

Statistical bulletin

GDP quarterly national accounts, UK: April to June 2020

Revised quarterly estimate of gross domestic product (GDP) for the UK. Uses additional data to provide a more precise indication of economic growth than the first estimate.



Release date: 30 September 2020

Next release: 12 November 2020

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1. Main points

- UK gross domestic product (GDP) is estimated to have contracted by 19.8% in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, revised from the initial estimate of a 20.4% fall.
- This is the largest quarterly contraction in the UK economy since quarterly records began in 1955 and marks the second consecutive quarterly decline after a fall of a revised 2.5% in the previous quarter.
- Compared with the same quarter a year ago, the UK economy fell by a revised 21.5%.
- UK GDP is estimated to have increased by 1.3% between 2018 and 2019; this was revised down 0.2 percentage points from the previous estimate.
- There have been record quarterly falls in services, production and construction output in Quarter 2 2020, which have been particularly prevalent in those industries that have been most exposed to government restrictions.
- The households saving ratio increased to a record 29.1% in Quarter 2 2020, compared with 9.6% in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020.
- Data in this bulletin are consistent with our annual UK National Accounts, The Blue Book: 2020 publication to be published on 30 October 2020; estimates therefore incorporate new data and methods throughout the time series.

GDP estimates for Quarter 1 and Quarter 2 2020 are subject to more uncertainty than usual as a result of the challenges we faced in collecting the data under government imposed public health restrictions. More information is available in the Things you need to know about this release section.

2. Things you need to know about this release

Gross domestic product (GDP) growth is the main indicator of economic performance. There are three approaches used to measure GDP:

- the output approach
- the expenditure approach
- · the income approach

The quarterly national accounts are typically published around 90 days after the end of the quarter. At this stage, the data content of this estimate from the output approach to GDP has risen since the first quarterly estimate, usually to around 90% of the total required for the final output-based estimate. There is also usually around 90% data content available to produce estimates of GDP from the expenditure approach and around 70% data content from the income approach.

Further information on all three approaches to measuring GDP can be found in the <u>Guide to the UK National</u> Accounts.

Data in chained volume measures within this bulletin have had the effect of price changes removed (in other words, the data are deflated), except for income data, which are only available in current prices.

Blue Book 2020

This release contains data that are consistent with the UK National Accounts, The Blue Book: 2020, which will be released on 30 October 2020. As such, data for all periods within this release are subject to revision in line with the National Accounts Revisions Policy.

The Blue Book is the UK's annual compendium of national accounts data and incorporates a number of improvements to methods and sources into the UK's National Accounts.

In Blue Book 2020, we have introduced a number of methodological improvements and utilised improved source data. Further detail on these changes is available in the <u>Revisions to GDP</u> section.

The reference year and last base year for all chained volume measure estimates is now 2018.

Impact of the coronavirus

This release captures the direct effects of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and the government measures taken to reduce transmission of the virus. We have faced an increased number of challenges in producing quarterly estimates of UK GDP for Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020. More detailed information on the challenges and the steps taken to mitigate those can be found in Coronavirus and the effects on UK GDP.

As a result of these challenges, GDP estimates for Quarter 1 and Quarter 2 2020 are subject to more uncertainty than usual and are likely to have larger than usual revisions in subsequent releases.

3. Headline GDP

UK gross domestic product (GDP) is estimated to have contracted by 19.8% in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, revised from the initial estimate of a 20.4% fall. This marks the second consecutive quarterly decline after a fall of a revised 2.5% in the previous quarter (Figure 1). This is the largest quarterly contraction in the UK economy since quarterly records began in 1955 and reflects the ongoing containment policies that have been put in place, including public health restrictions and forms of voluntary social distancing. In level terms, real GDP was last lower in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2003. Compared with the same quarter a year ago, the UK economy fell by a revised 21.5%.

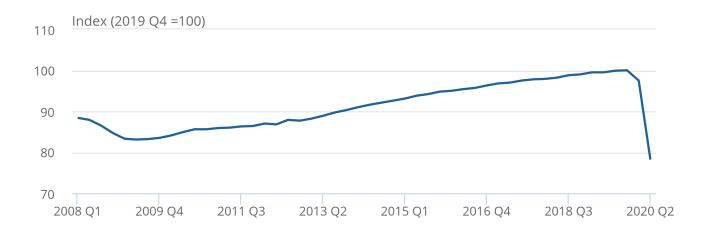
This release provides revised quarterly estimates up to Quarter 2 2020. An indicative monthly path associated with today's figures can be found in the <u>Links to related statistics</u> section, but any monthly figures quoted in this release are consistent with those published in the <u>monthly estimate for July 2020</u>. Monthly figures for July have also been published, suggesting that GDP made up around half of its ground lost during the pandemic.

Figure 1: Real GDP fell by a revised 19.8% in Quarter 2 2020, the largest quarterly contraction on record

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

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UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 2. Index is referenced to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019.

Recent analysis explains our latest position on how we are looking to communicate GDP, including how we will continue to acknowledge "technical" recessions as comprising of at least two consecutive quarters of contracting GDP. While it is still true that these early estimates are prone to revision, we prefer to focus on the magnitude of the contraction that has taken place in response to the coronavirus pandemic. It is clear that the UK is in the largest recession on record. The latest estimates show that the UK economy is now 21.8% smaller than it was at the end of 2019, highlighting the unprecedented size of this contraction.

In line with the <u>National Accounts Revisions Policy</u>, data for all periods within this release are subject to revision. Revisions throughout the open period also reflect changes introduced as part of the annual Blue Book process. These include weight changes, the use of new chain-linked deflators as well as the incorporation of Value Added Tax (VAT) data. Looking at more recent periods, there have been some revisions to the quarterly path of GDP throughout 2019. Annual GDP growth is now estimated to have been 1.3% in 2019.

Nominal GDP fell by a revised 14.5% in Quarter 2 2020, its largest quarterly contraction on record. The implied GDP deflator represents the broadest measure of inflation in the economy, reflecting changes in the price of all goods and services that comprise GDP, and increased by 6.7% in the second quarter. This primarily reflects movements in the implied price change of government consumption, which increased by 35.3% in Quarter 2 2020. This reflects how we record elements of non-market output, specifically health and education.

Statistical guidance recommends measuring many aspects of government output directly, by counting activities, rather than by adjusting expenditure for price movements. Our health and education volume estimates are based on cost-weighted activity indicators, in which we estimate that the volume of government activity fell in the second quarter despite government expenditure increasing in nominal terms at the same time. Compared with the same quarter a year ago, the implied GDP deflator increased by 9.8%, a strengthening from the previous quarter.

Other countries have now published estimates of GDP for the second quarter of 2020. These estimates highlight how the coronavirus pandemic and the response to it has had an impact upon the global economy, with record declines reported in all of these countries. The figures reflect how the size of the contractions have not been uniform across countries, in part reflecting the spread of the virus in each country and the timing of lockdown measures and when these were lifted. They also likely reflect the structural features of these economies as some industries are more exposed to the response to the pandemic, such as those that involve interactions with other people.

Additionally, they might also reflect differences in how non-market output is measured in different countries, specifically the extent to which volume indicators are in place and how these have been affected by the pandemic. Consistent with international guidance, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) uses direct measures of the volume of activity to estimate the volume of non-market output such as health and education. International comparisons should be made with care if the estimates being compared are based on different approaches to measuring the volume of non-market output.

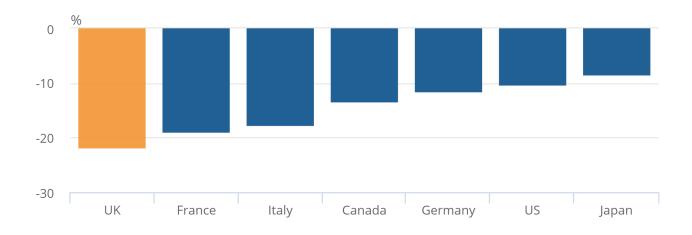
Given the difference in timings of the imposition of lockdown measures between countries, it is useful to consider the cumulative fall in GDP in the first half of this year. Figure 2 shows cumulative GDP growth in the first half of 2020 for all of the G7 economies. Despite revisions to the quarterly path of UK GDP in the first half of 2020 – a downward revision in Quarter 1 and an upward revision in Quarter 2 – the narrative on the UK's performance in the first six months of 2020 is broadly in line with what we previously estimated. Compared with the end of 2019, the UK fell by a cumulative 21.8% in the first six months of 2020.

Figure 2: UK GDP fell by a cumulative 21.8% in the first half of 2020

Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 2: UK GDP fell by a cumulative 21.8% in the first half of 2020

Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Notes:

- 1. Chart shows the percentage change in real GDP in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 compared with Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019.
- 2. Data as at 25 September 2020

% growth1

		Chaiı	ned volume r	neasures	Curre	ent market prices				
		GDP	Household expenditure	Gross fixed capital formation	GDP per head ³	GDP	Compensation of employees	GDP implied deflator		
Seasonally adjusted										
2018	3	1.3	1.3	0.4	0.6	3.5	4.1	2.2		
2019	9	1.3	0.8	1.5	0.7	3.4	4.6	2.1		
Q1 2	2018	0.1	0.4	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	1.1	0.4		
Q2 2	2018	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.6		
Q3 2	2018	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.8	0.6		
Q4 2	2018	0.2	0.6	-0.2	0.0	0.4	1.5	0.3		
Q1 2	2019	0.6	-0.2	2.0	0.4	1.3	0.2	0.7		
Q2 2	2019	0.0	0.5	-1.0	-0.1	0.5	1.8	0.5		
Q3 2	2019	0.3	0.0	1.4	0.2	0.9	1.0	0.6		
Q4 2	2019	0.1	-0.4	-1.7	0	0.4	0.9	0.2		
Q1 2	2020	-2.5	-3.0	-1.0	-2.7	-0.5	1.1	2.1		
Q2 2	2020	-19.8	-23.6	-21.6	-19.9	-14.5	-2.2	6.7		

Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes

- 1. Percentage change on previous period.
- 2. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 3. Population data are consistent with the 24 June 2020 published estimates.

4. Output

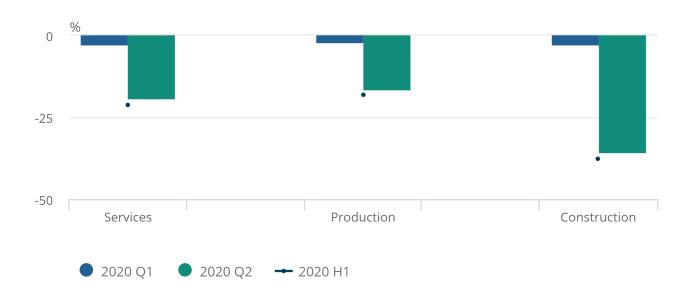
Today's estimates show that services output contracted by 19.2%, production output fell by 16.3%, while construction output decreased by 35.7% in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 (Figure 3). Despite some revisions to the lower-level components of the output measure of gross domestic product (GDP), the recent narrative remains similar, with record quarterly falls in services, production and construction output in Quarter 2 2020. There have also been revisions to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020, as GDP is now estimated to have contracted by 2.5% – a larger fall than previously estimated.

Figure 3: The decline in GDP in the second quarter reflects widespread falls in output across the services, production and construction sectors

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

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UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2020 Q1 and 2020 Q2 refer to quarter-on-quarter growth rates. 2020 H1 refers to growth between Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020. As a result, the 2020 H1 growth may not sum to 2020 Q1 plus 2020 Q2 growth rate.

Services

Services output decreased by 19.2% in Quarter 2 2020, an upward revision of 0.7 percentage points. This follows a fall of a revised 2.6% in the first quarter, downwardly revised from the previous estimate of a 2.3% fall. Overall, services output fell by a cumulative 21.3% in the first six months of this year.

The quarterly fall in Quarter 2 2020 reflects declines in the vast majority of industries, most notably accommodation and food services, wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles, human health and social work activities, and administrative and support service activities (Figure 4). These industries accounted for almost half of the total contraction in services output in the second guarter.

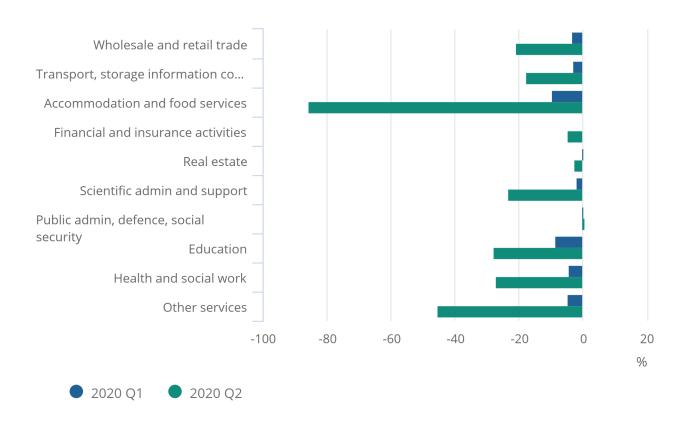
The decline largely reflects the 18.5% fall in April 2020 following the introduction of government restrictions at the end of March. Although there was some pickup in May and June, the levels of output were still well below the February level before the main impacts from the pandemic were felt. The monthly movements through the quarter are mirrored in the June IHS Markit UK Services PMI (PDF, 153KB), which notes the improvement in business conditions across the UK service sector in June compared with April, which experienced a survey record low because of "business closures, shutdowns among clients or shrinking sales due to a slump in non-essential spending". The weakness is also echoed in the Quarter 2 2020 Bank of England Agents' Summary of Business Conditions, which reported that spending on consumer services was significantly weaker than a year ago and noted the likely negative impact of social distancing measures on activity in the leisure and hospitality industries.

Figure 4: The fall in services output in the second quarter reflects declines in the vast majority of industries

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 4: The fall in services output in the second quarter reflects declines in the vast majority of industries

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. Chart shows percentage quarter-on-quarter growth rates.
- 3. Other services comprises of sections R, S and T of SIC (2007).

Output of accommodation and food services fell by a revised 85.7% in the second quarter. According to the Office for National Statistics (ONS) <u>Business Impact of Coronavirus (COVID-19) Survey</u>, 57% of businesses in the accommodation and food services sector reported their turnover had decreased by more than 50% compared with normal during the period from 6 April to 19 April 2020. Meanwhile, output of wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles fell 20.7%, driven by motor vehicles, which saw output fall by 62.4% in the second quarter because of a <u>fall in new car registrations</u>. The weakness in retail is reflected in footfall data in the <u>Faster indicators</u> publication, which shows that footfall in retail parks, shopping centres and high streets was on average 70% lower in Quarter 2 2020 compared with the same period a year ago.

Meanwhile, output of human health and social work activities fell by a slightly revised 27.1%, reflecting cancelled operations, falls in primary health care in the form of GP services and lower accident and emergency attendance. Education output fell by a revised 27.6% as a result of school closures throughout the lockdown period. The upward revision reflects improved alignment of education output estimates to the expenditure measure of education. For more information on health and education estimates in the second quarter of 2020, please refer to the Expenditure section of this release.

Production

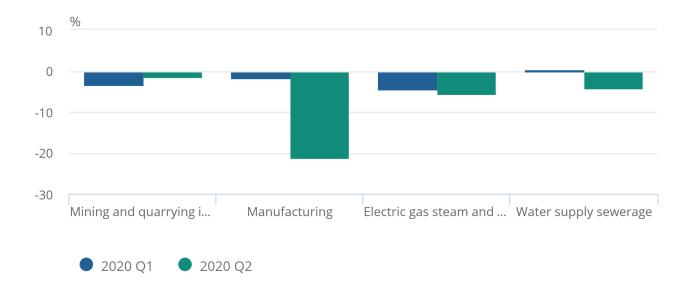
Production output fell by a revised 16.3% in Quarter 2 2020, marking the fifth consecutive quarterly decline. The fall was mainly the result of the 20.4% monthly decline in production output in April, which was driven by a fall in manufacturing output. The quarterly contraction in output reflects declines in all four production sub-industries (Figure 5). Output in the first quarter is now estimated to have fallen by 2.1%, a downward revision driven by manufacturing. Compared with the end of 2019, production output fell by a cumulative 18.1% in the first six months of 2020.

Figure 5: Production output fell by a revised 16.3% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting declines in all four production sub-industries

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

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UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. Chart shows percentage quarter-on-quarter growth rates.

Manufacturing output fell by a revised 21.1% in Quarter 2 2020, signalling its fifth consecutive quarterly contraction. External survey evidence also shows the decline in manufacturing output. The IHS Markit UK Manufacturing PMI index reached a record low in April, reflecting declines across the consumer, intermediate and investment goods sub-industries, which were linked to "the consequences of the COVID-19 outbreak, particularly regarding company closures, weak domestic and global demand and labour shortages (following job losses and staff furloughs)".

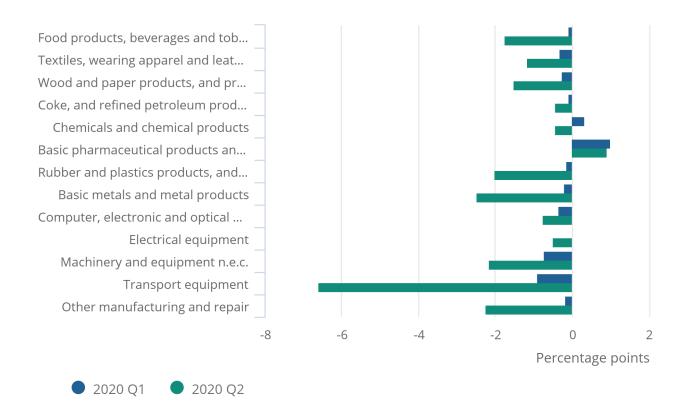
There were widespread falls in most manufacturing industries in Quarter 2 2020 (Figure 6). The most notable was the manufacture of transport equipment, which fell by 47.1% following widespread factory shutdowns during the lockdown period. According to data from the <u>Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders (SMMT)</u>, UK factories produced 381,357 cars in the first six months of 2020, the worst six-month performance since the first half of 1954. Additionally, the Quarter 2 2020 <u>Bank of England Agents' Summary of Business Conditions</u> noted that "widespread shutdowns caused manufacturing output to fall sharply" in the second quarter, highlighting severe economic disruption in the aerospace, automotive, heavy engineering and oil and gas industries.

Figure 6: Manufacturing output fell by a revised 21.1% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting widespread falls in most manufacturing sub-industries

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 6: Manufacturing output fell by a revised 21.1% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting widespread falls in most manufacturing sub-industries

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. Chart shows contribution to quarter-on-quarter manufacturing growth.
- 3. Components contributions may not sum to total because of rounding.

Mining and quarrying output fell by 1.5% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting coronavirus-related shutdowns as well as reduced demand for oil and gas. Output of electricity, gas, steam and air fell by 5.6% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting a fall in industrial demand for electricity caused by the temporary closures of businesses. Water supply and sewerage production fell by 4.2% as a result of a decline in industrial and commercial waste because of business closures in April and May.

Construction

Construction output fell by 35.7% in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, following a decline of 2.8% in the Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar). Altogether, the cumulative fall in construction output in the first six months of this year was 37.6%.

The fall in construction output in the second quarter reflects declines in both new work, and repair and maintenance. Most notably, private new housing declined by 49.5% as housebuilding activity was affected by various social distancing measures that were put in place in response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

The quarterly contraction was mainly driven by the 40.2% monthly decline in construction output in April, which was caused by record declines in all types of work. This is corroborated by the April IHS Markit UK Construction PMI (PDF, 156KB), which reported "a rapid downturn in overall construction output" following business closures in April. The Quarter 2 2020 Bank of England Agents' Summary of Business Conditions notes that construction output "is still significantly lower than a year ago due to weak private sector demand", highlighting the spillover effects this could have "on other sectors, such as companies that provide furnishings and fittings".

5. Expenditure

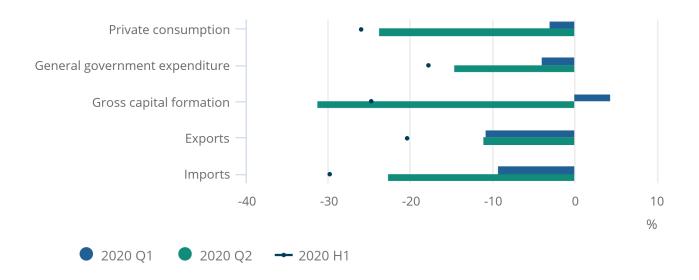
There have been large movements in all types of expenditure in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, most notably private consumption, which reflected the implementation of public health restrictions, the mandated closures of non-essential shops and forms of social distancing (Figure 7). This accounted for more than three-quarters of the fall in gross domestic product (GDP) in the second quarter.

Figure 7: There have been record contractions in private consumption, government consumption and gross capital formation, as well as large falls in gross trade flows in Quarter 2 2020

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 7: There have been record contractions in private consumption, government consumption and gross capital formation, as well as large falls in gross trade flows in Quarter 2 2020

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics – GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. 2020 Q1 and 2020 Q2 refer to quarter-on-quarter growth rates. 2020 H1 refers to growth between Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020. As a result, the 2020 H1 growth may not sum to 2020 Q1 plus 2020 Q2 growth rate.
- 3. Private consumption is household final consumption expenditure and non-profit institutions serving households.

Private consumption

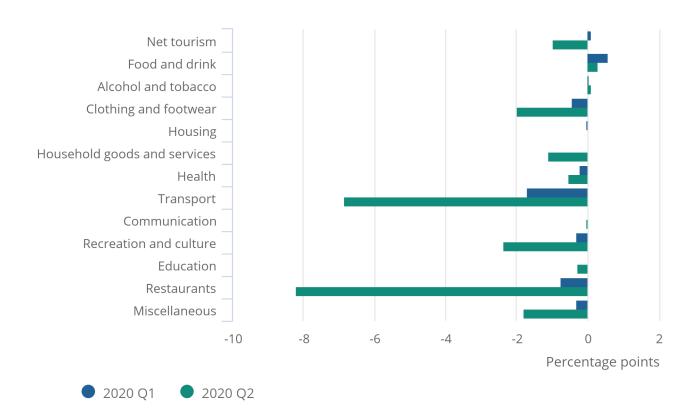
Household consumption fell by a revised 23.6% in Quarter 2 2020, which is the largest quarterly contraction on record. This is slightly weaker than the first estimate of a decline of 23.1%. Some types of household consumption are likely to be particularly affected while social distancing is in place, especially those types of spending that are more reliant on physical interaction with other people or those that relate to travel. The decline was driven by falls in spending on restaurants and hotels, transport, and recreation and culture (Figure 8).

Figure 8: The decline in household consumption in Quarter 2 2020 reflects falls in spending on restaurants and hotels, transport and recreation and culture

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 8: The decline in household consumption in Quarter 2 2020 reflects falls in spending on restaurants and hotels, transport and recreation and culture

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics – GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) and Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. Contributions represent contributions to overall household consumption growth.
- 3. Contributions may not sum exactly because of rounding.

Today's estimates include updated spending data on energy, alcohol and tobacco, cars and new data from the Retail Sales Index related to clothing, footwear, furniture and electricals. This release also incorporates data from the Living Costs and Food Survey. Official retail sales figures show a 9.5% fall in the volume of retail sales in the three months to June, with declines across all store types except food stores and non-store retailing. The volume of sales from food stores was 5.3% higher in June 2020 compared with February. Meanwhile, the proportion of online spending in June was 31.8%, slightly lower than the record 33.3% reported in May but considerably higher than the 20.0% reported in February.

The Quarter 2 2020 Bank of England Agents' Summary of Business Conditions states that "spending on consumer services and non-food goods was significantly weaker than a year ago, though online sales of some products were strong". The BRC Retail Sales Monitor shows that total sales returned to growth in June "as a result of lockdown measures being eased, and pent-up demand being released" though noting that the clothing, footwear, and health and beauty industries were still struggling. In other external survey evidence, the GfK Consumer Confidence index in April was only five points above the historic low seen in July 2008, though consumer confidence showed improvement in June.

The decline in transport spending is in line with <u>Department for Transport (DfT)</u> figures, which indicate lower than normal usage across motor vehicles, National Rail, the London Underground (Transport for London (TfL)) and bus travel in the second quarter. This is a direct impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on work-related spending, reflected in lower levels of spending on fuel and public transport.

Spending by non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH) declined by 25.3% in Quarter 2 2020. This fall in spending reflects the estimated net impact of reduced incomes of charities from sources such as fundraising events and charity shops and increases in income from grants provided by the government as part of coronavirus relief measures.

Consumption of government goods and services

The coronavirus pandemic and subsequent measures to reduce transmission of the virus had a significant impact on government consumption in the second quarter. In nominal terms, government expenditure increased by 15.6%, reflecting higher spending related to the coronavirus as well as planned increases in spending.

Meanwhile, the volume of government consumption fell by 14.6% in the second quarter, reflecting declines in health and education activity. Government healthcare consumption fell by a revised 30.4% in Quarter 2 2020. This largely reflects the postponement or cancellation of healthcare treatments as the NHS increased its critical care capacity in its response to dealing with the pandemic.

The volume of government education spending fell by a revised 24.5% in the second quarter. This was a result of school closures across the UK, with schools closed to all except for vulnerable pupils or those whose parents or guardians are critical workers. Teaching staff continued to support children learning at home, and our estimates take this into account. For more information on our methods please refer to Coronavirus and the impact on measures of UK government education output.

These contrasting movements in the nominal and volume measures caused a large increase in the implied deflator, or implied price change, for the consumption of government goods and services. This reflects direct volume indicators underpinning the measurement of some areas of non-market output, such as health and education.

Gross capital formation

Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) is estimated to have contracted by 21.6% in the second quarter of 2020, revised from the initial estimate of a 25.5% fall. Business investment made the largest contribution to the decline, which fell by 26.5% (Figure 9). This has been revised from the first estimate of a 31.4% fall. Excluding the effects of a reclassification in 2005, this is the largest quarterly fall in business investment on record. By comparison, business investment fell at most by 9.8% during the 2008 global economic downturn. Estimates are subject to more uncertainty than usual as a result of the challenges we faced in collecting data during the coronavirus pandemic.

Figure 9: Business investment fell by a revised 26.5% in Quarter 2 2020

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 9: Business investment fell by a revised 26.5% in Quarter 2 2020

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 2. Index is referenced to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019.

We received over 2,000 comments from businesses responding to the Quarterly Acquisitions and Disposals of Capital Assets Survey, which mentioned an adverse impact of the coronavirus pandemic. Of these comments, the most commonly cited impact was either a reduction or delay in investment. This finding is reinforced by responses to ONS' Business Impact of Coronavirus (COVID-19) Survey. The survey found that 42% of businesses continuing to trade during the period from 1 to 14 June 2020 said that capital expenditure had stopped or was lower than normal because of the coronavirus pandemic.

The Quarter 2 2020 <u>Decision Maker Panel</u> noted that the largest hits to investment are expected in "businesses providing highly consumer-facing services", which is "consistent with the sector expecting to experience the largest and most persistent impact on sales". Meanwhile, the Quarter 2 2020 <u>Bank of England Agents' Summary of Business Conditions</u> stated that companies have "mostly cancelled or postponed non-essential investment to preserve cash buffers" though some businesses have "redirected investment to finance social distancing measures and facilitate remote working".

Businesses also faced an elevated level of uncertainty, reflected in the UK's Economic <u>Policy Uncertainty Index</u>, which was on average five times higher in the second quarter compared with the same period a year ago. Indeed, the Quarter 2 2020 <u>Deloitte CFO Survey (PDF, 944KB)</u> stated that the coronavirus pandemic is a top risk facing businesses, adding that chief financial officers' (CFOs') assessment of external uncertainty "remains higher than at any point before the COVID-19 pandemic".

There was a record fall in private sector dwellings investment, and a fall in associated transfer costs in the second quarter. This reflects lower activity in construction and the property market during the lockdown period. Meanwhile, government investment increased by 19.3% in Quarter 2 2020, a notable upward revision from the previous estimate largely reflecting updated data from the central government on health, and, plant and machinery.

Alignment and balancing adjustments are typically applied to the inventories component to help balance the different approaches to GDP – more detail on these can be found in the <u>Quality and methodology section</u> of this bulletin. Therefore, the unadjusted data provide a better understanding of the change in the inventory position of businesses. Here, the underlying data show a substantial decrease of £2.1 billion in stocks being held by UK companies in Quarter 2 2020 (Table 2). This reflects a fall in the level of stocks held within the wholesale and retail trades as well as motor trades.

According to the June IHS Markit UK Manufacturing PMI (PDF, 169KB), "the current weak economic backdrop led to lower levels of raw material purchasing and further depletion of stocks of purchases and finished goods", adding that the pandemic was causing "substantial disruption to supply chains, leading to material shortages, vendor shutdowns and transportation issues."

Table 2: Change in inventories, including and excluding balancing and alignment adjustments UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2019 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

	Change in inventories			Change in inventories excluding alignment and balancing
2019 Q1 Current price	7521	1029	0	6492
Chained volume measure	7127	1015	0	6112
2019 Q2 Current price	1136	-278	0	1414
Chained volume measure	-2304	-275	0	-2029
2019 Q3 Current price	-5021	-2035	500	-3486
Chained volume measure	-6505	-1988	500	-5017
2019 Q4 Current price	2796	1284	0	1512
Chained volume measure	2253	1248	0	1005
2020 Q1 Current price	-545	2051	0	-2596
Chained volume measure	-579	1954	0	-2533
2020 Q2 Current price	-3083	-2186	0	-897
Chained volume measure	-4048	-1976	0	-2072

Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes

- 1. Data are in £ millions.
- 2. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

Net trade

The impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the global economy has led to large falls in gross trade flows in and out of the UK, reflecting a marked fall in global trade demand as well as how restrictions have disrupted international supply chains. The latest World Trade Monitor estimates that world trade fell by 12.3% in the second quarter of 2020. Additionally, data on shipping activity from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) Faster indicators publication show that average daily ship visits fell by 12% in the second quarter compared with the previous quarter.

The 22.7% decline in import volumes has been more pronounced than the 11.0% fall in export volumes (Figure 10). This partly reflects larger declines in imports of machinery and transport equipment – caused by road vehicles, and fuels – driven by oil, compared with exports of these goods. There have also been particularly volatile movements in non-monetary gold over this period.

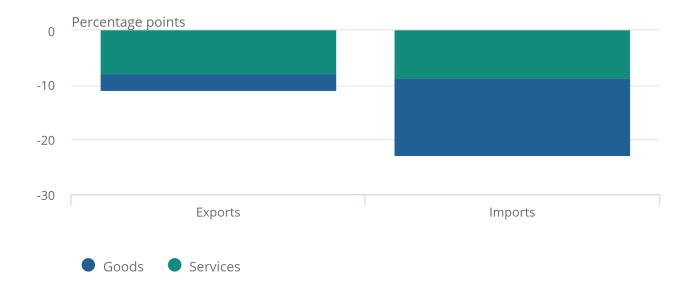
Today's estimates show that the UK posted a trade surplus of 3.6% of nominal GDP in Quarter 2 2020, compared with an initial estimate of 4.0%. However, it should be noted that this figure is inclusive of precious metals. When these are excluded, the UK had a trade surplus of 1.6% of nominal GDP in the second quarter. For more detailed analysis on Trade movements in Quarter 2 2020, please refer to the UK trade release.

Figure 10: There were large falls in gross trade flows in Quarter 2 2020, with a more pronounced decline in import volumes

UK, Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 10: There were large falls in gross trade flows in Quarter 2 2020, with a more pronounced decline in import volumes

UK, Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 2. Chart shows respective contributions from services and goods to fall in exports and imports in Quarter 2 2020.

The volume of goods exports fell by 6.0%, reflecting lower exports of cars, mechanical power generators, aircraft, works of art and jewellery. These declines were partially offset by an increase in exports of non-monetary gold. Meanwhile, the volume of goods imports fell by 20.1% in Quarter 2 2020, reflecting lower imports of cars, mechanical power generators, road vehicles other than cars, clothing and jewellery. Revisions to trade in goods estimates throughout the open period reflect revised data from HMRC, updated data on non-monetary gold as well as methodology changes introduced as part of Blue Book 2020.

Trade in services exports fell by 16.4% because of falls in travel, other business services, air transport and financial services. The decline in travel exports reflects falls in both business and personal travel, though exports of education-related travel – which includes university tuition fees – have not been affected as significantly.

Travel restrictions that have been implemented on a global scale have also significantly reduced the flow of tourists to and from the UK, which have been particularly marked on the UK imports of those services. Services imports fell by 28.7%, particularly those of travel services, air transport and other business services. Revisions to trade in services estimates throughout the open period reflect methodology changes for transport services introduced as part of Blue Book 2020, new data from the International trade in services (ITIS) survey as well as updated seasonal adjustment factors relating to travel.

External survey evidence points towards weakened exports activity in the second quarter. The June IHS Markit UK Manufacturing PMI (PDF, 169KB) stated that "new export business fell for the eighth straight month, reflecting low market confidence and the ongoing impact of COVID-19". According to the June CBI Industrial Trends Survey, export orders books in the manufacturing sector fell to an all-time low, reflecting a significant fall in external demand. Meanwhile, the Quarter 2 2020 Quarterly Economic Survey by the British Chambers of Commerce reported that thebalance of firms reportingincreased export saleswas "substantiallylower than the worst quarterofthe 2008-09 recession".

6. Income

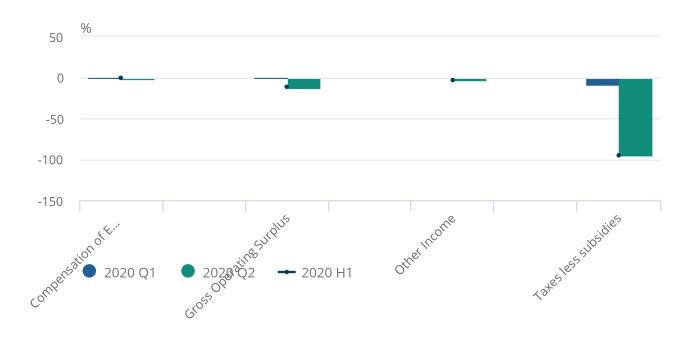
Nominal gross domestic product (GDP) fell by 14.5% in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, revised from the first estimate of a 15.4% contraction. This is the largest quarterly fall in nominal GDP on record. Taxes less subsidies fell by 95.2% in Quarter 2 2020, a downward revision from the first estimate of an 83.7% fall (Figure 11). This revision reflects updated data on Value Added Tax (VAT) receipts, the incorporation of actual data from HMRC relating to the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) as well as the inclusion of data on local government subsidies to small businesses that were not captured in the first estimate.

Figure 11: Nominal GDP fell by 14.5% in Quarter 2 2020, driven by a decline in taxes less subsidies

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 11: Nominal GDP fell by 14.5% in Quarter 2 2020, driven by a decline in taxes less subsidies

UK, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 2. 2020 Q1 and 2020 Q2 refer to quarter-on-quarter growth rates. 2020 H1 refers to growth between Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020. As a result, the 2020 H1 growth may not sum to 2020 Q1 plus 2020 Q2 growth rate.

The decline in taxes less subsidies in the second quarter reflects a decrease in tax revenue and an increase in subsidies. The increase in subsidies primarily relates to the CJRS and Self Employment Income Support Scheme (SEISS), the latter being primarily recorded in May 2020. There was also an increase in transport subsidies granted to rail and bus services in the second quarter.

Additionally, today's figures incorporate estimates of a local government subsidy providing financial support to small businesses affected by the coronavirus (COVID-19) that was not recorded in our first quarterly estimate. There was also a fall in revenue from VAT as well as from fuel, tobacco, stamp, and air passenger duties, partially offset by increases in beer, wine, spirits and gambling duties. The decline in VAT revenue reflects lower transactions and is not caused by the VAT payments deferral scheme. This is because transactions are recorded on an accrual basis within the national accounts, so for reporting purposes the transaction is registered at the point when it was adjudged to take place.

Compensation of employees (CoE) fell by an unrevised 2.2% in Quarter 2 2020, the largest quarterly fall since the 2008 economic downturn. Wages and salaries fell by a downwardly revised 2.7%, because of updated source information, reflecting the latest labour market data. Employers' social contributions fell by 0.1% in the second quarter, an upward revision resulting from updated National Insurance data.

The impact of the CJRS is one reason why the fall in wages and salaries has been less marked than other types of income. Gross operating surplus (GOS) of corporations fell by an upwardly revised 12.5%, as private non-financial corporations (PNFC) GOS is estimated to have fallen by 9.6% in the second quarter. Meanwhile, financial corporations' GOS fell by a downwardly revised 30.3%, the largest quarterly fall since Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2002. This follows a 13.3% increase in Quarter 1 2020, which, despite an increase in net spread earnings reflecting extreme market volatility and elevated trading volumes, was predominantly driven by the application of balancing adjustments (Table 7).

According to the Quarter 2 2020 EY UK profit warnings report (PDF, 1.314MB), UK companies issued 165 profit warnings in Quarter 2 2020, a 139% increase from the previous year. The report stated that 84% of profit warnings cited the impact of the coronavirus pandemic, adding that coronavirus stresses were spreading from "the lockdown-impacted sectors of the first quarter to sectors exposed to the knock-on impacts of changing corporate and consumer behaviour".

7. Revisions to GDP

In this UK National Accounts: The Blue Book 2020-consistent dataset, a number of methodological changes have been made and improved source data have been used, in addition to revisions caused by taking on updated source data as would happen in all quarterly national accounts releases.

The main methodological changes affecting this release relate to:

- · professional fees
- financial intermediation services indirectly measured
- chain-linking

Further details about the main changes affecting this release are available in <u>Impact of Blue Book 2020 changes</u> on current price and volume estimates of gross domestic product.

Quarterly GDP revisions

Table 3: Revisions to quarter-on-quarter growth for components of GDP Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2019 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

		Percentage					
		Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020
Average GDP in chained volume measures		-0.1	0.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.3	0.6
Output							
	Production	0.1	0.4	-0.2	0.1	-0.6	0.6
	Construction	0.0	0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-1.1	-0.7
	Services	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.7
Expenditure	.						
	Households	-0.4	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-0.5
	Non-profit institutions serving households	0.6	0.3	1.5	1.7	-1.6	-0.2
	General government	0.9	0.2	-0.8	0.1	0.2	-0.6
	Gross capital formation	-3.3	-0.5	-0.4	8.3	-8.6	6.2
	Total exports	-1.6	8.0	-0.8	-2.7	2.8	0.3
	Total imports	-2.9	1.0	-0.6	0.5	0.2	0.7
Average GD	P in current prices	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.3	0.7	0.9
Income							
	Compensation of employees	-0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	Gross operating surplus of corporations	0.3	-1.1	0.3	2.0	4.4	11.6
	Other income	-0.5	0.3	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6
	Taxes on products & production less subsidies	-0.5	2.5	-1.4	0.0	-0.8	-11.5

Source: Office for National Statistics – GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes

- 1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1(Jan to Mar) Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).
- 2. Revisions are between the GDP first quarterly estimate published 12 August 2019 and quarterly national accounts published 30 September 2020.

Quarter 1 2019

Gross domestic product (GDP) growth in volume terms is now estimated to be 0.6%, revised downwards by 0.1 percentage points from the previous estimate.

There have been downward revisions to the expenditure and income approaches to measuring GDP. The expenditure revisions are driven by revisions to gross capital formation (GCF) and household final consumption expenditure.

The revisions to the income approach to measuring GDP are mainly because of revisions to compensation of employees and taxes less subsidies.

These have been partially offset by an upward revision to the output approach, which now aligns with the average measure of GDP. The main drivers for the upward revision were production and agriculture.

Quarter 2 2019

It is now estimated that there was no growth in GDP in volume terms, which is an upward revision compared with a previously estimated fall of 0.1%.

There have been upward revisions to the output and income approaches to measuring GDP. The output revisions are mainly driven by revisions to production and services, while the income revisions are primarily a result of a revisions to taxes less subsidies.

The revision to production is largely because of revisions to electricity, gas and steam production as a result of improved source data. There are also revisions to manufacturing, particularly to the manufacture of transport equipment as a result of revised seasonal adjustment factors.

These have been partially offset by a downward revision to the expenditure approach, which have been driven by revisions to gross capital formation and net trade.

Quarter 3 2019

GDP growth in volume terms is now estimated to be 0.3%, revised downwards by 0.2 percentage points from the previous estimate.

There have been downward revisions to all three approaches to measuring GDP. The largest of those was to the expenditure approach and was a result of combined downward revisions to government expenditure, household expenditure, gross capital formation and net trade.

Quarter 4 2019

GDP growth in volume terms is now estimated to be 0.1%, revised upwards by 0.1 percentage points from the previous estimate. The revision is a result of upward revisions to the expenditure and income approaches to measuring GDP, the output approach remains unrevised.

In the expenditure and income approaches the revisions are mainly because of revisions to the alignment adjustment which is applied to the changes in inventories and to the gross operating surplus of private non-financial corporations respectively.

Quarter 1 2020

GDP growth in volume terms is now estimated to have fallen 2.5%, revised downwards by 0.3 percentage points from the previous estimate.

In the output approach to measuring GDP, which is the lead measure in the latest two quarters, there are downward revisions to services, production and construction.

The revision to services is largely a result of a revision to education because of improved alignment with government expenditure data. The revisions to production and construction are the result of updated survey data.

There is a notable upward revision to the GDP implied deflator in Quarter 1 2020. This is being driven by upward revisions to growth in the household expenditure, non-profit institutions, gross capital formation and net trade implied deflators.

Quarter 2 2020

GDP growth in volume terms is now estimated to have fallen 19.8%, revised upwards by 0.6 percentage points from the previous estimate.

In the output approach to measuring GDP the main driver of the revision is services as a result of a revision to education resulting from improved alignment with government expenditure data. There is also an upward revision to professional, scientific and technical activities as a result of improved source data.

In the income approach to measuring GDP, there has been a notable downward revision to the taxes less subsidies component as a result of a revised increase in subsidies granted. This is because of the incorporation of the Small Business Grant Fund into our estimates. This is offset within the gross operating surplus of private non-financial corporations component.

Revisions to gross national income

Gross national income (GNI) is defined as gross domestic product (GDP) plus net property income received from abroad.

Estimates of GNI form the basis for calculating part of the contributions to the European Union (EU) Budget by member states and the UK. There is a verification cycle in place in which member states provide Eurostat with an up-to-date inventory of the sources and methods used to calculate GNI and its components according to European System of Accounts (ESA) 2010.

Reservations refer to those points in which a member state has been notified that changes to the methodology underlying their estimates of GNI figures are needed to improve comparability, reliability and exhaustiveness in GNI figures. While the UK is no longer a member of the EU, the terms of the withdrawal agreement set out a need for GNI statistics to remain in line with EU guidance until budget payments for years in which the UK was a member of the EU and payments covering the transition period are settled. A number of improvements to address reservations on the UK accounts have been made in this release.

An <u>article</u> detailing indicative revisions to the Institutional Sector Accounts, including net property income, and revisions to Balance of Payments was published on 7 September 2020. The article provides the overall impact of the changes on UK GNI up to 2018 resulting from changes in Blue Book and Pink Book 2020.

Estimates of GNI can be found in Table A2 of the GDP – data tables.

Revisions caused by addressing GNI reservations are shown <u>here</u> under the headings of "professional fees", "FISIM" (financial intermediation services indirectly measured) and "GNI other".

8. How is the UK economy performing compared with other European and non-European countries?

Table 4: GDP international comparison Quarter on previous quarter % growth rates, chained volume measures, seasonally adjusted

	EU28	EA19	G7	France	Germany	Italy	UK	Canada	Japan	USA
Q2 2016	0.3	0.3	0.2	-0.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	-0.5	0.1	0.3
Q3 2016	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.2	0.5
Q4 2016	8.0	8.0	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.6
Q1 2017	0.8	0.7	8.0	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.6
Q2 2017	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.3	0.4
Q3 2017	0.8	8.0	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7
Q4 2017	0.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.0
Q1 2018	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.1	-0.2	0.0	0.1	0.5	-0.4	0.9
Q2 2018	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.7
Q3 2018	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	-0.3	-0.1	0.6	0.6	-0.8	0.5
Q4 2018	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3
Q1 2019	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.7
Q2 2019	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	-0.5	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.4	0.4
Q3 2019	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.6
Q4 2019	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.1	0.1	-1.8	0.6
Q1 2020	-3.3	-3.7	-2.0	-5.9	-2.0	-5.5	-2.5	-2.1	-0.6	-1.3
Q2 2020	-11.4	-11.8	-10.5	-13.8	-9.7	-12.8	-19.8	-11.5	-7.9	-9.1

Source: Office for National Statistics (UK) and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

Notes

- 1. .. denotes the data are unavailable
- 2. All series except G7 are in national currencies. G7 is in US dollars to allow additivity between countries with differing national currencies.

None of the countries included within this international comparison reported positive economic growth in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 or Quarter 2 (Apr to June). Prior to Quarters 1 and 2 of 2020, the last time all countries experienced negative economic growth was Quarter 1 2009.

The smallest decline seen over the latest quarter was in Japan, where a 7.9% fall in gross domestic product (GDP) was reported following a 0.6% fall in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020. EU (EU28) economies fell by 11.4% in Quarter 2 2020, which is the weakest growth since Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) records began (Quarter 1 1995).

The estimates quoted in this international comparison section are the latest available estimates at the time of preparation of this statistical bulletin and may subsequently have been revised. The data are gathered from the OECD's website excluding the data from the UK, which is compiled by Office for National Statistics (ONS).

<u>Section 3</u> includes more commentary on some the challenges around international comparisons of GDP in the current period.

9. Quarterly sector accounts

As announced in the article <u>Coronavirus and the effects on UK GDP</u>, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) has temporarily withdrawn the comprehensive Quarterly sector accounts (QSA) statistical bulletin with a brief overview now provided in this bulletin along with the release of a QSA headline bulletin.

The QSA and the associated statistical compendium <u>UK Economic Accounts</u> presents the net lending or borrowing of an institutional sector from both their financial and non-financial accounts as well as a number of important economic indicators, including the household sector's saving ratio. Definitions of these can be found in the QSA headline bulletin.

Figure 12 shows unprecedented sector movements in the non-financial accounts as the economic impacts of the global coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic intensified in the April to June 2020 period. The households net lending position increased markedly to 20.0% of GDP in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 from 3.0% in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020. The reasons for this are discussed in the context of the households' saving ratio in Figure 12.

General government net borrowing position increased to a record 22.6% of GDP in the latest quarter from 4.6% in Quarter 1 as the government's economic policy response to the coronavirus pandemic increased its support for businesses and individuals, including the extension of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) and the introduction of both the Self Employment Income Support Scheme (SEISS) and the Small Business Grant Fund.

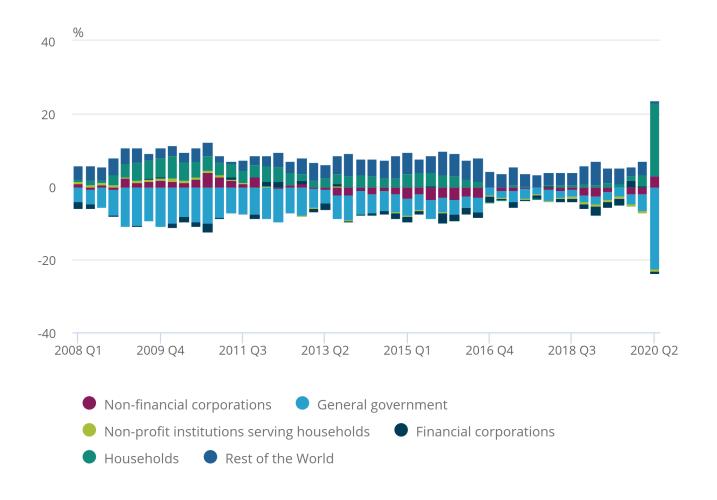
Private non-financial corporations returned to net lending (3.2% of GDP) in Quarter 2 as government support in the form of tax deferrals, subsidies and grants combined with reduced capital expenditure outpaced a reduction in gross operating surplus (GOS) across a number of service, manufacturing and construction industries.

Figure 12: UK net borrowing from the rest of the world decreased to 0.6% of GDP in the latest quarter

Net Lending (+) or borrowing (-) position as a percentage of GDP, non-financial account, seasonally adjusted, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 12: UK net borrowing from the rest of the world decreased to 0.6% of GDP in the latest quarter

Net Lending (+) or borrowing (-) position as a percentage of GDP, non-financial account, seasonally adjusted, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

1. Sum of net lending or borrowing positions may not sum to zero in later years because of unbalanced Supply and Use tables in the compilation of GDP.

Figure 13 shows that the households saving ratio increased to a record 29.1% in the latest quarter, compared with 9.6% in the previous quarter, as households reduced their consumption spending by a record £80.5 billion (negative 24.2%). This is over nine times greater than the previous largest quarterly fall in household spending of this type. The reduction in spending is driven by large falls in expenditure on restaurants and hotels, transport – particularly air transport and motor vehicles – and recreation and cultural services.

ONS research into personal and economic well-being during the pandemic has found that as lockdown continued, there were <u>trends of growing economic inequality</u>, as more low-income individuals were less likely to be able to save for the future compared with high-income individuals. This <u>trend continued after some easing of restrictions throughout May and June</u>.

Looking beyond Quarter 2, another measure of financial resilience – the ability to afford a necessary, one-off expense – worsened after June, and particularly so for those with a personal income of £10,000 to £20,000, who saw the largest rise in the number of people who could not afford this expense.

Additionally, people's expectations surrounding their own finances and the UK economy continued to worsen after Quarter 2, especially as more people expected it would take longer than a year for life to return to normal.

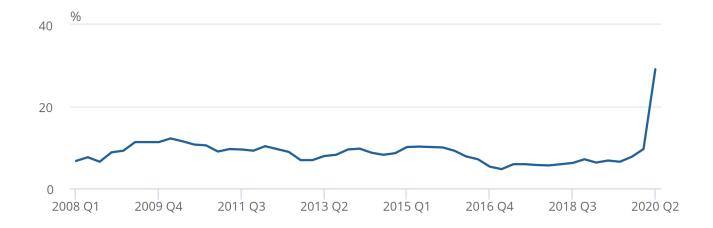
It is worth noting that these measures are sourced from the weekly Opinions and Lifestyle Survey and are therefore not directly comparable with the national accounts households savings ratio but provide useful context in understanding these figures.

Figure 13: The households saving ratio increased to 29.1%, compared with 9.6% in the previous quarter, as household expenditure fell by nearly a quarter

UK households saving ratio, quarterly, percentage, seasonally adjusted, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Figure 13: The households saving ratio increased to 29.1%, compared with 9.6% in the previous quarter, as household expenditure fell by nearly a quarter

UK households saving ratio, quarterly, percentage, seasonally adjusted, Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2008 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

The contrasting fortunes of the institutional sectors were mirrored in their financial accounts. Households increased their financial account net lending to £83.3 billion in the latest quarter as they increased their deposits and currency assets by £44.6 billion more than in the previous quarter in line with their reduced consumption expenditure. At the same time, the household sector reduced some of its financial debt as loan liabilities decreased. Quarter 1 2020 saw the first net loan repayment by the household sector since Quarter 1 2010, meaning that the value of existing loans paid off exceeded that of new loans issued.

General government increased their financial account net borrowing to £128.8 billion in the latest quarter as it financed its response to the coronavirus pandemic and fall in tax revenue by issuing an additional £152.4 billion of central government gilts. On 17 June, the Bank of England announced the purchase of these gilts as part of the extension of the Asset Purchase Facility (APF).

Private non-financial corporations increased their financial account net lending to £13.8 billion in the latest quarter as they increased their deposits and currency assets by a record £62.1 billion more than in the previous quarter. This was partly offset by increased liabilities of other accounts receivable and payable of £20.1 billion more than in the previous quarter as part of the accruals recording of Value Added Tax (VAT) in the sector accounts representing the coronavirus-related deferral of VAT payments scheme.

While it is assumed that all deferred tax owed will still be paid, this will be at a much later date. The receipts forecasts used for VAT in Quarter 2 2020, have been based on the latest Office for Budget Responsibility's (OBR's) Coronavirus Reference Scenario (published on 14 July 2020), adjusted to take account of the impacts of the deferral scheme.

Despite remaining net borrowers in the latest quarter, the financial corporations sector saw large transaction movements in both its assets and liabilities. As highlighted above, the Bank of England increased its assets of Central Government gilts as part of the APF reflected in the FINCOs sector boosting its assets by over £146 billion compared to its acquisition in the previous quarter. Financial corporations also increased their rest of the world share assets by £123.9 billion more than in the previous quarter, reversing the large reduction they saw in Quarter 1. Offsetting this, the sector saw drops in both net loans issued of £169.3 billion and net currency and deposits of £115.5bn compared with the previous quarter, as the "Dash for Cash" reported in Quarter 1 slowed.

Annex table

Significant government interventions affecting the non-financial account of the Sector Accounts in Quarter 2 2020:

- Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) was implemented by the government to support employers maintaining their employees on the payroll.
- Self-Employment Income Support Scheme (SEISS) is a grant scheme to support the self-employed with the intention of supporting their business operations and compensating for loss of income.
- Small Business Grant Fund and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund; two grants intended to help businesses with a fall in sales or increased costs as a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19).

The flow of these interventions through the UK's institutional sectors is shown in Table 5.

Table 5: Flow of interventions UK, Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Non- Financial Account	
Interventi	
Interventi	•

Transactions 2020 Q2

Account		Transaction	3 2020 G Z					
Intervention	I	Transaction	Central Government sector	Local Government sector	Private non- financial corporations sector	Households sector	Financial corporations	Notes:
	Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme	Subsidy on production (D.39 U)	28.5bn					Funded by central governmen borrowing
		Subsidy on production (D.39 R)			28.5bn			
		Wages and salaries (D.11 U)			28.5bn			Private non financial corporation Gross Operating Surplus neutral
		Wages and salaries (D.11 R)				28.5bn		HH Wages boosted
Intervention	I							
	Self- Employment Income Support Scheme		7.4bn					Funded by central governmen borrowing
		Subsidy on production (D.39 R)				7.4bn		
		Mixed income (B.3g)				7.4bn		Households mixed income boosted
Intervention	1							
	Small Business Grant Fund	Subsidy on production (D.39 U)		12.0bn				
		Subsidy on production (D.39 R)			12.0bn			
		Gross operating surplus (B.2g)			12.0bn			Private non financial corporation gross operating surplus boosted & contributor

contributor to increase deposits in FA (F22 A)

10. Links to related statistics

Release content

All data in this bulletin are seasonally adjusted estimates. Non-seasonally adjusted data are available within the UK Economic Accounts (UKEA). These data can be downloaded directly from the <u>UKEA dataset</u> and on the <u>UKEA main aggregates</u> dataset table. Data published in the UKEA reflect data as published on 30 September 2020 and are consistent with the data in this release.

A number of other economic indicators were published on 30 September 2020, these include:

- Business investment
- Balance of payments
- Consumer trends

Monthly GDP

On 11 September 2020, estimates of Monthly GDP were published for July 2020. The Index of Services, Index of Production and Construction output in Great Britain publications covering July 2020 are also available.

This release sees revisions to all time periods. Although this release focuses on providing the best quarterly estimate of GDP, an indicative monthly path for the Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) is provided in Table 6. A full breakdown of the monthly data consistent with this release will be available in the next monthly GDP release (on 9 October 2020).

Table 6: Indicative path of monthly GDP UK, January to June 2020

	January 2020	February 2020	March 2020	April 2020	•	
GDP	0.1	-0.3	-7.3	-19.5	2.7	9.1
Services	0.1	-0.3	-7.9	-17.8	1.8	8.2
Production	-0.1	0.4	-4.6	-19.6	5.7	9.8
Construction	0.2	-1.3	-5.5	-41.2	9.1	21.8
Agriculture	-0.4	-0.8	-1.8	-6.0	8.0	3.2

Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes

- 1. Table shows month-on-month percentage change.
- 2. This is an indicative monthly path for 2020 Q1 and 2020 Q2.
- 3. A full breakdown of the monthly data consistent with this release will be available in the next monthly release (9 October 2020).

11. Quality and methodology

More quality and methodology information on strengths, limitations, appropriate uses, and how the data were created is available in the <u>Gross domestic product (GDP) QMI</u>.

The national accounts are drawn together using data from many different sources. This ensures that the national accounts are comprehensive and provide different perspectives on the economy, for example, sales by retailers and purchases by households.

Important quality information

There are common pitfalls in interpreting data series, and these include:

- expectations of accuracy and reliability in early estimates are often too high
- revisions are an inevitable consequence of the trade-off between timeliness and accuracy
- · early estimates are based on incomplete data

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of "errors" in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical "error".

Many different approaches can be used to summarise revisions; the "Accuracy and reliability" section in the QMI analyses the mean average revision and the mean absolute revision for GDP estimates over data publication iterations.

Reaching the GDP balance

The different data content and quality of the three approaches – the output approach, the expenditure approach and the income approach – dictates the approach taken in balancing quarterly data. In the UK, there are more data available on output in the short-term than in either of the other two approaches. However, to obtain the best estimate of GDP (the published figure), the estimates from all three approaches are balanced to produce an average, except in the latest two quarters where the output data takes the lead because of its larger data content.

Information on the methods we use for <u>Balancing the output</u>, <u>income and expenditure approaches to measuring GDP</u> is available.

Alignment adjustments, found in Table M of the <u>quarterly national accounts data tables</u> in this release, have a target limit of plus or minus £2,000 million on any quarter. However, in periods where the data sources are particularly difficult to balance, larger alignment adjustments are sometimes needed.

To achieve a balanced GDP dataset through alignment, balancing adjustments are applied to the components of GDP where required. They are applied to the individual components where data content is particularly weak in a given quarter because of a higher level of forecast content.

The balancing adjustments applied in this quarter are shown in Table 7 the resulting series should be considered accordingly.

Table 7: Balancing adjustments applied to the GDP quarterly national accounts dataset for Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2019 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

GDP measurement approach and component adjustment applied to		Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020
Expenditure							
Trade in Services (exports)	Current prices					1000	
	Chained volume measure					1000	
Trade in Services (imports)	Current prices					-500	
	Chained volume measure					-500	
Change in inventories	Current prices			500			
	Chained volume measure			500			
Gross fixed capital formation	Current prices			500			
	Chained volume measure			500			
Income							
Financial corporations GOS	Current prices					2500	
Private non-financial corporations GOS	Current prices	1000		1000	500		

Source: Office for National Statistics – GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes

- 1. Adjustments are in £ million.
- 2. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

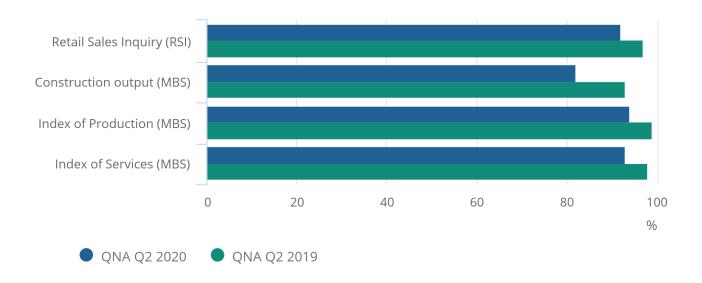
Coronavirus (COVID-19) impact on response rates

Figure 14: Response rates for surveys feeding into the output approach to GDP

Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 and Quarter 2 2019

Figure 14: Response rates for surveys feeding into the output approach to GDP

Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 and Quarter 2 2019



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

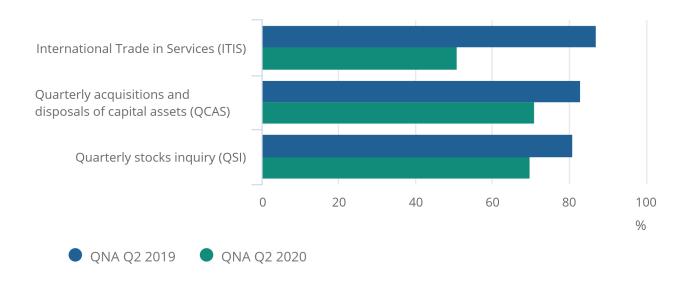
- 1. QNA refers to GDP quarterly national accounts. Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 2. Chart shows Monthly Business Survey (MBS) and Retail Sales Index (RSI) turnover response rates.
- 3. For MBS and RSI, an average of the Jan, Feb and Mar response rates have been taken to produce the Quarter 1 response rate.
- 4. Response rate for all months, both questionnaire and turnover, can be found in <u>Index of Production</u>, <u>Index of Services</u>, <u>Construction</u>, and <u>Retail Sales inquiry</u>.

Figure 15: Response rates for surveys feeding into the expenditure approach to GDP

Quarter 2 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2019

Figure 15: Response rates for surveys feeding into the expenditure approach to GDP

Quarter 2 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2019



Source: Office for National Statistics – GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

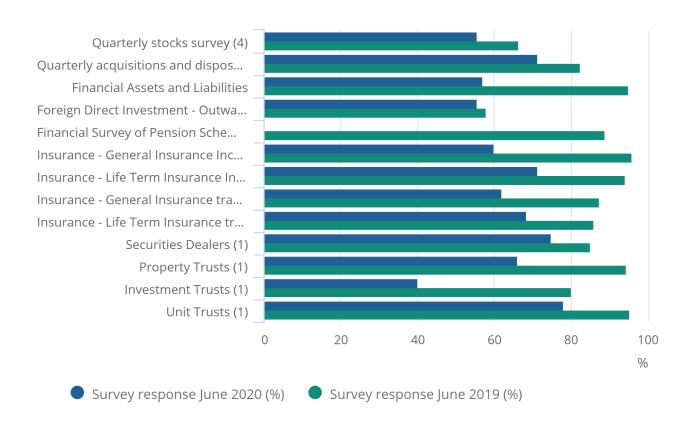
- 1. QNA refers to GDP quarterly national accounts.
- 2. Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June).
- 3. Chart shows questionnaire response rates.

Figure 16: Survey response rates for Quarterly sector accounts

Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 and Quarter 2 2019

Figure 16: Survey response rates for Quarterly sector accounts

Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 and Quarter 2 2019



Source: Office for National Statistics - GDP quarterly national accounts

Notes:

- 1. Part of the Other Financial Intermediaries sector.
- 2. Part of the Insurance and Pensions sector.
- 3. Latest data for this survey are always forecast. March 2019 value = 2019 Q2 the date at which this survey was launched.
- 4. Quarter 1 provisional.

Figure 14, Figure 15 and Figure 16 highlight a decline in response rates for surveys that feed into the GDP quarterly national accounts and Quarterly sector accounts estimates for Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020. We have undertaken a significant amount of work to ensure that the effect on the quality of our estimates are mitigated as much as possible.

This includes focusing resources on main respondents and industries, methodology reviews including but not limited to seasonal adjustment, forecast and imputation, and the use of additional sources of data (in quality assurance). More information on the measures taken can be found in Section 6 of Coronavirus and the effects on UK GDP.

More information on Monthly Business Survey response rates by industry is available.

A	

	Value indices at	ndices at current prices Chained volume indices						mplied deflators	3
	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross national disposable income at market prices	Market sector gross value added	Gross national expenditure	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices
2016 2017 2018 2019	YBEU 93.1 96.6 100.0 103.4	YBEX 93.0 96.5 100.0 103.5	YBEZ 97.1 98.8 100.0 101.3	CGCE 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.4	YBFP 96.1 98.7 100.0 100.8	L48H 95.9 98.3 100.0 101.2	YBFV 95.8 98.0 100.0 102.1	YBGB 95.9 97.8 100.0 102.1	CGBV 95.9 97.8 100.0 102.1
Seasonally a	djusted								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	95.6 96.0 96.6 98.1	95.5 96.0 96.5 98.1	98.3 98.5 99.0 99.3	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3	98.0 97.4 99.2 100.4	97.5 98.0 98.6 99.1	97.4 97.6 98.0 98.9	97.3 97.4 97.7 98.8	97.4 97.5 97.5 98.8
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	98.6 99.5 100.7 101.2	98.8 99.3 100.7 101.2	99.4 99.8 100.4 100.5	99.3 99.7 100.3 100.7	98.8 100.0 100.5 100.7	99.2 99.8 100.4 100.6	99.5 99.7 100.4 100.4	99.2 99.8 100.4 100.6	99.5 99.6 100.4 100.5
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	102.4 103.0 103.9 104.3	102.6 102.8 104.0 104.6	101.1 101.1 101.4 101.5	101.2 101.2 101.5 101.7	101.1 100.8 99.8 101.5	101.2 101.1 101.4 101.2	101.3 102.0 102.9 102.3	101.3 101.9 102.5 102.7	101.4 101.6 102.5 102.9
2020 Q1 Q2	103.8 88.8	104.8 90.3	99.0 79.4	99.1 79.5	98.0 78.0	98.7 76.6	104.5 112.5	104.9 111.9	105.7 113.6
Percentage of	change, latest year	on previous yea	ar						
2016 2017 2018 2019	IHYM 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4	KGL6 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	IHYP 1.7 1.7 1.3 1.3	KGM7 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4	KH6X 1.7 2.8 1.3 0.8	L489 2.0 2.5 1.7 1.2	KH7D 2.1 2.3 2.1 2.1	IHYS 2.2 1.9 2.2 2.1	KGM4 2.1 2.0 2.2 2.1
Percentage of	change, latest quar	ter on previous	quarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5	KGL8 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	IHYQ 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4	KGM9 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	KH6Z 0.2 -0.6 1.8 1.2	0.6 0.5 0.7 0.5	KH7E 0.8 0.2 0.5 0.9	IHYT 0.5 0.1 0.3 1.1	KGM5 0.5 0.1 – 1.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.5 1.0 1.2 0.4	0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4	0.1 0.4 0.6 0.2	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	-1.5 1.2 0.5 0.2	0.6 0.6 0.2	0.5 0.2 0.7	0.4 0.6 0.6 0.3	0.6 0.1 0.8 0.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.3 0.5 0.9 0.4	1.4 0.2 1.2 0.6	0.6 - 0.3 0.1	0.5 - 0.3 0.2	0.4 -0.2 -1.0 1.6	0.6 -0.1 0.3 -0.2	0.9 0.7 0.9 -0.6	0.7 0.5 0.6 0.2	0.9 0.2 0.8 0.4
2020 Q1 Q2	-0.5 -14.5	0.2 -13.9	-2.5 -19.8	-2.5 -19.8	-3.4 -20.4	-2.4 -22.4	2.2 7.7	2.1 6.7	2.8 7.4
Percentage of	change, latest quar	ter on correspo	nding quarter o	f previous year	•				
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.4 3.6	KGM2 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	IHYR 1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6	KGN3 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KH73 3.3 2.3 2.9 2.6	L48D 2.6 2.4 2.7 2.3	KH7F 3.0 1.9 2.0 2.4	IHYU 2.6 1.6 1.5 2.0	KGM6 2.9 1.7 1.3 2.0
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.1 3.7 4.2 3.1	3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1	1.1 1.2 1.4 1.2	1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4	0.8 2.6 1.3 0.3	1.7 1.9 1.8 1.5	2.1 2.2 2.4 1.5	1.9 2.4 2.8 1.9	2.1 2.2 2.9 1.7
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.9 3.4 3.1 3.1	3.8 3.5 3.2 3.4	1.7 1.3 1.0 1.0	1.9 1.5 1.2 1.0	2.3 0.8 -0.6 0.7	2.1 1.3 1.0 0.6	1.8 2.3 2.5 1.8	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1	1.9 2.0 2.1 2.3
2020 Q1 Q2	1.4 -13.7	2.1 -12.2	-2.1 -21.5	-2.1 -21.5	-3.0 -22.7	-2.5 -24.2	3.1 10.3	3.5 9.8	4.3 11.8

¹ Estimates cannot be regarded as accurate to the last digit shown.
2 The growth rates are calculated from the £m series and due to the rounded nature of the index series the growth rates cannot be replicated.
3 Based on the sum of expenditure components of GDP at current prices and in chained volume terms.

A2 National accounts aggregates¹

		С	urrent prices			Chained	Volume Measure	es (Reference year	r 2018)
	Gross national income at market prices	Net income from abroad ²	Gross domestic product at market prices	less Basic price adjust- ment ³	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross domestic product at market prices	less Basic price adjust- ment ³	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross value added excluding oil & gas ⁴
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABMZ 1 946 283 2 043 145 2 113 914 2 177 049	CAES -48 429 -25 612 -27 878 -37 313	YBHA 1 994 712 2 068 757 2 141 792 2 214 362	NTAP 217 346 224 747 231 545 237 266	ABML 1 777 366 1 844 010 1 910 247 1 977 096	ABMI 2 079 113 2 115 296 2 141 792 2 168 798	NTAO 226 545 230 401 231 545 231 978	ABMM 1 852 573 1 884 900 1 910 247 1 936 820	KLS2 1 835 835 1 867 970 1 892 165 1 918 892
Seasonally a	djusted								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	507 177 504 667 511 871 519 430	-4 908 -9 286 -5 611 -5 807	512 085 513 953 517 482 525 237	55 824 55 454 56 767 56 702	456 261 458 499 460 715 468 535	526 081 527 622 529 856 531 737	57 699 57 440 57 515 57 747	468 385 470 183 472 342 473 990	464 175 465 932 468 010 469 853
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	521 283 527 202 533 212 532 217	-6 586 -5 764 -6 075 -9 453	527 869 532 966 539 287 541 670	55 986 58 788 58 194 58 577	471 883 474 178 481 093 483 093	532 104 534 140 537 326 538 222	57 735 58 141 58 130 57 539	474 368 475 999 479 196 480 684	470 043 471 476 474 503 476 143
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	542 185 543 611 543 230 548 023	-6 256 -7 667 -12 996 -10 394	548 441 551 278 556 226 558 417	58 421 60 277 59 571 58 997	490 020 491 001 496 655 499 420	541 188 541 091 542 854 543 665	57 877 57 887 58 096 58 118	483 311 483 204 484 758 485 547	478 810 478 754 480 228 481 100
2020 Q1 Q2	540 982 464 971	-14 888 -10 548	555 870 475 519	55 357 44 385	500 513 431 134	529 950 424 962	56 603 45 495	473 347 379 467	469 057 375 117
Percentage c	hange,latest year on	previous yea	ar						
2016 2017 2018 2019	KH74 3.8 5.0 3.5 3.0		IHYM 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4		KGL6 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	IHYP 1.7 1.7 1.3 1.3		KGM7 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4	KLH8 1.6 1.8 1.3 1.4
Percentage c	hange, latest quarter	on previous	quarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KH75 1.7 -0.5 1.4 1.5		IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5		KGL8 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	IHYQ 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4		KGM9 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 1.1 1.1 -0.2		0.5 1.0 1.2 0.4		0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4	0.1 0.4 0.6 0.2		0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	0.3 0.6 0.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.9 0.3 -0.1 0.9		1.3 0.5 0.9 0.4		1.4 0.2 1.2 0.6	0.6 - 0.3 0.1		0.5 - 0.3 0.2	0.6 - 0.3 0.2
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.3 -14.1		-0.5 -14.5		0.2 -13.9	-2.5 -19.8		-2.5 -19.8	-2.5 -20.0
Percentage c	hange, latest quarter	r on correspo		of previous y		IHYR		KCNS	KI HO
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KH76 6.8 4.5 4.5 4.1		IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.4 3.6		KGM2 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6		KGN3 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KLH9 1.7 1.7 2.0 1.7
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.8 4.5 4.2 2.5		3.1 3.7 4.2 3.1		3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1	1.1 1.2 1.4 1.2		1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4	1.3 1.2 1.4 1.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	4.0 3.1 1.9 3.0		3.9 3.4 3.1 3.1		3.8 3.5 3.2 3.4	1.7 1.3 1.0 1.0		1.9 1.5 1.2 1.0	1.9 1.5 1.2 1.0
2020 Q1 Q2	-0.2 -14.5		1.4 -13.7		2.1 -12.2	-2.1 -21.5		-2.1 -21.5	-2.0 -21.6

Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.
 Includes employment, entrepreneurial and property income.
 Taxes on products less subsidies.
 Calculated by using gross value added at basic prices minus extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas

2018 = 100

			1				Service industries					2010 = 100		
	Agri- culture, forestry, and fishing	Mining & quarrying inc oil & gas extract	Manu- facturing	Electric, gas, steam & air	Water supply, sewerage	Total	Constr- uction	Distri- bution, hotels & restaura- nts	Transport storage and commu- nications	Business services and finance	Govern- ment and other services	Total	Gross value added ⁴	Gross value added excluding oil & gas
2018 Weights ³	6	11	101	14	13	139	64	134	106	332	218	790	1000	991
2016 2017 2018 2019	L2KL 97.2 103.4 100.0 106.3	L2KR 94.3 95.0 100.0 99.2	L2KX 96.6 98.9 100.0 98.3	L2MW 103.3 101.2 100.0 101.0	L2N2 99.2 101.5 100.0 99.8	L2KQ 97.3 99.1 100.0 98.8	L2N8 94.2 100.0 100.0 101.8	L2PZ 95.5 97.3 100.0 102.5	KI8M 93.8 96.7 100.0 105.1	KI8O 97.9 98.9 100.0 100.5	KI8Q 98.7 99.4 100.0 101.7	L2NC 97.1 98.5 100.0 101.8	CGCE 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.4	KLH7 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.4
Seasonally adju	sted													
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	101.9 103.5 104.2 104.0	94.6 95.5 96.7 93.2	98.1 98.2 98.9 100.2	100.0 100.3 102.4 102.1	103.7 99.2 100.9 102.0	98.6 98.3 99.2 100.1	99.1 99.7 100.0 101.0	96.4 97.2 97.9 97.7	95.3 96.5 97.0 98.0	98.7 98.8 99.0 99.2	98.8 99.4 99.6 99.8	97.9 98.3 98.7 98.9	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	99.6 99.1 99.8 101.5	96.1 100.2 103.6 100.1	100.4 100.3 100.2 99.1	103.8 98.3 99.6 98.3	99.9 100.1 100.7 99.4	100.4 100.1 100.4 99.1	98.7 99.9 100.9 100.5	98.0 99.7 100.9 101.3	97.8 99.0 100.6 102.5	99.8 99.6 100.1 100.5	99.8 99.7 100.0 100.5	99.2 99.6 100.3 100.9	99.3 99.7 100.3 100.7	99.4 99.7 100.3 100.7
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	103.4 105.2 107.7 108.8	100.0 98.5 100.0 98.2	100.5 98.2 97.6 96.9	98.9 102.2 99.9 103.1	98.7 100.0 100.5 100.1	100.2 98.8 98.3 98.0	102.2 101.9 102.2 101.0	102.2 102.5 102.7 102.5	104.4 105.2 105.4 105.3	100.2 100.2 100.9 100.9	100.9 101.3 101.9 102.5	101.3 101.6 102.1 102.2	101.2 101.2 101.5 101.7	101.2 101.2 101.5 101.7
2020 Q1 Q2	107.1 100.7	94.9 93.5	95.2 75.0	98.4 92.9	100.4 96.2	96.0 80.3	98.1 63.0	97.7 64.2	102.5 84.5	100.4 89.3	98.0 74.8	99.6 80.4	99.1 79.5	99.2 79.3
Percentage char	nge, latest	year on pr	evious yea	ar										
2016 2017 2018 2019	L3BB -5.9 6.3 -3.3 6.3	L3BH -2.3 0.7 5.3 -0.8	L3BN 0.3 2.3 1.1 -1.7	L3DM 3.6 -2.1 -1.2 1.0	L3DQ 6.3 2.3 -1.4 -0.2	L3BG 1.1 1.8 0.9 -1.2	L3DW 4.1 6.1 - 1.8	L3GP 3.1 1.8 2.8 2.5	KI8L 2.4 3.1 3.4 5.1	KI8N 2.4 1.0 1.1 0.5	KI8P -0.8 0.7 0.6 1.7	L3E2 1.6 1.4 1.6 1.8	KGM7 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4	KLH8 1.6 1.8 1.3 1.4
Percentage char	nge, latest	quarter or	previous	quarter										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.3 1.5 0.7 –0.2	1.7 0.9 1.3 –3.6	0.9 0.1 0.7 1.3	-3.9 0.3 2.1 -0.2	3.0 -4.3 1.7 1.1	0.6 -0.3 1.0 0.9	3.2 0.5 0.4 1.0	-0.6 0.7 0.8 -0.3	0.3 1.2 0.6 1.0	0.4 0.1 0.3 0.2	0.3 0.5 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.5 0.4 0.2	KGM9 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-4.2 -0.5 0.7 1.8	3.1 4.3 3.3 -3.3	0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -1.1	1.6 -5.2 1.3 -1.2	-2.1 0.2 0.6 -1.2	0.3 -0.3 0.3 -1.3	-2.3 1.3 0.9 -0.3	0.3 1.8 1.2 0.4	-0.2 1.3 1.6 1.9	0.6 -0.1 0.4 0.4	0.1 -0.1 0.4 0.4	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.6	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	0.3 0.6 0.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.8 1.8 2.3 1.1	-0.1 -1.6 1.6 -1.8	1.4 -2.3 -0.6 -0.7	0.6 3.3 -2.2 3.2	-0.7 1.4 0.4 -0.4	1.0 -1.4 -0.5 -0.4	1.6 -0.2 0.2 -1.2	0.8 0.3 0.2 -0.1	1.8 0.8 0.2 –0.1	-0.3 - 0.7 0.1	0.4 0.4 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.2	0.5 - 0.3 0.2	0.6 - 0.3 0.2
2020 Q1 Q2	−1.6 −5.9	−3.3 −1.5	−1.8 −21.1	-4.6 -5.6	0.3 -4.2	-2.1 -16.3	-2.8 -35.7	-4.7 -34.3	-2.7 -17.5	-0.5 -11.0	-4.4 -23.7	-2.6 -19.2	-2.5 -19.8	-2.5 -20.0
Percentage char	nge, latest	quarter or	correspo	nding qua	rter of prev	ious ye	ear							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	L3ZZ 5.0 7.4 7.5 5.4	L427 4.9 1.1 -2.9 0.1	L42D 2.8 0.9 2.6 3.0	L44C -0.3 -5.6 -0.4 -1.8	L44G 6.4 -0.1 1.6 1.4	L426 2.9 0.1 1.9 2.2	L44M 7.6 6.0 5.7 5.2	L47F 1.9 2.2 2.6 0.7	KII2 2.4 3.8 3.0 3.2	KIH9 1.2 1.0 0.9 1.0	KIH8 -0.5 0.9 1.2 1.2	L44Q 1.0 1.6 1.6 1.3	KGN3 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KLH9 1.7 1.7 2.0 1.7
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-2.3 -4.2 -4.2 -2.3	1.5 5.0 7.1 7.4	2.3 2.2 1.3 –1.1	3.8 -2.0 -2.7 -3.7	-3.7 0.8 -0.3 -2.6	1.8 1.8 1.2 –1.0	-0.5 0.2 0.8 -0.5	1.6 2.7 3.0 3.7	2.6 2.6 3.7 4.6	1.1 0.9 1.1 1.3	1.0 0.3 0.5 0.7	1.4 1.3 1.6 2.0	1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4	1.3 1.2 1.4 1.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.8 6.2 7.9 7.2	4.1 -1.7 -3.4 -1.9	0.1 -2.1 -2.6 -2.2	-4.7 3.9 0.3 4.9	-1.2 -0.2 0.7	-0.2 -1.3 -2.1 -1.2	3.6 2.0 1.3 0.4	4.3 2.7 1.7 1.2	6.7 6.3 4.8 2.7	0.5 0.5 0.8 0.4	1.1 1.7 1.9 2.1	2.1 2.0 1.8 1.3	1.9 1.5 1.2 1.0	1.9 1.5 1.2 1.0
2020 Q1 Q2	3.6 -4.3	-5.1 -5.0	-5.3 -23.6	-0.5 -9.1	1.7 -3.8	-4.2 -18.7	-4.0 -38.2	-4.4 -37.3	-1.8 -19.6	0.1 -10.9	-2.8 -26.2	-1.7 -20.8	-2.1 -21.5	-2.0 -21.6

Estimates cannot be regarded as accurate to the last digit shown.
 Components of output are valued at basic prices, which excludes taxes and includes subsidies on products.
 Weights may not sum to the total due to rounding.

⁴ This is a balanced index of UK GVA taking into account data from the Income and Expenditure approaches. Thus it will not necessarily be the weighted sum of the industrial indices.

	Service industries										
	Wholesale and retail trade	Transport storage and commu- nications	Accommodation & food services	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate	Professional scientific admin & support	Public admin, defence, social security	Education	Health and social work	Other services ⁴	Total services
2018 Weights ³	104	106	29	68	135	130	49	57	75	37	790
2016 2017 2018 2019	L2NE 95.1 97.0 100.0 102.5	KI8M 93.8 96.7 100.0 105.1	L2NQ 97.1 98.6 100.0 102.4	L2O6 100.6 100.9 100.0 97.1	L2OC 101.7 100.7 100.0 100.6	L2OH 92.7 96.1 100.0 102.3	L2P8 99.3 99.3 100.0 102.0	L2PA 99.3 99.8 100.0 103.1	L2PC 98.3 99.4 100.0 101.0	L2Q5 97.7 98.8 100.0 100.5	L2NC 97.1 98.5 100.0 101.8
Seasonally adjus											
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	95.8 96.7 97.6 97.6	95.3 96.5 97.0 98.0	98.8 98.8 99.1 97.8	101.5 101.6 100.8 99.7	101.1 101.1 100.4 100.3	94.7 95.0 96.8 97.8	98.9 99.4 99.4 99.7	99.9 99.6 99.9 99.8	98.8 99.4 99.5 99.7	97.1 99.0 99.5 99.8	97.9 98.3 98.7 98.9
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	97.9 99.8 101.1 101.2	97.8 99.0 100.6 102.5	98.4 99.6 100.3 101.6	100.7 100.2 99.9 99.3	100.3 99.6 99.9 100.3	98.8 99.4 100.4 101.4	99.5 99.4 100.6 100.5	99.8 99.8 99.6 100.9	100.2 99.5 99.9 100.3	99.4 100.4 100.2 99.9	99.2 99.6 100.3 100.9
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	102.1 102.5 102.8 102.6	104.4 105.2 105.4 105.3	102.5 102.3 102.2 102.5	97.7 96.6 97.5 96.7	100.4 100.6 100.6 100.8	101.4 101.7 102.9 103.2	101.5 101.8 102.0 102.9	101.9 102.8 103.3 104.3	100.4 100.7 101.4 101.5	99.6 99.9 100.9 101.5	101.3 101.6 102.1 102.2
2020 Q1 Q2	99.2 78.6	102.5 84.5	92.7 13.2	96.7 92.3	101.3 98.6	101.3 78.1	103.1 103.7	95.5 69.1	97.2 70.8	96.9 53.2	99.6 80.4
Percentage chan	ige, latest year	on previou	s year								
2016 2017 2018 2019	L3E4 3.5 1.9 3.1 2.5	KI8L 2.4 3.1 3.4 5.1	L3EG 1.2 1.6 1.4 2.4	L3EU 4.3 0.3 -0.9 -2.9	L3F2 1.5 -1.0 -0.7 0.6	L3F7 2.3 3.7 4.1 2.3	L3FW -2.1 - 0.7 2.0	L3FY -1.3 0.5 0.2 3.1	L3G2 1.4 1.0 0.6 1.0	L3GT -2.6 1.2 1.2 0.5	L3E2 1.6 1.4 1.6 1.8
Percentage chan	ıge, latest quar	ter on previ	ious quarter								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-1.1 1.0 0.9 -	0.3 1.2 0.6 1.0	1.3 - 0.3 -1.2	-0.2 0.1 -0.8 -1.1	0.3 -0.1 -0.6 -0.1	1.0 0.3 1.8 1.1	-0.1 0.5 - 0.3	0.9 -0.3 0.2 -	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.2	0.3 1.9 0.6 0.3	0.2 0.5 0.4 0.2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.2 2.0 1.3 0.1	-0.2 1.3 1.6 1.9	0.6 1.2 0.7 1.3	1.0 -0.5 -0.3 -0.6	-0.7 0.3 0.4	0.9 0.7 1.0 1.0	-0.1 -0.2 1.2	-0.1 - -0.1 1.2	0.5 -0.8 0.5 0.4	-0.4 1.0 -0.3 -0.2	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.6
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.8 0.4 0.2 -0.2	1.8 0.8 0.2 -0.1	0.9 -0.3 - 0.3	-1.6 -1.1 1.0 -0.8	0.1 0.2 - 0.2	- 0.3 1.2 0.3	1.0 0.3 0.1 0.9	1.0 0.9 0.5 1.0	0.3 0.7 0.1	-0.3 0.2 1.0 0.6	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.2
2020 Q1 Q2	-3.3 -20.7	-2.7 -17.5	-9.6 -85.7	_ -4.6	0.4 -2.6	-1.8 -23.0	0.2 0.6	-8.4 -27.6	-4.2 -27.1	-4.5 -45.1	-2.6 -19.2
Percentage chan	ige, latest quar	ter on corre	esponding quarte	er of the pre	vious year						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	L44S 1.9 2.2 2.7 0.8	KII2 2.4 3.8 3.0 3.2	L456 1.7 2.1 2.2 0.3	L45K 2.6 2.4 -1.8 -2.0	L45Q -1.1 -1.3 -0.9 -0.5	L45V 3.1 2.9 4.5 4.3	L46M -1.4 0.2 0.6 0.7	L46O -0.4 0.5 1.2 0.8	L46Q 0.5 1.3 1.3	L47J -1.8 1.5 2.0 3.1	L44Q 1.0 1.6 1.6 1.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.2 3.1 3.5 3.7	2.6 2.6 3.7 4.6	-0.4 0.9 1.3 3.9	-0.8 -1.4 -0.9 -0.4	-0.8 -1.5 -0.6	4.2 4.6 3.8 3.6	0.7 - 1.2 0.8	-0.1 0.1 -0.2 1.0	1.4 0.1 0.4 0.6	2.5 1.5 0.7 0.1	1.4 1.3 1.6 2.0
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	4.3 2.7 1.7 1.3	6.7 6.3 4.8 2.7	4.2 2.6 1.9 0.8	-3.0 -3.6 -2.4 -2.6	0.1 1.0 0.7 0.6	2.7 2.2 2.4 1.8	2.0 2.5 1.4 2.3	2.1 3.1 3.7 3.4	0.1 1.2 1.5 1.1	0.2 -0.6 0.7 1.5	2.1 2.0 1.8 1.3
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.9 -23.3	-1.8 -19.6	-9.6 -87.0	-1.0 -4.4	0.9 -1.9	-0.1 -23.2	1.5 1.8	-6.2 -32.7	-3.2 -29.6	-2.8 -46.7	-1.7 -20.8

¹ Estimates cannot be regarded as accurate to the last digit shown.

² Components of output are valued at basic prices, which excludes taxes and includes subsidies on products.

³ Weights may not sum to the total due to rounding.4 Comprising sections R, S and T of SIC(2007).

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,		Natio	onal expend	diture on g	oods and	services a	at market p	rices							
	Final consu	umption ex	penditure		Gross	capital fo	rmation							Statisti-	
	Househol-	Non-prof- it instit- utions ²	General governme- nt	fixed			Of which alignment adjustme- nt		Total	Total exports	Gross final expen- diture	less Total imports		cal discre- pancy	Gross domestic product at market prices
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABJQ 1 248 091 1 287 278 1 335 216 1 364 462	HAYE 44 859 47 118 50 475 52 415	NMRP 381 987 387 284 398 421 423 121		NPEK 207 350 216 188 214 848 223 967	CAEX 2 772 3 478 -756 6 432	_ _ _	1 155 2 674	2 098 646 2 167 279	563 248 622 868 661 601	ABMF 2 594 073 2 721 514 2 828 880 2 936 270	652 757 687 088	-25 487	_	YBHA 1 994 712 2 068 757 2 141 792 2 214 362
Seasona	ılly adjusted	l													
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	319 195 320 449 322 363 325 271	11 182 11 570 11 942 12 424	96 523 96 007 96 870 97 884	90 700 92 977 93 258 95 398	53 416 54 028 54 059 54 685	3 389 644 –861 306	-1 407 -1 735	-385 293 391 856	521 940	152 883 154 426 157 773 157 786	673 487 676 366 681 736 689 925	162 413 164 254	-8 519 -7 987 -6 481 -6 902		512 085 513 953 517 482 525 237
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	330 075 332 763 335 092 337 286	12 436 12 557 12 685 12 797	98 357 98 807 100 053 101 204	94 461 94 867 95 729 96 192	54 484 53 783 53 010 53 571	-2 629 -1 219 -918 4 010	162 –813	493 1 217 965 –1	538 992 543 606	161 059 162 516 168 094 169 932	694 252 701 508 711 700 721 420	168 542 172 413	-5 324 -6 026 -4 319 -9 818	- - - -	527 869 532 966 539 287 541 670
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		12 806 13 026 13 215 13 368	103 543 103 796 106 459 109 323	99 228 99 694 100 670 99 878	54 672 56 112 56 630 56 553	7 521 1 136 –5 021 2 796	1 029 -278 -2 035 1 284	10 859 919 567 –12 798	559 737 558 885	166 642 168 189 175 978 180 014	739 120 727 926 734 863 734 361	176 235 179 461	-22 528 -8 046 -3 483 3 555	-1 509 -413 824 515	548 441 551 278 556 226 558 417
2020 Q1 Q2	332 884 252 383	13 424 13 216	109 097 126 085	99 157 79 079	56 516 41 958	-545 -3 083		1 110 -9 318		160 750 140 114	715 877 598 476		493 16 923	250 234	555 870 475 519
Percenta	ige change,	latest yea	ar on previ	ous year											
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGY7 5.1 3.1 3.7 2.2	KGZ8 -3.0 5.0 7.1 3.8	KH2C 2.0 1.4 2.9 6.2	KG6O 6.8 5.4 2.4 4.8	KG6N 8.1 4.3 -0.6 4.2				KGX3 4.3 3.3 3.3 3.6	7.6 10.6 6.2	KGV7 5.0 4.9 3.9 3.8	KH3H 8.7 8.9 5.3 5.0			IHYM 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4
Percenta	ige change,	latest qu	arter on pr	evious qu	uarter										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY8 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.9	KGZ9 -0.3 3.5 3.2 4.0	KH2D 0.4 -0.5 0.9 1.0	KG6W 0.9 2.5 0.3 2.3	KG6V 3.2 1.1 0.1 1.2				KGX4 1.4 0.3 0.4 1.6	0.6 1.0 2.2	KGV8 1.2 0.4 0.8 1.2	KH3I 2.1 0.6 1.1 0.3			IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.5 0.8 0.7 0.7	0.1 1.0 1.0 0.9	0.5 0.5 1.3 1.2	-1.0 0.4 0.9 0.5	-0.4 -1.3 -1.4 1.1				0.2 1.1 0.9 1.4	0.9 3.4	0.6 1.0 1.5 1.4	1.0 1.3 2.3 4.3			0.5 1.0 1.2 0.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.8 0.5 -0.4	0.1 1.7 1.5 1.2	2.3 0.2 2.6 2.7	3.2 0.5 1.0 –0.8	2.1 2.6 0.9 -0.1				3.8 -2.2 -0.2 -0.8	0.9 4.6	2.5 -1.5 1.0 -0.1	5.2 -6.8 1.8 -1.7			1.3 0.5 0.9 0.4
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.6 -24.2	0.4 -1.5	-0.2 15.6	-0.7 -20.2	-0.1 -25.8				0.1 -17.4		-2.5 -16.4	-9.2 -23.1			−0.5 −14.5
Percenta	ige change,	latest qu	arter on co	orrespond	ling quart	er of prev	vious year								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY9 4.3 3.5 2.4 2.4	KH22 -2.0 3.8 7.7 10.8	KH2E 1.7 0.9 1.1 1.8	KG76 5.7 6.2 3.7 6.1	KG75 5.3 3.7 2.4 5.7				KGX5 4.4 3.8 1.5 3.7	16.0 11.2	KGV9 6.8 5.4 3.8 3.7	KH3J 14.8 12.3 5.3 4.2			IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.4 3.6
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		11.2 8.5 6.2 3.0	1.9 2.9 3.3 3.4	4.1 2.0 2.6 0.8	2.0 -0.5 -1.9 -2.0				2.4 3.3 3.7 3.6	5.2 6.5	3.1 3.7 4.4 4.6	3.1 3.8 5.0 9.1			3.1 3.7 4.2 3.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.4	3.0 3.7 4.2 4.5	5.3 5.0 6.4 8.0	5.0 5.1 5.2 3.8	0.3 4.3 6.8 5.6				7.4 3.8 2.8 0.5	3.5 4.7	6.5 3.8 3.3 1.8	13.7 4.6 4.1 –1.8			3.9 3.4 3.1 3.1
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.7 -26.0	4.8 1.5	5.4 21.5	-0.1 -20.7	3.4 -25.2				-3.0 -18.1		-3.1 -17.8	-15.3 -30.1			1.4 -13.7

investment in the UK' bulletin.
4 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

 ¹ Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.
 2 Non-profit institutions serving households.
 3 A further breakdown of business investment can be found in the 'Business of the balance is calculated by using exports of goods and services minus im-

ports of goods and services.

		Nati	ional expen	diture on g	goods and	services a	at market p	rices				•	telerence	year 20	18, £ million
	Final cons	umption e	xpenditure		Gross	capital fo	rmation								
	Househol-	Non-prof- it instit- utions ²	governme-	fixed	investme-		adjustme-	Acquisit- ions less disposals of valuables ⁵	Total	Total exports	Gross final expen- diture	less Total imports		pancy	Gross domestic product at market prices
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABJR 1 305 040 1 318 430 1 335 216 1 346 185	HAYO 45 888 47 785 50 475 51 529	NMRY 393 019 395 894 398 421 414 759	379 787 381 249	220 409	CAFU 8 838 13 486 -756 571	DMUM - - - -	1 889 2 674	2 141 976 2 167 279	609 198 642 143 661 601	ABMG 2 730 956 2 784 209 2 828 880 2 879 024	668 897 687 088	-25 487	-	ABMI 2 079 113 2 115 296 2 141 792 2 168 798
Seasona	ally adjusted	I													
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	329 593	11 425 11 774 12 053 12 533	98 541 98 791 99 166 99 396		55 070	6 267 3 903 2 011 1 305	1 999 -1 442 -1 772 1 215	-445 622 328 1 384	535 033 534 518	157 530 159 876 163 791 160 946	692 149 694 952 698 249 698 859	167 339 168 415	-8 521 -7 463 -4 624 -6 146	- - - -	526 081 527 622 529 856 531 737
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	334 326	12 548 12 533 12 637 12 757	99 149 98 940 99 446 100 886	95 205 95 556		-2 719 -792 -2 087 4 842	-965 166 -806 1 605	498 1 198 684 294	541 411	165 261 162 644 166 934 166 762	701 287 703 293 708 329 715 971	169 145 171 007	-3 903 -6 501 -4 073 -11 010	- - - -	532 104 534 140 537 326 538 222
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	337 276	12 815 12 703 12 953 13 058	102 272 104 300 103 723 104 464	96 262 97 620	54 053 54 768	7 127 -2 304 -6 505 2 253	1 015 -275 -1 988 1 248	9 963 553 -1 891 -9 714	548 712 543 176	167 185 164 180 172 849 175 770	732 283 712 892 716 025 717 824	171 396 173 975	-22 421 -7 216 -1 126 1 110	-1 489 -405 804 501	541 188 541 091 542 854 543 665
2020 Q1 Q2		12 481 9 323	100 390 85 728		54 368 39 936	-579 -4 048	1 954 -1 976	-2 050 -7 034		157 031 139 805	688 285 547 264		-1 542 17 294	238 209	529 950 424 962
Percenta	age change,	latest ye	ar on prev	ious year											
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGZ5 3.7 1.0 1.3 0.8	KH26 -3.3 4.1 5.6 2.1	1.0 0.7	4.4 2.8	5.5 1.5 –2.5				KGX9 2.1 1.0 1.2 1.5	2.7 5.4 3.0	KGW5 2.2 1.9 1.6 1.8	KH3N 3.9 2.6 2.7 3.3			IHYP 1.7 1.7 1.3 1.3
Percenta	age change,	latest qu	arter on p	revious q	uarter										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.3	KH27 0.1 3.1 2.4 4.0	KH2J 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.2	0.6 1.9 –0.1	2.3 0.4 -0.3				KGY2 0.6 0.1 –0.1 0.6	0.3 1.5 2.4	KGW6 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.1	KH3O 0.8 0.8 0.6 -0.8			IHYQ 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.5	0.1 -0.1 0.8 0.9	-0.2 -0.2 0.5 1.4	0.1 0.4	−1.2 −1.4				-0.3 0.9 0.1 1.4	-1.6 2.6	0.3 0.3 0.7 1.1	1.2 - 1.1 4.0			0.1 0.4 0.6 0.2
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	_	0.5 -0.9 2.0 0.8		-1.0 1.4	0.5 1.3				2.9 -2.9 -1.0 -0.2	-1.8 5.3	2.3 -2.6 0.4 0.3	6.7 -9.6 1.5 0.4			0.6 - 0.3 0.1
2020 Q1 Q2		-4.4 -25.3	-3.9 -14.6						-2.0 -23.3		-4.1 -20.5	-9.2 -22.7			-2.5 -19.8
Percenta	age change,	latest qu	arter on co	orrespond	ding quart	er of prev	ious year								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.0 0.6	KH28 -2.8 3.2 6.6 9.8	0.4 0.7 0.9	2.5 3.5 1.2	2.3 1.3 0.1				KGY3 1.4 1.8 –0.5 1.3	5.7 3.8 9.9	KGW7 2.3 2.3 1.7 1.5	KH3P 3.7 4.3 1.2 1.5			IHYR 1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.2 1.4	9.8 6.4 4.8 1.8	0.6 0.2 0.3 1.5	0.1 0.6	-2.3 -3.4				0.3 1.1 1.3 2.1	1.7 1.9	1.3 1.2 1.4 2.4	1.9 1.1 1.5 6.4			1.1 1.2 1.4 1.2
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.3 0.9	2.1 1.4 2.5 2.4	3.1 5.4 4.3 3.5	2.2	0.2 2.9				5.4 1.5 0.3 –1.3	0.9 3.5	4.4 1.4 1.1 0.3	12.1 1.3 1.7 –1.8			1.7 1.3 1.0 1.0
2020 Q1 Q2		-2.6 -26.6							-6.0 -25.7		-6.0 -23.2	-16.4 -28.5			-2.1 -21.5

investment in the UK' bulletin.

⁴ Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

¹ Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as ac- 5 Acquisitions less disposals of valuables can be a volatile series due to the incurate to this degree.

2 Non-profit institutions serving households.

3 A further breakdown of business investment can be found in the 'Business 6 Trade balance is calculated by using exports of goods and services minus im-

ports of goods and services.

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		Compensation of employees		Gro	ss operating	surplus of	corporation	ns			Taxes on		
	Wages and Salaries	Employers social contribut- ions	Total	Private non-finan- cial corporati- ons ²		Financial corporati- ons	Public corporati- ons	Total ³	Other income ⁴	Gross value added at factor cost	products & production less subsidies	Statistic- al discrepan- cy (income)	Gross domestic product at market prices
2016 2017 2018 2019	DTWL 802 008 830 494 866 970 897 541	181 274	DTWM 966 821 1 006 970 1 048 244 1 096 110	CAER 354 390 374 140 388 598 395 799	DMUQ - - - -	NHCZ 54 557 53 452 54 706 53 118	CAEQ 17 780 16 746 11 065 11 352	444 338	366 151 380 590	CGCB 1 752 621 1 817 459 1 883 203 1 949 747	CMVL 242 091 251 298 258 589 263 705	GIXQ - - 910	YBHA 1 994 712 2 068 757 2 141 792 2 214 362
Seasonall	y adjusted												
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	204 410 206 497 208 644 210 943	44 011 44 210 44 636 43 619	248 421 250 707 253 280 254 562	93 868 91 283 91 994 96 995	354 625 –811 –168	12 847 13 581 12 721 14 303	4 401 4 311	111 110 109 265 109 026 114 937	90 941 91 545 91 496 92 169	450 472 451 517 453 802 461 668	61 613 62 436 63 680 63 569	- - - -	512 085 513 953 517 482 525 237
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	213 817 214 969 217 806 220 378	43 478 44 300 46 070 47 426	257 295 259 269 263 876 267 804	98 263 95 935 99 298 95 102	1 498 -397 736 -1 837	14 148 14 494 12 686 13 378	2 831 2 715	115 211 113 260 114 699 111 199	92 808 94 667 95 761 97 354	465 314 467 196 474 336 476 357	62 555 65 770 64 951 65 313	- - - -	527 869 532 966 539 287 541 670
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	221 009 223 737 225 419 227 376	47 391 49 398 50 580 51 200	268 400 273 135 275 999 278 576	98 477 96 534 101 106 99 682	-1 481 -634 885 1 230	13 934 12 483 12 728 13 973	2 902 2 925	115 053 111 919 116 759 116 538	98 600 98 310 97 784 98 674	482 053 483 364 490 542 493 788	64 837 67 267 66 085 65 516	1 551 647 -401 -887	548 441 551 278 556 226 558 417
2020 Q1 Q2	229 274 223 115	52 497 52 443	281 771 275 558	98 962 89 456	1 852 2 151	15 833 11 034		117 678 102 917	97 823 94 718	497 272 473 193	59 359 2 848	-761 -522	555 870 475 519
Percentag	je change, lat	est year on	previous	year									
2016 2017 2018 2019	CWNH 3.6 3.6 4.4 3.5	CWNE 6.2 7.1 2.7 9.5	KGI3 4.0 4.2 4.1 4.6	KH59 1.7 5.6 3.9 1.9		KH5L 13.5 -2.0 2.3 -2.9	KH53 2.2 -5.8 -33.9 2.6	KH4V 3.1 4.1 2.3 1.3	KH6T 4.9 2.0 3.9 3.4	KH6N 4.0 3.7 3.6 3.5	KH65 3.6 3.8 2.9 2.0		IHYM 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4
Percentag	je change, lat	est quarter	on previo	us quarter									
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	CWNI 0.7 1.0 1.0 1.1	CWNF 3.2 0.5 1.0 –2.3	KGI4 1.2 0.9 1.0 0.5	KH5A 1.1 -2.8 0.8 5.4		KH5M 8.4 5.7 -6.3 12.4	KH54 -1.1 0.1 -2.0 -15.6	KH4W 1.8 -1.7 -0.2 5.4	KH6U 0.1 0.7 -0.1 0.7	KH6O 1.1 0.2 0.5 1.7	KH66 - 1.3 2.0 -0.2		IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.4 0.5 1.3 1.2	-0.3 1.9 4.0 2.9	1.1 0.8 1.8 1.5	1.3 -2.4 3.5 -4.2		-1.1 2.4 -12.5 5.5	-23.1 1.1 -4.1 0.1	0.2 -1.7 1.3 -3.1	0.7 2.0 1.2 1.7	0.8 0.4 1.5 0.4	-1.6 5.1 -1.2 0.6		0.5 1.0 1.2 0.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.3 1.2 0.8 0.9	-0.1 4.2 2.4 1.2	0.2 1.8 1.0 0.9	3.5 -2.0 4.7 -1.4		4.2 -10.4 2.0 9.8	-2.8 9.8 0.8 -1.4	3.5 -2.7 4.3 -0.2	1.3 -0.3 -0.5 0.9	1.2 0.3 1.5 0.7	-0.7 3.7 -1.8 -0.9		1.3 0.5 0.9 0.4
2020 Q1 Q2	0.8 -2.7	2.5 -0.1	1.1 -2.2	-0.7 -9.6		13.3 -30.3	_ -15.8	1.0 -12.5	-0.9 -3.2	0.7 -4.8	-9.4 -95.2		−0.5 −14.5
Percentag	je change, lat	est quarter	on corres	ponding qu	arter of pre	vious year							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	CWNJ 3.7 3.2 3.3 4.0	CWNG 12.2 7.6 6.7 2.2	KGI5 5.1 4.0 3.9 3.7	KH5B 8.2 4.4 5.4 4.4		KH5N -8.4 -3.8 -12.7 20.7	KH55 -0.7 -1.8 -2.6 -18.2	KH4X 5.6 3.1 2.6 5.3	KH6V 3.1 1.8 1.5 1.5	KH6P 4.8 3.3 3.1 3.6	KH67 2.6 3.9 5.5 3.2		IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.4 3.6
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	4.6 4.1 4.4 4.5	-1.2 0.2 3.2 8.7	3.6 3.4 4.2 5.2	4.7 5.1 7.9 –2.0		10.1 6.7 -0.3 -6.5	-36.3 -35.7 -37.0 -25.3	3.7 3.7 5.2 –3.3	2.1 3.4 4.7 5.6	3.3 3.5 4.5 3.2	1.5 5.3 2.0 2.7		3.1 3.7 4.2 3.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.4 4.1 3.5 3.2	9.0 11.5 9.8 8.0	4.3 5.3 4.6 4.0	0.2 0.6 1.8 4.8		-1.5 -13.9 0.3 4.4	-5.6 2.5 7.7 6.0	-0.1 -1.2 1.8 4.8	6.2 3.8 2.1 1.4	3.6 3.5 3.4 3.7	3.6 2.3 1.7 0.3		3.9 3.4 3.1 3.1
2020 Q1 Q2	3.7 -0.3	10.8 6.2	5.0 0.9	0.5 -7.3		13.6 –11.6	9.1 -16.4	2.3 -8.0	-0.8 -3.7	3.2 -2.1	-8.4 -95.8		1.4 -13.7

¹ Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.
2 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.
3 Includes the operating surplus of financial corporations, private non-financial corporations and public corporations.
4 Includes mixed income and the operating surplus of the non-corporate sector.

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								UK [OOMES	LIC ₃					
	Total	Net tourism	Total	&	&	Clothing & footwear		Household goods & services	Health	Transport	Commu- nication	Recreation & culture	Education	Restau- rants & hotels	Miscell- aneous
COICOP1	-	-	0	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABJQ 1 248 091 1 287 278 1 335 216 1 364 462	14 640 16 416	ZAKV 1 233 355 1 272 638 1 318 800 1 347 298	104 927	ZAKX 40 424 42 223 44 350 43 549	65 923 67 160	ZAVN 332 882 333 737 340 229 347 235	54 301 59 027 61 016	ZAWB 22 182 23 742 24 528 25 377	ZAWL 166 472 171 126 182 917 186 612	ZAWV 21 531 22 406 22 334 21 928		29 278 30 889	ZAXR 119 507 126 914 129 392 133 877	157 186 165 825
Seasonally	/ adjusted														
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	319 195 320 449 322 363 325 271	3 387 3 597 3 998 3 658	315 808 316 852 318 365 321 613	24 784 25 148 25 344 25 733	10 535 10 596	16 446 16 447 16 523 16 507	83 166 83 126 83 651 83 794	14 335 14 713 14 937 15 042	5 873 5 987 5 953 5 929	43 281 41 737 42 376 43 732	5 485 5 600 5 674 5 647	34 389 34 681 35 156 35 841	7 266 7 278 7 323 7 411	31 355 31 831 32 021 31 707	39 092 39 769 38 811 39 514
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	330 075 332 763 335 092 337 286	3 754 4 255 4 331 4 076	326 321 328 508 330 761 333 210	25 960 26 111 26 296 26 560	10 812 11 207 11 203 11 128	16 519 16 637 16 838 17 166	84 908 84 395 85 143 85 783	15 057 15 138 15 545 15 276	5 975 6 111 6 206 6 236	45 265 45 817 45 557 46 278	5 652 5 566 5 555 5 561	36 233 36 450 36 303 36 247	7 550 7 669 7 782 7 888	31 883 32 191 32 298 33 020	40 507 41 216 42 035 42 067
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	338 521 341 166 342 995 341 780	4 316 4 445 5 179 3 224	334 205 336 721 337 816 338 556	26 639 26 798 26 986 27 069	10 995 10 839 10 868 10 847	17 797 18 207 18 557 18 292	85 703 87 392 86 888 87 252	15 153 15 246 15 001 14 829	6 340 6 334 6 335 6 368	46 103 46 556 46 514 47 439	5 518 5 515 5 469 5 426	36 795 37 102 37 405 37 626	7 983 8 090 8 205 8 323	33 117 33 329 33 850 33 581	42 062 41 313 41 738 41 504
2020 Q1 Q2	332 884 252 383	3 633 275	329 251 252 108	29 085 30 330	11 118 11 731	16 848 10 199	87 470 87 511	14 722 11 100	5 692 3 892	42 665 17 830	5 523 5 492	36 758 28 979	8 443 8 337	31 042 3 321	39 885 33 386
Percentage	e change, la	test yea	r on previo	us year											
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGY7 5.1 3.1 3.7 2.2		KG6U 4.6 3.2 3.6 2.2	KG9N 5.9 4.4 3.9 2.4	KGF3 -0.8 4.5 5.0 -1.8	KGF9 3.7 2.0 1.9 8.5	KGG7 4.5 0.3 1.9 2.1	KGH5 5.0 8.7 3.4 –1.3	KGI6 6.4 7.0 3.3 3.5	KGJ4 4.6 2.8 6.9 2.0	KGK2 4.9 4.1 –0.3 –1.8	KGK8 5.3 6.3 3.7 2.5	KGB2 10.6 2.3 5.5 5.5	KGC6 4.0 6.2 2.0 3.5	KGE2 4.8 1.9 5.5 0.5
Percentage	e change, la	test qua	rter on pre	vious qu	arter										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY8 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.9		KG74 0.6 0.3 0.5 1.0	KG9R 0.8 1.5 0.8 1.5	KGF4 1.4 1.9 0.6 1.5	KGG2 -0.4 - 0.5 -0.1	KGG8 -0.8 - 0.6 0.2	KGH6 2.8 2.6 1.5 0.7	KGI7 3.6 1.9 –0.6 –0.4	KGJ5 2.1 -3.6 1.5 3.2	KGK3 0.7 2.1 1.3 –0.5	KGK9 1.5 0.8 1.4 1.9	KGB3 -0.2 0.2 0.6 1.2	KGC7 2.6 1.5 0.6 –1.0	KGE3 -1.0 1.7 -2.4 1.8
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.5 0.8 0.7 0.7		1.5 0.7 0.7 0.7	0.9 0.6 0.7 1.0	0.5 3.7 - -0.7	0.1 0.7 1.2 1.9	1.3 -0.6 0.9 0.8	0.1 0.5 2.7 –1.7	0.8 2.3 1.6 0.5	3.5 1.2 -0.6 1.6	0.1 -1.5 -0.2 0.1	1.1 0.6 -0.4 -0.2	1.9 1.6 1.5 1.4	0.6 1.0 0.3 2.2	2.5 1.8 2.0 0.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.8 0.5 -0.4		0.3 0.8 0.3 0.2	0.3 0.6 0.7 0.3	-1.2 -1.4 0.3 -0.2	3.7 2.3 1.9 –1.4	-0.1 2.0 -0.6 0.4	-0.8 0.6 -1.6 -1.1	1.7 -0.1 - 0.5	-0.4 1.0 -0.1 2.0	-0.8 -0.1 -0.8 -0.8	1.5 0.8 0.8 0.6	1.2 1.3 1.4 1.4	0.3 0.6 1.6 –0.8	-1.8 1.0 -0.6
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.6 -24.2		-2.7 -23.4	7.4 4.3		-7.9 -39.5	0.2		-10.6 -31.6	-10.1 -58.2	1.8 -0.6	-2.3 -21.2	1.4 -1.3	-7.6 -89.3	-3.9 -16.3
Percentage	e change, la	test qua	rter on cor	respond	ing quart	er of prev	ious yea	r							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY9 4.3 3.5 2.4 2.4		KG7C 4.3 3.5 2.5 2.5	KG9V 4.8 4.6 3.7 4.7	4.3 5.1	KGG3 3.2 3.1 1.7	KGG9 1.0 -0.4 0.6 -0.1	KGH7 7.7 10.2 9.1 7.9	KGI8 5.7 9.0 9.0 4.6	KGJ6 5.5 1.3 1.2 3.2	KGK4 3.8 4.5 4.4 3.7	6.2 6.8 6.5	KGB4 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.7	7.0 7.6 6.5	KGE4 5.7 5.0 –2.9
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.4 3.8 3.9 3.7		3.3 3.7 3.9 3.6	4.7 3.8 3.8 3.2	5.7	0.4 1.2 1.9 4.0	2.1 1.5 1.8 2.4	5.0 2.9 4.1 1.6	1.7 2.1 4.2 5.2	4.6 9.8 7.5 5.8	3.0 -0.6 -2.1 -1.5	5.4 5.1 3.3 1.1	3.9 5.4 6.3 6.4	1.7 1.1 0.9 4.1	3.6 3.6 8.3 6.5
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.6 2.5 2.4 1.3		2.4 2.5 2.1 1.6	2.6 2.6 2.6 1.9	-3.3	7.7 9.4 10.2 6.6	0.9 3.6 2.0 1.7	0.6 0.7 -3.5 -2.9	6.1 3.6 2.1 2.1	1.9 1.6 2.1 2.5	-2.4 -0.9 -1.5 -2.4	1.8 3.0	5.7 5.5 5.4 5.5	4.8	3.8 0.2 -0.7 -1.3
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.7 -26.0		-1.5 -25.1	9.2 13.2		-5.3 -44.0	2.1 0.1	-2.8 -27.2	-10.2 -38.6	−7.5 −61.7	0.1 -0.4	-0.1 -21.9	5.8 3.1	-6.3 -90.0	-5.2 -19.2

¹ ESA 10 Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose. 2 Final Consumption by UK Households in the UK & abroad.

³ Final consumption expenditure in the UK by UK & foreign households.

				UK N	ATIONAL ²			2 million
					UK	DOMESTIC ³		
						Goods		
	Total	Net tourism	Total	Total	Durable goods	Semi- durable goods	Non- durable goods	Services
COICOP1					D	SD	ND	S
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABJQ 1 248 091 1 287 278 1 335 216 1 364 462	ABTF 14 736 14 640 16 416 17 164	ZAKV 1 233 355 1 272 638 1 318 800 1 347 298	UTIF 496 940 518 664 540 596 554 293	UTIB 119 058 121 474 125 612 127 773	UTIR 125 729 133 929 137 111 145 241	UTIJ 252 153 263 261 277 873 281 279	UTIN 736 415 753 974 778 204 793 005
Seasonally adjust	sted							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	319 195 320 449 322 363 325 271	3 387 3 597 3 998 3 658	315 808 316 852 318 365 321 613	128 341 127 950 130 166 132 207	30 575 29 533 30 507 30 859	33 046 33 271 33 579 34 033	64 720 65 146 66 080 67 315	187 467 188 902 188 199 189 406
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	330 075 332 763 335 092 337 286	3 754 4 255 4 331 4 076	326 321 328 508 330 761 333 210	133 947 134 517 135 370 136 762	31 283 31 544 31 039 31 746	34 045 33 933 34 457 34 676	68 619 69 040 69 874 70 340	192 374 193 991 195 391 196 448
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	338 521 341 166 342 995 341 780	4 316 4 445 5 179 3 224	334 205 336 721 337 816 338 556	136 983 139 586 139 104 138 620	31 846 32 409 32 124 31 394	35 660 36 267 36 739 36 575	69 477 70 910 70 241 70 651	197 222 197 135 198 712 199 936
2020 Q1 Q2	332 884 252 383	3 633 275	329 251 252 108	135 505 117 200	27 985 20 084	34 946 27 621	72 574 69 495	193 746 134 908
Percentage char	nge, latest year on pr	evious year						
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGY7 5.1 3.1 3.7 2.2		KG6U 4.6 3.2 3.6 2.2	KHC9 4.3 4.4 4.2 2.5	KHB5 7.0 2.0 3.4 1.7	KHH5 4.3 6.5 2.4 5.9	KHE5 3.0 4.4 5.6 1.2	KHF9 4.9 2.4 3.2 1.9
Percentage char	nge, latest quarter on	previous quarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY8 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.9		KG74 0.6 0.3 0.5 1.0	KHD2 1.6 -0.3 1.7 1.6	KHB6 2.4 -3.4 3.3 1.2	KHH6 2.3 0.7 0.9 1.4	KHE6 0.8 0.7 1.4 1.9	KHG2 - 0.8 -0.4 0.6
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.5 0.8 0.7 0.7		1.5 0.7 0.7 0.7	1.3 0.4 0.6 1.0	1.4 0.8 -1.6 2.3	-0.3 1.5 0.6	1.9 0.6 1.2 0.7	1.6 0.8 0.7 0.5
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.8 0.5 -0.4		0.3 0.8 0.3 0.2	0.2 1.9 -0.3 -0.3	0.3 1.8 -0.9 -2.3	2.8 1.7 1.3 -0.4	-1.2 2.1 -0.9 0.6	0.4 - 0.8 0.6
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.6 -24.2		-2.7 -23.4	-2.2 -13.5	-10.9 -28.2	-4.5 -21.0	2.7 -4.2	-3.1 -30.4
Percentage char	nge, latest quarter on	corresponding qu	uarter of previou	s year				
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGY9 4.3 3.5 2.4 2.4		KG7C 4.3 3.5 2.5 2.5	KHD3 4.5 3.6 4.7 4.6	KHB7 2.6 -0.1 2.3 3.3	KHH7 6.7 7.6 6.4 5.4	KHE7 4.4 3.5 4.9 4.9	KHG3 4.1 3.5 1.0 1.0
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.4 3.8 3.9 3.7		3.3 3.7 3.9 3.6	4.4 5.1 4.0 3.4	2.3 6.8 1.7 2.9	3.0 2.0 2.6 1.9	6.0 6.0 5.7 4.5	2.6 2.7 3.8 3.7
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.6 2.5 2.4 1.3		2.4 2.5 2.1 1.6	2.3 3.8 2.8 1.4	1.8 2.7 3.5 -1.1	4.7 6.9 6.6 5.5	1.3 2.7 0.5 0.4	2.5 1.6 1.7 1.8
2020 Q1 Q2	−1.7 −26.0		-1.5 -25.1	-1.1 -16.0	-12.1 -38.0	-2.0 -23.8	4.5 -2.0	−1.8 −31.6

¹ ESA 10 Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose. 2 Final Consumption by UK Households in the UK & abroad.

³ Final consumption expenditure in the UK by UK & foreign households.

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								UK [OOMES	LIC ₃					
	Total	Net tourism	Total	&	&	Clothing & footwear	Housing	Household goods & services	Health	Transport	Commu- nication	Recreation & culture	Education		Miscell- aneous
COICOP1	-	-	0	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
2016 2017 2018 2019		13 088 16 416	ZAKW 1 289 952 1 305 386 1 318 800 1 330 275	103 217 104 927		66 410 67 160	ZAVO 344 569 339 476 340 229 343 097	56 718 60 125 61 016	ZAWC 23 146 24 128 24 528 24 725	ZAWM 179 916 180 164 182 917 182 287	ZAWW 22 086 22 603 22 334 21 111	ZAXA 137 455 142 954 145 233 147 343	30 129 30 889	ZAXS 126 861 130 570 129 392 130 529	161 326 165 825
Seasonally	y adjusted														
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	329 532 328 739 329 593 330 566	3 040 3 194 3 392 3 462	326 501 325 555 326 214 327 116	25 782 25 762 25 857 25 816		16 834 16 573 16 522 16 481	85 234 84 792 84 694 84 756	14 772 15 040 15 147 15 166	6 038 6 099 6 036 5 955	45 695 44 098 45 070 45 301	5 554 5 695 5 693 5 661	35 478 35 510 35 796 36 170	7 578 7 513 7 491 7 547	32 727 32 997 32 726 32 120	39 809 40 293 40 145 41 079
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	331 973 332 733 334 326 336 184	3 638 4 196 4 249 4 333	328 338 328 544 330 073 331 845	26 017 26 120 26 239 26 551		16 401 16 617 16 894 17 248	85 313 84 408 84 968 85 540	15 078 15 173 15 492 15 273	6 013 6 118 6 194 6 203	45 558 45 891 45 518 45 950	5 690 5 580 5 537 5 527	36 454 36 455 36 239 36 085	7 623 7 672 7 749 7 845	32 101 32 301	40 994 41 157 41 813 41 861
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	335 671 337 198 337 276 336 040	4 244 4 200 4 290 3 176	331 427 332 998 332 986 332 864	26 503 26 436 26 490 26 543	10 579 10 600	17 918 18 353 18 682 18 472	85 282 85 981 85 631 86 203	15 082 15 162 14 899 14 710		45 236 45 698 45 296 46 057	5 404 5 316 5 239 5 152	36 380 36 819 37 030 37 114	7 781 7 912 7 971 7 967	32 609 32 589 32 915 32 416	42 215 41 965 42 080 41 550
2020 Q1 Q2	326 041 248 995	3 522 315	322 519 248 680	28 529 29 523	10 721 11 028	17 006 10 550	86 153 86 225	14 696 11 174	5 464 3 757	40 297 18 039	5 174 5 098	36 091 28 424	7 990 7 076	29 902 3 158	40 496 34 628
Percentage	e change, la	test yea	r on previo	us year											
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGZ5 3.7 1.0 1.3 0.8		KG7O 3.5 1.2 1.0 0.9	KG9Y 8.1 2.0 1.7 1.0	KGF6 -2.7 -0.7 0.2 -4.2	KGG4 3.6 -0.4 1.1 9.3	KGH2 2.8 -1.5 0.2 0.8	KGH8 4.4 6.0 1.5 –1.9	KGI9 4.9 4.2 1.7 0.8	KGJ7 4.1 0.1 1.5 –0.3	KGK5 1.9 2.3 –1.2 –5.5	KGL3 5.0 4.0 1.6 1.5	KGB8 5.5 –1.5 2.5 2.4	KGD4 1.7 2.9 –0.9 0.9	KGE8 3.0 3.2 2.8 1.2
Percentage	e change, la	test qua	rter on pre	vious qu	arter										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGZ6 0.1 -0.2 0.3 0.3		KG7R 0.2 -0.3 0.2 0.3	KGA3 - -0.1 0.4 -0.2	KGF7 -0.1 1.3 -1.1	KGG5 -0.8 -1.6 -0.3 -0.2	KGH3 -1.2 -0.5 -0.1 0.1	KGH9 1.7 1.8 0.7 0.1	KGJ2 2.9 1.0 –1.0 –1.3	KGJ8 1.1 -3.5 2.2 0.5	KGK6 -0.1 2.5 - -0.6	KGL4 0.9 0.1 0.8 1.0	KGB9 -1.1 -0.9 -0.3 0.7	KGD5 2.4 0.8 –0.8 –1.9	KGE9 0.2 1.2 -0.4 2.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.6		0.4 0.1 0.5 0.5	0.8 0.4 0.5 1.2	-0.6 2.7 -1.3 -1.3	-0.5 1.3 1.7 2.1	0.7 -1.1 0.7 0.7	-0.6 0.6 2.1 -1.4	1.0 1.7 1.2 0.1	0.6 0.7 -0.8 0.9	0.5 -1.9 -0.8 -0.2	0.8 - -0.6 -0.4	1.0 0.6 1.0 1.2	0.3 -0.3 0.6 1.5	-0.2 0.4 1.6 0.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.2 0.5 - -0.4		-0.1 0.5 - -	-0.2 -0.3 0.2 0.2	-2.0 -1.7 0.2 -0.5	3.9 2.4 1.8 –1.1	-0.3 0.8 -0.4 0.7	-1.3 0.5 -1.7 -1.3	0.8 -1.0 -0.6 -0.4	-1.6 1.0 -0.9 1.7	-2.2 -1.6 -1.4 -1.7	0.8 1.2 0.6 0.2	-0.8 1.7 0.7 -0.1	-0.5 -0.1 1.0 -1.5	0.8 -0.6 0.3 -1.3
2020 Q1 Q2	-3.0 -23.6		-3.1 -22.9	7.5 3.5	1.6 2.9	-7.9 -38.0	-0.1 0.1		-10.9 -31.2	-12.5 -55.2	0.4 -1.5		0.3 -11.4	-7.8 -89.4	-2.5 -14.5
Percentage	e change, la	test qua	rter on cor	respondi	ing quart	ter of prev	ious yea	r							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGZ7 2.0 1.0 0.6 0.4		KG7U 2.3 1.3 0.7 0.4	KGA6 4.8 2.4 0.9 0.1	KGF8 -1.4 -0.9 -0.5 0.1	KGG6 2.8 0.4 –1.8 –2.9	KGH4 -0.5 -2.3 -1.4 -1.7	KGI2 6.4 7.4 5.9 4.4	KGJ3 3.5 6.3 5.8 1.5	KGJ9 1.8 -0.9 -0.5 0.2	KGK7 1.2 3.4 2.9 1.8	KGL5 4.3 4.7 4.1 2.9	KGC2 0.2 -1.9 -2.6 -1.5	4.2 4.4 2.6	KGF2 4.2 4.1 1.2 3.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.7 1.2 1.4 1.7		0.6 0.9 1.2 1.4	0.9 1.4 1.5 2.8	-0.4 1.0 0.8 -0.5	-2.6 0.3 2.3 4.7	0.1 -0.5 0.3 0.9	2.1 0.9 2.3 0.7	-0.4 0.3 2.6 4.2	-0.3 4.1 1.0 1.4	2.4 -2.0 -2.7 -2.4	2.8 2.7 1.2 –0.2	0.6 2.1 3.4 3.9		3.0 2.1 4.2 1.9
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.1 1.3 0.9		0.9 1.4 0.9 0.3	1.9 1.2 1.0	-1.9 -6.1 -4.7 -4.0	9.2 10.4 10.6 7.1	1.9 0.8 0.8	- -0.1 -3.8 -3.7	4.0 1.1 -0.7 -1.2	-0.7 -0.4 -0.5 0.2	-5.0 -4.7 -5.4 -6.8	-0.2 1.0 2.2 2.9	2.1 3.1 2.9 1.6	1.2 1.5 1.9 –1.1	3.0 2.0 0.6 -0.7
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.9 -26.2		-2.7 -25.3	7.6 11.7	-0.4 4.2	-5.1 -42.5	1.0 0.3	-2.6 -26.3		-10.9 -60.5	-4.3 -4.1	-0.8 -22.8	2.7 -10.6		-4.1 -17.5

¹ ESA 10 Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose. 2 Final consumption expenditure by UK households in the UK & abroad.

³ Final consumption expenditure in the UK by UK & foreign households.

				UK N	ATIONAL ²			
					UK	DOMESTIC ³		
						Goods		
	Total	Net tourism	Total	Total	Durable goods	Semi- durable goods	Non- durable goods	Services
COICOP1					D	SD	ND	S
2016 2017 2018 2019	ABJR 1 305 040 1 318 430 1 335 216 1 346 185	ABTH 15 134 13 088 16 416 15 910	ZAKW 1 289 952 1 305 386 1 318 800 1 330 275	UTIH 524 906 532 614 540 596 547 564	UTID 124 554 123 669 125 612 125 744	UTIT 129 908 135 994 137 111 145 297	UTIL 270 517 272 934 277 873 276 523	UTIP 765 018 772 768 778 204 782 711
Seasonally adju	sted							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	329 532 328 739 329 593 330 566	3 040 3 194 3 392 3 462	326 501 325 555 326 214 327 116	133 467 131 770 133 449 133 928	31 845 29 956 30 926 30 942	33 950 33 862 33 945 34 237	67 650 67 956 68 581 68 747	193 035 193 768 192 771 193 194
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	331 973 332 733 334 326 336 184	3 638 4 196 4 249 4 333	328 338 328 544 330 073 331 845	134 677 134 766 135 202 135 951	31 427 31 474 31 219 31 492	34 090 33 943 34 436 34 642	69 159 69 350 69 548 69 816	193 663 193 778 194 870 195 893
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	335 671 337 198 337 276 336 040	4 244 4 200 4 290 3 176	331 427 332 998 332 986 332 864	135 868 137 558 137 120 137 018	31 266 31 896 31 596 30 986	35 593 36 356 36 773 36 575	69 009 69 306 68 751 69 457	195 559 195 440 195 866 195 846
2020 Q1 Q2	326 041 248 995	3 522 315	322 519 248 680	132 897 116 054	27 260 20 150	34 928 27 739	70 709 68 165	189 622 132 626
Percentage char	nge, latest year on pr	evious year						
2016 2017 2018 2019	KGZ5 3.7 1.0 1.3 0.8		KG7O 3.5 1.2 1.0 0.9	KHD7 4.9 1.5 1.5 1.3	KHC3 6.8 -0.7 1.6 0.1	KHI3 4.1 4.7 0.8 6.0	KHF3 4.4 0.9 1.8 –0.5	KHG7 2.6 1.0 0.7 0.6
Percentage char	nge, latest quarter on	previous quarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGZ6 0.1 -0.2 0.3 0.3		KG7R 0.2 -0.3 0.2 0.3	KHD8 0.4 -1.3 1.3 0.4	KHC4 2.1 -5.9 3.2 0.1	KHI4 1.7 -0.3 0.2 0.9	KHF4 -1.1 0.5 0.9 0.2	KHG8 0.2 0.4 –0.5 0.2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.6		0.4 0.1 0.5 0.5	0.6 0.1 0.3 0.6	1.6 0.1 -0.8 0.9	-0.4 -0.4 1.5 0.6	0.6 0.3 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.1 0.6 0.5
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.2 0.5 - -0.4		-0.1 0.5 - -	-0.1 1.2 -0.3 -0.1	-0.7 2.0 -0.9 -1.9	2.7 2.1 1.1 -0.5	-1.2 0.4 -0.8 1.0	-0.2 -0.1 0.2
2020 Q1 Q2	-3.0 -23.6		-3.1 -22.9	−3.0 −12.7	-12.0 -26.1	-4.5 -20.6	1.8 -3.6	−3.2 −30.1
Percentage char	nge, latest quarter on	corresponding q	uarter of previou	s year				
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGZ7 2.0 1.0 0.6 0.4		KG7U 2.3 1.3 0.7 0.4	KHD9 2.8 0.9 1.5 0.7	KHC5 2.1 -2.9 -1.3 -0.8	KHI5 6.3 5.9 4.1 2.5	KHF5 1.4 0.2 1.5 0.5	KHG9 2.1 1.6 0.2 0.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.7 1.2 1.4 1.7		0.6 0.9 1.2 1.4	0.9 2.3 1.3 1.5	-1.3 5.1 0.9 1.8	0.4 0.2 1.4 1.2	2.2 2.1 1.4 1.6	0.3 - 1.1 1.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.1 1.3 0.9		0.9 1.4 0.9 0.3	0.9 2.1 1.4 0.8	-0.5 1.3 1.2 -1.6	4.4 7.1 6.8 5.6	-0.2 -0.1 -1.1 -0.5	1.0 0.9 0.5
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.9 -26.2		-2.7 -25.3	-2.2 -15.6	-12.8 -36.8	-1.9 -23.7	2.5 -1.6	-3.0 -32.1

¹ ESA 10 Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose. 2 Final consumption expenditure by UK households in the UK & abroad.

³ Final consumption expenditure in the UK by UK & foreign households.

	Analysis by sector								Analysis by	asset			
			Public cor	porations ²	Private	Sector							
	Business investment ¹ g	General overnment	Dwellings ⁴	Costs of transfer of ownership of non-produ- ced assets	Dwellings ⁴	Costs of transfer of ownership of non-produ- ced assets	Total	Transport equipment	ICT equipment and other machinery and equipment ³	Dwellings ⁴	buildings and	Intellect- ual Property Products	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019	NPEK 207 350 216 188 214 848 223 967	RPZG 52 350 55 240 57 117 62 005	L62R 8 362 8 464 4 618 4 713	726 772 758	L62T 61 451 70 012 80 333 82 880	22 982 21 654 23 573	NPQS 353 218 372 333 381 249 399 470	TLPX 24 874 24 893 20 408 20 994	TLPW 56 791 61 704 62 119 61 594	GGAE 69 866 78 475 84 952 87 593	125 542 128 774 131 964	78 486 81 800	NPQS 353 218 372 333 381 249 399 470
Seasonall	y adjusted												
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	53 416 54 028 54 059 54 685	13 282 14 018 13 789 14 151	2 189 2 297 2 203 1 775	163 211 202 196	16 215 17 035 17 548 19 214	5 455	90 700 92 977 93 258 95 398	5 977 6 854 6 235 5 827	15 072 15 771 15 156 15 705	18 403 19 332 19 751 20 989	31 704 32 350	19 075 19 316 19 765 20 330	90 700 92 977 93 258 95 398
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	54 484 53 783 53 010 53 571	14 100 14 154 14 505 14 358	1 223 1 206 1 113 1 076	168 199 198 193	19 406 20 075 20 415 20 437	5 449 6 489	94 461 94 867 95 729 96 192	4 617 3 980 5 322 6 489	15 566 15 204 15 472 15 877	20 629 21 281 21 529 21 513	33 855 32 929	20 284 20 545 20 476 20 495	94 867 95 729
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	54 672 56 112 56 630 56 553	15 650 15 107 15 669 15 579	1 149 1 164 1 175 1 225	183 204 193 187	20 924 20 931 20 843 20 182	6 176 6 160	99 228 99 694 100 670 99 878	4 669 5 726 5 248 5 351	15 863 15 193 15 351 15 187	22 074 22 095 22 017 21 407		21 012 21 291 21 607 21 397	99 694 100 670
2020 Q1 Q2	56 516 41 958	15 174 18 835	1 253 971	178 149	20 068 11 812		99 157 79 079	4 858 2 847	15 321 12 807	21 036 12 865		22 129 20 237	99 157 79 079
Percentag	e change, late	st year on	previous y	ear									
2016 2017 2018 2019	KG6N 8.1 4.3 -0.6 4.2	KH7N 2.3 5.5 3.4 8.6	L64E 2.9 1.2 –45.4 2.1	5.8 6.3	L64K 6.2 13.9 14.7 3.2	9.0 -5.8 8.9	KG6O 6.8 5.4 2.4 4.8	KG6T 23.0 0.1 -18.0 2.9	KG6S 7.3 8.7 0.7 -0.8	KH7X 5.9 12.3 8.3 3.1	5.2 2.6		KG6O 6.8 5.4 2.4 4.8
Percentag	e change, late	st quarter	on previou	s quarter									
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG6V 3.2 1.1 0.1 1.2	KH7P -0.8 5.5 -1.6 2.6	L64F 2.5 4.9 -4.1 -19.4	-13.3 29.4 -4.3	L64L -2.9 5.1 3.0 9.5	-6.1 -0.8 1.2	KG6W 0.9 2.5 0.3 2.3	KG73 10.2 14.7 -9.0 -6.5	KG72 3.7 4.6 –3.9 3.6	KH83 -2.3 5.0 2.2 6.3	0.6 -1.5 2.0	-0.4 1.3	KG6W 0.9 2.5 0.3 2.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.4 -1.3 -1.4 1.1	-0.4 0.4 2.5 -1.0	-31.1 -1.4 -7.7 -3.3	-0.5	1.0 3.4 1.7 0.1	7.3	-1.0 0.4 0.9 0.5	-20.8 -13.8 33.7 21.9	-0.9 -2.3 1.8 2.6	-1.7 3.2 1.2 -0.1	1.5	1.3	-1.0 0.4 0.9 0.5
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.1 2.6 0.9 -0.1	9.0 -3.5 3.7 -0.6	6.8 1.3 0.9 4.3	11.5 -5.4	2.4 -0.4 -3.2	−7.1 −0.3	3.2 0.5 1.0 –0.8	-28.0 22.6 -8.3 2.0	-0.1 -4.2 1.0 -1.1	2.6 0.1 -0.4 -2.8	-0.6 3.0	1.5	1.0
2020 Q1 Q2	-0.1 -25.8	-2.6 24.1	2.3 -22.5	-4.8 -16.3	-0.6 -41.1		-0.7 -20.2	-9.2 -41.4	0.9 -16.4			3.4 -8.5	
Percentag	e change, late	st quarter	on corresp	onding qua	rter of prev	ious year							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG75 5.3 3.7 2.4 5.7	KH7R 7.3 6.5 2.7 5.7	L64G 7.3 6.8 8.3 –16.9	2.5 5.0 13.5	L64M 7.7 21.0 12.4 15.1	-0.4 -8.2 -7.0	KG76 5.7 6.2 3.7 6.1	KG7B -1.4 8.8 -12.1 7.5	KG7A 9.6 10.7 6.2 8.1	KH87 7.3 19.1 11.9 11.4	7.3 -0.3 1.8	1.0 1.7 3.5	KG76 5.7 6.2 3.7 6.1
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.0 -0.5 -1.9 -2.0	6.2 1.0 5.2 1.5	-44.1 -47.5 -49.5 -39.4	-2.0	19.7 17.8 16.3 6.4	1.1 19.0	4.1 2.0 2.6 0.8	-22.8 -41.9 -14.6 11.4	3.3 -3.6 2.1 1.1	12.1 10.1 9.0 2.5	3.7 6.8 1.8 –2.2	6.4 3.6	4.1 2.0 2.6 0.8
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.3 4.3 6.8 5.6	11.0 6.7 8.0 8.5	-6.1 -3.5 5.6 13.8	2.5 –2.5	7.8 4.3 2.1 –1.2	13.3 -5.1	5.0 5.1 5.2 3.8	1.1 43.9 -1.4 -17.5	1.9 -0.1 -0.8 -4.3	7.0 3.8 2.3 –0.5	4.5 10.7	3.6 5.5	5.0 5.1 5.2 3.8
2020 Q1 Q2	3.4 -25.2	-3.0 24.7	9.1 -16.6		-4.1 -43.6		-0.1 -20.7	4.0 -50.3	-3.4 -15.7	-4.7 -41.8			-0.1 -20.7

¹ Not including expenditure on dwellings, land and existing buildings and costs associated with the transfer of ownership of non-produced assets.
2 Remaining investment by public non-financial corporations included within business investment.
3 Includes cultivated biological resources (AN.115) and weapons (AN.114).

			Analy	sis by secto	r					Analysis by	asset /		
			Public cor	porations ²	Private	Sector							
	Business investment ¹ go	General overnment	Dwellings ⁴	Costs of transfer of ownership of non-produ- ced assets	Dwellings ⁴	Costs of transfer of ownership of non-produ- ced assets	Total	Transport equipment	ICT equipment and other machinery and equipment ³		buildings and	Intellect- ual Property Products	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019	NPEL 217 065 220 409 214 848 217 243	DLWF 54 252 56 313 57 116 59 403	L634 8 857 8 713 4 618 4 557	741 786	L636 65 099 72 147 80 336 80 449	23 511 21 433 23 568	NPQT 369 569 379 787 381 249 387 085	DLWL 26 575 26 268 20 424 20 681	DLWO 60 424 61 130 62 120 59 816	DFEG 74 019 80 865 84 955 85 004	131 215 132 346 131 949	79 285 81 800	NPQT 369 569 379 787 381 249 387 085
Seasona	lly adjusted												
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	55 000 55 216 55 070 55 123	13 549 14 401 14 098 14 265	2 267 2 341 2 262 1 843	205	16 924 17 630 18 047 19 546	5 284 5 316	93 347 95 085 94 995 96 360	6 350 7 287 6 576 6 055	15 079 15 510 14 971 15 570	19 193 19 973 20 310 21 389	32 800 33 167	19 986	93 347 95 085 94 995 96 360
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	54 625 53 952 53 209 53 062	14 237 14 178 14 531 14 170	1 215 1 190 1 096 1 117	169 199 198 192	19 696 20 163 20 266 20 211	5 546	95 151 95 205 95 556 95 337	4 425 3 991 5 485 6 523	15 581 15 248 15 533 15 758	20 910 21 353 21 363 21 329	34 065 32 697	20 391 20 566 20 453 20 390	95 151 95 205 95 556 95 337
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	53 783 54 053 54 768 54 639	15 129 14 477 15 097 14 700	1 082 1 164 1 121 1 190	178 198 187 180	20 505 20 324 20 350 19 270	6 046 6 097	97 250 96 262 97 620 95 953	4 961 5 656 5 145 4 919	15 722 14 518 15 330 14 246	21 586 21 487 21 471 20 460	33 667 34 597	20 835 20 934 21 077 20 778	97 250 96 262 97 620 95 953
2020 Q1 Q2	54 368 39 936	14 271 17 024	1 113 966		19 252 11 268	5 797 5 160	94 971 74 495	5 032 2 703	14 661 12 222	20 221 11 807	33 527 28 421	21 530 19 342	94 971 74 495
Percenta	ge change, late	st year on	previous y	ear									
2016 2017 2018 2019	KG7M 5.5 1.5 –2.5 1.1	KH92 0.6 3.8 1.4 4.0	L64T 1.3 -1.6 -47.0 -1.3	4.2 6.1 –3.6	L654 4.2 10.8 11.4 0.1	6.1 -8.8 10.0	KG7N 4.4 2.8 0.4 1.5	-1.2 -22.2	KH96 2.7 1.2 1.6 -3.7	3.9 9.2 5.1	KH97 3.3 0.9 -0.3 4.6	2.4	KG7N 4.4 2.8 0.4 1.5
Percenta	ge change, late	st quarter	on previou	s quarter									
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG7P 2.3 0.4 -0.3 0.1	KH9C -1.4 6.3 -2.1 1.2	L64U 0.4 3.3 -3.4 -18.5	-12.5 28.0 -4.7	L655 -0.9 4.2 2.4 8.3	-7.3 -2.4 0.6	KG7Q 0.6 1.9 –0.1 1.4	KH9F 8.8 14.8 -9.8 -7.9	KH9G 2.2 2.9 –3.5 4.0	-0.7 4.1 1.7	-0.4 -1.9 1.1	-0.6 1.4 2.2	KG7Q 0.6 1.9 -0.1 1.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.9 -1.2 -1.4 -0.3	-0.2 -0.4 2.5 -2.5	-34.1 -2.1 -7.9 1.9	-14.6 17.8 -0.5 -3.0	0.8 2.4 0.5 –0.3	5.7 12.4	-1.3 0.1 0.4 -0.2	-26.9 -9.8 37.4 18.9	0.1 -2.1 1.9 1.4		0.5 -4.0	0.9	-1.3 0.1 0.4 -0.2
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.4 0.5 1.3 –0.2	6.8 -4.3 4.3 -2.6	-3.1 7.6 -3.7 6.2	11.2 -5.6	0.1	-8.0 0.8	2.0 -1.0 1.4 -1.7	14.0 -9.0	-0.2 -7.7 5.6 -7.1	-0.1	-1.4 2.8	0.7	2.0 -1.0 1.4 -1.7
2020 Q1 Q2	-0.5 -26.5	-2.9 19.3	-6.5 -13.2				−1.0 −21.6						−1.0 −21.6
Percenta	ge change, late:	st quarter	on corresp	onding qua	rter of prev	ious year							
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG7S 2.3 1.3 0.1 2.5	KH9M 4.4 5.2 1.9 3.8	L64V 3.2 4.6 4.5 –18.4	3.1 4.9 13.3	L656 3.9 16.8 8.4 14.5	-4.6 -12.4 -11.0	KG7T 2.5 3.5 1.2 3.8	-1.5 9.2 -13.8	-1.1 1.9 -1.5	3.6 15.2 7.9	5.7 -1.3 1.2	0.1 1.2 2.9	KG7T 2.5 3.5 1.2 3.8
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.7 -2.3 -3.4 -3.7	5.1 -1.5 3.1 -0.7	-46.4 -49.2 -51.5 -39.4	-7.4	16.4 14.4 12.3 3.4	5.0 17.2	1.9 0.1 0.6 –1.1	-45.2	3.8	6.9 5.2	3.9 -1.4	5.1 2.3	1.9 0.1 0.6 –1.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-1.5 0.2 2.9 3.0	6.3 2.1 3.9 3.7	-10.9 -2.2 2.3 6.5	-0.5 -5.6		9.0 -2.2	2.2 1.1 2.2 0.6	41.7 -6.2		0.6 0.5	-1.2	1.8 3.1	2.2 1.1 2.2 0.6
2020 Q1 Q2	1.1 -26.1	-5.7 17.6	2.9 -17.0		-6.1 -44.6		-2.3 -22.6						-2.3 -22.6

¹ Not including expenditure on dwellings, land and existing buildings and costs associated with the transfer of ownership of non-produced assets.

2 Remaining investment by public non-financial corporations included within business investment.

3 Includes cultivated biological resources (AN.115) and weapons (AN.114)

			Manufacturin	g industries		Elect- ricity,	Distributive	trades		
	Mining and quarrying	Materials and fuel	Work in progress	Finished goods	Total	gas and water supply	Wholesale ²	Retail ²	Other industries ³	Changes in inventories ³
Level of inventories held at end-December 2018	190	23 882	20 277	23 263	67 422	567	38 853	36 965	59 551	203 548
2016 2017 2018 2019	FAHS -1 428 -359 -512 144	FAGF 1 948 -39 143 5 600	FADY 2 609 -2 618 1 778 -20	FALR 312 1 071 71 –260	NZTP 4 869 -1 586 1 992 5 320	FAGI -1 024 593 -1 994 395	FBHE -624 1 714 643 100	FAHA 1 328 -1 260 -817 1 531	CWVD -349 4 376 -68 -1 058	CAEX 2 772 3 478 -756 6 432
Seasonally adjusted										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-160 347 -38 -508	543 -675 -65 158	-2 238 764 1 068 -2 212	-470 302 825 414	-2 165 391 1 828 -1 640	-39 407 643 -418	1 025 482 –958 1 165	-827 -310 -186 63	5 555 -673 -2 150 1 644	3 389 644 –861 306
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-261 -248 -222 219	59 -193 233 44	-401 1 613 -49 615	-119 135 141 -86	-461 1 555 325 573	-848 -549 -406 -191	855 -1 068 617 239	413 -511 -322 -397	-2 327 -398 -910 3 567	-2 629 -1 219 -918 4 010
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	175 -246 164 51	2 106 2 849 385 260	1 025 -1 101 -512 568	1 177 -1 652 -926 1 141	4 308 96 -1 053 1 969	127 -254 590 -68	1 554 -68 -579 -807	842 357 –439 771	515 1 251 -3 704 880	7 521 1 136 -5 021 2 796
2020 Q1 Q2	396 1 160	58 93	592 522	112 503	762 1 118	-281 492	-2 162 -783	-1 974 -1 436	2 714 -3 634	-545 -3 083

Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.
 Wholesaling and retailing estimates exclude the motor trades.
 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

			Manufacturin	g industries		Elect- ricity,	Distributive	trades		
	Mining and quarrying	Materials and fuel	Work in progress	Finished goods	Total	gas and water supply	Wholesale ²	Retail ²	Other industries ³	Changes in inventories ³
Level of inventories held at end-December 2018	190	23 882	20 277	23 263	67 422	567	38 853	36 965	59 551	203 548
2016 2017 2018 2019	FAEA -1 758 -703 -512 200	FBNF 1 607 3 309 143 5 096	FBNG 1 502 -2 242 1 778 -463	FBNH -1 542 1 275 71 -955	DHBM 1 639 2 304 1 992 3 678	FAEB -2 830 1 241 -1 994 475	FAJX 1 396 -100 643 -727	FBYN 2 974 -1 222 -817 1 638	DLWX -3 695 2 182 -68 -4 693	CAFU 8 838 13 486 -756 571
Seasonally adjusted										
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-159 472 -77 -939	3 080 -53 -223 505	-1 405 278 1 011 -2 126	203 429 440 203	1 817 675 1 267 –1 455	1 089 1 020 619 –1 487	1 143 248 -1 218 -273	489 -157 -672 -882	366 -845 -115 2 776	6 267 3 903 2 011 1 305
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-553 -191 -130 362	-364 265 163 79	-211 1 616 -179 552	-67 76 -150 212	-652 1 966 -169 847	-1 310 -501 -509 326	-67 -637 1 175 172	325 -127 -356 -659	-714 -650 -940 2 236	-2 719 -792 -2 087 4 842
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	262 -329 61 206	1 567 2 243 521 765	1 101 -1 140 -961 537	990 -2 159 -1 205 1 419	3 658 -1 056 -1 645 2 721	615 -445 476 -171	2 504 -1 212 -1 132 -887	-38 714 458 504	126 24 -4 723 -120	7 127 -2 304 -6 505 2 253
2020 Q1 Q2	785 1 430	-325 -74	881 914	-2 870	554 1 710	-496 -272	-1 916 -1 695	-1 837 -1 087	2 331 -4 134	-579 -4 048

Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.
 Wholesaling and retailing estimates exclude the motor trades.
 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

Exports and imports of goods and services
Current market prices

£ million

									2 111111011
		Exports			Imports			Balance	
	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total ¹
2016 2017 2018 2019	BOKG 297 555 336 208 351 132 373 149	IKBB 265 693 286 660 310 469 317 674	IKBH 563 248 622 868 661 601 690 823	BOKH 430 387 471 593 487 975 504 029	IKBC 168 974 181 164 199 113 217 296	IKBI 599 361 652 757 687 088 721 325	BOKI -132 832 -135 385 -136 843 -130 880	IKBD 96 719 105 496 111 356 100 378	IKBJ -36 113 -29 889 -25 487 -30 502
Seasonally adju	ısted								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	82 551 83 350 84 266 86 041	70 332 71 076 73 507 71 745	152 883 154 426 157 773 157 786	116 799 117 093 118 436 119 265	44 603 45 320 45 818 45 423	161 402 162 413 164 254 164 688	-34 248 -33 743 -34 170 -33 224	25 729 25 756 27 689 26 322	-8 519 -7 987 -6 481 -6 902
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	85 157 86 356 90 288 89 331	75 902 76 160 77 806 80 601	161 059 162 516 168 094 169 932	118 307 119 723 122 969 126 976	48 076 48 819 49 444 52 774	166 383 168 542 172 413 179 750	-33 150 -33 367 -32 681 -37 645	27 826 27 341 28 362 27 827	-5 324 -6 026 -4 319 -9 818
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	90 014 87 702 94 031 101 402	76 628 80 487 81 947 78 612	166 642 168 189 175 978 180 014	138 875 123 434 124 628 117 092	50 295 52 801 54 833 59 367	189 170 176 235 179 461 176 459	-48 861 -35 732 -30 597 -15 690	26 333 27 686 27 114 19 245	-22 528 -8 046 -3 483 3 555
2020 Q1 Q2	82 138 73 951	78 612 66 163	160 750 140 114	111 258 87 120	48 999 36 071	160 257 123 191	-29 120 -13 169	29 613 30 092	493 16 923
Percentage cha	nge, latest year on	previous year							
2016 2017 2018 2019	KG9K 5.6 13.0 4.4 6.3	KH35 9.9 7.9 8.3 2.3	KH2O 7.6 10.6 6.2 4.4	KG9L 8.2 9.6 3.5 3.3	KH3W 9.8 7.2 9.9 9.1	KH3H 8.7 8.9 5.3 5.0			
Percentage cha	nge, latest quarter	on previous qu	ıarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG9O 2.2 1.0 1.1 2.1	KH36 -1.3 1.1 3.4 -2.4	KH2P 0.6 1.0 2.2	KG9P 3.3 0.3 1.1 0.7	KH3X -0.9 1.6 1.1 -0.9	KH3I 2.1 0.6 1.1 0.3			
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-1.0 1.4 4.6 -1.1	5.8 0.3 2.2 3.6	2.1 0.9 3.4 1.1	-0.8 1.2 2.7 3.3	5.8 1.5 1.3 6.7	1.0 1.3 2.3 4.3			
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.8 -2.6 7.2 7.8	-4.9 5.0 1.8 -4.1	-1.9 0.9 4.6 2.3	9.4 -11.1 1.0 -6.0	-4.7 5.0 3.8 8.3	5.2 -6.8 1.8 -1.7			
2020 Q1 Q2	-19.0 -10.0	_ -15.8	−10.7 −12.8	-5.0 -21.7	-17.5 -26.4	-9.2 -23.1			
Percentage cha	nge, latest quarter	on correspond	ling quarter of	previous year					
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KG9S 19.5 12.4 14.6 6.5	KH37 12.2 9.8 9.7 0.6	KH2Q 16.0 11.2 12.3 3.8	KG9T 16.0 12.0 5.7 5.5	KH3Y 11.7 13.2 4.1 1.0	KH3J 14.8 12.3 5.3 4.2			
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.2 3.6 7.1 3.8	7.9 7.2 5.8 12.3	5.3 5.2 6.5 7.7	1.3 2.2 3.8 6.5	7.8 7.7 7.9 16.2	3.1 3.8 5.0 9.1			
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	5.7 1.6 4.1 13.5	1.0 5.7 5.3 –2.5	3.5 3.5 4.7 5.9	17.4 3.1 1.3 –7.8	4.6 8.2 10.9 12.5	13.7 4.6 4.1 –1.8			
2020 Q1 Q2	-8.7 -15.7	2.6 -17.8	−3.5 −16.7	-19.9 -29.4	-2.6 -31.7	-15.3 -30.1			

¹ Trade balance is calculated by using exports of goods and services minus imports of goods and services

		Exports			Imports		Balance
	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total	Total ¹
2016 2017 2018 2019	BQKQ 328 699 349 810 351 132 366 766	IKBE 280 523 292 507 310 469 313 218	IKBK 609 198 642 143 661 601 679 984	BQKO 475 888 486 720 487 975 498 707	IKBF 176 142 182 463 199 113 210 930	IKBL 651 643 668 897 687 088 709 637	IKBM -42 445 -26 754 -25 487 -29 653
Seasonally adjusted							
2017 Q1	85 405	72 145	157 530	121 156	44 985	166 051	-8 521
Q2	87 486	72 454	159 876	121 851	45 558	167 339	-7 463
Q3	88 624	75 190	163 791	122 290	46 184	168 415	-4 624
Q4	88 295	72 718	160 946	121 423	45 736	167 092	-6 146
2018 Q1	88 054	77 198	165 261	121 197	47 989	169 164	-3 903
Q2	86 706	75 930	162 644	120 274	48 871	169 145	-6 501
Q3	89 060	77 885	166 934	121 630	49 382	171 007	-4 073
Q4	87 312	79 456	166 762	124 874	52 871	177 772	-11 010
2019 Q1	89 569	77 616	167 185	139 949	49 657	189 606	-22 421
Q2	85 322	78 858	164 180	120 896	50 500	171 396	-7 216
Q3	91 766	81 083	172 849	121 033	52 942	173 975	-1 126
Q4	100 109	75 661	175 770	116 829	57 831	174 660	1 110
2020 Q1	81 884	75 147	157 031	110 468	48 105	158 573	-1 542
Q2	77 001	62 804	139 805	88 226	34 285	122 511	17 294
Percentage change, la	test year on previous y	ear					
2016 2017 2018 2019	KG9X -0.1 6.4 0.4 4.5	KH3B 6.0 4.3 6.1 0.9	KH2U 2.7 5.4 3.0 2.8	KG9W 4.3 2.3 0.3 2.2	KH44 3.1 3.6 9.1 5.9	KH3N 3.9 2.6 2.7 3.3	
Percentage change, la	test quarter on previou	s quarter					
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGA2 1.8 2.4 1.3 –0.4	KH3C -1.3 0.4 3.8 -3.3	KH2V 0.3 1.5 2.4 –1.7	KG9Z 1.6 0.6 0.4 –0.7	KH45 -1.1 1.3 1.4 -1.0	KH3O 0.8 0.8 0.6 -0.8	
2018 Q1	-0.3	6.2	2.7	-0.2	4.9	1.2	
Q2	-1.5	-1.6	-1.6	-0.8	1.8	-	
Q3	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.1	1.0	1.1	
Q4	-2.0	2.0	-0.1	2.7	7.1	4.0	
2019 Q1	2.6	-2.3	0.3	12.1	-6.1	6.7	
Q2	-4.7	1.6	-1.8	-13.6	1.7	-9.6	
Q3	7.6	2.8	5.3	0.1	4.8	1.5	
Q4	9.1	-6.7	1.7	-3.5	9.2	0.4	
2020 Q1	-18.2	-0.7	-10.7	-5.4	-16.8	-9.2	
Q2	-6.0	-16.4	-11.0	-20.1	-28.7	-22.7	
Percentage change, la	test quarter on corresp	onding quarter of	previous year				
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KGA5 4.9 4.5 11.2 5.3	KH3D 6.4 3.0 8.5 -0.6	KH2W 5.7 3.8 9.9 2.5	KGA4 3.7 3.2 0.5 1.8	KH46 3.9 7.1 2.9 0.6	KH3P 3.7 4.3 1.2 1.5	
2018 Q1	3.1	7.0	4.9	-	6.7	1.9	
Q2	-0.9	4.8	1.7	-1.3	7.3	1.1	
Q3	0.5	3.6	1.9	-0.5	6.9	1.5	
Q4	-1.1	9.3	3.6	2.8	15.6	6.4	
2019 Q1	1.7	0.5	1.2	15.5	3.5	12.1	
Q2	-1.6	3.9	0.9	0.5	3.3	1.3	
Q3	3.0	4.1	3.5	-0.5	7.2	1.7	
Q4	14.7	-4.8	5.4	-6.4	9.4	–1.8	
2020 Q1	-8.6	-3.2	−6.1	-21.1	−3.1	-16.4	
Q2	-9.8	-20.4	−14.8	-27.0	−32.1	-28.5	

¹ Trade balance is calculated by using exports of goods and services minus imports of goods and services

Gross value added at basic prices: individual measures

		£ millio	n			Index numb	ers $(2018 = 100)^3$		
	Expenditure- based	At current	prices		Value indices at cur	rrent prices	Chaine	ed volume indic	es
	estimate at chained volume measures	Expenditure- based estimate	Income- based estimate	Residual error ¹	Expenditure- based estimate	Income- based estimate	Expenditure- based estimate	Income- based estimate ²	Output- based estimate
2016 2017 2018 2019	CAGR 1 852 573 1 884 900 1 910 247 1 937 409	CAGQ 1 777 366 1 844 010 1 910 247 1 977 679	CAGS 1 777 366 1 844 010 1 910 247 1 976 186	DJDS - - - 1 493	IHYA 93.0 96.5 100.0 103.5	IHYB 93.0 96.5 100.0 103.5	IHYC 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.4	IHYD 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.3	YBFR 97.0 98.7 100.0 101.4
Seasonally a	adjusted								
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	468 385 470 183 472 342 473 990	456 261 458 499 460 715 468 535	456 261 458 499 460 715 468 535	- - - -	95.5 96.0 96.5 98.1	95.5 96.0 96.5 98.1	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3	98.1 98.5 98.9 99.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	474 368 475 999 479 196 480 684	471 883 474 178 481 093 483 093	471 883 474 178 481 093 483 093	- - - -	98.8 99.3 100.7 101.2	98.8 99.3 100.7 101.2	99.3 99.7 100.3 100.7	99.3 99.7 100.3 100.6	99.3 99.7 100.3 100.6
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	484 800 483 609 483 954 485 046	491 529 491 414 495 831 498 905	488 469 490 354 497 056 500 307	3 060 1 060 -1 225 -1 402	102.9 102.9 103.8 104.5	102.3 102.7 104.1 104.8	101.5 101.3 101.3 101.6	100.9 101.1 101.6 101.9	101.2 101.2 101.6 101.6
2020 Q1 Q2	473 109 379 258	500 263 430 900	501 274 431 656	-1 011 -756	104.8 90.2	105.0 90.4	99.1 79.4	99.3 79.6	99.0 79.4
Percentage of	change, latest year	on previous yea	r						
2016 2017 2018 2019	KH4D 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4	KH47 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	KH68 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5		KH47 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	KH68 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	KH4D 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4	KH6E 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.3	GDPQ 1.6 1.7 1.3 1.4
Percentage of	change, latest quar	ter on previous o	_l uarter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KH4F 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	KH49 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	KH6A 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7		KH49 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	KH6A 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	KH4F 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	KH6G 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4	0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4	0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4		0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4	0.7 0.5 1.5 0.4	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.9 -0.2 0.1 0.2	1.7 - 0.9 0.6	1.1 0.4 1.4 0.7		1.7 - 0.9 0.6	1.1 0.4 1.4 0.7	0.9 -0.2 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.5 0.3	0.6 - 0.4 -
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.5 -19.8	0.3 -13.9	0.2 -13.9		0.3 -13.9	0.2 -13.9	-2.5 -19.8	-2.5 -19.9	-2.5 -19.8
Percentage of	change, latest quar	ter on correspon	ding quarter	of previous ye	ar				
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	KH4H 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KH4B 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	KH6C 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7		KH4B 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	KH6C 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	KH4H 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KH6I 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	GDPR 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4	3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1	3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1		3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1	3.4 3.4 4.4 3.1	1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4	1.3 1.2 1.4 1.4	1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.2 1.6 1.0 0.9	4.2 3.6 3.1 3.3	3.5 3.4 3.3 3.6		4.2 3.6 3.1 3.3	3.5 3.4 3.3 3.6	2.2 1.6 1.0 0.9	1.6 1.4 1.2 1.2	1.9 1.6 1.2 0.9
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.4 -21.6	1.8 -12.3	2.6 -12.0		1.8 -12.3	2.6 -12.0	-2.4 -21.6	-1.6 -21.2	-2.2 -21.5

¹ The residual error is, by convention, the amount by which the expenditure -based approach to measuring GDP exceeds the income-based estimate. It is also the sum of two components: the statistical discrepancy (expenditure) with sign reversed, and the statistical discrepancy (income) with natural sign.

² Income data deflated by the implied GDP deflator, based on expenditure data. 3 The growth rates of index numbers are calculated using unrounded data.

Alignment adjustments¹

		Changes in inventories	
	At current prices	Chained volume measures (Reference year 2018)	Gross operating surplus of non-financial corporations at current prices
Seasonally adjusted			
,,	DMUN	DMUM	DMUQ
2017 Q1	1 946	1 999	354
Q2	-1 407	-1 442	625
Q3	-1 735	–1 772	-811
Q4	1 196	1 215	-168
2018 Q1	-961	-965	1 498
Q2	162	166	-397
Q3	-813	-806	736
Q4	1 612	1 605	-1 837
2019 Q1	1 029	1 015	-1 481
Q2	-278	-275	-634
Q3	-2 03 5	-1 988	885
Q4	1 284	1 248	1 230
2020 Q1	2 051	1 954	1 852
Q2	-2 186	-1 976	2 151

¹ Estimates are given to the nearest ${\mathfrak L}$ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.



	Current prices					Chained	d Volume Meas	ures (reference ye	ear 2018)	
	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross domestic product at market prices non seasonally adjusted	Gross value added at basic prices	General government final consumption expenditure	General government gross fixed capital formation	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices	General government final consumption expenditure	General government gross fixed capital formation	Implied GDP deflator at market prices ³ ⁴
2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 2019/20	YBHA 2 017 027 2 084 541 2 162 364 2 221 791	BKTL 2 016 681 2 082 483 2 164 840 2 217 924	ABML 1 797 765 1 859 632 1 928 384 1 987 589	NMRP 383 606 389 118 403 607 428 675	RPZG 53 255 56 058 58 667 61 529	ABMI 2 088 738 2 121 319 2 150 876 2 157 560	ABMM 1 860 531 1 890 883 1 919 190 1 926 856	NMRY 393 383 396 502 401 544 412 877	DLWF 54 822 57 001 58 008 58 545	L8GG 93.7624 95.4134 97.6151 100.0000
Seasonally a	djusted									
2017 Q1	512 085	514 962	456 261	96 523	13 282	526 081	468 385	98 541	13 549	94.5158
Q2	513 953	510 912	458 499	96 007	14 018	527 622	470 183	98 791	14 401	94.5835
Q3	517 482	513 830	460 715	96 870	13 789	529 856	472 342	99 166	14 098	94.8315
Q4	525 237	529 053	468 535	97 884	14 151	531 737	473 990	99 396	14 265	95.9121
2018 Q1	527 869	528 688	471 883	98 357	14 100	532 104	474 368	99 149	14 237	96.3263
Q2	532 966	530 063	474 178	98 807	14 154	534 140	475 999	98 940	14 178	96.8856
Q3	539 287	534 823	481 093	100 053	14 505	537 326	479 196	99 446	14 531	97.4534
Q4	541 670	548 218	483 093	101 204	14 358	538 222	480 684	100 886	14 170	97.7211
2019 Q1	548 441	551 736	490 020	103 543	15 650	541 188	483 311	102 272	15 129	98.4004
Q2	551 278	546 179	491 001	103 796	15 107	541 091	483 204	104 300	14 477	98.9271
Q3	556 226	552 905	496 655	106 459	15 669	542 854	484 758	103 723	15 097	99.4909
Q4	558 417	563 542	499 420	109 323	15 579	543 665	485 547	104 464	14 700	99.7338
2020 Q1	555 870	555 298	500 513	109 097	15 174	529 950	473 347	100 390	14 271	101.8482
Q2	475 519	472 173	431 134	126 085	18 835	424 962	379 467	85 728	17 024	108.6508
				s financial year						
2016/17	4.2	4.1	4.2	1.9	6.4	1.7	1.6	0.5	4.6	2.5
2017/18	3.3	3.3	3.4	1.4	5.3	1.6	1.6	0.8	4.0	1.8
2018/19	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.7	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.3
2019/20	2.7	2.5	3.1	6.2	4.9	0.3	0.4	2.8	0.9	2.4
Percentage of	change, lates	t quarter on p	revious quar	ter						
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5	A8L9 0.8 -0.8 0.6 3.0	KGL8 1.0 0.5 0.5 1.7	KH2D 0.4 -0.5 0.9 1.0	KH7P -0.8 5.5 -1.6 2.6	IHYQ 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4	KGM9 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	KH2J 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.2	KH9C -1.4 6.3 -2.1 1.2	L8GH 0.5 0.1 0.3 1.1
2018 Q1	0.5	-0.1	0.7	0.5	-0.4	0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.4
Q2	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	-0.2	-0.4	0.6
Q3	1.2	0.9	1.5	1.3	2.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	2.5	0.6
Q4	0.4	2.5	0.4	1.2	-1.0	0.2	0.3	1.4	-2.5	0.3
2019 Q1	1.3	0.6	1.4	2.3	9.0	0.6	0.5	1.4	6.8	0.7
Q2	0.5	-1.0	0.2	0.2	-3.5	-	-	2.0	-4.3	0.5
Q3	0.9	1.2	1.2	2.6	3.7	0.3	0.3	-0.6	4.3	0.6
Q4	0.4	1.9	0.6	2.7	-0.6	0.1	0.2	0.7	-2.6	0.2
2020 Q1	−0.5	−1.5	0.2	-0.2	-2.6	-2.5	-2.5	-3.9	-2.9	2.1
Q2	−14.5	−15.0	-13.9	15.6	24.1	-19.8	-19.8	-14.6	19.3	6.7
Percentage of	change, lates	t quarter on c	orrespondin	g quarter of pre	vious year					
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.4 3.6	A8LA 4.5 2.9 4.0 3.5	KGM2 4.7 3.4 3.2 3.7	KH2E 1.7 0.9 1.1 1.8	KH7R 7.3 6.5 2.7 5.7	IHYR 1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6	KGN3 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7	KH2K 0.4 0.7 0.9 1.0	KH9M 4.4 5.2 1.9 3.8	L8GI 2.6 1.6 1.5 2.0
2018 Q1	3.1	2.7	3.4	1.9	6.2	1.1	1.3	0.6	5.1	1.9
Q2	3.7	3.7	3.4	2.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	0.2	-1.5	2.4
Q3	4.2	4.1	4.4	3.3	5.2	1.4	1.5	0.3	3.1	2.8
Q4	3.1	3.6	3.1	3.4	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.5	-0.7	1.9
2019 Q1	3.9	4.4	3.8	5.3	11.0	1.7	1.9	3.1	6.3	2.2
Q2	3.4	3.0	3.5	5.0	6.7	1.3	1.5	5.4	2.1	2.1
Q3	3.1	3.4	3.2	6.4	8.0	1.0	1.2	4.3	3.9	2.1
Q4	3.1	2.8	3.4	8.0	8.5	1.0	1.0	3.5	3.7	2.1
2020 Q1	1.4	0.6	2.1	5.4	-3.0	-2.1	-2.1	-1.8	-5.7	3.5
Q2	-13.7	-13.5	-12.2	21.5	24.7	-21.5	-21.5	-17.8	17.6	9.8

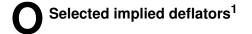
¹ Financial year £ millions estimates are the sum of the 4 quarters which make up that financial year.

2 All data are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified.

3 Implied deflator is expressed in terms of 2019/2020 =100 for presentational

purposes, whereas in table A1 it is expressed as 2018 = 100.

Implied deflator is displayed with 4 decimal places to replace a GDP deflator in index form series previously calculated by HM Treasury. Data are only considered accurate to 1 decimal place.



		Implied deflators ²	
	Gross national expenditure	Gross domestic product at market prices ³	Gross value added at basic prices
2016 2017 2018 2019	MNE2 93.7606 95.9429 97.9223 100.0000	MNF2 93.9638 95.7864 97.9408 100.0000	MNX5 93.9836 95.8368 97.9617 100.0000
Seasonally adjusted			
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	95.3718 95.5288 95.9915 96.8795	95.3376 95.4059 95.6560 96.7460	95.4283 95.5296 95.5526 96.8366
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	97.4029 97.6245 98.3222 98.3396	97.1638 97.7280 98.3007 98.5707	97.4508 97.5893 98.3518 98.4550
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	99.2041 99.8927 100.7572 100.1460	99.2559 99.7872 100.3559 100.6009	99.3239 99.5448 100.3683 100.7630
2020 Q1 Q2	102.3257 110.1588	102.7337 109.5954	103.5863 111.3025
Percentage change, latest year on previous year			
2016 2017 2018 2019	MNE3 2.1 2.3 2.1 2.1	MNF3 2.1 1.9 2.2 2.1	MNX6 2.1 2.0 2.2 2.1
Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter			
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	MNE4 0.8 0.2 0.5 0.9	MNF4 0.5 0.1 0.3 1.1	MNX7 0.5 0.1 - 1.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.5 0.2 0.7	0.4 0.6 0.6 0.3	0.6 0.1 0.8 0.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.9 0.7 0.9 -0.6	0.7 0.5 0.6 0.2	0.9 0.2 0.8 0.4
2020 Q1 Q2	2.2 7.7	2.1 6.7	2.8 7.4
Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding q	uarter of previous year		
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	MNE5 3.0 1.9 2.0 2.4	MNF5 2.6 1.6 1.5 2.0	MNX8 2.9 1.7 1.3 2.0
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.1 2.2 2.4 1.5	1.9 2.4 2.8 1.9	2.1 2.2 2.9 1.7
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.8 2.3 2.5 1.8	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1	1.9 2.0 2.1 2.3
2020 Q1 Q2	3.1 10.3	3.5 9.8	4.3 11.8

Implied deflator is expressed in terms of 2019 = 100, whereas in table A1 it is expressed as 2018 = 100.
 Data are only considered accurate to 1 decimal place.
 Implied deflator is displayed with 4 decimal places to replace a GDP deflator in index form series previously calculated by HM Treasury.



	UK resident	Curren	t Prices	Chained volume measure	es (Reference year 2018)
	population mid-year estimates (persons thousands) ²	Gross domestic product at market prices ³	Gross domestic product per head	Gross domestic product at market prices ³	Gross domestic product per head
2016 2017 2018 2019	EBAQ 65 648 66 040 66 436 66 797	YBHA 1 994 712 2 068 757 2 141 792 2 214 362	IHXT 30 385 31 326 32 238 33 151	ABMI 2 079 113 2 115 296 2 141 792 2 168 798	IHXW 31 671 32 031 32 238 32 468
Seasonally ac	djusted				
2017 Q1	65 942	512 085	7 766	526 081	7 978
Q2	66 040	513 953	7 782	527 622	7 989
Q3	66 139	517 482	7 824	529 856	8 011
Q4	66 238	525 237	7 930	531 737	8 028
2018 Q1	66 337	527 869	7 957	532 104	8 021
Q2	66 436	532 966	8 022	534 140	8 040
Q3	66 526	539 287	8 106	537 326	8 077
Q4	66 616	541 670	8 131	538 222	8 079
2019 Q1	66 707	548 441	8 222	541 188	8 113
Q2	66 797	551 278	8 253	541 091	8 101
Q3	66 897	556 226	8 315	542 854	8 115
Q4	66 996	558 417	8 335	543 665	8 115
2020 Q1	67 096	555 870	8 285	529 950	7 898
Q2	67 196	475 519	7 077	424 962	6 324
Percentage cl	hange, latest year on previou	ıs year			
2016 2017 2018 2019		IHYM 3.9 3.7 3.5 3.4	N3Y3 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.8	IHYP 1.7 1.7 1.3 1.3	N3Y6 0.9 1.1 0.6 0.7
Percentage cl	hange, latest quarter on prev	rious quarter			
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		IHYN 1.0 0.4 0.7 1.5	N3Y4 0.8 0.2 0.5 1.4	IHYQ 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4	N3Y7 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.2
2018 Q1		0.5	0.3	0.1	-0.1
Q2		1.0	0.8	0.4	0.2
Q3		1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Q4		0.4	0.3	0.2	-
2019 Q1		1.3	1.1	0.6	0.4
Q2		0.5	0.4	-	-0.1
Q3		0.9	0.8	0.3	0.2
Q4		0.4	0.2	0.1	-
2020 Q1		-0.5	-0.6	-2.5	-2.7
Q2		-14.5	-14.6	-19.8	-19.9
Percentage cl	hange, latest quarter on corr	esponding quarter of previo	ous year		
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		IHYO 4.6 3.4 3.6	N3Y5 3.9 2.8 2.8 3.0	IHYR 1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6	N3Y8 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.0
2018 Q1		3.1	2.5	1.1	0.5
Q2		3.7	3.1	1.2	0.6
Q3		4.2	3.6	1.4	0.8
Q4		3.1	2.5	1.2	0.6
2019 Q1		3.9	3.3	1.7	1.1
Q2		3.4	2.9	1.3	0.8
Q3		3.1	2.6	1.0	0.5
Q4		3.1	2.5	1.0	0.4
2020 Q1		1.4	0.8	-2.1	-2.7
Q2		-13.7	-14.2	-21.5	-21.9

¹ This data uses the latest population estimates with the exception of the latest year where populations projections are used. The quarterly data in this table does not sum to annuals (excluding GDP at market prices)

2 This data uses the UK resident population mid-year estimates published 24 June 2020

3 GDP is presented in £ million; also published in table A2

		£ million
		2019
atest less previously published levels of GDP		
at current market prices		
National accounts aggregates		
at current prices (Table A2) Gross domestic product at market prices	KB7D	-2 090
less Basic price adjustment	KB7E	284
Gross value added at basic prices	KB7F	-2 374
Gross domestic product:	1271	2071
expenditure at current prices (Table C1)		
National expenditure on goods and services		
at market prices		
Households	KB7K	-24 370
Non-profit institutions serving households	KB7L	4 724
General government	KB7M	5 581
Gross fixed capital formation	KB7N	21 543
Changes in inventories	KB70	325
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	KB7P	_274
Total	KB7Q	7 529
Total exports	KB7R	-9 637 2 100
Total imports	KB7S	−3 122 −3 104
Statistical discrepancy (expenditure) Gross domestic product:	KB7T	-3 104
income at current prices (Table D)		
Compensation of employees	KB7U	-4 597
Gross operating surplus of corporations	KB7V	4 112
Other income	KB7W	_179
Gross value added at factor cost	KB7X	-664
Taxes on products & production less Subsidies	KB7Y	39
	KB7Z	-1 465
Statistical discrepancy (income) 1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree.		
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree.		2019
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be		
Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms		
Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP		
Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth		
Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume	regarded as ac-	2019
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1)	regarded as ac-	2019
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices	regarded as ac-	2019 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing	regarded as ac- KB82	2019 -0.2 7.4
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction	regarded as ac- KB82 KB83 KB84	2019 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing	regarded as ac- KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air	regarded as ac- KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB85	7.4 -2.1 -2.8
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage	RB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7	7.4 -2.1 -2.8 -1.9
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production	RB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 - 2.8 -1.9
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88	7.4 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 -1.9 0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants	RB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 - 2.8 -1.9
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88	7.4 -2.1 -2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB88	7.4 -2.1 -2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88	7.4 -2.1 -2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 -1.9 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8A KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 -2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.8 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 -1.9 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2)	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 -1.9 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total services Total GVA Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 -1.9 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB88 KB88 KB89 KB8A KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.1 -0.2 0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8A KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8C KB8D KB8E KB8C	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.8 -0.20.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households Non-profit institutions serving households	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 -1.9 0.1 -0.2 0.8 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households Non-profit institutions serving households General government	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8A KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8C KB8D KB8E KB8C	2019 -0.2 7.4 -2.1 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.8 -0.20.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households Non-profit institutions serving households	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8B	-0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.8 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1
1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be curate to this degree. Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Year on year growth Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction Manufacturing Electricity, gas, steam and air Water supply, sewerage Total Production Construction Distribution, hotels and restaurants Transport storage and communications Business services and finance Government and other services Total GVA Total GVA excluding Oil Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households Non-profit institutions serving households General government Gross fixed capital formation	KB82 KB83 KB84 KB85 KB86 KNT7 KB87 KB88 KB89 KB88 KB89 KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8B KB8C KB8B KB8C KB8D KB8E KB8E	-0.2 7.4 -2.1 2.8 -1.9 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 0.8 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1

Gross fixed capital formation

Total exports

Total imports

£ million 2019 2019 2019 2019 2020 2020 Q2 Ω 3 Latest less previously published levels of GDP at current market prices National accounts aggregates at current prices (Table A2) Gross domestic product at market prices KB7D -773 -582 -1 217 482 4 897 9 576 less Basic price adjustment KB7E -737 972 24 -758 3 893 Gross value added at basic prices KB7F -36 -1 554 -1 242 458 5 655 5 683 Gross domestic product: expenditure at current prices (Table C1) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices Households -6 110 -5 389 -6 182 -6 060 -6 380 KB7K -6 689 Non-profit institutions serving households 912 1 101 1 277 1 434 1 489 1 526 KB7L General government кв7м 1 599 104 1 730 2 148 1 318 3 077 Gross fixed capital formation KB7N 5 720 5 943 5 025 4 855 5 638 8 492 4 445 Changes in inventories кв70 -199-1 496 -1 893 3 9 1 3 1 668 Acquisitions less disposals of valuables кв7р 22 -96 -80 -120 -21 854 1 944 167 -123 5 541 4 032 12 014 Total кв70 Total exports -2 666 854 -1 958 -5 867 1 203 -1008KB7R Total imports -2072939 -1 071 -491 872 KB7S -918-829 -558 Statistical discrepancy (expenditure) -2123-664-54-263KB7T Gross domestic product: income at current prices (Table D) -1 730 -1 182 -717 -659 -746 Compensation of employees KB7II -968 19 336 Gross operating surplus of corporations 1 314 2 583 7 598 266 KB7V -51-228 104 151 -678 Other income KB7W -206-1269Gross value added at factor cost 6 261 -11291 660 17 321 KB7X -644-551Taxes on products & production less Subsidies -548 KB7Y -754870 -40-37-6945-626 -1 141 -816 Statistical discrepancy (income) KB7Z 625 -323-8001 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree. 2019 2019 2019 2019 2020 2020 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Latest less previously published growth rates for GDP in chained volume terms Percentage changes in volume of GDP (Table A2) Gross domestic product chained volume measures Quarter on quarter growth KB82 -0.10.1 -0.20.1 -0.30.6 Quarter on same quarter a year earlier -0.3 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1 -0.40.2 KB94 Percentage changes in volume of GVA output components (Table B1) GVA at basic prices quarter on quarter growth Agriculture, forestry and fishing KB83 3.0 2.0 2.1 1.2 -1.5-1.1 Mining and quarrying inc oil & gas extraction -1.2 0.1 0.4 -1.25.8 **KB84** Manufacturing KB85 -0.1 0.6 -0.3 0.3 -0.7 -0.9 Electricity, gas, steam and air KB86 2.1 1.4 0.2 1.2 3.2 Water supply, sewerage Total Production KNT7 0.3 -0.7 -0.2-0.6 -0.11.4 0.1 0.4 -0.2 0.1 -0.60.6 **KB87** Construction 0.4 -0.3-0.2 **KB88** -1.1-0.7Distribution, hotels and restaurants -0.3 KB89 0.1 0.1 0.1 -1.2Transport storage and communications 0.5 0.2 -0.50.1 0.8 KB8A 0.4 Business services and finance -0.1 -0.1-0.2 -0.10.8 KB8B -0.1Government and other services 0.2 -0.10.1 -0.7KB8C 1.8 0.7 Total services 0.1 -0.10.1 -0.3KBSD Total GVA -0.2 -0.20.6 KB8E 0.1 0.2 -0.3Total GVA excluding Oil KB8F -0.1-0.20.2 -0.30.5 Percentage changes in volume of GDP expenditure components (Table C2) National expenditure on goods and services at market prices quarter on quarter growth -0.5Households KB8G -0.40.1 -0.1-0.3-0.1Non-profit institutions serving households кв8н 0.6 0.3 1.5 1.7 -1.6-0.2General government KB8I 0.9 0.2 -0.8 0.1 0.2 -0.6

KB8J

KB8K

KB8L

KB8M

0.8

-0.4

-1.6

-2.9

-0.4

-0.2

8.0

1.0

8.0

-0.3

-0.8

-0.6

-0.3

1.2 –2.7

0.5

0.1

-1.2

2.8

3.9

0.5

0.3

0.7



Annex A - Growth and contributions to growth - output components of GDP^{1,2} Chained Volume Measures

Seasonally adjusted data Reference year 2018

	Seasor	nally adjuste	d data								Reference	e year 2018
	Agri- culture, forestry, and fishing	Total Production	Mining & quarrying inc oil & gas extract	Manu- facturing	Electric, gas, steam & air	Water supply, sewerage	Constr uction ³	Total Services	Distri- bution, hotels & restaurants	Transport storage and commu- nications	Business services and finance	Govern- ment and other services
Percentage	change, lat	est year on pi	evious year	•								
Growth	L3BB	L3BG	L3BH	L3BN	L3DM	L3DQ	L3DW	L3E2	L3GP	KI8L	KI8N	KI8P
2017	6.3	1.8	0.7	2.3	-2.1	2.3	6.1	1.4	1.8	3.1	1.0	0.7
2018	-3.3	0.9	5.3	1.1	-1.2	-1.4	-	1.6	2.8	3.4	1.1	0.6
2019	6.3	–1.2	–0.8	–1.7	1.0	-0.2	1.8	1.8	2.5	5.1	0.5	1.7
Contributio	ns to growtl	h										
2017	ZZ3V	ZZ3W	ZZ3Y	ZZ3X	ZZ3Z	ZZ42	ZZ43	ZZ44	ZZ45	ZZ46	ZZ47	ZZ48
	0.04	0.24	0.01	0.24	-0.03	0.03	0.39	1.07	0.24	0.33	0.35	0.15
2018	-0.02	0.13	0.05	0.12	-0.02	-0.02	0.12	1.23	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.14
2019	0.04	-0.17	-0.01	-0.17	0.01	-		1.42	0.33	0.54	0.18	0.37
Percentage	change, lat	est quarter or	n previous q	uarter								
Growth												
2017 Q4	L3BB	L3BG	L3BH	L3BN	L3DM	L3DQ	L3DW	L3E2	L3GP	KI8L	KI8N	KI8P
	-0.2	0.9	-3.6	1.3	-0.2	1.1	1.0	0.2	-0.3	1.0	0.2	0.2
2018 Q1	-4.2	0.3	3.1	0.2	1.6	-2.1	-2.3	0.3	0.3	-0.2	0.6	0.1
Q2	-0.5	-0.3	4.3	-0.1	-5.2	0.2	1.3	0.4	1.8	1.3	-0.1	-0.1
Q3	0.7	0.3	3.3	−0.1	1.3	0.6	0.9	0.7	1.2	1.6	0.4	0.4
Q4	1.8	-1.3	-3.3	−1.1	–1.2	-1.2	-0.3	0.6	0.4	1.9	0.4	0.4
2019 Q1	1.8	1.0	−0.1	1.4	0.6	-0.7	1.6	0.4	0.8	1.8	-0.3	0.4
Q2	1.8	-1.4	−1.6	-2.3	3.3	1.4	-0.2	0.3	0.3	0.8		0.4
Q3	2.3	-0.5	1.6	-0.6	-2.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.6
Q4	1.1	-0.4	–1.8	-0.7	3.2	-0.4	-1.2	0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.6
2020 Q1	-1.6	-2.1	−3.3	−1.8	-4.6	0.3	-2.8	-2.6	-4.7	-2.7	-0.5	-4.4
Q2	-5.9	-16.3	−1.5	−21.1	-5.6	-4.2	-35.7	-19.2	-34.3	-17.5	-11.0	-23.7
Contributio	ns to growtl	h										
2017 Q4	ZZ2F	ZZ2G	ZZ2I	ZZ2H	ZZ2J	ZZ2K	ZZ2L	ZZ2M	ZZ2N	ZZ2O	ZZ2P	ZZ2Q
	-	0.12	-0.03	0.14	–	0.01	0.06	0.17	-0.04	0.11	0.05	0.04
2018 Q1 Q2	-0.03	0.04 -0.04	0.03 0.04	0.02 -0.01	0.02 -0.08	-0.03	-0.15 0.08	0.22 0.31	0.04 0.24	-0.03 0.13	0.19 -0.04	0.01 -0.03
Q3	0.01	0.04	0.03	-0.01	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.56	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.08
Q4		-0.18	-0.03	-0.11	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	0.49	0.05	0.21	0.14	0.09
2019 Q1	0.01	0.14	-0.02	0.14	0.01	-0.01	0.11	0.30	0.11	0.19	-0.10	0.10
Q2	0.01	-0.19		-0.23	0.05	0.02	-0.02	0.21	0.04	0.09	-0.01	0.10
Q3	0.02	-0.06	0.02	-0.05	-0.03	0.01	0.01	0.39	0.03	0.02	0.22	0.13
Q4	0.01	-0.05	-0.02	-0.07	0.05		-0.08	0.12	-0.02	-0.01	0.02	0.13
2020 Q1	-0.01	-0.27	-0.03	-0.18	-0.07	-0.05	-0.18	-2.07	-0.63	-0.30	-0.18	-0.97
Q2	-0.04	-2.17	-0.01	-2.03	-0.08		-2.30	-15.21	-4.47	-1.92	-3.68	-5.13
Percentage	change, lat	est quarter or	correspon	ding quarte	r of previou	ıs year						
Growth												
2017 Q4	L3ZZ	L426	L427	L42D	L44C	L44G	L44M	L44Q	L47F	KII2	KIH9	KIH8
	5.4	2.2	0.1	3.0	-1.8	1.4	5.2	1.3	0.7	3.2	1.0	1.2
2018 Q1	-2.3	1.8	1.5	2.3	3.8	-3.7	-0.5	1.4	1.6	2.6	1.1	1.0
Q2	-4.2	1.8	5.0	2.2	-2.0	0.8	0.2	1.3	2.7	2.6	0.9	0.3
Q3	-4.2	1.2	7.1	1.3	-2.7	-0.3	0.8	1.6	3.0	3.7	1.1	0.5
Q4	-2.3	–1.0	7.4	–1.1	-3.7	-2.6	-0.5	2.0	3.7	4.6	1.3	0.7
2019 Q1	3.8	-0.2	4.1	0.1	-4.7	-1.2	3.6	2.1	4.3	6.7	0.5	1.1
Q2	6.2	-1.3	-1.7	-2.1	3.9	-	2.0	2.0	2.7	6.3	0.5	1.7
Q3	7.9	-2.1	-3.4	-2.6	0.3	-0.2	1.3	1.8	1.7	4.8	0.8	1.9
Q4	7.2	-1.2	-1.9	-2.2	4.9	0.7	0.4	1.3	1.2	2.7	0.4	2.1
2020 Q1	3.6	-4.2	−5.1	-5.3	−0.5	1.7	-4.0	-1.7	-4.4	-1.8	0.1	-2.8
Q2	-4.3	-18.7	−5.0	-23.6	−9.1	-3.8	-38.2	-20.8	-37.3	-19.6	-10.9	-26.2
Contributio	ns to growtl	h										
2017 Q4	ZZ36	ZZ37	ZZ39	ZZ38	ZZ3A	ZZ3B	ZZ3C	ZZ3D	ZZ3E	ZZ3F	ZZ3G	ZZ3H
	0.04	0.30	-	0.31	-0.03	0.02	0.33	1.02	0.09	0.34	0.33	0.27
2018 Q1	-0.01	0.25	0.01	0.23	0.06	-0.05	-0.03	1.08	0.21	0.28	0.37	0.22
Q2	-0.03	0.25	0.05	0.22	-0.03	0.01	0.01	1.00	0.36	0.28	0.30	0.07
Q3	-0.03	0.16	0.07	0.13	-0.04	-0.03	0.05	1.26	0.41	0.39	0.35	0.10
Q4	-0.02	-0.14	0.07	-0.11	-0.05		-0.03	1.59	0.50	0.49	0.44	0.15
2019 Q1	0.02	-0.03	0.05	0.01	-0.07	-0.02	0.23	1.67	0.57	0.71	0.16	0.24
Q2	0.04	-0.18	-0.02	-0.22	0.05	-	0.13	1.57	0.37	0.66	0.18	0.36
Q3 Q4	0.05 0.05	-0.29 -0.16	-0.04 -0.02	-0.26 -0.22	0.07	0.01	0.08 0.03	1.40 1.03	0.23 0.16	0.51 0.29	0.25 0.13	0.41 0.45
2020 Q1	0.02	-0.57	-0.05	-0.53	-0.01	0.02	-0.26	-1.36	-0.58	-0.20	0.05	-0.62
Q2	-0.03	-2.51	-0.05	-2.29	-0.13	-0.05	-2.50	-16.46	-5.00	-2.17	-3.55	-5.74

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place and contributions are available from 1997. Output data are available from 1990 in table B1

2 Contributions are to output gross value added and therefore may not sum to the percentage change in average GDP. More information on the difference between the 3 measures can be found in the Short Guide to National Accounts

Annex B - Growth and contributions to growth - expenditure components of GDP^{1,2} Chained Volume Measures

Seasonally adjusted data

	Seasonally adju	isted data						Reteren	ce year 2018
	Final co	onsumption expen	diture						
	House- holds	Non-prof- it instit- utions ³	General govern- ment	Gross capital formation	Gross fixed capital formation	Business investme- nt	Total exports	less Total imports	Net trade
Percentage cha	inge, latest year o	n previous year							
Growth									
2017 2018 2019	KGZ5 1.0 1.3 0.8	KH26 4.1 5.6 2.1	KH2I 0.7 0.6 4.1	ZZ6H 0.8 0.9 0.9	KG7N 2.8 0.4 1.5	KG7M 1.5 –2.5 1.1	KH2U 5.4 3.0 2.8	KH3N 2.6 2.7 3.3	
Contributions t	o growth								
2017 2018 2019	ZZ6M 0.64 0.79 0.51	ZZ6N 0.09 0.13 0.05	ZZ6O 0.14 0.12 0.76	ZZ6P 0.13 0.16 0.16	ZZ6Q 0.49 0.07 0.27	ZZ6R 0.16 -0.26 0.11	ZZ6S 1.53 0.91 0.86	ZZ6T 0.80 0.86 1.05	ZZ6U 0.73 0.05 -0.19
ercentage cha	inge, latest quarte	r on previous qu	arter						
Growth									
2017 Q4	KGZ6 0.3	KH27 4.0	KH2J 0.2	ZZ5H 1.8	KG7Q 1.4	KG7P 0.1	KH2V -1.7	KH3O -0.8	
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.6	0.1 -0.1 0.8 0.9	-0.2 -0.2 0.5 1.4	-3.1 4.3 -1.5 4.5	-1.3 0.1 0.4 -0.2	-0.9 -1.2 -1.4 -0.3	2.7 -1.6 2.6 -0.1	1.2 - 1.1 4.0	
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.2 0.5 - -0.4	0.5 -0.9 2.0 0.8	1.4 2.0 -0.6 0.7	15.1 -17.3 -5.6 -0.8	2.0 -1.0 1.4 -1.7	1.4 0.5 1.3 –0.2	0.3 -1.8 5.3 1.7	6.7 -9.6 1.5 0.4	
2020 Q1 Q2	-3.0 -23.6	-4.4 -25.3	-3.9 -14.6	4.4 -31.3	-1.0 -21.6	-0.5 -26.5	-10.7 -11.0	-9.2 -22.7	
Contributions t		20.0		00	20	20.0			
2017 Q4	ZZ5M 0.18	ZZ5N 0.09	ZZ5O 0.04	ZZ5P 0.32	ZZ5Q 0.26	ZZ5R 0.01	ZZ5S -0.52	ZZ5T -0.24	ZZ5U -0.28
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.26 0.14 0.30 0.35	- 0.02 0.02	-0.05 -0.04 0.09 0.27	-0.57 0.76 -0.27 0.81	-0.23 0.01 0.07 -0.04	-0.09 -0.13 -0.14 -0.03	0.80 -0.49 0.80 -0.03	0.39 - 0.35 1.26	0.42 -0.48 0.45 -1.29
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.10 0.28 0.01 -0.23	0.01 -0.02 0.05 0.02	0.25 0.37 -0.10 0.13	2.79 -3.66 -0.98 -0.13	0.36 -0.18 0.25 -0.31	0.13 0.05 0.13 -0.02	0.08 -0.56 1.60 0.54	2.20 -3.36 0.48 0.13	-2.12 2.81 1.13 0.41
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.83 -14.43	-0.11 -0.59	-0.75 -2.76	0.73 -5.61	-0.18 -3.91	-0.05 -2.72	-3.43 -3.23	-2.95 -6.77	-0.48 3.54
	inge, latest quarte				0.01	2.72	0.20	0.77	0.01
Growth	1/077	1// 100	1411014	775)		1/070	14110144	14100	
2017 Q4	KGZ7 0.4	KH28 9.8	KH2K 1.0	ZZ5Y 3.7	KG7T 3.8	KG7S 2.5	KH2W 2.5	KH3P 1.5	
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.7 1.2 1.4 1.7	9.8 6.4 4.8 1.8	0.6 0.2 0.3 1.5	-2.7 0.7 1.4 4.1	1.9 0.1 0.6 -1.1	-0.7 -2.3 -3.4 -3.7	4.9 1.7 1.9 3.6	1.9 1.1 1.5 6.4	
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.1 1.3 0.9	2.1 1.4 2.5 2.4	3.1 5.4 4.3 3.5	23.7 -2.0 -6.1 -10.9	2.2 1.1 2.2 0.6	-1.5 0.2 2.9 3.0	1.2 0.9 3.5 5.4	12.1 1.3 1.7 –1.8	
2020 Q1 Q2	-2.9 -26.2	-2.6 -26.6	−1.8 −17.8	-19.2 -32.9	-2.3 -22.6	1.1 –26.1	-6.1 -14.8	-16.4 -28.5	
Contributions t									
2017 Q4	ZZ65 0.26	ZZ66 0.22	ZZ67 0.19	ZZ68 0.63	ZZ69 0.67	ZZ6A 0.26	ZZ6B 0.72	ZZ6C 0.44	ZZ6D 0.28
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.46 0.76 0.89 1.05	0.22 0.15 0.11 0.04	0.12 0.03 0.05 0.28	-0.50 0.13 0.25 0.74	0.34 0.02 0.11 -0.19	-0.07 -0.24 -0.35 -0.39	1.46 0.52 0.59 1.08	0.59 0.34 0.49 2.00	0.87 0.18 0.10 -0.92
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.70 0.84 0.55 –0.03	0.05 0.03 0.06 0.06	0.58 1.00 0.79 0.65	4.12 -0.36 -1.08 -2.01	0.39 0.20 0.38 0.11	-0.16 0.02 0.29 0.29	0.36 0.29 1.10 1.67	3.84 0.42 0.55 -0.58	-3.48 -0.13 0.55 2.25
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.77 -16.18	-0.06 -0.62	-0.35 -3.43	-4.18 -5.90	-0.43 -4.07	0.11 -2.61	-1.87 -4.48	-5.71 -8.99	3.84 4.51
~-		3.02	3.10	0.00	1.07		0	3.00	1.01

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place and contributions are available from 1997. Expenditure data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in table C2

² This table does not include the contribution from the statistical discrepancy and components may not sum to the percentage change in average GDP. Chained volume measure data for this component are available in table C2

³ Non-profit institutions serving households

Annex C - Growth and contributions to growth - income components of GDP^{1,2} Current Prices

Compensation of	Gross operating surplus of		Taxes on products & production
employees Percentage change, latest year on previous year	corporations ³	Other income ⁴	less subsidies
Growth			
KGI3	KH4V	KH6T	KH65
2017 4.2 2018 4.1	4.1 2.3	2.0 3.9	3.8 2.9
2019 4.6	1.3	3.4	2.0
Contributions to growth ZZ7H	ZZ7I	ZZ7J	ZZ7k
2017 2.01 2018 1.98	0.88 0.48	0.35 0.69	0.46 0.35
2019 2.24	0.28	0.60	0.24
Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter			
Growth KGI4	KH4W	KH6U	KH66
2017 Q4 0.5	5.4	0.7	-0.2
2018 Q1 1.1 Q2 0.8	0.2 -1.7	0.7 2.0	-1.6 5.1
Q3 1.8 Q4 1.5	1.3 -3.1	1.2 1.7	-1.2 0.6
2019 Q1 0.2 Q2 1.8	3.5 -2.7	1.3 -0.3	-0.7 3.7
Q3 Q4 1.0 0.9	4.3 -0.2	-0.5 0.9	-1.8 -0.9
2020 Q1 1.1 Q2 -2.2	1.0 -12.5	-0.9 -3.2	_9.4 _95.2
Contributions to growth			
ZZ6Z 2017 Q4 0.25	ZZ72 1.14	ZZ73 0.13	ZZ74 -0.02
2018 Q1 0.52	0.05	0.12	-0.19
Q2 0.39 Q3 0.87 Q4 0.66	-0.38 0.27 -0.59	0.36 0.21 0.27	0.63 -0.16 0.06
2019 Q1 0.11	0.74	0.24	-0.09
Q2 0.83 Q3 0.52 Q4 0.47	-0.55 0.88 -0.04	-0.05 -0.10 0.16	0.43 -0.22 -0.10
2020 Q1 0.63	0.22	-0.17	-1.21
Q2 -1.12 Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarte	-2.66	-0.56	-10.20
Growth	i oi pievious yeai		
KGI5 2017 Q4 3.7	KH4X 5.3	KH6V 1.5	KH67 3.2
2018 Q1 3.6 Q2 3.4	3.7 3.7	2.1 3.4	1.5 5.3
Q3 Q4 4.2 5.2	5.2 -3.3	4.7 5.6	5.3 2.0 2.7
2019 Q1 4.3 Q2 5.3	-0.1 -1.2	6.2 3.8	3.6 2.3
Q3 Q4 Q4 4.6 4.0	1.8 4.8	2.1 1.4	1.7 0.3
2020 Q1 5.0 Q2 0.9	2.3 -8.0	-0.8 -3.7	-8.4 -95.8
Contributions to growth	0.0	0.7	33.0
- ZZ79	ZZ7A	ZZ7B	ZZ70
2017 Q4 1.79 2018 Q1 1.74	1.15 0.81	0.27 0.37	0.39 0.19
Q2 1.67 Q3 2.04	0.78 1.09	0.61 0.82	0.65 0.24
Q4 2.50	-0.71	0.98	0.33
2019 Q1 2.11 Q2 2.57 Q3 2.22	-0.03 -0.25 0.38	1.10 0.68 0.37	0.43 0.28 0.21
Q4 1.99	0.99	0.24	0.04
2020 Q1 2.52 Q2 0.44	0.49 -1.63	−0.15 −0.65	−1.03 −11.65

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place and contributions are available from 1997. Income data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quar-

terly in table D

³ Includes the operating surplus of financial corporations, private non-financial corporations and public corporations 4 Includes mixed income and the operating surplus of the non-corporate sector

² This table does not include the contribution from the statistical discrepancy and components may not sum to the percentage change in average GDP. Current price data for this component are available in table D

	Final	consumption expend	ture				
	House- holds	Non-prof- it instit- utions ²	General govern- ment	Gross capital formation	Gross fixed capital formation	Total exports	less Total imports
Percentage change	e, latest year on previou	ıs year					
2017 2018 2019	ZZ93 2.1 2.4 1.4	ZZ94 0.9 1.4 1.7	ZZ95 0.7 2.2 2.0	ZZ96 5.1 0.8 4.9	ZZ97 2.6 2.0 3.2	ZZ98 4.9 3.1 1.6	ZZ99 6.1 2.5 1.6
Percentage change	e, latest quarter on prev	vious quarter					
2017 Q4	ZZ8N 0.6	ZZ8O 0.1	ZZ8P 0.8	ZZ8Q 2.2	ZZ8R 0.8	ZZ8S 1.8	ZZ8T 1.1
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.0 0.6 0.2 0.1	1.1 0.2 –0.1	0.7 0.7 0.7 -0.3	-1.3 -1.5 2.5 0.1	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.7	-0.6 2.5 0.8 1.2	-0.2 1.3 1.2 0.3
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.5 0.3 0.5	-0.4 2.6 -0.5 0.3	0.9 -1.7 3.1 2.0	1.9 4.7 0.2 –5.8	1.1 1.5 -0.4 0.9	-2.2 2.8 -0.6 0.6	-1.3 3.1 0.3 -2.1
2020 Q1 Q2	0.4 -0.7	5.1 31.8	3.8 35.3	6.3 -2.6	0.3 1.7	_ _2.1	-0.5
Percentage change	e, latest quarter on cori	esponding quarter	of previous year				
2017 Q4	ZZ8U 2.0	ZZ8V 0.8	ZZ8W 0.8	ZZ8X 5.5	ZZ8Y 2.2	ZZ8Z 1.3	ZZ92 2.7
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.0	1.3 2.0 1.3 1.2	1.3 2.8 3.0 1.9	1.3 0.3 1.8 –0.3	2.2 1.9 2.0 1.9	0.4 3.4 4.5 3.9	1.2 2.7 3.4 2.6
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.4 1.2 1.5 1.4	0.8 2.3 1.6 2.1	2.1 -0.3 2.0 4.4	3.0 9.4 7.0 0.7	2.8 3.9 2.9 3.2	2.3 2.5 1.1 0.5	1.4 3.2 2.3 -0.1
2020 Q1 Q2	1.2 0.2	7.6 38.2	7.4 47.8	5.0 -2.3	2.3 2.5	2.7 -2.2	1.3 -2.2

Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place and are available from 1997.
 Current price and chained volume measure data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in tables C1 and C2 respectively
 Non-profit institutions serving households

Annex E - Output components of GDP- growths and revisions from previous estimate^{1,2}, Chained Volume Measures Seasonally adjusted data Re

	Season	ally adjuste	d data								Reference	year 2018
	Agri- culture, forestry, and fishing	Total Production	Mining & quarrying inc oil & gas extract	Manu- facturing	Electric, gas, steam & air	Water supply, sewerage	Constr- uction ⁴	Total Services	Distri- bution, hotels & restaurants	Transport, storage and commu- nications	Business services and finance	Govern- ment & other services
Percentage Current est		est year on pr	evious year									
2017 2018 2019	L3BB 6.3 -3.3 6.3	L3BG 1.8 0.9 –1.2	L3BH 0.7 5.3 -0.8	L3BN 2.3 1.1 –1.7	L3DM -2.1 -1.2 1.0	L3DQ 2.3 -1.4 -0.2	L3DW 6.1 - 1.8	L3E2 1.4 1.6 1.8	L3GP 1.8 2.8 2.5	KI8L 3.1 3.4 5.1	KI8N 1.0 1.1 0.5	KI8P 0.7 0.6 1.7
Previous es	stimates ²											
2017 2018 2019	A2EQ 5.7 -3.0 -1.1	A2ER 1.7 0.8 –1.3	A2ET 1.7 5.3 1.3	A2ES 2.2 0.9 -1.7	A2EU -1.8 -1.6 -1.8	A2EV 2.0 0.5 1.7	A2EW 6.4 - 1.9	A2EY 1.7 2.0 1.8	A2F2 2.4 3.0 2.7	A2F3 3.6 3.8 4.3	A2F4 1.0 1.8 0.7	A2F5 1.2 0.7 1.7
Revisions												
2017 2018 2019	ZZ52 0.6 -0.3 7.4	ZZ53 0.1 0.1 0.1	ZZ55 -1.0 - -2.1	ZZ54 0.1 0.2 -	ZZ56 -0.3 0.4 2.8	ZZ57 0.3 –1.9 –1.9	ZZ58 -0.3 - -0.1	ZZ59 -0.3 -0.4 -	ZZ5A -0.6 -0.2 -0.2	ZZ5B -0.5 -0.4 0.8	ZZ5C - -0.7 -0.2	ZZ5D -0.5 -0.1 -
Percentage Current est		est quarter or	n previous qu	uarter								
2017 Q4	L3BB -0.2	L3BG 0.9	L3BH -3.6	L3BN 1.3	L3DM -0.2	L3DQ 1.1	L3DW 1.0	L3E2 0.2	L3GP -0.3	KI8L 1.0	KI8N 0.2	KI8P 0.2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-4.2 -0.5 0.7 1.8	0.3 -0.3 0.3 -1.3	3.1 4.3 3.3 -3.3	0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -1.1	1.6 -5.2 1.3 -1.2	-2.1 0.2 0.6 -1.2	-2.3 1.3 0.9 -0.3	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.6	0.3 1.8 1.2 0.4	-0.2 1.3 1.6 1.9	0.6 -0.1 0.4 0.4	0.1 -0.1 0.4 0.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.8 1.8 2.3 1.1	1.0 -1.4 -0.5 -0.4	-0.1 -1.6 1.6 -1.8	1.4 -2.3 -0.6 -0.7	0.6 3.3 -2.2 3.2	-0.7 1.4 0.4 -0.4	1.6 -0.2 0.2 -1.2	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.2	0.8 0.3 0.2 -0.1	1.8 0.8 0.2 -0.1	-0.3 - 0.7 0.1	0.4 0.4 0.6 0.6
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.6 -5.9	-2.1 -16.3	-3.3 -1.5	-1.8 -21.1	-4.6 -5.6	0.3 -4.2	-2.8 -35.7	-2.6 -19.2	-4.7 -34.3	-2.7 -17.5	-0.5 -11.0	-4.4 -23.7
Previous es	stimates ²											
2017 Q4	A2CX -1.0	A2CY 1.1	A2DO -2.6	A2DL 1.5	A2DR -0.2	A2DS 0.6	A2DT 0.7	A2DU 0.4	A2DV 0.2	A2DW 1.0	A2DX 0.5	A2DY -0.2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-2.0 -1.0 -0.3 0.7	-0.1 -0.4 0.6 -0.9	1.5 4.8 3.2 –1.4	-0.2 -0.4 0.1 -0.8	1.6 -5.1 1.6 -0.9	-1.8 2.2 1.8 -0.9	-1.8 0.8 1.1	0.4 0.8 0.7 0.5	0.4 1.9 1.2 0.5	-0.1 1.4 2.0 1.2	0.7 0.3 0.2 0.3	0.2 0.4 0.4 0.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-1.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.1	0.9 -1.8 -0.3 -0.5	-0.1 -0.4 1.5 -2.2	1.5 -2.9 -0.3 -1.0	-1.5 1.9 -2.4 3.2	-1.0 2.1 0.6 0.2	1.6 -0.6 0.5 -1.0	0.4 0.2 0.6 0.1	1.1 0.2 0.1 -0.2	1.3 0.6 0.7 –0.5	-0.2 0.1 0.8 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.7 0.5
2020 Q1 Q2	-0.1 -4.8	-1.5 -16.9	-2.1 -7.3	-1.1 -20.2	-5.8 -8.8	0.4 -5.6	-1.7 -35.0	-2.3 -19.9	-4.7 -33.1	-2.8 -18.3	-0.4 -11.8	-3.7 -25.5
Revisions												
2017 Q4	ZZ4A 0.8	ZZ4B -0.2	ZZ4D -1.0	ZZ4C -0.2	ZZ4E -	ZZ4F 0.5	ZZ4G 0.3	ZZ4H -0.2	ZZ4I -0.5	ZZ4J –	ZZ4K -0.3	ZZ4L 0.4
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-2.2 0.5 1.0 1.1	0.4 0.1 -0.3 -0.4	1.6 -0.5 0.1 -1.9	0.4 0.3 -0.2 -0.3	-0.1 -0.3 -0.3	-0.3 -2.0 -1.2 -0.3	-0.5 0.5 -0.2 -0.3	-0.1 -0.4 - 0.1	-0.1 -0.1 - -0.1	-0.1 -0.1 -0.4 0.7	-0.1 -0.4 0.2 0.1	-0.1 -0.5 -
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3.0 2.0 2.1 1.2	0.1 0.4 -0.2 0.1	-1.2 0.1 0.4	-0.1 0.6 -0.3 0.3	2.1 1.4 0.2	0.3 -0.7 -0.2 -0.6	0.4 -0.3 -0.2	0.1 -0.1 0.1	-0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.2 -0.5 0.4	-0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2	- 0.2 -0.1 0.1
2020 Q1 Q2	-1.5 -1.1	-0.6 0.6	-1.2 5.8	-0.7 -0.9	1.2 3.2	-0.1 1.4	-1.1 -0.7	-0.3 0.7	-1.2	0.1 0.8	-0.1 0.8	-0.7 1.8

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Output data are available from 1990 in table B1

³ Current estimate refers to the estimates released within this publication (Quarterly National Accounts)

² Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate



Annex E - Output components of GDP- growths and revisions from previous estimate 1,2, Chained Volume Measures

Seasonally adjusted data

Continued	ocason	any adjuste	u uata								i leletetice	year 2010
	Agri- culture, forestry, and fishing	Total Production	Mining & quarrying inc oil & gas extract	Manu- facturing	Electric, gas, steam & air	Water supply, sewerage	Constr- uction ⁴	Total Services	Distri- bution, hotels & restaurants	Transport, storage and commu- nications	Business services and finance	Govern- ment & other services
Percentage Current est		test quarter o	n correspor	nding quarte	er of previo	us year						
2017 Q4	L3ZZ	L426	L427	L42D	L44C	L44G	L44M	L44Q	L47F	KII2	KIH9	KIH8
	5.4	2.2	0.1	3.0	-1.8	1.4	5.2	1.3	0.7	3.2	1.0	1.2
2018 Q1	-2.3	1.8	1.5	2.3	3.8	-3.7	-0.5	1.4	1.6	2.6	1.1	1.0
Q2	-4.2	1.8	5.0	2.2	-2.0	0.8	0.2	1.3	2.7	2.6	0.9	0.3
Q3	-4.2	1.2	7.1	1.3	-2.7	-0.3	0.8	1.6	3.0	3.7	1.1	0.5
Q4	-2.3	–1.0	7.4	–1.1	-3.7	-2.6	-0.5	2.0	3.7	4.6	1.3	0.7
2019 Q1	3.8	-0.2	4.1	0.1	-4.7	-1.2	3.6	2.1	4.3	6.7	0.5	1.1
Q2	6.2	-1.3	-1.7	-2.1	3.9	-	2.0	2.0	2.7	6.3	0.5	1.7
Q3	7.9	-2.1	-3.4	-2.6	0.3	-0.2	1.3	1.8	1.7	4.8	0.8	1.9
Q4	7.2	-1.2	-1.9	-2.2	4.9	0.7	0.4	1.3	1.2	2.7	0.4	2.1
2020 Q1	3.6	-4.2	-5.1	-5.3	-0.5	1.7	-4.0	-1.7	-4.4	-1.8	0.1	-2.8
Q2	-4.3	-18.7	-5.0	-23.6	-9.1	-3.8	-38.2	-20.8	-37.3	-19.6	-10.9	-26.2
Previous es	timates ²											
2017 Q4	A2DZ	A2E2	A2E4	A2E3	A2E5	A2EE	A2EK	A2EL	A2EM	A2EN	A2EO	A2EP
	4.4	2.3	2.7	3.3	-3.1	0.5	5.4	1.2	1.3	3.5	0.6	1.0
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-2.2 -3.2 -4.1 -2.5	1.5 1.4 1.1 –0.9	1.2 5.0 6.9 8.2	2.1 1.8 1.0 –1.4	2.7 -3.5 -2.3 -3.1	-4.2 2.0 2.9 1.3	-0.7 -0.2 0.8	1.4 1.9 2.2 2.4	1.4 2.9 3.7 4.0	3.2 3.0 4.5 4.7	1.6 2.1 1.8 1.6	0.3 0.2 0.8 1.4
2019 Q1	-1.7	0.1	6.5	0.4	-6.0	2.1	3.5	2.3	4.8	6.2	0.6	1.6
Q2	-1.0	-1.2	1.1	-2.1	1.0	2.0	2.1	1.8	3.0	5.3	0.3	1.4
Q3	-0.5	-2.1	-0.5	-2.5	-2.9	0.8	1.6	1.7	2.0	3.9	0.9	1.8
Q4	-1.3	-1.8	-1.4	-2.7	1.1	1.9	0.5	1.4	1.2	2.0	0.9	1.9
2020 Q1	-0.2	-4.1	-3.4	-5.1	-3.3	3.3	-2.7	-1.4	-4.5	-2.1	0.7	-2.3
Q2	-4.8	-18.8	-10.0	-22.0	-13.5	-4.5	-36.4	-21.2	-36.3	-20.5	-11.2	-27.4
Revisions												
2017 Q4	ZZ4N	ZZ4O	ZZ4Q	ZZ4P	ZZ4R	ZZ4S	ZZ4T	ZZ4U	ZZ4V	ZZ4W	ZZ4X	ZZ4Y
	1.0	-0.1	-2.6	-0.3	1.3	0.9	-0.2	0.1	-0.6	-0.3	0.4	0.2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-0.1 -1.0 -0.1 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.1 -0.1	0.3 - 0.2 -0.8	0.2 0.4 0.3 0.3	1.1 1.5 -0.4 -0.6	0.5 -1.2 -3.2 -3.9	0.2 0.4 - -0.5	-0.6 -0.6 -0.4	0.2 -0.2 -0.7 -0.3	-0.6 -0.4 -0.8 -0.1	-0.5 -1.2 -0.7 -0.3	0.7 0.1 -0.3 -0.7
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	5.5 7.2 8.4 8.5	-0.3 -0.1 - 0.6	-2.4 -2.8 -2.9 -0.5	-0.3 - -0.1 0.5	1.3 2.9 3.2 3.8	-3.3 -2.0 -1.0 -1.2	0.1 -0.1 -0.3 -0.1	-0.2 0.2 0.1 -0.1	-0.5 -0.3 -0.3	0.5 1.0 0.9 0.7	-0.1 0.2 -0.1 -0.5	-0.5 0.3 0.1 0.2
2020 Q1	3.8	-0.1	-1.7	-0.2	2.8	-1.6	-1.3	-0.3	0.1	0.3	-0.6	-0.5
Q2	0.5	0.1	5.0	-1.6	4.4	0.7	-1.8	0.4	-1.0	0.9	0.3	1.2

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Output data are available from 1990 in table

³ Current estimate refers to the estimates released within this publication (Quarterly National Accounts)

B1

2 Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate



Seasonally adjusted data Reference year 2018

Se		Pinal consumption expenditure						e year 2018
	Final c	· · · · · ·	iture					
	House- holds	Non-prof- it instit- utions ³	General govern- ment	Gross Capital Formation	Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Business investme nt	Total exports	<i>less</i> Total imports
Percentage change Current estimates	ge, latest year on pre	evious year						
	KGZ5	KH26	KH2I	ZZ6H	KG7N	KG7M	KH2U	KH3N
2017 2018	1.0 1.3	4.1 5.6	0.7 0.6	0.8 0.9	2.8 0.4	1.5 –2.5	5.4 3.0	2.6 2.7
2019	0.8	2.1	4.1	0.9	1.5	1.1	2.8	3.3
Previous estimate	es ²							
0017	A275	A276	A289	A28J	A28L	A29D	A29F	A2CK
2017 2018	2.3 1.6	-0.2 0.2	0.3 0.4	-1.7 1.4	1.6 -0.2	2.9 -1.5	6.1 1.2	3.5 2.0
2019	1.0	-1.1	3.4	1.5	0.7	0.8	5.0	4.6
Revisions								
2017	ZZ83 -1.3	ZZ84 4.3	ZZ85 0.4	ZZ86 2.5	ZZ87 1.2	ZZ88 -1.4	ZZ89 -0.7	ZZ8A -0.9
2018	-0.3	5.4	0.2	-0.5	0.6	-1.4 -1.0	1.8	0.7
2019	-0.2	3.2	0.7	-0.6	8.0	0.3	-2.2	-1.3
Percentage change Current estimates	ge, latest quarter on s ⁴	previous quarter						
2017 Q4	KGZ6 0.3	KH27 4.0	KH2J 0.2	ZZ5H 1.8	KG7Q 1.4	KG7P 0.1	KH2V -1.7	KH3O -0.8
2018 Q1	0.4	0.1	-0.2	-3.1	-1.3	-0.9	2.7	1.2
Q2	0.2	-0.1	-0.2	4.3	0.1	-1.2	-1.6	-
Q3 Q4	0.5 0.6	0.8 0.9	0.5 1.4	-1.5 4.5	0.4 -0.2	−1.4 −0.3	2.6 -0.1	1.1 4.0
2019 Q1	-0.2	0.5	1.4	15.1	2.0	1.4	0.3	6.7
Q2	0.5	-0.9	2.0	-17.3	-1.0	0.5	-1.8	-9.6
Q3 Q4	_ -0.4	2.0 0.8	-0.6 0.7	-5.6 -0.8	1.4 -1.7	1.3 -0.2	5.3 1.7	1.5 0.4
2020 Q1	-3.0	-4.4 25.2	-3.9	4.4	-1.0	-0.5	-10.7	-9.2
Q2 Previous estimate	-23.6	–25.3	-14.6	-31.3	-21.6	-26.5	-11.0	-22.7
	A24M	A24X	A24Y	A25I	A25J	A25M	A264	A268
2017 Q4	0.3	0.7	0.2	1.3	1.1	0.2	-1.5	-1.0
2018 Q1 Q2	0.4 0.6	0.3 -0.9	−0.4 −0.1	-1.2 2.5	−1.2 −0.2	-0.8 -0.8	0.3 -0.2	0.3 0.6
Q3	0.4	0.1	0.6	-2.0	0.3	-0.9	2.3	0.8
Q4	0.2	0.1	1.3	4.3	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3	2.9
2019 Q1 Q2	0.2 0.4	−0.1 −1.2	0.5 1.8	18.4 -16.8	1.2 -0.6	1.1 0.6	1.9 –2.6	9.6 -10.6
Q3 Q4	0.1 -0.1	0.5 -0.9	0.2 0.6	-5.2 -9.1	0.6 -1.4	0.8 -0.3	6.1 4.4	2.1 -0.1
2020 Q1	-2.9	-2.8	-4.1	13.0	-1.1	-0.3	-13.5	-9.4
Q2	-23.1	-25.1	-14.0	-37.5	-25.5	-31.4	-11.3	-23.4
Revisions								
2017 Q4	ZZ7L –	ZZ7M 3.3	ZZ7N -	ZZ7O 0.5	ZZ7P 0.3	ZZ7Q -0.1	ZZ7R -0.2	ZZ7S 0.2
2018 Q1	_	-0.2	0.2	-1.9	-0.1	-0.1	2.4	0.9
Q2 Q3	-0.4 0.1	0.8 0.7	−0.1 −0.1	1.8 0.5	0.3 0.1	-0.4 -0.5	-1.4 0.3	-0.6 0.3
Q4	0.4	0.7	0.1	0.3	-0.1	0.3	0.3	1.1
2019 Q1	-0.4	0.6	0.9	-3.3	0.8	0.3	-1.6	-2.9
Q2 Q3	0.1 -0.1	0.3 1.5	0.2 -0.8	-0.5 -0.4	-0.4 0.8	-0.1 0.5	0.8 -0.8	1.0 -0.6
Q4	-0.3	1.7	0.1	8.3	-0.3	0.1	-2.7	0.5
2020 Q1	-0.1	-1.6	0.2	-8.6	0.1	-0.2	2.8	0.2
Q2	-0.5	-0.2	-0.6	6.2	3.9	4.9	0.3	0.7

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Expenditure data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in table C2

² Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate

Non-profit institutions serving households
 Current estimates refer to the estimates within this publication (Quarterly) National Accounts)



Annex F - Expenditure components of GDP- growths and revisions from previous estimate ^{1,2}, Chained Volume Measures

Seasonally adjusted data Reference year 2018

	Final c	onsumption expend	diture					
	House- holds	Non-prof- it instit- utions ³	General govern- ment	Gross capital formation	Gross fixed capital formation	Business investme nt	Total exports	less Total imports
Percentage chan Current estimate	ge, latest quarter on s ⁴	corresponding qu	arter of the prev	ious year				
2017 Q4	KGZ7	KH28	KH2K	ZZ5Y	KG7T	KG7S	KH2W	KH3P
	0.4	9.8	1.0	3.7	3.8	2.5	2.5	1.5
2018 Q1	0.7	9.8	0.6	-2.7	1.9	-0.7	4.9	1.9
Q2	1.2	6.4	0.2	0.7	0.1	-2.3	1.7	1.1
Q3	1.4	4.8	0.3	1.4	0.6	-3.4	1.9	1.5
Q4	1.7	1.8	1.5	4.1	-1.1	-3.7	3.6	6.4
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	1.1 1.3 0.9	2.1 1.4 2.5 2.4	3.1 5.4 4.3 3.5	23.7 -2.0 -6.1 -10.9	2.2 1.1 2.2 0.6	-1.5 0.2 2.9 3.0	1.2 0.9 3.5 5.4	12.1 1.3 1.7 –1.8
2020 Q1	-2.9	-2.6	-1.8	-19.2	-2.3	1.1	-6.1	-16.4
Q2	-26.2	-26.6	-17.8	-32.9	-22.6	-26.1	-14.8	-28.5
Previous estimat	es ²							
2017 Q4	A26C	A26H	A26I	A26J	A26K	A26L	A26M	A26N
	1.5	1.6	0.4	3.2	2.2	3.9	2.4	1.3
2018 Q1	1.4	1.2	0.1	-0.1	1.0	0.7	2.3	2.2
Q2	1.7	-0.2	-	2.0	-0.7	-1.2	-0.4	0.5
Q3	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.5	-	-2.4	0.9	0.7
Q4	1.6	-0.4	1.4	3.4	-1.2	-3.1	2.1	4.6
2019 Q1	1.4	-0.8	2.4	23.9	1.2	-1.2	3.7	14.3
Q2	1.2	-1.1	4.3	0.6	0.8	0.3	1.3	1.6
Q3	0.9	-0.7	3.9	-2.7	1.0	2.0	5.0	2.9
Q4	0.7	-1.6	3.1	-15.1	–0.3	2.3	10.0	–0.1
2020 Q1	-2.5	-4.3	-1.6	-19.0	-2.5	0.8	−6.6	-17.4
Q2	-25.2	-27.4	-16.9	-39.1	-27.0	-31.3	−15.0	-29.2
Revisions								
2017 Q4	ZZ7T	ZZ7U	ZZ7V	ZZ7W	ZZ7X	ZZ7Y	ZZ7Z	ZZ82
	-1.1	8.2	0.6	0.5	1.6	-1.4	0.1	0.2
2018 Q1	-0.7	8.6	0.5	-2.6	0.9	-1.4	2.6	-0.3
Q2	-0.5	6.6	0.2	-1.3	0.8	-1.1	2.1	0.6
Q3	-0.4	4.6	-	0.9	0.6	-1.0	1.0	0.8
Q4	0.1	2.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	-0.6	1.5	1.8
2019 Q1	-0.3	2.9	0.7	-0.2	1.0	-0.3	-2.5	-2.2
Q2	0.1	2.5	1.1	-2.6	0.3	-0.1	-0.4	-0.3
Q3	-	3.2	0.4	-3.4	1.2	0.9	-1.5	-1.2
Q4	-0.7	4.0	0.4	4.2	0.9	0.7	-4.6	-1.7
2020 Q1	-0.4	1.7	-0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.0
Q2	-1.0	0.8	-0.9	6.2	4.4	5.2	0.2	0.7

Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Expenditure data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in table C2
 Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate 3 Non-profit institutions serving households
 Current estimates refer to the estimates within this publication (Quarterly National Accounts)

Annex G - Income components of GDP- growths and revisions from previous estimate^{1,2}, Current Prices Seasonally adjusted data

Compe		Gross operating		Taxes on products & production
sation employe		surplus of corporations	Other income	& production less subsidies
Percentage change, latest year on previous year Current estimates ³				
KG		KH4V	KH6T	KH65
2018	I.2	4.1	2.0	3.8
	I.1	2.3	3.9	2.9
	I.6	1.3	3.4	2.0
Previous estimates ²			<u> </u>	
A20	CT	A2CU	A2CV	A2CW
2017 A20	I.3	4.0	2.4	3.8
2018	i.4	0.9	4.3	2.7
	i.5	1.6	3.4	1.5
Revisions				
ZZ	8J	ZZ8K	ZZ8L	ZZ8M
2017 –C).1	0.1	-0.4	-
).3	1.4	-0.4	0.2
).1	-0.3	-	0.5
Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quar Current estimates ³	ter			
2017 Q4 KG	614	KH4W	KH6U	KH66
	0.5	5.4	0.7	-0.2
	l.1	0.2	0.7	-1.6
).8	-1.7	2.0	5.1
Q3 1	.8	1.3	1.2	-1.2
	.5	-3.1	1.7	0.6
).2	3.5	1.3	-0.7
	.8	-2.7	-0.3	3.7
Q3	i.0	4.3	-0.5	-1.8
).9	-0.2	0.9	-0.9
	l.1	1.0	-0.9	-9.4
	2.2	-12.5	-3.2	-95.2
Previous estimates ²				
A20	OL	A2CM	A2CN	A2CO
2017 Q4 ().7	4.4	1.0	-0.3
	l.2	0.7	1.1	-2.3
).8	-1.8	1.5	5.8
Q3 1	i.5	1.8	0.9	-1.0
	i.5	-2.9	1.6	0.5
).5	3.2	1.8	-0.2
	.5	-1.6	-0.6	1.2
Q3 1	1.0	4.0	-0.6	-0.4
	0.8	-2.2	1.3	-0.9
	1.1	−3.4	-0.4	-8.6
	2.2	−24.1	-2.6	-83.7
Revisions				
ZZ6	3B	ZZ8C	ZZ8D	ZZ8E
2017 Q4 –C).2	1.0	-0.3	0.1
2018 Q1 –C).1	-0.5	-0.4	0.7
Q2	_	0.1	0.5	-0.7
).3 _	-0.5 -0.2	0.3 0.1	-0.7 -0.2 0.1
).3	0.3	-0.5	-0.5
).3	-1.1	0.3	2.5
Q3	-).1	0.3 2.0	0.3 0.1 -0.4	2.5 -1.4 -
2020 Q1	_	4.4	-0.5	-0.8
Q2	_	11.6	-0.6	-11.5

¹ Estimates are accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Income data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in table D

² Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate

³ Current estimates refer to estimates within this publication (Quarterly National Accounts)



Annex G - Income components of GDP- growths and revisions from previous estimate^{1,2}, Current Prices Seasonally adjusted data

	Compen- sation of employees	Gross operating surplus of corporations	Other income	Taxes on products & production less subsidies
Percentage change, latest qua Current estimates ³	arter on corresponding quarter of	previous year		
2017 Q4	KGI5	KH4X	KH6V	KH67
	3.7	5.3	1.5	3.2
2018 Q1	3.6	3.7	2.1	1.5
Q2	3.4	3.7	3.4	5.3
Q3	4.2	5.2	4.7	2.0
Q4	5.2	–3.3	5.6	2.7
2019 Q1	4.3	-0.1	6.2	3.6
Q2	5.3	-1.2	3.8	2.3
Q3	4.6	1.8	2.1	1.7
Q4	4.0	4.8	1.4	0.3
2020 Q1	5.0	2.3	-0.8	-8.4
Q2	0.9	-8.0	-3.7	-95.8
Previous estimates ²				
2017 Q4	A2CP	A2CQ	A2CR	A2CS
	4.2	2.8	2.1	3.5
2018 Q1	4.6	-0.2	3.1	1.2
Q2	3.8	1.2	4.3	4.8
Q3	4.2	5.1	4.7	1.9
Q4	5.1	-2.2	5.3	2.7
2019 Q1	4.3	0.2	6.0	4.9
Q2	5.1	0.4	3.7	0.5
Q3	4.5	2.6	2.2	1.1
Q4	3.9	3.4	1.8	-0.2
2020 Q1	4.6	-3.2	-0.3	-8.7
Q2	0.7	-25.4	-2.3	-85.3
Revisions				
2017 Q4	ZZ8F	ZZ8G	ZZ8H	ZZ8I
	-0.5	2.5	-0.6	-0.3
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	-1.0 -0.4 - 0.1	3.9 2.5 0.1 -1.1	-1.0 -0.9 - 0.3	0.3 0.5 0.1
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	0.2 0.1 0.1	-0.3 -1.6 -0.8 1.4	0.2 0.1 -0.1 -0.4	-1.3 1.8 0.6 0.5
2020 Q1	0.4	5.5	-0.5	0.3
Q2	0.2	17.4	-1.4	-10.5

Estimates accurate to 1 decimal place, previous estimates and revisions are available from 1997. Income data are available from 1948 annually and 1955 quarterly in table D
 Previous estimate refers to estimates from the GDP first quarterly estimate 3 Current esimates refer to estimates within this publication (Quarterly National Accounts)

LA Lewis Ahlquist

	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2018	2018	2018	2019	2019	2019	2019	2020	2020
				Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
acac ACAC acci ACCI	190 966 17 101	197 664 16 654	204 037 15 962	49 547 4 564	47 973 3 762	47 951 4 028	51 144 4 238	50 596 4 626	51 032 3 615	49 067 3 665	52 035 4 191	51 903 4 491	45 080 3 718	12 215 2 673
acdd ACDD acde ACDE	27 973 9 478	27 919 8 844	27 795 8 685	7 158 2 576	6 539 1 755	7 165 2 405	7 104 2 468	7 111 2 216	6 613 2 200	7 050 2 062	7 029 2 527	7 103 1 896	6 390 2 316	3 854 2 309
acdf ACDF	3 522	3 760	3 770	1 232	684	896	908	1 272	703	925	900	1 242	772	957
acdg ACDG acdh ACDH	3 452 4 314	3 625 4 316	3 645 4 387	897 1 297	733 895	982 1 085	993 1 086	917 1 250	771 969	977 1 062	968 1 053	929 1 303	667 945	677 1 144
acdi ACDI	302	280	273	82	57	72	77	74	55	77	72	69	59	54
acdj ACDJ acdo ACDO	2 814 5 346	2 984 6 202	3 029 6 357	814 1 476	705 1 530	787 1 430	668 1 698	824 1 544	706 1 526	732 1 538	731 1 682	860 1 611	698 1 585	633 1 602
acdp ACDP	3 367	3 473	3 829	921	697	868	1 030	878	861	920	1 076	972	672	96
acjy ACJY aipa AIPA	633 –2 119	–231 –5 690	830 –5 611	974 –593	1 220 -1 469	-446 -1 914	-1 591 -774	586 –1 533	2 062 -468	-427 -2 388	-1 739 -1 613	934 -1 142	2 427 -454	3 110 473
auyn AUYN	2 356 793 2	2 414 978 2	2 507 157 2	2 356 793 2	2 361 800	2 372 949	2 382 439 2	2 414 978 2	2 421 172 2	2 428 237 2		2 507 157		2 749 037
avab AVAB bksg BKSG	81 933 -	81 713 -	82 696 -	82 035 -	81 723 -	81 517 -	81 663 -	81 949 -	82 659 -	82 554 -	82 762 -	82 808 -	83 028 -	84 141 –
bksh bksh bksp bksp	–34 3 781	-40 2 595	-39 2 398	-8 3 781	-8 3 764	-11 3 406	-11 2 696	-10 2 595	-8 2 541	-10 2 415	-12 2 455	-9 2 398	-9 3 256	-14 5 328
bksq BKSQ	2 498	2 375	2 298	2 498	2 391	2 414	2 479	2 375	2 221	2 342	2 321	2 298	2 150	2 300
cfgw CFGW cmsu CMSU	–9 3 855	-7 4 436	-10 3 930	–2 1 116	-3 1 486	-2 1 030	-1 870	-1 1 050	-2 889	-2 1 059	-1 906	–5 1 076	-2 924	-2 1 080
cqoq CQOQ	1 389	1 389	1 389	348	345	348	348	348	345	348	348	348	345	348
cqtc CQTC	443 9 370	477 9 565	363 9 768	114 2 355	114 2 381	121 2 402	121 2 373	121 2 409	120 2 443	81 2 522	81 2 397	81 2 406	82 2 312	81 2 333
cuem CUEM	30 321	28 478	28 022	7 405	6 921	7 130	7 275	7 152	7 344	6 971	7 065	6 642	6 775	6 005
CUNW CUNW	8 214 827	8 194 -159	9 292 1 135	1 981 2 135	1 878 2 561	1 998 -4 562	2 155 152	2 163 1 690	2 360 4 280	2 182 -5 159	2 379 33	2 371 1 981	2 389 4 222	2 454 -1 231
d69u ⊅69Ծ	-401	-709	-1 023	-92	-128	-162	-198	-221	-234	-257	-265	-267	-277	-220
dbjy DbJY dbke DbKE	1 309	1 861	1 512	785 -	570 -	–111 –	590 _	812 -	621 -	2	465	424	381	-82 -
doha DCHF	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
dchg DCHG dft5 DFT5	99	84	72	30	30	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	21
dkhe DKHE dkhh DKHH	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
dolc DOLC	891	884	798	231	247	161	246	230	188	157	222	231	174	102
dtws DTWS dw9e DW9E	7 336 108	7 046 108	6 766 108	1 840 27	1 745 27	1 762 27	1 772 27	1 767 27	1 676 27	1 692 27	1 702 27	1 696 27	1 617 27	1 624 27
eo2e EO2E	2	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
f8yf F8YF f8yh F8YH	6 034 70	6 192 70	5 543 70	6 034 70	6 034 70	6 192 70	6 192 70	6 192 70	6 192 70	5 543 70				
f8yj F8YJ	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380
fluk FLUK flve FLVE	2 778 1 044	2 830 902	2 924 1 052	705 254	693 179	702 236	704 224	731 263	709 300	718 356	719 244	778 152	725 221	726 112
flvy FLVY	3 223	3 789	3 676	784 784	990	984	892	923	948	905	923	900 900	894	778
flye FLYE gan8 GAN8	3 223 220 409	3 789 214 848	3 676 217 243	55 123	990 54 625	984 53 952	892 53 209	923 53 062	948 53 783	905 54 053	923 54 768	54 639	894 54 368	778 39 936
gcjg GCJG gcjj GCJJ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
gcmp GCMP	18 189	18 755	24 254	4 618	4 893	4 378	4 692	4 792	5 095	5 866	6 465	6 828	7 235	6 690
gcmr GCMR gcsw GCSW	-4 424 -115	-4 621 -539	-4 587 -948	-1 140 3 185	-1 152 -3 286	-1 152 2 911	-1 169 -2 937	-1 148 2 773	-1 144 -2 757	-1 131 2 331	-1 140 -2 393	-1 172 1 871	−1 218 −1 865	-1 512 1 566
grxe GRXE	1 114	947	1 036	177	243	172	262	270	266	220	232	318	319	148
gtax GTAX ie9r IE9R	6 226 62 002	6 562 63 629	7 005 63 032	1 451 15 529	1 672 15 726	1 679 15 954	1 731 15 763	1 480 16 186	1 810 15 724	1 761 15 527	1 784 15 627	1 650 16 154	1 789 15 928	1 603 15 466
kiy5 KIY5	_	-	-	206 753	212 237	-	-	_	-	-	219 360	-	_	-
kx5q KX5Q libj LIBJ	832 185 -	847 800 -	874 503 -	206 /53	_	208 922	212 623	214 018	218 925 -	217 879 -	219 360	218 339	228 700	297 680 –
lipg LIPG	179 819 12	188 188 12	194 107 12	37 094 3	57 876 3	42 430 3	47 964 3	39 918 3	60 721 3	44 738 3	49 635 3	39 013 3	60 886 3	38 713 3
lsns Lsns	1 887	1 900	1 999	402	502	541	454	403	527	528	483	461	513	526
mdup MDUP mdyl MDYL	413 -	377	380	121 _	91 _	84	101	101	82	90	109	99	100	59 —
mdyn MDYN	26 268	23 905	19 192	6 400	6 034	6 264	5 920	5 687	5 006	5 184	4 696	4 306	3 817	4 194
miyf MIYF nmgr NMGR	629 10 379	584 11 193	706 12 306	162 1 769	135 3 064	219 3 253	153 2 484	77 2 392	203 3 663	196 3 492	159 3 154	148 1 997	75 3 748	184 3 648
nmgt nmgt	-27	-6	-11	-3	-3	-1	-3	1	-3	-7	-	-1	-3	-1
nmje NMJE nmqz NMQZ	62 713 11 342	63 636 13 574	65 174 8 278	15 709 383	15 764 1 343	15 934 5 153	15 965 2 698	15 973 4 380	15 953 –1 536	16 411 7 403	16 404 1 396	16 406 1 015	16 412 532	17 065 -7 226
nmrb NMRB	15 570	13 574	9 579	4 611	1 343	5 153	2 698	4 380	-1 536	7 403	1 396	2 316	532	2 958
nzfs nzfs nzfv nzfv	_ 24	33	36	6	- 6	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
qwps QWPS qwpt QWPT	121 025 113 360	126 715 115 767	136 800 126 579	30 966 28 155	32 187 29 177	30 813 28 759	31 630 28 336	32 085 29 495	32 466 32 393	33 949 30 730	34 906 30 998	35 479 32 458	35 482 33 644	36 740 46 918
qwrz QWRZ	48 259	49 807	50 209	12 118	12 144	12 553	12 548	12 562	12 501	12 436	12 613	12 659	12 653	15 190
rudy RUDY rusd RUSD	1 132	1 492	896	707	_ -1 497	2 356	- -624	1 257	_ -1 973	2 046	- 127	- 696	1 797	27 617
rutc RUTC	26	-7	-3	2	2	-3	-3	-3	-3	_	_	-	_	-
vqsh VQSH vqsj VQSJ	393 000 582 258	417 614 575 533	425 675 602 278	393 000 582 258	397 714 573 882	409 353 566 637	410 898 564 201	417 614 575 533	417 248 570 482	413 948 567 101	421 618 589 392	425 675 602 278	456 705 661 037	510 417 680 740
zybe ZYBE	-32	29	-65	65	-71	91	7	2	-90	4	28	-7	-44	89