.9	53	
Nov-Jan 2020	595	3.7	380	89	126	21.2	69	586	3.7	376	89	122	20.8	65	
Feb-Apr 2020	597	3.7	399	85	114	19.0	57	590	3.8	397	83	110	18.7	55	
May-Jul 2020	623	3.8	458	68	96	15.4	39	615	3.9	453	68	94	15.4	37	
Change on quarter	25	0.2	59	-16	-18	-3.6	-18	25	0.1	55	-14	-16	-3.3	-17	
Change %	4.2		14.9	-19.4	-15.5		-31.6	4.3		14.0	-17.5	-14.2		-31.6	
Change on year	39	0.2	73	-6	-29	-6.0	-22	36	0.2	70	-6	-29	-5.9	-23	
Change %	6.7		19.1	-7.5	-23.0		-36.1	6.3		18.4	-7.5	-23.3		-38.0	
16-17								18-24							
	All	Rate(%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months		All	Rate(%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP		YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
People															
May-Jul 2018	100	22.4	77	15	7	7.5	*		389	10.0	256	62	71	18.2	24
May-Jul 2019	84	19.3	63	16	5	5.8	*		404	10.5	275	56	72	17.8	21
Aug-Oct 2019	87	20.0	70	13	4	4.5	*		386	10.2	266	58	61	15.9	16
Nov-Jan 2020	96	22.1	77	14	5	5.5	*		410	10.5	278	67	66	16.0	22
Feb-Apr 2020	112	25.8	83	21	8	7.0	*		416	10.7	293	64	60	14.3	15
May-Jul 2020	98	23.9	73	20	5	5.0	*		466	12.3	365	46	54	11.6	16
Change on quarter	-14	-1.9	-9	-2	-3	-2.0	*		49	1.6	73	-18	-6	-2.7	1
Change %	-12.4		-11.3	-7.7	-37.5		*		11.9		24.8	-27.6	-9.4		7.6
Change on year	14	4.7	10	4	0	-0.7	*		62	1.8	90	-10	-18	-6.2	-5
Change %	16.9		15.8	25.7	2.0		*		15.3		32.6	-17.8	-25.0		-23.4
Men	YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF	
May-Jul 2018	49	22.1	36	9	4	8.8	*	223	10.9	141	35	47	21.1	16	
May-Jul 2019	46	22.0	34	8	4	8.9	*	246	12.3	155	41	50	20.4	15	
Aug-Oct 2019	52	25.1	43	7	3	4.9	*	225	11.3	144	37	44	19.6	11	
Nov-Jan 2020	56	27.5	45	7	4	7.1	*	242	11.9	158	42	42	17.2	13	
Feb-Apr 2020	65	30.8	50	11	3	5.1	*	229	11.3	152	41	35	15.5	6	
May-Jul 2020	54	26.5	42	10	*	*	*	272	13.8	205	34	33	12.2	12	
Change on quarter	-11	-4.3	-9	-1	*	*	*	44	2.4	53	-7	-2	-3.3	6	
Change %	-16.6		-17.5	-9.4	*		*	19.1		34.6	-16.8	-6.3		107.4	
Change on year	8	4.5	8	2	*	*	*	26	1.4	50	-7	-17	-8.2	-3	
Change %	16.6		22.7	20.7	*		*	10.7		32.5	-17.1	-33.8		-19.1	
Women	YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG	
May-Jul 2018	51	22.6	42	6	3	6.2	*	166	9.0	114	27	24	14.4	8	
May-Jul 2019	37	16.7	29	7	*	*	*	158	8.6	121	16	22	13.8	6	
Aug-Oct 2019	35	15.3	28	6	*	*	*	160	8.9	121	22	17	10.8	5	
Nov-Jan 2020	40	17.4	32	7	*	*	*	168	9.1	119	25	24	14.3	9	
Feb-Apr 2020	47	21.1	32	10	5	9.7	*	188	10.1	140	23	24	12.9	9	
May-Jul 2020	44	21.4	32	10	3	5.8	*	193	10.7	160	13	21	10.7	4	
Change on quarter	-3	0.3	-1	-1	-2	-3.9	*	6	0.6	20	-11	-3	-2.1	-5	
Change %	-6.7		-1.7	-5.7	-44.2		*	3.1		14.2	-46.3	-14.0		-58.6	
Change on year	6	4.7	2	2	*	*	*	35	2.1	40	-3	-1	-3.1	-2	
Change %	17.2		7.8	31.4	*		*	22.4		32.8	-19.8	-4.9		-34.8	



UNEMPLOYMENT

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	25-49							50 and over						
			Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months			Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	
	All	Rate(%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months					All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
People	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
May-Jul 2018	593	3.1	332	84	178	30.0	103	275	2.6	131	46	99	36.0	61
May-Jul 2019	534	2.8	313	69	152	28.5	86	272	2.5	135	40	98	36.0	62
Aug-Oct 2019	517	2.7	300	76	140	27.2	74	291	2.7	145	44	102	35.0	67
Nov-Jan 2020	534	2.8	320	81	133	25.0	75	302	2.8	150	50	102	33.7	69
Feb-Apr 2020	535	2.8	348	73	114	21.3	61	272	2.5	137	47	88	32.4	63
May-Jul 2020	551	2.9	393	72	86	15.6	48	284	2.6	157	40	86	30.3	54
Change on quarter	15	0.1	45	-1	-28	-5.7	-13	11	0.1	20	-7	-2	-2.1	-9
Change %	2.9		12.8	-1.4	-24.8		-21.7	4.1		14.9	-14.4	-2.6		-14.3
Change on year	17	0.0	79	4	-66	-12.9	-38	11	0.1	23	1	-12	-5.7	-9
Change %	3.1		25.3	5.4	-43.6		-44.2	4.2		17.0	1.5	-12.4		-14.0
Men	YBYF	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBYU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
May-Jul 2018	301	3.0	158	39	105	34.7	68	145	2.6	63	25	57	39.3	33
May-Jul 2019	267	2.7	145	33	89	33.4	53	151	2.6	68	24	59	39.0	41
Aug-Oct 2019	262	2.6	144	36	82	31.3	47	175	3.0	83	28	64	36.7	44
Nov-Jan 2020	276	2.7	162	40	73	26.6	41	174	3.0	80	33	61	35.3	42
Feb-Apr 2020	279	2.8	178	45	56	20.0	33	166	2.9	81	24	62	37.1	43
May-Jul 2020	280	2.8	193	42	45	16.0	31	168	2.9	90	24	54	32.2	35
Change on quarter	2	0.0	16	-3	-11	-4.0	-1	2	0.0	9	1	-8	-5.0	-7
Change %	0.6		8.9	-7.3	-19.4		-4.4	1.4		11.3	2.6	-12.2		-16.8
Change on year	13	0.1	49	9	-44	-17.4	-22	17	0.3	22	0	-5	-6.8	-6
Change %	4.9		33.6	26.6	-49.6		-40.8	11.5		32.1	0.8	-7.9		-14.1
Women	YBYG	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBYV	YBVY	YBYY	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
May-Jul 2018	292	3.3	173	45	74	25.3	35	131	2.6	68	21	42	32.4	27
May-Jul 2019	267	3.0	168	35	63	23.6	33	121	2.4	66	16	39	32.4	21
Aug-Oct 2019	255	2.9	157	40	58	22.9	27	116	2.3	62	16	38	32.5	23
Nov-Jan 2020	259	2.9	158	40	60	23.3	34	128	2.5	71	17	40	31.5	27
Feb-Apr 2020	257	2.8	170	28	58	22.7	29	106	2.0	56	23	27	25.0	20
May-Jul 2020	270	3.0	199	30	41	15.1	17	115	2.2	67	16	32	27.6	18
Change on quarter	14	0.1	29	2	-17	-7.6	-12	9	0.2	11	-7	5	2.6	-2
Change %	5.3		16.9	8.2	-29.9		-41.4	8.5		19.9	-31.6	19.6		-9.0
Change on year	4	0.0	31	-5	-22	-8.4	-17	-6	-0.1	1	0	-7	-4.8	-3
Change %	1.3		18.2	-14.6	-35.0		-49.7	-5.0		1.5	2.6	-19.0		-13.8

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 10 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged & over	16 - 64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64	65+
Economically active	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>People</b>	MGSF	LF2K	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	LF3A	LFK8
May-Jul 2018	33,765	32,494	449	3,875	7,727	11,170	9,273	1,272
May-Jul 2019	34,071	32,743	435	3,834	7,822	11,137	9,517	1,327
Aug-Oct 2019	34,082	32,749	435	3,796	7,848	11,152	9,517	1,333
Nov-Jan 2020	34,328	32,949	435	3,892	7,873	11,172	9,577	1,380
Feb-Apr 2020	34,327	32,934	433	3,879	7,876	11,165	9,581	1,393
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	34,377	33,077	409	3,783	7,990	11,240	9,655	1,300
Change on quarter	50	143	-24	-96	114	75	74	-93
Change %	0.1	0.4	-5.6	-2.5	1.4	0.7	0.8	-6.6
Change on year	306	333	-26	-51	168	103	139	-27
Change %	0.9	1.0	-5.9	-1.3	2.1	0.9	1.5	-2.0
<b>Men</b>	MGSG	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBZV	YBZY	YCAE
May-Jul 2018	17,893	17,139	223	2,045	4,155	5,870	4,846	754
May-Jul 2019	17,971	17,198	210	1,991	4,191	5,866	4,940	773
Aug-Oct 2019	18,029	17,236	209	1,993	4,197	5,878	4,959	793
Nov-Jan 2020	18,075	17,290	204	2,040	4,206	5,859	4,981	784
Feb-Apr 2020	17,985	17,219	210	2,015	4,168	5,844	4,982	766
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	18,044	17,291	204	1,975	4,213	5,863	5,036	753
Change on quarter	59	72	-6	-40	45	19	54	-13
Change %	0.3	0.4	-3.0	-2.0	1.1	0.3	1.1	-1.7
Change on year	73	93	-6	-15	22	-3	96	-20
Change %	0.4	0.5	-3.1	-0.8	0.5	0.0	1.9	-2.5
<b>Women</b>	MGSF	LF2L	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	LF3B	LFK9
May-Jul 2018	15,873	15,355	226	1,830	3,572	5,300	4,427	518
May-Jul 2019	16,100	15,545	224	1,843	3,630	5,271	4,576	555
Aug-Oct 2019	16,053	15,513	226	1,803	3,651	5,274	4,558	540
Nov-Jan 2020	16,254	15,658	231	1,852	3,667	5,313	4,596	595
Feb-Apr 2020	16,342	15,715	223	1,865	3,708	5,320	4,599	627
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	16,333	15,785	205	1,808	3,777	5,377	4,619	548
Change on quarter	-9	71	-18	-57	69	57	20	-80
Change %	-0.1	0.5	-8.0	-3.0	1.9	1.1	0.4	-12.7
Change on year	233	240	-19	-35	147	106	43	-7
Change %	1.4	1.5	-8.7	-1.9	4.0	2.0	0.9	-1.3

## Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup>

<b>People</b>	MGWG	LF22	YCAC	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	LF2C	LFL2
May-Jul 2018	63.7	78.8	32.2	69.2	86.6	87.4	73.9	10.8
May-Jul 2019	63.9	79.2	31.2	69.5	87.3	87.5	74.7	11.1
Aug-Oct 2019	63.9	79.2	31.1	69.1	87.6	87.6	74.5	11.1
Nov-Jan 2020	64.2	79.6	30.8	71.1	87.9	87.8	74.7	11.4
Feb-Apr 2020	64.2	79.5	30.5	71.1	88.0	87.8	74.5	11.5
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	64.2	79.8	28.6	69.6	89.3	88.4	74.9	10.7
Change on quarter	0.0	0.3	-1.9	-1.5	1.3	0.6	0.3	-0.8
Change on year	0.2	0.6	-2.6	0.1	2.0	0.9	0.1	-0.4
<b>Men</b>	MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT
May-Jul 2018	69.0	83.5	31.3	71.5	92.9	93.1	78.6	13.9
May-Jul 2019	68.9	83.6	29.5	70.7	93.1	93.3	79.1	14.0
Aug-Oct 2019	69.0	83.8	29.2	71.0	93.2	93.5	79.2	14.3
Nov-Jan 2020	69.1	84.0	28.3	73.0	93.4	93.2	79.3	14.1
Feb-Apr 2020	68.6	83.6	28.9	72.3	92.5	93.0	79.0	13.7
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	68.7	83.9	27.9	71.2	93.5	93.3	79.7	13.4
Change on quarter	0.1	0.3	-1.0	-1.2	1.0	0.3	0.6	-0.3
Change on year	-0.1	0.2	-1.6	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.6	-0.6
<b>Women</b>	MGWI	LF23	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	LF2D	LFL3
May-Jul 2018	58.6	74.0	33.2	66.8	80.2	81.9	69.3	8.2
May-Jul 2019	59.2	74.8	33.0	68.3	81.4	81.8	70.5	8.6
Aug-Oct 2019	58.9	74.7	33.1	67.1	81.9	81.9	70.0	8.4
Nov-Jan 2020	59.6	75.3	33.5	69.1	82.4	82.5	70.4	9.2
Feb-Apr 2020	59.9	75.6	32.1	69.8	83.4	82.7	70.2	9.6
<b>May-Jul 2020</b>	59.8	75.9	29.4	68.0	85.0	83.6	70.3	8.4
Change on quarter	-0.1	0.3	-2.8	-1.9	1.6	0.9	0.1	-1.3
Change on year	0.6	1.0	-3.7	-0.3	3.6	1.7	-0.3	-0.2

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted										
Total aged 16-64		Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64)							Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64)	
		Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers <sup>1</sup>	Retired	Other <sup>2</sup>	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	LF2M	LF63	LF65	LF67	LF69	LFL8	LF6B	LF6D	LFL9	LFM2
Jun-Aug 2018	8,740	2,364	2,041	168	2,032	31	1,120	983	6,832	1,907
Jun-Aug 2019	8,676	2,316	1,980	169	2,069	39	1,120	982	6,792	1,884
Sep-Nov 2019	8,506	2,263	1,934	161	2,065	30	1,114	939	6,646	1,859
Dec-Feb 2020	8,370	2,130	1,840	177	2,112	35	1,122	954	6,522	1,848
Mar-May 2020r	8,628	2,104	1,778	173	2,149	45	1,142	1,237	6,465	2,163
Jun-Aug 2020	8,625	2,318	1,670	140	2,156	60	1,148	1,133	6,628	1,997
Change on quarter	-3	214	-108	-33	7	16	6	-104	163	-165
Change %	0.0	10.2	-6.1	-19.1	0.3	34.8	0.5	-8.4	2.5	-7.6
Change on year	-51	2	-310	-29	87	21	28	150	-164	113
Change %	-0.6	0.1	-15.6	-17.2	4.2	53.2	2.5	15.3	-2.4	6.0
Men	YBSO	BEEH	BEAQ	BEDI	BEDL	YCFP	BEDR	BEDU	YBWA	YBWD
Jun-Aug 2018	3,356	1,179	221	76	995	17	455	412	2,576	780
Jun-Aug 2019	3,366	1,160	227	73	962	24	508	411	2,598	768
Sep-Nov 2019	3,326	1,147	232	66	961	17	504	399	2,558	767
Dec-Feb 2020	3,281	1,076	226	80	973	24	495	406	2,505	776
Mar-May 2020r	3,460	1,063	234	85	969	25	520	564	2,498	962
Jun-Aug 2020	3,448	1,154	238	64	970	36	510	477	2,628	820
Change on quarter	-12	91	4	-21	1	11	-10	-87	130	-142
Change %	-0.3	8.5	1.9	-25.1	0.1	42.3	-2.0	-15.5	5.2	-14.8
Change on year	82	-6	11	-10	8	12	2	65	31	52
Change %	2.4	-0.5	5.1	-13.4	0.8	49.6	0.4	15.9	1.2	6.7
Women	LF2N	LF64	LF66	LF68	LF6A	LFM3	LF6C	LF6E	LFM4	LFM5
Jun-Aug 2018	5,384	1,186	1,820	92	1,037	14	665	571	4,256	1,128
Jun-Aug 2019	5,310	1,156	1,753	95	1,107	15	612	571	4,194	1,116
Sep-Nov 2019	5,180	1,116	1,702	95	1,104	13	610	539	4,088	1,092
Dec-Feb 2020	5,089	1,054	1,614	96	1,139	11	627	547	4,017	1,072
Mar-May 2020r	5,168	1,042	1,544	88	1,181	19	622	673	3,967	1,201
Jun-Aug 2020	5,178	1,165	1,432	76	1,186	24	638	656	4,000	1,178
Change on quarter	9	123	-112	-12	5	5	16	-17	32	-23
Change %	0.2	11.8	-7.3	-13.2	0.5	25.0	2.6	-2.5	0.8	-1.9
Change on year	-133	8	-321	-19	79	9	26	85	-194	62
Change %	-2.5	0.7	-18.3	-20.0	7.2	59.0	4.2	14.9	-4.6	5.5
Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%)										

People	LF6V	LF6X	LF6Z	LF73	LF75	LF77	LF79	LF7B	LF7D	LF7F
Jun-Aug 2018	100.0	27.1	23.3	1.9	23.2	0.4	12.8	11.3	78.2	21.8
Jun-Aug 2019	100.0	26.7	22.8	1.9	23.8	0.5	12.9	11.3	78.3	21.7
Sep-Nov 2019	100.0	26.6	22.7	1.9	24.3	0.4	13.1	11.0	78.1	21.9
Dec-Feb 2020	100.0	25.5	22.0	2.1	25.2	0.4	13.4	11.4	77.9	22.1
Mar-May 2020r	100.0	24.4	20.6	2.0	24.9	0.5	13.2	14.3	74.9	25.1
Jun-Aug 2020	100.0	26.9	19.4	1.6	25.0	0.7	13.3	13.1	76.8	23.2
Men	BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEN	BEEQ	BEET	BEEW	BEEZ	BEAS	BEGT
Jun-Aug 2018	100.0	35.1	6.6	2.3	29.7	0.5	13.6	12.3	76.8	23.2
Jun-Aug 2019	100.0	34.5	6.7	2.2	28.6	0.7	15.1	12.2	77.2	22.8
Sep-Nov 2019	100.0	34.5	7.0	2.0	28.9	0.5	15.1	12.0	76.9	23.1
Dec-Feb 2020	100.0	32.8	6.9	2.4	29.7	0.7	15.1	12.4	76.4	23.6
Mar-May 2020r	100.0	30.7	6.8	2.5	28.0	0.7	15.0	16.3	72.2	27.8
Jun-Aug 2020	100.0	33.5	6.9	1.8	28.1	1.0	14.8	13.8	76.2	23.8
Women	LF6W	LF6Y	LF72	LF74	LF76	LF78	LF7A	LF7C	LF7E	LF7G
Jun-Aug 2018	100.0	22.0	33.8	1.7	19.3	0.3	12.3	10.6	79.1	20.9
Jun-Aug 2019	100.0	21.8	33.0	1.8	20.8	0.3	11.5	10.8	79.0	21.0
Sep-Nov 2019	100.0	21.6	32.9	1.8	21.3	0.2	11.8	10.4	78.9	21.1
Dec-Feb 2020	100.0	20.7	31.7	1.9	22.4	0.2	12.3	10.8	78.9	21.1
Mar-May 2020r	100.0	20.2	29.9	1.7	22.8	0.4	12.0	13.0	76.8	23.2
Jun-Aug 2020	100.0	22.5	27.6	1.5	22.9	0.5	12.3	12.7	77.3	22.7

Data Source: Labour Force Survey.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Discouraged workers are those who are not looking for work because they believe no jobs are available.  
2. Other reasons include people who (i) are waiting the results of a job application, (ii) have not yet started looking for work, (iii) do not need or want employment, (iv) have given an uncategorised reason for being economically inactive, or (v) have not given a reason for being economically inactive.

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ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS weighting methodology

12 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted												
	All aged 16 to 24				In full-time education (FTE)				Not in full-time education (FTE) <sup>1</sup>			
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Total	Employed <sup>2</sup>	Unemployed <sup>2</sup>	Economically inactive	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>Levels</b>												
<b>People</b>												
16-17	1,429	311	98	1,020	1,257	261	73	923	172	50	25	97
18-24	5,435	3,318	466	1,652	1,824	608	120	1,097	3,611	2,710	345	555
16-24	6,864	3,628	563	2,672	3,081	869	193	2,019	3,783	2,760	371	652
<b>Men</b>												
16-17	732	150	54	528	644	121	42	480	88	29	12	47
18-24	2,775	1,703	272	800	877	271	51	555	1,899	1,432	221	245
16-24	3,507	1,853	326	1,328	1,520	392	93	1,036	1,987	1,461	234	292
<b>Women</b>												
16-17	697	161	44	492	613	140	31	442	84	21	13	50
18-24	2,660	1,615	193	852	948	337	69	541	1,712	1,278	124	310
16-24	3,357	1,776	237	1,344	1,561	477	100	984	1,796	1,299	137	360
<b>Changes on quarter</b>												
<b>People</b>												
16-17	9	-10	-14	33	56	17	-4	43	-47	-27	-10	-9
18-24	-20	-146	49	76	63	-46	19	90	-84	-100	30	-14
16-24	-11	-156	36	110	119	-29	15	133	-130	-127	20	-23
<b>Men</b>												
16-17	5	5	-11	11	38	20	1	17	-34	-15	-12	-6
18-24	-10	-83	44	29	57	7	13	37	-68	-91	31	-8
16-24	-6	-79	33	40	96	27	14	54	-101	-106	19	-14
<b>Women</b>												
16-17	5	-15	-3	22	17	-3	-5	26	-13	-12	2	-3
18-24	-10	-62	6	47	6	-53	6	53	-16	-9	-1	-6
16-24	-5	-77	3	69	24	-56	1	79	-29	-21	1	-9
<b>Rates(%)<sup>3</sup></b>												
<b>People</b>												
16-17		21.8	23.9	71.4		20.8	21.8	73.4		28.9	33.7	56.4
18-24		61.0	12.3	30.4		33.3	16.5	60.1		75.0	11.3	15.4
16-24		52.9	13.4	38.9		28.2	18.2	65.5		73.0	11.8	17.2
<b>Men</b>												
16-17		20.5	26.5	72.1		18.8	25.7	74.7		32.7	29.7	53.5
18-24		61.4	13.8	28.8		30.9	15.8	63.3		75.4	13.4	12.9
16-24		52.8	15.0	37.9		25.8	19.1	68.1		73.5	13.8	14.7
<b>Women</b>												
16-17		23.1	21.4	70.6		22.8	18.0	72.2		25.0	38.5	59.3
18-24		60.7	10.7	32.0		35.5	17.1	57.1		74.6	8.8	18.1
16-24		52.9	11.8	40.0		30.5	17.4	63.0		72.3	9.5	20.1
<b>Changes on quarter</b>												
<b>People</b>												
16-17		-0.9	-1.9	1.9		0.4	-2.1	0.1		-6.2	2.1	7.7
18-24		-2.4	1.6	1.5		-3.8	3.1	2.9		-1.0	1.2	0.0
16-24		-2.2	1.2	1.7		-2.1	1.7	1.8		-0.8	1.0	0.0
<b>Men</b>												
16-17		0.5	-4.3	1.0		2.1	-2.9	-1.9		-3.7	-5.8	9.9
18-24		-2.8	2.4	1.2		-1.2	3.2	0.1		-2.0	2.3	0.0
16-24		-2.2	1.8	1.2		0.2	1.4	-0.8		-1.5	1.7	0.1
<b>Women</b>												
16-17		-2.3	0.3	2.8		-1.2	-2.1	2.2		-8.6	13.1	4.4
18-24		-2.1	0.6	1.9		-5.9	3.2	5.2		0.1	0.0	-0.2
16-24		-2.2	0.5	2.1		-4.1	1.7	4.1		0.0	0.2	-0.2

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training. Estimates of the number of young people who were not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table. Estimates of young people who were NEET are published separately at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peoplenotinwork/unemployment/bulletins/youngpeoplenotineducationemploymentortrainingneet/latest>

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

# EARNINGS

## 13 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - total pay<sup>1</sup>

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

		Whole Economy (100%) <sup>2</sup>			Private sector (82%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector (18%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)		
		% changes year on year			% changes year on year			% changes year on year		
		Single month			Single month			Single month		
		3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>		
		KAB9	KAC2	KAC3	KAC4	KAC5	KAC6	KAC7	KAC8	KAC9
Aug 18	(r)	523	3.2	2.8	521	3.3	2.8	528	2.7	2.7
Jun 19	(r)	538	3.8	4.0	537	3.8	4.0	544	3.7	4.0
Jul 19	(r)	539	3.8	3.9	539	3.9	3.9	546	3.7	3.8
Aug 19	(r)	540	3.4	3.7	540	3.5	3.7	542	2.7	3.4
Sep 19	(r)	542	3.8	3.7	541	3.8	3.8	546	3.4	3.3
Oct 19	(r)	542	2.4	3.2	541	2.2	3.2	547	3.2	3.1
Nov 19	(r)	544	3.3	3.2	542	3.3	3.1	549	3.3	3.3
Dec 19	(r)	543	2.8	2.8	542	2.7	2.7	550	3.3	3.3
Jan 20	(r)	546	3.1	3.1	545	3.2	3.1	550	3.1	3.2
Feb 20	(r)	545	2.6	2.9	543	2.4	2.7	552	3.6	3.3
Mar 20	(r)	538	1.2	2.3	534	0.8	2.1	553	3.4	3.3
Apr 20	(r)	529	-1.0	1.0	523	-1.8	0.5	561	3.0	3.3
May 20	(r)	530	-1.2	-0.3	522	-2.5	-1.2	569	4.8	3.7
Jun 20	(r)	529	-1.6	-1.2	521	-3.0	-2.4	568	4.5	4.1
Jul 20	(r)	538	-0.3	-1.0	533	-1.1	-2.2	562	2.9	4.1
Aug 20	(p)	550	1.9	0.0	548	1.4	-0.9	562	3.7	3.7

		Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) <sup>2</sup>			Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (21%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector excluding financial services (18%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)		
		% changes year on year			% changes year on year			% changes year on year		
		Single month			Single month			Single month		
		3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>		
		K5BZ	K5C2	K5C3	K5C4	K5C5	K5C6	KAD8	KAD9	KAE2
Aug 18	(r)	507	3.3	2.8	665	2.3	2.1	524	2.8	2.8
Jun 19	(r)	522	3.9	4.0	694	5.3	5.3	538	3.5	3.9
Jul 19	(r)	523	3.9	3.9	692	4.0	4.9	543	3.8	3.7
Aug 19	(r)	524	3.3	3.7	695	4.4	4.5	538	2.7	3.3
Sep 19	(r)	526	3.8	3.6	699	5.0	4.5	542	3.5	3.3
Oct 19	(r)	527	2.2	3.1	697	3.4	4.3	543	3.2	3.2
Nov 19	(r)	528	3.4	3.1	699	3.9	4.1	545	3.4	3.4
Dec 19	(r)	528	2.9	2.9	696	3.4	3.6	545	3.4	3.3
Jan 20	(r)	530	3.3	3.2	698	3.1	3.5	546	3.1	3.3
Feb 20	(r)	529	2.7	3.0	692	2.5	3.0	548	3.6	3.4
Mar 20	(r)	523	1.3	2.4	678	-0.2	1.8	549	3.6	3.4
Apr 20	(r)	519	0.1	1.4	687	0.1	0.8	557	3.1	3.4
May 20	(r)	519	-0.3	0.4	688	-0.1	-0.1	565	4.8	3.8
Jun 20	(r)	517	-0.9	-0.4	675	-2.7	-0.9	563	4.8	4.2
Jul 20	(r)	524	0.1	-0.4	689	-0.5	-1.1	559	2.9	4.2
Aug 20	(p)	537	2.5	0.6	721	3.8	0.2	558	3.7	3.8

		Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) <sup>2</sup>			Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) <sup>2</sup>			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)			Weekly Earnings (£)		
		% changes year on year			% changes year on year			% changes year on year		
		Single month			Single month			Single month		
		3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>			3 month average <sup>3</sup>		
		K5CA	K5CB	K5CC	K5CD	K5CE	K5CF	K5CG	K5CH	K5CI
Aug 18	(r)	600	1.9	2.1	622	4.5	4.2	356	4.1	3.4
Jun 19	(r)	615	2.8	2.6	649	5.4	6.1	363	3.9	2.3
Jul 19	(r)	616	2.2	2.5	653	7.2	6.3	363	2.8	2.7
Aug 19	(r)	619	3.2	2.8	652	4.8	5.8	365	2.7	3.1
Sep 19	(r)	617	2.4	2.6	658	6.2	6.1	366	3.6	3.0
Oct 19	(r)	620	2.7	2.8	650	4.1	5.0	362	0.5	2.2
Nov 19	(r)	622	3.0	2.7	649	3.4	4.5	362	1.6	1.9
Dec 19	(r)	620	2.3	2.7	649	1.8	3.1	362	1.2	1.1
Jan 20	(r)	620	1.5	2.3	653	3.8	3.0	369	3.7	2.2
Feb 20	(r)	621	2.2	2.0	651	2.5	2.7	363	1.4	2.1
Mar 20	(r)	615	1.6	1.8	633	0.2	2.2	354	1.0	2.0
Apr 20	(r)	592	-3.8	0.0	581	-11.0	-2.8	339	-4.9	-0.9
May 20	(r)	595	-2.9	-1.7	578	-10.8	-7.3	337	-7.1	-3.7
Jun 20	(r)	593	-3.5	-3.4	592	-8.7	-10.2	347	-4.3	-5.4
Jul 20	(r)	607	-1.4	-2.6	619	-5.3	-8.2	356	-1.9	-4.4
Aug 20	(p)	616	-0.5	-1.8	631	-3.2	-5.7	364	-0.4	-2.2

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

Email: [earnings@ons.gov.uk](mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk)

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

# EARNINGS

## 14 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - bonus pay

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

		Whole Economy (100%) <sup>1</sup>			Private sector (82%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector (18%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>
		KAF4	KAF5	KAF6	KAF7	KAF8	KAF9	KAG2	KAG3	KAG4
Aug 18	(r)	33	2.0	-1.7	38	0.8	-2.3	4	21.1	11.9
Jun 19	(r)	32	1.9	3.6	39	-0.1	3.8	2	22.9	14.9
Jul 19	(r)	33	5.6	5.0	41	5.8	4.3	4	69.8	40.3
Aug 19	(r)	32	-2.2	1.7	38	-1.7	1.4	2	-55.9	2.3
Sep 19	(r)	34	9.1	4.1	41	9.0	4.3	2	31.7	2.3
Oct 19	(r)	32	-16.2	-4.0	39	-16.0	-3.8	2	-38.8	-35.3
Nov 19	(r)	33	6.7	-1.3	40	6.7	-1.3	2	-0.1	-10.6
Dec 19	(r)	32	-3.3	-5.1	38	-3.7	-5.2	2	-3.6	-17.1
Jan 20	(r)	34	7.3	3.5	42	8.5	3.7	3	24.6	9.3
Feb 20	(r)	32	-1.4	0.8	38	-1.7	1.0	2	9.0	12.1
Mar 20	(r)	31	-4.3	0.5	36	-3.9	1.0	2	-29.1	0.9
Apr 20	(r)	27	-15.4	-7.0	33	-15.3	-7.0	2	-5.6	-10.2
May 20	(r)	26	-20.1	-13.3	31	-20.7	-13.4	3	28.7	-5.0
Jun 20	(r)	24	-25.0	-20.2	28	-26.5	-20.8	2	-8.1	4.0
Jul 20	(r)	25	-23.8	-23.0	33	-19.0	-22.0	2	-66.2	-29.5
Aug 20	(p)	33	3.4	-15.3	39	2.1	-14.7	1	-34.6	-44.3

		Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) <sup>1</sup>			Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (21%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector excluding financial services (18%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>
		K5CS	K5CT	K5CU	K5CV	K5CW	K5CX	KAH3	KAH4	KAH5
Aug 18	(r)	33	0.7	-0.3	79	-0.7	-1.4	2	26.1	16.6
Jun 19	(r)	33	3.0	4.2	83	5.2	8.9	1	-18.0	-0.6
Jul 19	(r)	36	5.8	5.3	85	2.6	8.9	3	65.7	25.2
Aug 19	(r)	32	-3.5	1.7	79	0.4	2.7	1	-53.5	-6.7
Sep 19	(r)	35	9.2	3.8	85	11.3	4.6	1	22.0	1.2
Oct 19	(r)	33	-18.6	-5.5	81	-12.8	-1.2	1	-39.0	-35.1
Nov 19	(r)	34	7.1	-2.2	83	1.7	-0.7	1	-2.3	-13.0
Dec 19	(r)	32	-4.0	-6.2	78	0.1	-4.1	1	4.2	-15.6
Jan 20	(r)	36	8.6	3.9	82	6.1	2.6	2	8.5	3.7
Feb 20	(r)	32	-2.7	0.6	75	-2.1	1.4	2	12.4	8.7
Mar 20	(r)	31	-5.5	0.1	72	-6.9	-1.0	1	-36.7	-9.2
Apr 20	(r)	29	-11.7	-6.7	70	-11.1	-6.7	1	-5.7	-13.8
May 20	(r)	27	-19.8	-12.5	71	-13.9	-10.7	1	22.5	-12.5
Jun 20	(r)	25	-23.5	-18.4	55	-33.3	-19.5	1	12.7	9.1
Jul 20	(r)	27	-24.3	-22.6	63	-26.4	-24.6	1	-68.2	-30.4
Aug 20	(p)	33	2.4	-15.6	76	-4.2	-21.6	1	-29.7	-43.0

		Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) <sup>2</sup>			Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) <sup>1</sup>			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>
		K5D3	K5D4	K5D5	K5D6	K5D7	K5D8	K5D9	K5DA	K5DB
Aug 18	(r)	23	-6.1	-4.3	36	22.8	1.2	21	-9.9	-7.5
Jun 19	(r)	28	14.1	4.5	28	14.4	34.3	24	15.1	-4.9
Jul 19	(r)	26	-0.4	3.1	31	51.5	31.7	21	-3.6	-2.4
Aug 19	(r)	27	13.7	8.8	29	-20.3	8.5	21	1.3	4.1
Sep 19	(r)	24	-4.3	2.7	32	14.9	8.9	22	6.0	1.2
Oct 19	(r)	26	2.1	3.6	28	-12.3	-7.3	21	-13.4	-2.7
Nov 19	(r)	25	7.4	1.6	29	6.1	2.2	21	0.5	-3.0
Dec 19	(r)	25	-5.5	1.1	30	-1.0	-2.9	21	-2.6	-5.6
Jan 20	(r)	25	-4.1	-1.0	35	40.5	14.0	24	19.4	5.5
Feb 20	(r)	25	10.9	-0.1	32	15.0	16.9	20	-11.5	1.3
Mar 20	(r)	25	7.3	4.3	28	-8.5	13.9	19	-4.2	0.9
Apr 20	(r)	23	-17.7	-0.9	15	-57.4	-19.8	16	-20.4	-12.1
May 20	(r)	23	-10.7	-7.7	16	-48.1	-38.9	15	-37.3	-21.6
Jun 20	(r)	17	-37.7	-22.4	21	-25.5	-44.9	18	-21.7	-26.8
Jul 20	(r)	21	-21.5	-23.7	27	-14.8	-29.4	19	-10.0	-23.5
Aug 20	(p)	25	-6.7	-22.2	26	-8.9	-16.3	23	5.9	-9.1

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: [earnings@ons.gov.uk](mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk)

1. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

# EARNINGS

## 15 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - regular pay<sup>1</sup>

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)					Great Britain, seasonally adjusted						
Whole Economy (100%) <sup>2</sup>					Private sector (82%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector (18%) <sup>2</sup>			
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		
			Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>	
		KAI7	KAI8	KAI9	KAJ2	KAJ3	KAJ4	KAJ5	KAJ6	KAJ7	
Aug 18	(r)	490	3.2	3.1	483	3.4	3.2	525	2.6	2.7	
Jun 19	(r)	506	4.0	4.0	498	4.1	4.0	540	3.5	3.9	
Jul 19	(r)	507	3.8	3.9	500	3.9	4.0	541	3.1	3.5	
Aug 19	(r)	508	3.5	3.8	501	3.6	3.9	541	3.1	3.2	
Sep 19	(r)	509	3.6	3.6	501	3.6	3.7	544	3.4	3.2	
Oct 19	(r)	509	3.2	3.5	502	3.2	3.5	545	3.3	3.3	
Nov 19	(r)	510	3.2	3.3	503	3.2	3.3	547	3.4	3.4	
Dec 19	(r)	511	3.2	3.2	504	3.2	3.2	548	3.4	3.4	
Jan 20	(r)	511	2.8	3.1	504	2.7	3.0	548	3.0	3.2	
Feb 20	(r)	511	2.8	2.9	504	2.7	2.8	549	3.3	3.2	
Mar 20	(r)	510	2.4	2.7	502	2.1	2.5	550	3.5	3.3	
Apr 20	(r)	503	-0.1	1.7	490	-0.9	1.3	559	3.1	3.3	
May 20	(r)	503	-0.2	0.7	489	-1.4	-0.1	565	4.8	3.8	
Jun 20	(r)	505	-0.2	-0.1	492	-1.4	-1.2	565	4.6	4.1	
Jul 20	(r)	512	0.9	0.2	500	0.2	-0.8	562	4.0	4.4	
Aug 20	(p)	517	1.7	0.8	507	1.2	0.0	562	3.8	4.1	

Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) <sup>2</sup>					Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (21%) <sup>2</sup>			Public sector excluding financial services (18%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>
		K5DL	K5DM	K5DN	K5DO	K5DP	K5DQ	KAK6	KAK7	KAK8
Aug 18	(r)	474	3.4	3.1	586	2.3	2.4	522	2.7	2.7
Jun 19	(r)	489	4.2	4.1	613	5.2	4.7	537	3.6	3.9
Jul 19	(r)	490	3.8	4.0	611	4.2	4.6	538	3.2	3.6
Aug 19	(r)	491	3.5	3.8	613	4.6	4.7	538	3.2	3.3
Sep 19	(r)	492	3.6	3.7	616	4.6	4.5	540	3.4	3.3
Oct 19	(r)	493	3.2	3.5	618	4.5	4.6	542	3.4	3.3
Nov 19	(r)	494	3.3	3.4	617	4.0	4.4	544	3.4	3.4
Dec 19	(r)	495	3.4	3.3	619	3.9	4.1	544	3.4	3.4
Jan 20	(r)	495	3.0	3.2	616	2.5	3.5	545	3.1	3.3
Feb 20	(r)	495	3.1	3.1	618	3.3	3.2	546	3.4	3.3
Mar 20	(r)	495	2.6	2.9	617	2.3	2.7	547	3.5	3.4
Apr 20	(r)	490	0.8	2.2	615	1.5	2.4	555	3.2	3.4
May 20	(r)	491	0.8	1.4	615	1.2	1.7	562	4.8	3.9
Jun 20	(r)	492	0.6	0.7	616	0.4	1.0	561	4.5	4.2
Jul 20	(r)	498	1.5	1.0	624	2.2	1.2	559	3.9	4.4
Aug 20	(p)	503	2.4	1.5	639	4.2	2.3	559	3.8	4.1

Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) <sup>2</sup>					Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) <sup>2</sup>			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>3</sup>
		K5DU	K5DV	K5DW	K5DX	K5DY	K5DZ	K5E2	K5E3	K5E4
Aug 18	(r)	576	2.0	2.3	590	4.0	4.6	334	4.7	4.1
Jun 19	(r)	587	2.3	2.5	621	5.2	5.2	341	3.4	3.1
Jul 19	(r)	589	2.4	2.5	622	5.8	5.4	342	3.3	3.2
Aug 19	(r)	593	3.0	2.6	623	5.6	5.5	343	2.7	3.1
Sep 19	(r)	592	2.5	2.7	623	5.5	5.6	343	3.5	3.1
Oct 19	(r)	594	2.7	2.8	621	5.1	5.4	339	1.4	2.5
Nov 19	(r)	596	2.9	2.7	620	3.3	4.6	340	1.6	2.2
Dec 19	(r)	596	2.8	2.8	619	2.0	3.5	340	1.4	1.5
Jan 20	(r)	594	1.7	2.4	619	2.7	2.7	344	2.9	2.0
Feb 20	(r)	596	1.9	2.1	618	2.1	2.2	342	2.3	2.2
Mar 20	(r)	590	0.9	1.5	611	1.2	2.0	339	1.7	2.3
Apr 20	(r)	570	-2.9	0.0	564	-8.5	-1.8	324	-3.9	0.0
May 20	(r)	572	-2.7	-1.6	561	-9.5	-5.6	324	-4.5	-2.3
Jun 20	(r)	576	-1.9	-2.5	570	-8.1	-8.7	329	-3.4	-3.9
Jul 20	(r)	585	-0.6	-1.7	592	-4.8	-7.5	338	-1.5	-3.1
Aug 20	(p)	591	-0.4	-0.9	604	-3.0	-5.3	341	-0.7	-1.8

1. Estimates of regular pay exclude bonuses and arrears of pay.  
2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.  
3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey  
Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120  
Email: earnings@ons.gov.uk

# EARNINGS

## 16 Average Weekly Earnings - real and nominal<sup>1</sup>

Great Britain whole economy, seasonally adjusted

Great Britain whole economy, seasonally adjusted							
Total pay (including bonuses) <sup>1</sup>							
Nominal earnings					Real earnings <sup>3</sup>		
		Nominal Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>
		KAB9	KAC2	KAC3	A3WX	A3WV	A3WW
Aug 18	(r)	523	3.2	2.8	493	0.8	0.5
Jun 19	(r)	538	3.8	4.0	500	1.8	2.0
Jul 19	(r)	539	3.8	3.9	501	1.9	1.9
Aug 19	(r)	540	3.4	3.7	500	1.6	1.8
Sep 19	(r)	542	3.8	3.7	502	2.1	1.8
Oct 19	(r)	542	2.4	3.2	502	0.9	1.5
Nov 19	(r)	544	3.3	3.2	502	1.8	1.6
Dec 19	(r)	543	2.8	2.8	502	1.4	1.4
Jan 20	(r)	546	3.1	3.1	503	1.4	1.5
Feb 20	(r)	545	2.6	2.9	502	0.9	1.3
Mar 20	(r)	538	1.2	2.3	495	-0.2	0.7
Apr 20	(r)	529	-1.0	1.0	489	-1.9	-0.4
May 20	(r)	530	-1.2	-0.3	490	-1.9	-1.3
Jun 20	(r)	529	-1.6	-1.2	488	-2.3	-2.0
Jul 20	(r)	538	-0.3	-1.0	493	-1.4	-1.9
Aug 20	(p)	550	1.9	0.0	507	1.4	-0.8
Regular pay (excluding bonuses)							
Nominal earnings					Real earnings <sup>3</sup>		
		Nominal Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£)	% changes year on year	
			Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>		Single month	3 month average <sup>2</sup>
		KAI7	KAI8	KAI9	A2FC	A2F9	A2FA
Aug 18	(r)	490	3.2	3.1	462	0.8	0.7
Jun 19	(r)	506	4.0	4.0	470	2.1	2.0
Jul 19	(r)	507	3.8	3.9	470	1.8	1.9
Aug 19	(r)	508	3.5	3.8	470	1.7	1.9
Sep 19	(r)	509	3.6	3.6	471	1.8	1.8
Oct 19	(r)	509	3.2	3.5	472	1.6	1.7
Nov 19	(r)	510	3.2	3.3	472	1.8	1.7
Dec 19	(r)	511	3.2	3.2	473	1.8	1.7
Jan 20	(r)	511	2.8	3.1	472	1.0	1.5
Feb 20	(r)	511	2.8	2.9	472	1.2	1.3
Mar 20	(r)	510	2.4	2.7	471	0.9	1.0
Apr 20	(r)	503	-0.1	1.7	464	-0.9	0.4
May 20	(r)	503	-0.2	0.7	465	-0.9	-0.3
Jun 20	(r)	505	-0.2	-0.1	465	-1.0	-0.9
Jul 20	(r)	512	0.9	0.2	469	-0.1	-0.6
Aug 20	(p)	517	1.7	0.8	476	1.2	0.1

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: [earnings@ons.gov.uk](mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk)

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

3. Estimates of real earnings are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH), our preferred measure of consumer price inflation.



17 International comparisons of employment and unemployment

		Latest period	Employment rate (%) <sup>1 2</sup>	Change on year %			Latest Period	Unemployment rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Change on month %	Change on year %
Employment rates as published by EUROSTAT: (not seasonally adjusted)					Unemployment rates as published by EUROSTAT on 2 October 2020 (seasonally adjusted)					
United Kingdom (*)	ANZ6	Apr-Jun 20	75.3	0.3	United Kingdom (*)	ZXDW	Jun 20	3.9	0.2	0.1
European Union (EU)					European Union (EU)					
Austria	YXSN	Apr-Jun 20	71.0	-2.4	Austria	ZXDS	Aug 20	5.0	-0.2	0.5
Belgium	YXSO	Apr-Jun 20	64.2	-1.4	Belgium	ZXDI	Aug 20	5.1	0.1	-0.1
Bulgaria	A495	Apr-Jun 20	67.4	-3.3	Bulgaria	A492	Aug 20	6.2	0.1	2.3
Croatia	GUMI	Apr-Jun 20	62.2	0.4	Croatia	GUMJ	Aug 20	8.3	-0.1	1.8
Cyprus	A4AC	Apr-Jun 20	69.9	-1.3	Cyprus	A4AN	Aug 20	7.4	0.5	0.6
Czech Republic	A4AD	Apr-Jun 20	74.1	-0.9	Czech Republic	A4AO	Aug 20	2.7	0.1	0.8
Denmark	YXSP	Apr-Jun 20	73.9	-1.1	Denmark	ZXDJ	Aug 20	6.1	-0.2	1.2
Estonia	A4AE	Apr-Jun 20	72.1	-2.7	Estonia	A4AP	Jul 20	7.8	-0.2	3.5
Finland	YXSQ	Apr-Jun 20	71.7	-2.0	Finland	ZXDU	Aug 20	8.1	0.1	1.2
France	YXSR	Apr-Jun 20	64.6	-1.1	France	ZXDN	Aug 20	7.5	0.4	-1.0
Germany	YXSS	Oct-Dec 19	77.0	0.5	Germany	ZXDK	Aug 20	4.4	0.0	1.4
Greece	YXST	Apr-Jun 20	55.8	-1.3	Greece	ZXDL	Jun 20	18.3	1.0	1.2
Hungary	A4AF	Apr-Jun 20	68.7	-1.3	Hungary	A4AQ	Jul 20	4.6	-0.3	1.2
Ireland	YXSU	Apr-Jun 20	65.7	-3.4	Ireland	ZXDO	Sep 20	5.4	0.2	0.6
Italy	YXSV	Apr-Jun 20	57.5	-1.9	Italy	ZXDP	Aug 20	9.7	-0.1	0.2
Latvia	A4AG	Apr-Jun 20	71.6	-0.4	Latvia	A4AR	Aug 20	8.8	-0.2	2.6
Lithuania	A4AH	Apr-Jun 20	71.4	-1.6	Lithuania	A4AS	Aug 20	9.6	0.6	3.0
Luxembourg	YXSW	Apr-Jun 20	66.9	-1.5	Luxembourg	ZXDQ	Aug 20	6.8	-0.4	1.1
Malta	A4AI	Jan-Mar 20	74.7	2.2	Malta	A4AT	Aug 20	4.1	-0.1	0.5
Netherlands	YXSX	Apr-Jun 20	77.3	-0.8	Netherlands	ZXDR	Aug 20	4.6	0.1	1.1
Poland	A4AJ	Apr-Jun 20	67.9	-0.3	Poland	A4AU	Aug 20	3.1	-0.1	0.0
Portugal	YXSY	Apr-Jun 20	67.9	-2.5	Portugal	ZXDT	Aug 20	8.1	0.2	1.7
Romania	A494	Apr-Jun 20	65.2	-1.2	Romania	A48Z	Aug 20	5.3	-0.1	1.5
Slovak Republic	A4AK	Apr-Jun 20	66.8	-1.3	Slovak Republic	A4AV	Aug 20	6.8	0.1	1.0
Slovenia	A4AL	Apr-Jun 20	70.0	-2.5	Slovenia	A4AW	Aug 20	4.7	-0.1	-0.2
Spain	YXSZ	Apr-Jun 20	59.1	-4.4	Spain	ZXDM	Aug 20	16.2	0.3	1.9
Sweden	YXTA	Apr-Jun 20	75.3	-2.2	Sweden <sup>5</sup>	ZXDV	Aug 20	9.1	-0.1	1.9
Total EU <sup>4</sup>	A496	Oct-Dec 19	68.6	0.7	Total EU <sup>4</sup>	A493	Aug 20	7.4	0.1	0.8
Eurozone <sup>4</sup>	YXTC	Oct-Dec 19	68.3	0.7	Eurozone <sup>4</sup>	ZXDH	Aug 20	8.1	0.1	0.6
Employment rates published by the OECD (seasonally adjusted)					Unemployment rates as published by national statistical offices (seasonally adjusted)					
Canada	A48O	Apr-Jun 20	64.7	-9.8	Canada	ZXDZ	Sep 20	9.0	-1.2	3.5
Japan	A48P	Apr-Jun 20	77.0	-0.6	Japan	ZXDY	Aug 20	3.0	0.1	0.7
United States	A48Q	Jul-Sep 20	66.3	-5.2	United States	ZDXD	Aug 20	8.4	-1.8	4.7

Sources: EUROSTAT, OECD, national statistical offices.  
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

(\*) Note: The UK rates shown in this table are as published by EUROSTAT (the EUs statistical office). See Table 1 for the latest rates for the UK as published by ONS.

Caution should be taken with international comparisons of labour markets during the COVID-19 pandemic, since definitional definitions of economic measures, such as furloughing, will vary between countries.

1. All employment rates shown in this table are for those aged from 15 to 64 except for the rate for the United States published by OECD which are for those aged from 16 to 64.
2. The employment rates for the EU are published by EUROSTAT and are not seasonally adjusted. EUROSTAT do not publish seasonally adjusted (SA) employment rates but SA rates for some EU countries are published by OECD. These OECD employment rates are available on our website at [dataset A10](#).
3. Unemployment rates published by EUROSTAT for most EU countries (but not for the UK), are calculated by extrapolating from the most recent LFS data using monthly registered unemployment data. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain, Italy and the UK (16-74). The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over, but the rates for Canada and Japan are for those aged 15 and over. All unemployment rates shown in this table are seasonally adjusted.
4. The "Total EU" series consist of all 27 EU countries. The Eurozone figures consist of the following EU countries: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Spain.
5. The EU unemployment rates are as published on the EUROSTAT database. For Sweden the rates on the database differ from those shown in the EUROSTAT News Release published on 2 October 2020. This is because the figures for Sweden on the database are seasonally adjusted estimates but the figures for Sweden shown in the News Release are the trend component.

18 Labour disputes  
(first published 17 March 2020)

(first published 17 March 2020)

United Kingdom, not seasonally adjusted

	Working days lost <sup>1,2</sup> (thousands)	Working days lost in the Public Sector (thousands) <sup>1,2</sup>	Working days lost in the Private Sector (thousands) <sup>1,2</sup>	Number of stoppages <sup>3</sup>	Number of stoppages in the Public Sector	Number of stoppages in the Private Sector	Workers involved (thousands) <sup>1,3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	BBFW	F8XZ	F8Y2	BLUU	F8Y3	F8Y4	BLUT
2018 January	9	1	8	18	4	14	3
2019 January	11	1	11	10	2	8	6
February	7	2	5	11	5	6	6
March	9	1	8	14	6	8	5
April	2	1	2	8	1	7	1
May	10	1	10	14	2	12	5
June	12	1	12	24	5	19	3
July	11	4	7	24	9	15	7
August	7	1	6	10	2	8	2
September	9	1	8	14	3	11	3
October	8	1	7	13	5	8	2
November	84	14	69	13	4	9	21
December (r)	64	7	57	12	7	5	19
2020 January (p)	18	17	1	7	5	2	7
Cumulative totals 12 months to:							
Jan 19	275	26	249	82	23	59	44
Jan 20 (p)	242	50	192	99	34	65	43

Relationship between columns 1=2+3; 4=5+6

Data source: ONS Labour Disputes Survey  
Labour disputes enquiries 01633 455400

1. Estimates of working days lost and workers involved are shown to the nearest thousand. Unrounded estimates of less than 500 therefore round to zero.
2. Due to rounding the working days lost for the public and private sectors may not add up to the total working days lost.
3. The latest 12 month cumulative totals for the figures in these columns will not necessarily equal the sum of the 12 months as some disputes continue for over one month. These disputes appear in each month's data, but only once in the total.

# VACANCIES

## 19 Vacancies<sup>1</sup> by size of business

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Number of employees					
		All Vacancies	1-9	10-49	50-249	250-2499	2500+
		AP2Y	ALY5	ALY6	ALY7	ALY8	ALY9
<b>Levels</b>							
Jul-Sept 2018		846	127	124	121	175	300
Jul-Sept 2019	(r)	819	122	121	105	181	290
Aug-Oct 2019		803	113	119	102	178	290
Sept-Nov 2019		797	110	118	101	178	291
Oct-Dec 2019		801	110	119	103	180	290
Nov-Jan 2020		807	112	121	108	176	290
Dec-Feb 2020		818	118	121	113	171	295
Jan-Mar 2020		796	112	110	109	167	298
Feb-Apr 2020		644	83	79	90	135	257
Mar-May 2020		482	62	52	64	103	201
Apr-Jun 2020	(r)	343	47	33	43	71	150
May-Jul 2020	(r)	380	69	50	47	69	145
Jun-Aug 2020	(r)	436	88	65	59	75	149
<b>Jul-Sept 2020</b>	<b>(p)</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>154</b>
Change on quarter	*	144	55	43	28	15	4
Change %	*	42.1	117.1	130.0	66.4	20.8	2.3
Change on year		-332	-20	-46	-34	-95	-137
Change %		-40.5	-16.6	-37.5	-32.3	-52.7	-47.1

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

\* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

## 20 Vacancies<sup>1</sup> and Unemployment

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		All Vacancies <sup>1</sup>	Unemployment <sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup>	Number of unemployed people per vacancy
		AP2Y	MGSC	JPC5
<b>Levels</b>				
Jun-Aug 2018		843	1,363	1.6
Jun-Aug 2019		818	1,314	1.6
Sep-Nov 2019		797	1,306	1.6
Dec-Feb 2020		818	1,364	1.7
Mar-May 2020	(r)	482	1,384	2.9
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	<b>(r)</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>1,522</b>	<b>3.5</b>
Change on quarter		-46	138	0.6
Change %		-9.6	10.0	
Change on year		-382	209	1.9
Change %		-46.7	15.9	

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey/ Labour Force Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

2. Unemployment estimates are produced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and are always one period behind the ONS Vacancy Survey estimates. This table therefore shows estimates for the same periods as shown in table 1 (which shows LFS estimates).

3. Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in an article on the ONS website (<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/articles/coronavirusanditsimpactonthelabourforcesurvey/2020-10-13>). Unemployment estimates presented in this table for March to May 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.

# VACANCIES

## 21 Vacancies by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

				Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply <sup>2</sup>	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities		Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles		Accommoda- tion & food service activities	Information & communica- tion	
		All vacancies <sup>1</sup>	Mining & quarrying	Manu- facturing		Construction		Transport & storage			
SIC 2007 sections		B-S	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
		AP2Y	JP9H	JP9I	JP9J	JP9K	JP9L	JP9M	JP9N	JP9O	JP9P
Levels (thousands)											
Jul-Sept 2018		846	1	62	3	4	26	136	42	92	48
Jul-Sept 2019	(r)	819	2	52	3	3	25	131	33	97	44
Aug-Oct 2019		803	2	51	3	3	24	128	32	92	43
Sept-Nov 2019		797	1	50	3	4	26	131	33	88	41
Oct-Dec 2019		801	2	52	3	4	26	130	35	86	40
Nov-Jan 2020		807	2	55	3	4	26	129	36	87	42
Dec-Feb 2020		818	2	56	3	3	28	133	35	90	43
Jan-Mar 2020		796	1	52	3	4	27	131	35	86	43
Feb-Apr 2020		644	1	42	3	4	21	100	28	55	32
Mar-May 2020		482	1	33	2	3	13	66	19	27	22
Apr-Jun 2020	(r)	343	1	26	2	2	8	39	10	8	13
May-Jul 2020	(r)	380	0	28	2	2	12	44	13	18	16
Jun-Aug 2020	(r)	436	0	30	3	2	17	52	21	26	18
Jul-Sept 2020	(p)	488	0	35	3	3	22	58	24	33	23
Change on quarter	*	144	0	9	1	1	14	20	13	24	9
Change %	*	42.1	-20.0	34.1	33.3	34.8	189.5	50.9	130.1	297.6	71.8
Change on year		-332	-1	-18	0	0	-3	-73	-9	-64	-21
Change %		-40.5	-75.0	-33.8	-6.7	-6.1	-12.7	-55.7	-27.3	-66.2	-48.3
		AP2Z	JPA2	JPA3	JPA4	JPA5	JPA6	JPA7	JPA8	JPA9	JPB2
Vacancies per 100 employee jobs											
Jul-Sept 2018		2.8	2.2	2.5	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.9	2.9	4.0	3.7
Jul-Sept 2019	(r)	2.7	3.1	2.1	2.2	1.4	1.7	2.8	2.2	4.1	3.2
Aug-Oct 2019		2.6	2.9	2.0	2.3	1.5	1.7	2.8	2.1	3.9	3.2
Sept-Nov 2019		2.6	2.7	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.2	3.8	3.1
Oct-Dec 2019		2.6	2.9	2.1	2.3	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.3	3.7	3.0
Nov-Jan 2020		2.6	3.1	2.2	2.2	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.4	3.7	3.2
Dec-Feb 2020		2.7	2.9	2.2	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.9	2.4	3.9	3.2
Jan-Mar 2020		2.6	2.7	2.1	2.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.3	3.7	3.2
Feb-Apr 2020		2.1	2.3	1.7	2.2	1.5	1.4	2.2	1.8	2.4	2.4
Mar-May 2020		1.6	1.7	1.3	1.7	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.7
Apr-Jun 2020	(r)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.4	1.0
May-Jul 2020	(r)	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.2
Jun-Aug 2020	(r)	1.4	0.8	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.3
Jul-Sept 2020	(p)	1.6	0.8	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.7
Change on quarter	*	0.5	-0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.9	1.0	0.7
Change on year		-1.1	-2.3	-0.7	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-1.6	-0.6	-2.7	-1.6

		Financial & insurance activities	Real estate activities <sup>2</sup>	Professional scientific & technical activities	Administrative & support service activities	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security		Human health & social work activities	Arts, entertainment & recreation	Other service activities	Total services
SIC 2007 sections		K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	G-S
		JP9Q	JP9R	JP9S	JP9T	JP9U	JP9V	JP9W	JP9X	JP9Y	JP9Z
<b>Levels (thousands)</b>											
Jul-Sept 2018		38	12	78	57	22	51	131	18	25	750
Jul-Sept 2019	(r)	32	10	84	54	22	50	138	20	20	734
Aug-Oct 2019		31	12	83	54	23	48	138	17	19	720
Sept-Nov 2019		31	11	79	52	23	51	138	16	19	714
Oct-Dec 2019		32	12	77	55	24	51	138	18	19	716
Nov-Jan 2020		31	11	75	53	22	53	137	22	19	717
Dec-Feb 2020		31	13	77	54	22	51	137	22	18	726
Jan-Mar 2020		29	14	72	51	22	50	136	23	17	709
Feb-Apr 2020		26	12	57	43	21	42	128	15	14	573
Mar-May 2020		22	9	45	39	18	31	115	10	9	430
Apr-Jun 2020	(r)	18	4	33	30	16	22	103	2	5	304
May-Jul 2020	(r)	17	5	38	32	17	22	104	3	5	333
Jun-Aug 2020	(r)	16	7	42	30	19	30	111	4	8	382
<b>Jul-Sept 2020</b>	<b>(p)</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>425</b>
Change on quarter	*	1	3	11	5	3	14	11	3	4	121
Change %	*	3.9	81.0	32.9	16.2	21.1	62.7	10.6	133.3	68.6	39.8
Change on year		-13	-3	-39	-19	-3	-14	-25	-15	-11	-309
Change %		-41.6	-26.2	-47.0	-34.9	-12.9	-28.7	-17.8	-75.0	-56.8	-42.1
		JPB3	JPB4	JPB5	JPB6	JPB7	JPB8	JPB9	JPC2	JPC3	JPC4
<b>Vacancies per 100 employee jobs</b>											
Jul-Sept 2018		3.6	2.3	3.0	2.1	1.7	1.9	3.3	2.4	4.1	2.9
Jul-Sept 2019	(r)	3.0	1.9	3.1	2.0	1.7	1.9	3.4	2.6	3.1	2.8
Aug-Oct 2019		3.0	2.2	3.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	3.4	2.3	2.9	2.7
Sept-Nov 2019		2.9	2.1	2.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	3.4	2.2	2.9	2.7
Oct-Dec 2019		3.0	2.3	2.9	2.1	1.8	1.9	3.4	2.4	2.9	2.7
Nov-Jan 2020		3.0	2.1	2.8	2.0	1.6	2.0	3.4	2.9	2.9	2.7
Dec-Feb 2020		2.9	2.5	2.9	2.0	1.6	1.9	3.4	3.0	2.7	2.8
Jan-Mar 2020		2.8	2.6	2.7	1.9	1.7	1.9	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.7
Feb-Apr 2020		2.5	2.3	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.6	3.1	2.0	2.1	2.2
Mar-May 2020		2.1	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.2	2.8	1.3	1.4	1.6
Apr-Jun 2020	(r)	1.7	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.8	2.5	0.3	0.8	1.2
May-Jul 2020	(r)	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.8	2.5	0.3	0.8	1.3
Jun-Aug 2020	(r)	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.1	2.7	0.5	1.2	1.5
<b>Jul-Sept 2020</b>	<b>(p)</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Change on quarter	*	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Change on year		-1.3	-0.5	-1.5	-0.7	-0.2	-0.5	-0.6	-2.0	-1.7	-1.2

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

2. Not seasonally adjusted. These series do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a 'seasonally adjusted' series.

\* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

# REDUNDANCIES

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 22 Redundancies: level<sup>1</sup> and rates<sup>2</sup>

United Kingdom

	People (aged 16 and over)		Men (aged 16 and over)		Women (aged 16 and over)	
	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
Jun-Aug 2018	90	3.3	49	3.5	40	3.0
Jun-Aug 2019	115	4.1	58	4.2	56	4.1
Sep-Nov 2019	115	4.2	63	4.6	52	3.8
Dec-Feb 2020	107	3.8	59	4.2	48	3.5
Mar-May 2020r	113	4.1	63	4.5	50	3.6
<b>Jun-Aug 2020</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>7.3</b>
Change on quarter	114	4.1	63	4.5	51	3.7
Change %	100.6		99.0		102.6	
Change on year	113	4.0	68	4.8	45	3.2
Change %	98.3		116.4		79.6	

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The redundancy level is the number of people who were made redundant in the three months prior to interview. The figure is not seasonally adjusted.

2. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.

**Due to the COVID19 pandemic, all face-to-face interviewing for the Labour Force Survey was suspended and replaced with telephone interviewing. This change in mode for first interviews has changed the non-response bias of the survey, affecting interviews from March 2020 onwards. More information can be found in [an article on the ONS website](#). Estimates presented in this table for periods January to March 2020 through to May to July 2020 have been reweighted to account for this bias.**

## REGIONAL SUMMARY

Updated with new LFS weighting methodology

## 23(1) Regional summary of labour market headline indicators

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

## Headline estimates for June - August 2020

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active <sup>1</sup>		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
K02000001	United Kingdom	34,113	79.2	32,591	75.6	1,522	4.5	8,625	20.8
K03000001	Great Britain	33,223	79.4	31,733	75.7	1,490	4.5	8,315	20.6
E92000001	England	28,955	79.7	27,646	76.0	1,309	4.5	7,072	20.3
E12000001	North East	1,292	77.1	1,207	71.8	86	6.6	374	22.9
E12000002	North West	3,664	78.7	3,508	75.2	156	4.3	958	21.3
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	2,704	77.4	2,591	74.1	113	4.2	765	22.6
E12000004	East Midlands	2,434	79.0	2,327	75.4	107	4.4	619	21.0
E12000005	West Midlands	2,929	78.2	2,793	74.5	135	4.6	789	21.8
E12000006	East	3,212	80.9	3,079	77.4	133	4.1	723	19.1
E12000007	London	5,079	80.2	4,813	76.1	267	5.3	1,208	19.8
E12000008	South East	4,810	82.6	4,614	79.1	195	4.1	974	17.4
E12000009	South West	2,832	80.2	2,715	76.7	117	4.1	661	19.8
W92000004	Wales	1,509	75.6	1,452	72.7	57	3.8	466	24.4
S92000003	Scotland	2,759	77.4	2,635	73.9	124	4.5	777	22.6
N92000002	Northern Ireland	890	73.4	857	70.6	33	3.7	310	26.6

## Change on quarter (change since March - May 2020)

Note: Changes on quarter at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active <sup>1</sup>		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
K02000001	United Kingdom	-15	0.0	-153	-0.3	138	0.4	-3	0.0
K03000001	Great Britain	-27	0.0	-154	-0.3	127	0.4	6	0.0
E92000001	England	-21	0.0	-132	-0.3	111	0.4	8	0.0
E12000001	North East	-21	-0.8	-39	-2.1	18	1.4	12	0.8
E12000002	North West	4	0.2	-8	-0.1	12	0.3	-10	-0.2
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	0.4	1	0.1	9	0.3	-14	-0.4
E12000004	East Midlands	-41	-1.4	-45	-1.6	5	0.3	42	1.4
E12000005	West Midlands	-9	-0.2	4	0.2	-12	-0.4	7	0.2
E12000006	East	-12	-0.1	-23	-0.4	11	0.4	4	0.1
E12000007	London	77	0.6	72	0.7	5	0.0	-37	-0.6
E12000008	South East	1	0.6	-48	-0.4	49	1.0	-32	-0.6
E12000009	South West	-29	-1.1	-45	-1.6	16	0.6	36	1.1
W92000004	Wales	-22	-0.7	-37	-1.5	15	1.0	13	0.7
S92000003	Scotland	16	0.4	15	0.4	1	0.0	-15	-0.4
N92000002	Northern Ireland	12	0.7	1	-0.3	11	1.2	-8	-0.7

## Change on year (change since June - August 2019)

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active <sup>1</sup>		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
K02000001	United Kingdom	106	0.2	-102	-0.3	209	0.6	-51	-0.2
K03000001	Great Britain	105	0.2	-96	-0.3	202	0.6	-53	-0.2
E92000001	England	122	0.3	-75	-0.2	197	0.7	-93	-0.3
E12000001	North East	10	1.3	-1	0.6	11	0.8	-22	-1.3
E12000002	North West	46	0.9	39	0.7	7	0.2	-40	-0.9
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	6	0.2	2	0.1	4	0.2	-6	-0.2
E12000004	East Midlands	-38	-1.4	-34	-1.2	-4	-0.1	43	1.4
E12000005	West Midlands	-11	0.3	-30	-0.3	18	0.6	-10	-0.3
E12000006	East	-14	-0.5	-39	-1.2	24	0.8	23	0.5
E12000007	London	212	2.4	171	1.9	41	0.6	-140	-2.4
E12000008	South East		0.7	-47	-0.1	47	1.0	-38	-0.7
E12000009	South West	-89	-2.8	-136	-4.2	47	1.7	95	2.8
W92000004	Wales	-28	-1.9	-21	-1.5	-7	-0.4	36	1.9
S92000003	Scotland	12	-0.1	-1	-0.4	12	0.4	4	0.1
N92000002	Northern Ireland	1	-0.2	-6	-0.8	7	0.8	3	0.2

The Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Economically active = Employment plus Unemployment.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2. Denominator = all persons aged 16 to 64.

3. Denominator = total economically active

# REGIONAL SUMMARY

WARNING: Not updated with new LFS wave

## 23(2) Regional summary of Workforce Jobs

Thousands,  
seasonally adjusted

		Change on March	
Area Codes	Area Names	June 2020	2020
K02000001	United Kingdom	35,412	-354
K03000001	Great Britain	34,489	-353
E92000001	England	30,231	-315
E12000001	North East	1,221	-6
E12000002	North West	3,768	-40
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	2,768	-16
E12000004	East Midlands	2,454	-10
E12000005	West Midlands	2,902	-9
E12000006	East	3,225	-69
E12000007	London	6,026	-104
E12000008	South East	4,871	-29
E12000009	South West	2,997	-31
W92000004	Wales	1,472	-13
S92000003	Scotland	2,786	-25
N92000002	Northern Ireland	916	-1

Workforce jobs are mainly sourced from employer surveys and are tabulated by region of workplace.  
HM Forces stationed abroad are included in the UK workforce jobs estimates but not in the regional estimates. The UK workforce jobs estimates therefore do not equal the sum of the regional estimates.