

Statistical bulletin

UK labour market: October 2018

Estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity and other employment-related statistics for the UK.



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1 . Main points for June to August 2018

- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey show that, between March to May 2018 and June to August 2018, the number of people in work was little changed, the number of unemployed people decreased but the number of people aged from 16 to 64 years not working and not seeking or available to work (economically inactive) increased.
- There were 32.39 million people in work, little changed compared with March to May 2018 but 289,000 more than for a year earlier.
- The employment rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were in work) was 75.5%, lower than for March to May 2018 (75.7%) but higher than for a year earlier (75.1%).
- There were 1.36 million unemployed people (people not in work but seeking and available to work), 47,000 fewer than for March to May 2018 and 79,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The unemployment rate (the number of unemployed people as a proportion of all employed and unemployed people) was 4.0%; it has not been lower since December 1974 to February 1975.
- There were 8.75 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive (not working and not seeking or available to work), 103,000 more than for March to May 2018 but 65,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The economic inactivity rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive) was 21.2%, higher than for March to May 2018 (21.0%) but lower than for year earlier (21.4%).
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation) increased by 3.1% excluding bonuses, and by 2.7% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in real terms (that is, adjusted for price inflation) increased by 0.7% excluding bonuses, and by 0.4% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.

2 . Summary of latest labour market statistics

Table 1, Figure 1a and Figure 1b show the latest estimates, for June to August 2018, for employment, unemployment and economic inactivity and show how these estimates compare with the previous quarter (March to May 2018) and the previous year (June to August 2017). Comparing the estimates for June to August 2018 with those for March to May 2018 provides the most robust short-term comparison. See [Section 3](#) of this statistical bulletin for more information.

Table 1: Summary of UK labour market statistics for June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted

	Number (thousands)	Change on Mar to May 2018	Change on Jun to Aug 2017	Headline Rate (%)	Change on Mar to May 2018	Change on Jun to Aug 2017
Employed	32,394	-5	289			
Aged 16 to 64	31,153	-37	230	75.5	-0.1	0.4
Aged 65 and over	1,241	33	60			
Unemployed	1,363	-47	-79	4.0	-0.1	-0.3
Aged 16 to 64	1,346	-43	-73			
Aged 65 and over	18	-4	-7			
Inactive	19,337	127	92			
Aged 16 to 64	8,748	103	-65	21.2	0.2	-0.2
Aged 65 and over	10,589	24	156			

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

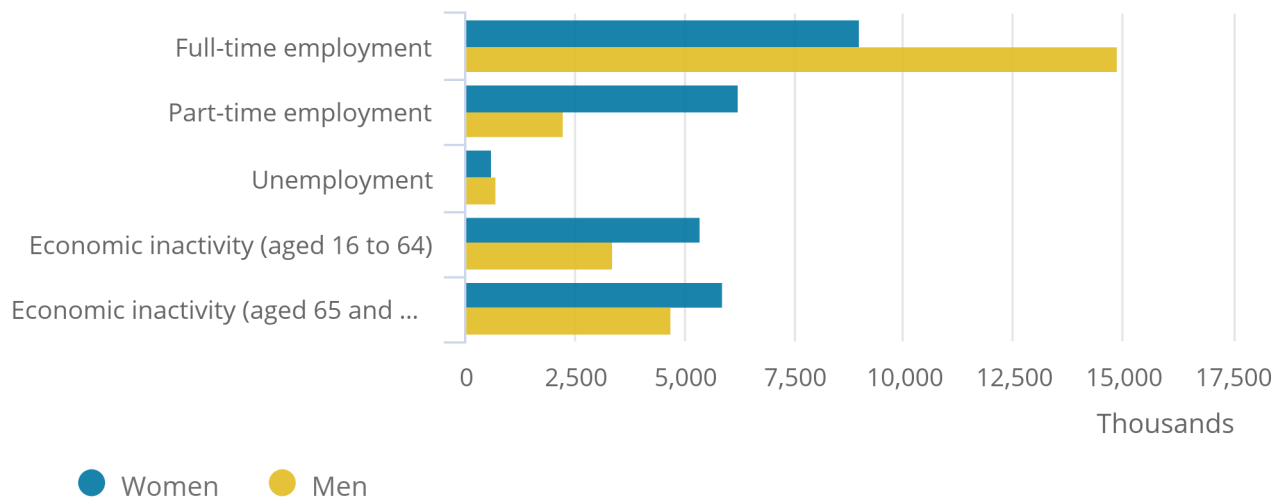
1. Calculation of headline employment rate: Number of employed people aged from 16 to 64 years divided by the population aged from 16 to 64 years. Population is the sum of employed plus unemployed plus inactive.
2. Calculation of headline unemployment rate: Number of unemployed people aged 16 years and over divided by the sum of employed people aged 16 years and over plus unemployed people aged 16 years and over.
3. Calculation of headline economic inactivity rate: Number of economically inactive people aged from 16 to 64 years divided by the population aged from 16 to 64 years. Population is the sum of employed plus unemployed plus inactive.
4. Components may not sum exactly to totals due to rounding.

Figure 1a: Summary of UK labour market statistics for June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Figure 1a: Summary of UK labour market statistics for June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted

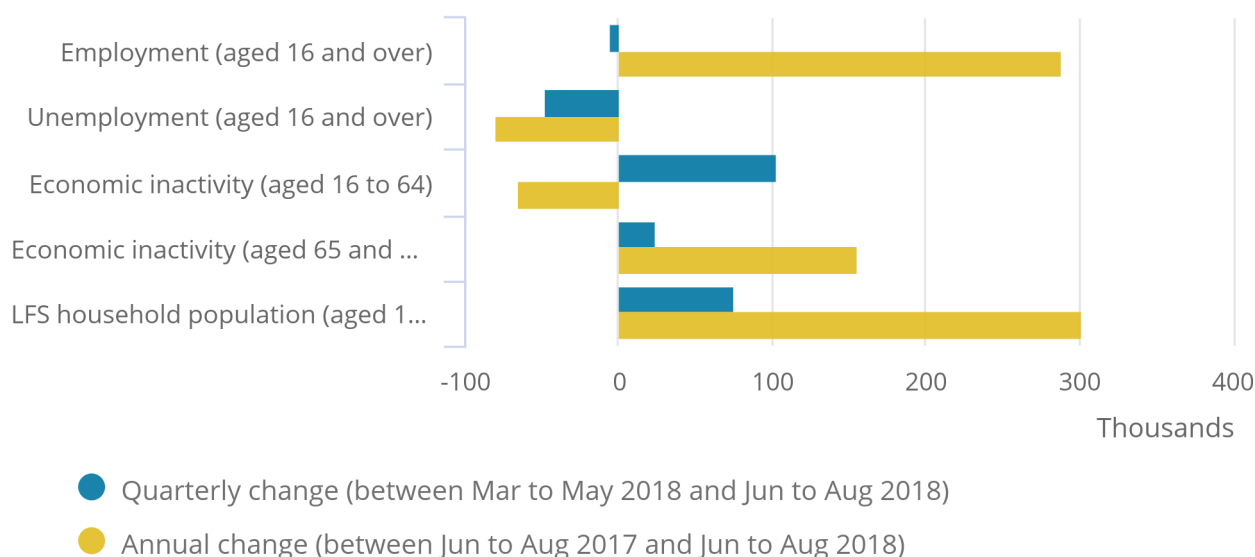
Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Figure 1b: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of people in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted

Figure 1b: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of people in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

3 . Things you need to know about this release

About labour market statuses

Everybody aged 16 years or over is either [employed](#), [unemployed](#) or [economically inactive](#). The employment estimates include all people in paid work including those working part-time. People not working are classed as unemployed if they have been looking for work within the last four weeks and are able to start work within the next two weeks. A common misconception is that the unemployment statistics are a count of people on benefits; this is not the case as they include unemployed people not claiming benefits.

Jobless people who have not been looking for work within the last four weeks or who are unable to start work within the next two weeks are classed as economically inactive. Examples of economically inactive people include people not looking for work because they are students, looking after the family or home, because of illness or disability or because they have retired.

Making comparisons with earlier data derived from the Labour Force Survey

Estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity, hours worked and redundancies are derived from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a survey of households. The most robust estimates of short-term movements in these estimates are obtained by comparing the estimates for June to August 2018 with the [estimates for March to May 2018](#), which were first published on 17 July 2018. This provides a more robust estimate than comparing with the estimates for May to July 2018. This is because the June and July 2018 data are included within both estimates, so effectively observed differences are those between the individual months of May and August 2018. The LFS is sampled such that it is representative of the UK population over a three-month period, not for single month periods.

Accuracy and reliability of survey estimates

Most of the figures in this statistical bulletin come from surveys of households or businesses and are therefore estimates rather than precise figures. Further information is available in the [Quality and methodology](#) section of this statistical bulletin.

Where to find explanatory information

A [Guide to labour market statistics](#), which includes a [Glossary](#), is available.

4 . Employment

[Employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. Further information is available at the end of this section.

Commentary

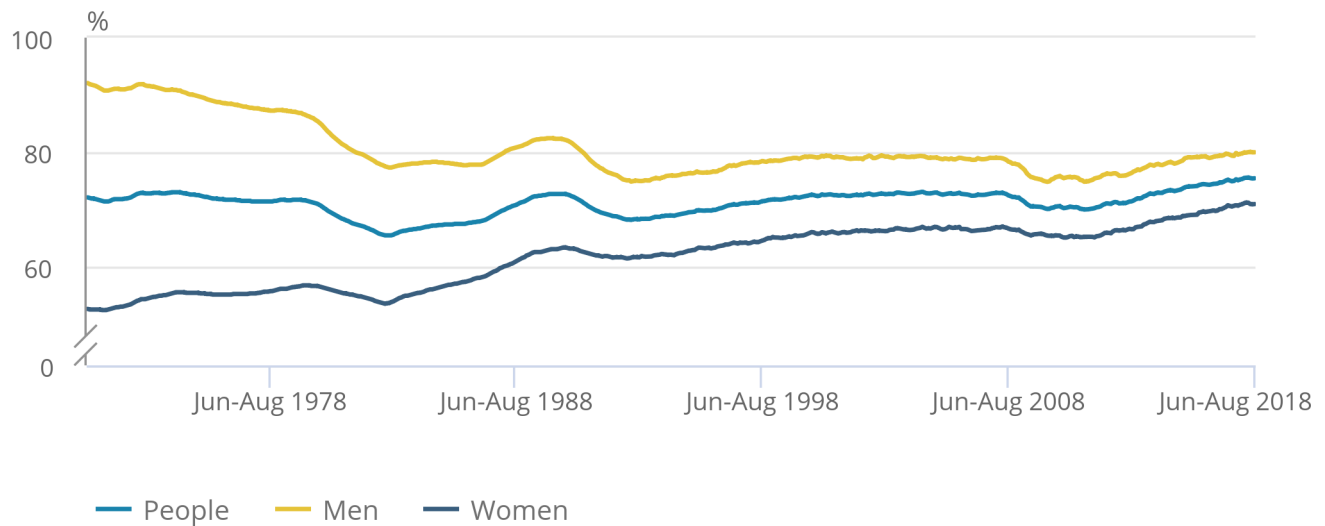
The proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years in work is known as the employment rate. Figure 2 shows the employment rates for people, men and women aged from 16 to 64 years since comparable records began in 1971. The lowest employment rate for people was 65.6% in 1983, during the economic downturn of the early 1980s. The employment rates for people, men and women have been generally increasing since early 2012. For the latest time period, June to August 2018, the employment rate for people was 75.5%, up from 75.1% for a year earlier, but lower than the record high of 75.7% for March to May 2018.

Figure 2: UK employment rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018

Figure 2: UK employment rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

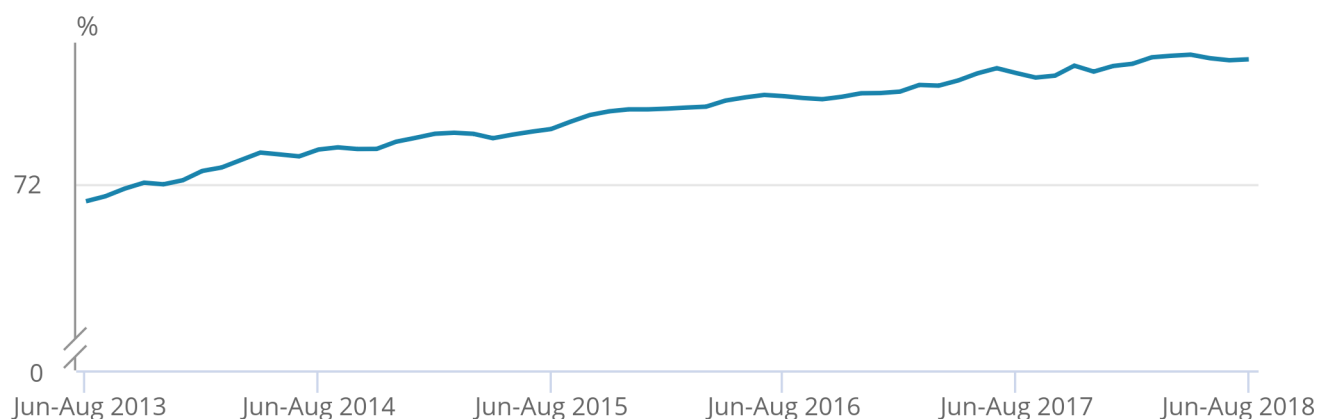
Figure 3 looks in more detail at the employment rate for people for the last five years.

Figure 3: UK employment rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018

Figure 3: UK employment rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For June to August 2018:

- 75.5% of people aged from 16 to 64 years were in work, up from 75.1% for a year earlier, but lower than the record high of 75.7% for March to May 2018
- 80.1% of men aged from 16 to 64 years were in work; the employment rate for men has not been higher since February to April 1991
- 71.0% of women aged from 16 to 64 years were in work, up from 70.7% for a year earlier but lower than for March to May 2018 (71.3%)

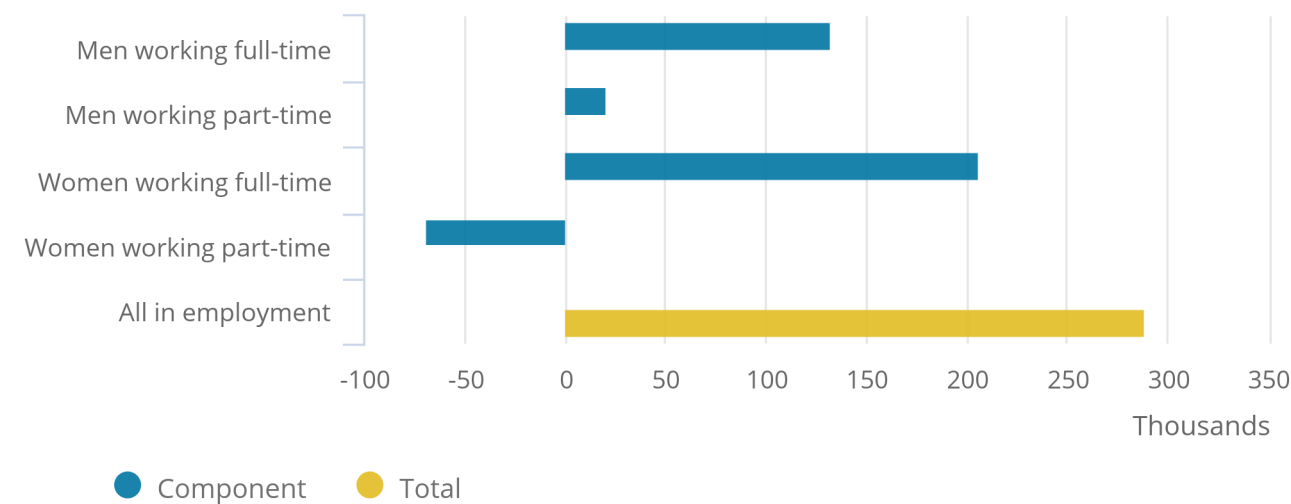
The increase in the employment rate for women over the last few years has been partly due to ongoing changes to the State Pension age for women, resulting in fewer women retiring between the ages of 60 and 65 years.

For June to August 2018, there were 32.39 million people in work, little changed compared with March to May 2018 but 289,000 more than for a year earlier.

Figure 4 shows that the annual increase in the number of people in work (289,000) was entirely due to more people in full-time employment (338,000).

Figure 4: Changes in people in employment in the UK between June to August 2017 and June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted

Figure 4: Changes in people in employment in the UK between June to August 2017 and June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Comparing the estimates for employees and self-employed people for June to August 2018 with those for a year earlier:

- employees increased by 401,000 to 27.47 million (84.8% of all people in work)
- self-employed people decreased by 94,000 to 4.76 million (14.7% of all people in work)

Employees and self-employed people do not account for all people in employment as there are two minor additional categories; unpaid family workers and people on government-supported training and employment programmes.

Where to find data about employment

Employment estimates are available at Tables 1 and 3 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets A02 SA](#) and [EMP01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

International comparisons of employment rates are available at Table 17 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A10](#).

Historic estimates of employment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A49 and A50).

Notes for: Employment

1. Employment consists of employees, self-employed people, unpaid family workers and people on government-supported training and employment programmes.
2. Unpaid family workers are people who work in a family business who do not receive a formal wage or salary but benefit from the profits of that business.
3. The government-supported training and employment programmes series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes people engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training who are not included in the employees or self-employed series. People on these programmes not engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training are not included in the employment estimates; they are classified as unemployed or economically inactive.

5 . Public and private sector employment (first published on 11 September 2018)

Things you need to know about public and private sector employment

[Public sector employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work in the public sector. The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations. Estimates of public sector employment are obtained from information provided by public sector organisations.

[Private sector employment](#) is estimated as the difference between total employment, sourced from the Labour Force Survey, and public sector employment.

Comparisons of public and private sector employment over time are impacted by changes to the composition of these sectors. For example, if a publicly owned body is privatised, public sector employment will fall and private sector employment will increase by an equivalent amount. This is known as a reclassification effect. At Table 4 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset EMP02](#) we therefore publish estimates of public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major, but not all, reclassifications alongside estimates of total public and private sector employment.

Commentary

For June 2018, there were 5.34 million people employed in the public sector, 4,000 fewer than for March 2018; this small fall was entirely due to the transfer of Welsh housing associations to the private sector. Excluding the Welsh housing associations transfer, the number of people employed in the public sector increased by 16,000 between March and June 2018.

Between June 2017 and June 2018, public sector employment fell by 122,000; this large fall was entirely due to the transfer of housing associations in England (in December 2017) and in Wales (in June 2018) to the private sector. Excluding the housing associations transfer, the number of people employed in the public sector increased by 34,000 between June 2017 and June 2018, mainly due to more people working for the National Health Service.

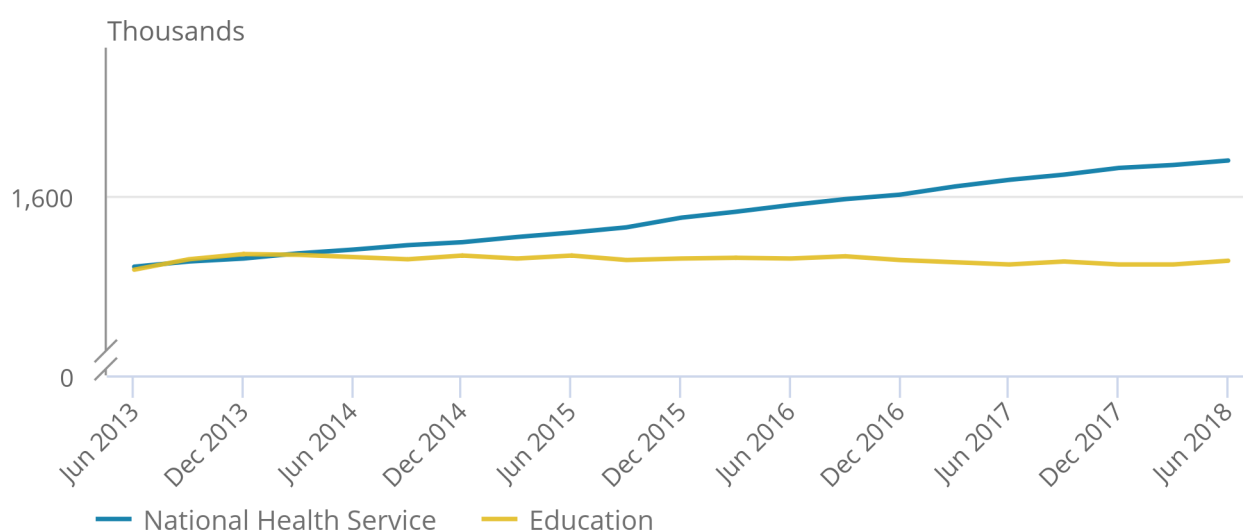
For June 2018, there were 1.65 million people employed in the National Health Service (30.9% of all people employed in the public sector) and there were 1.51 million people employed in public sector education (28.3% of all people employed in the public sector). As shown in Figure 5, over the last five years, employment in the National Health Service has steadily increased while employment in public sector education has remained broadly flat.

Figure 5: Public sector employment in education and the National Health Service in the UK, seasonally adjusted

June 2013 to June 2018

Figure 5: Public sector employment in education and the National Health Service in the UK, seasonally adjusted

June 2013 to June 2018



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about public and private sector employment

Public and private sector employment estimates are available at Tables 4 and 4(1) of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets EMP02](#) and [EMP03](#).

Further information on public sector employment is available in the [Public sector employment release](#).

Historic estimates of public sector employment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A51).

6 . Actual hours worked

Things you need to know about actual hours worked

[Actual hours worked](#) measures the number of hours worked in the economy. Changes in actual hours worked reflect changes in the number of people in employment and the average hours worked by those people.

Commentary

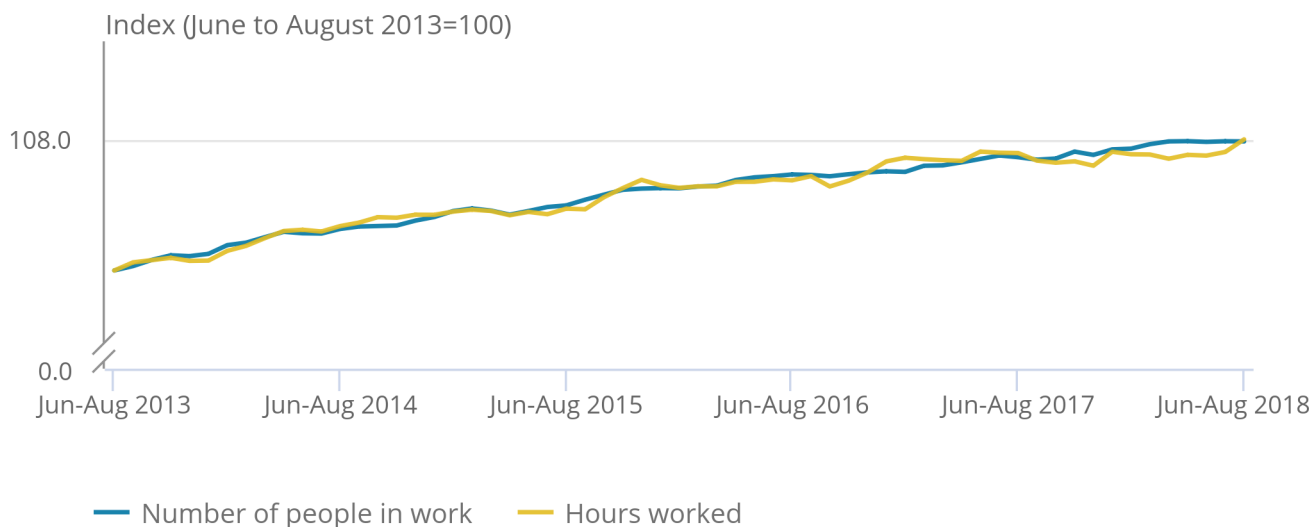
Between March to May 2018 and June to August 2018, the number of people in employment was little changed (as explained in [Section 4 of this statistical bulletin](#)) and total hours worked increased (by 9.1 million) to 1.04 billion. This increase in total hours worked reflected an increase in average weekly hours worked by full-time workers, particularly women.

Figure 6: Total hours worked and number of people in work in the UK, seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018

Figure 6: Total hours worked and number of people in work in the UK, seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For June to August 2018:

- people worked, on average, 32.1 hours per week, 0.3 hours more than for March to May 2018 but virtually unchanged compared with a year earlier
- people working full-time worked, on average, 37.3 hours per week in their main job, 0.4 hours more than for March to May 2018 but 0.2 hours fewer than for a year earlier
- people working part-time worked, on average, 16.3 hours per week in their main job, unchanged compared with March to May 2018 and with a year earlier

Where to find data about hours worked

Hours worked estimates are available at Tables 7 and 7(1) of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets HOUR01 SA](#) and [HOUR02 SA](#).

Historic estimates of hours worked (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A54).

7 . Workforce jobs (first published on 11 September 2018)

Things you need to know about workforce jobs

[Workforce jobs](#) measures the number of filled jobs in the economy. The estimates are mainly sourced from employer surveys. Workforce jobs is a different concept from employment, which is sourced from the Labour Force Survey, as employment is an estimate of people in work and some people have more than one job.

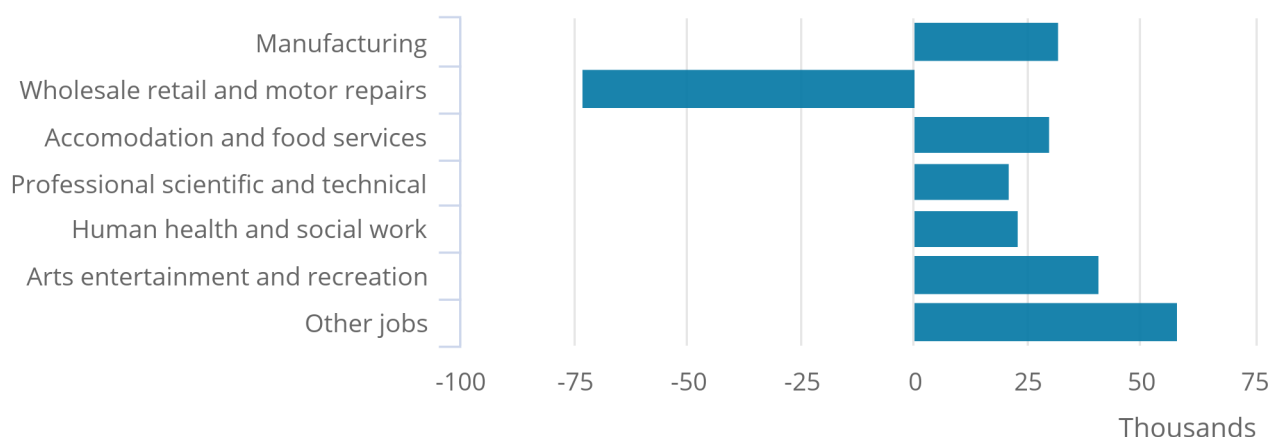
Commentary

For June 2018, there were 35.20 million workforce jobs, 83,000 more than for March 2018 and 132,000 more than for a year earlier.

As shown in Figure 7, while most industrial sectors showed increases in the number of jobs between June 2017 and June 2018, the number of jobs in wholesaling, retailing and motor vehicle repairs fell by 73,000. This was the largest annual fall in the number of jobs in that sector since June 2010.

Figure 7: Changes in the number of jobs in the UK between June 2017 and June 2018, seasonally adjusted

Figure 7: Changes in the number of jobs in the UK between June 2017 and June 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Looking at a longer-term comparison, between June 1978 (when comparable records began) and June 2018:

- the proportion of jobs accounted for by the manufacturing, and mining and quarrying sectors fell from 26.4% to 7.9%
- the proportion of jobs accounted for by the services sector increased from 63.2% to 83.3%

Where to find data about workforce jobs

Jobs estimates are available at Tables 5 and 6 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets JOBS01](#) and [JOBS02](#).

While comparable estimates for workforce jobs by industry begin in 1978, some historical information back to 1841, not comparable with the latest estimates, are available from [2011 Census Analysis, 170 years of industry](#).

Historic estimates of jobs by industry (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A53).

8 . Average weekly earnings

Things you need to know about average weekly earnings

[Average weekly earnings](#) measures money paid per week, per job to employees in Great Britain in return for work done, before tax and other deductions from pay. The estimates are not just a measure of pay rises as they do not, for example, adjust for changes in the proportion of the workforce who work full-time or part-time, or other compositional changes within the workforce. The estimates do not include earnings of self-employed people.

Estimates are available for both total pay (which includes bonuses) and for regular pay (which excludes bonus payments). Estimates are available in both nominal terms (not adjusted for consumer price inflation) and real terms (adjusted for consumer price inflation). The estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH), our preferred measure of consumer price inflation. The CPIH figures and, consequently, the estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms, start in January 2005.

Further information is available at the end of this section.

Commentary

For August 2018, average regular pay (excluding bonuses), before tax and other deductions from pay, for employees in Great Britain was:

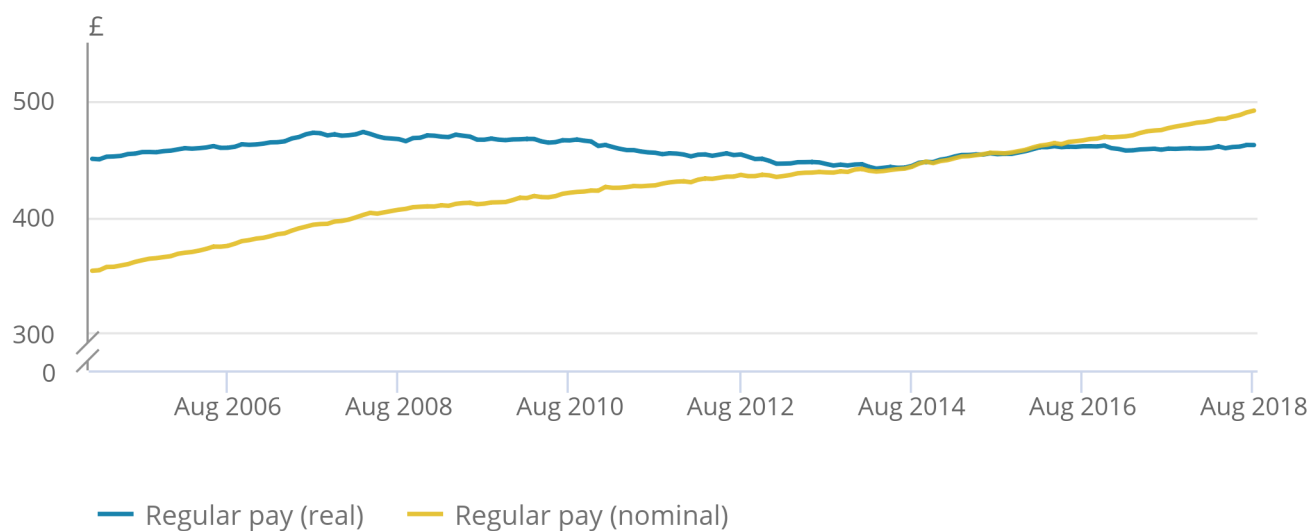
- £492 per week in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation), up from £477 per week for a year earlier
- £462 per week in constant 2015 prices (that is, adjusted for price inflation), up from £459 per week for a year earlier, but £11 lower than the pre-downturn peak of £473 per week for March 2008

Figure 8a: Great Britain average weekly earnings excluding bonuses, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to August 2018

Figure 8a: Great Britain average weekly earnings excluding bonuses, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to August 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

Looking at annual growth rates for regular pay (excluding bonuses), between June to August 2017 and June to August 2018:

- regular pay in nominal terms increased by 3.1%; the annual growth rate has not been higher since October to December 2008
- regular pay in real terms increased by 0.7%; the annual growth rate has not been higher since October to December 2016

Figure 8b: Great Britain average weekly earnings excluding bonuses annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2006 to June to August 2018

Figure 8b: Great Britain average weekly earnings excluding bonuses annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2006 to June to August 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

For August 2018, average total pay (including bonuses), before tax and other deductions from pay, for employees in Great Britain was:

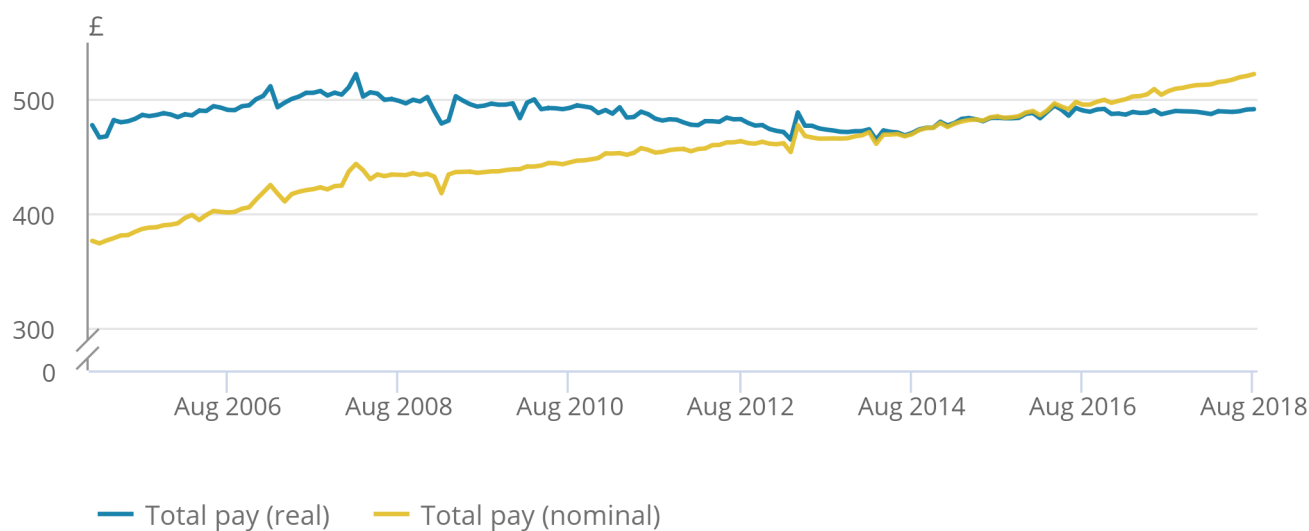
- £523 per week in nominal terms, up from £508 per week for a year earlier
- £492 per week in constant 2015 prices, up from £489 per week for a year earlier, but £30 lower than the pre-downturn peak of £522 per week for February 2008

Figure 9a: Great Britain average weekly earnings including bonuses, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to August 2018

Figure 9a: Great Britain average weekly earnings including bonuses, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to August 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

Looking at annual growth rates for total pay (including bonuses), between June to August 2017 and June to August 2018:

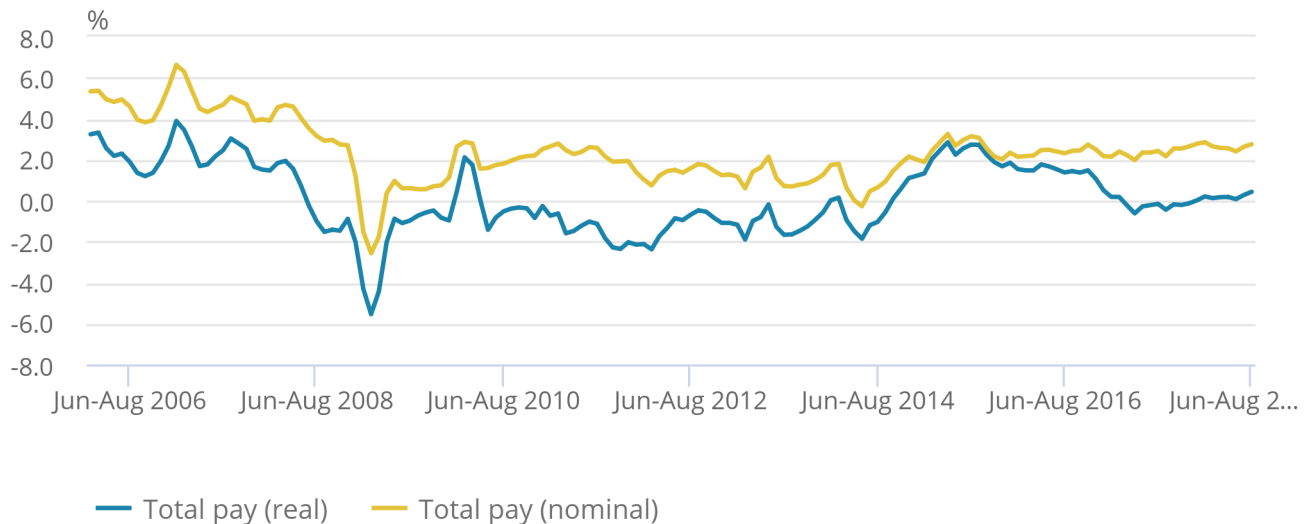
- total pay in nominal terms increased by 2.7%, slightly higher than the growth rate between May to July 2017 and May to July 2018 (2.6%)
- total pay in real terms increased by 0.4%, slightly higher than the growth rate between May to July 2017 and May to July 2018 (0.3%)

Figure 9b: Great Britain average weekly earnings including bonuses annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2006 to June to August 2018

Figure 9b: Great Britain average weekly earnings including bonuses annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2006 to June to August 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about average weekly earnings

Estimates of average weekly earnings in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for consumer price inflation) are available at Tables 13, 14 and 15 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets EARN01](#), [EARN02](#) and [EARN03](#).

Estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms (that is, adjusted for consumer price inflation) are available at Table 16 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset EARN01](#).

While comparable records for average weekly earnings start in 2000, modelled estimates of average weekly earnings in nominal terms back to 1963 (which do not have National Statistics status) are available at [dataset EARN02](#).

Historic estimates (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A47 and A48).

Where to find more information about earnings

The [Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings \(ASHE\)](#), published on 26 October 2017, provides more detailed data for 2017. Estimates for 2018 will be published on 25 October 2018.

[Experimental earnings statistics based on Pay As You Earn \(PAYE\) administrative data](#) were published by HM Revenue and Customs on 24 July 2018.

Notes for: Average weekly earnings

1. The estimates relate to Great Britain and include salaries but not unearned income, benefits in kind or arrears of pay.
2. As well as pay settlements, the estimates reflect bonuses, changes in the number of paid hours worked and the impact of employees paid at different rates joining and leaving individual businesses. The estimates also reflect changes in the overall structure of the workforce; for example, more low-paid jobs in the economy would have a downward effect on the earnings growth rate.

9 . Labour disputes (not seasonally adjusted)

Things you need to know about labour disputes

[Labour disputes](#) estimates measures strikes connected with terms and conditions of employment.

Commentary

For August 2018:

- there were 4,000 working days lost from 11 stoppages
- 2,000 people took strike action

For the 12 months ending August 2018:

- there were 267,000 working days lost from 75 stoppages and 36,000 people took strike action
- there were 247,000 working days lost in the private sector
- there were 20,000 working days lost in the public sector

Since monthly records began in 1931:

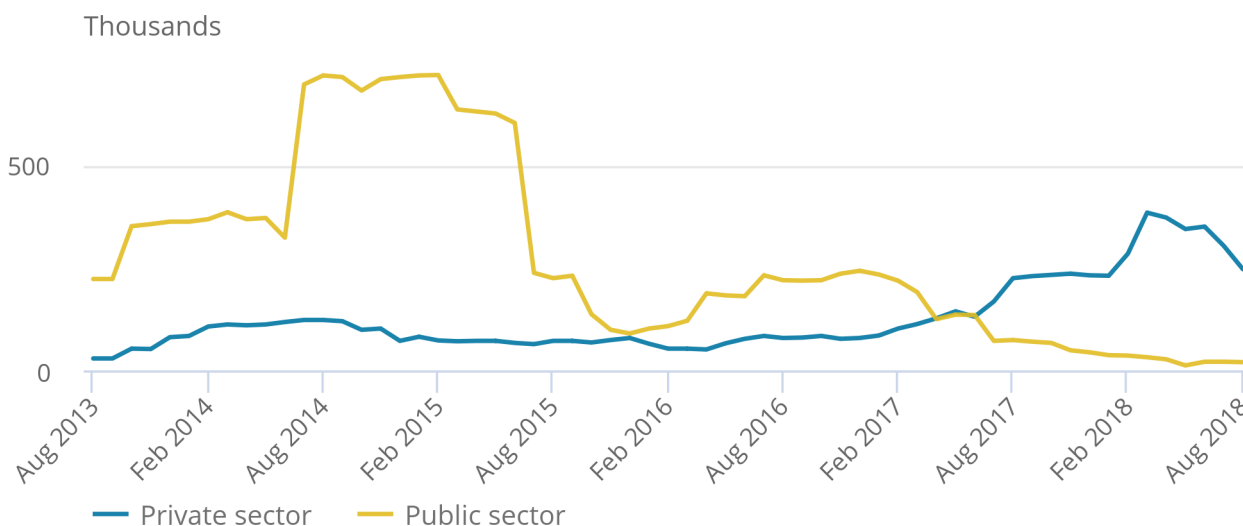
- the highest cumulative 12-month estimate for working days lost was 32.2 million for the 12 months to April 1980
- the lowest cumulative 12-month estimate for working days lost was 143,000 for the 12 months to March 2011

Figure 10: Working days lost in the UK, cumulative 12-month totals, not seasonally adjusted

August 2013 to August 2018

Figure 10: Working days lost in the UK, cumulative 12-month totals, not seasonally adjusted

August 2013 to August 2018



Source: Labour Disputes Inquiry, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about labour disputes

Labour disputes estimates are available at Table 18 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset LABD01](#).

Where to find more information about labour disputes

The [labour disputes annual article](#) provides more detailed information. The most recent edition of this article was published on 30 May 2018.

10 . Unemployment

Things you need to know about unemployment

[Unemployment](#) measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks.

The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed. This follows [guidelines specified by the International Labour Organisation](#) and it ensures that UK unemployment statistics are broadly comparable with those published by other countries.

Commentary

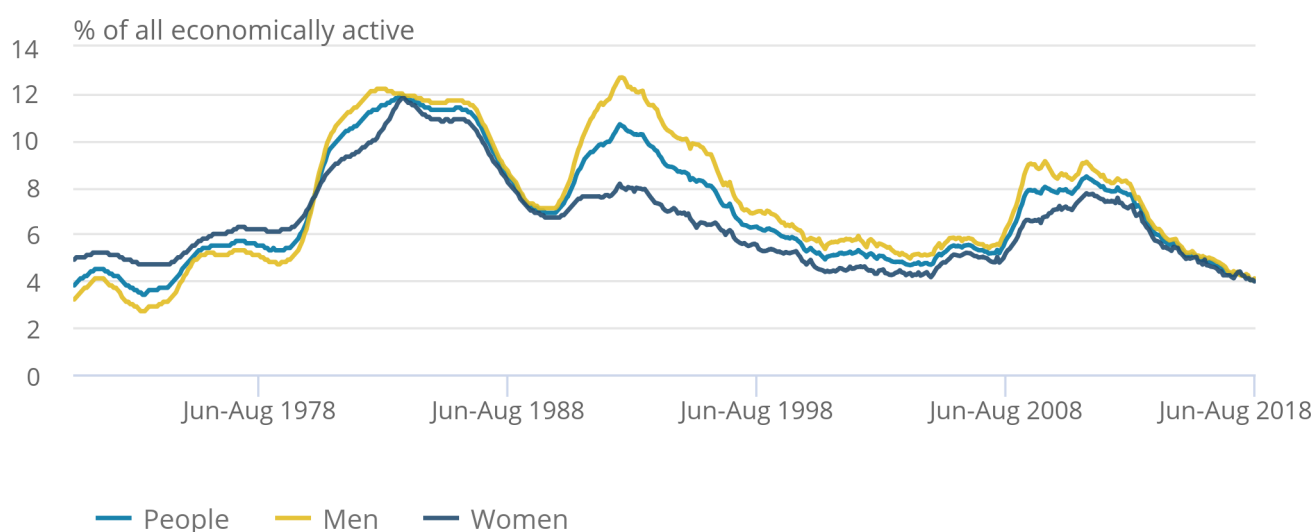
The proportion of the economically active population (all employed and unemployed people) who are unemployed is known as the unemployment rate. As shown in Figure 11 (which shows unemployment rates for people, men and women), the lowest unemployment rate for people since comparable records began in 1971 was 3.4% in late 1973 to early 1974 and the highest rate, 11.9%, was in 1984 during the economic downturn of the early 1980s. The unemployment rate for people for the latest time period, June to August 2018, was 4.0%, the joint-lowest since the mid-1970s.

Figure 11: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018

Figure 11: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over),
seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

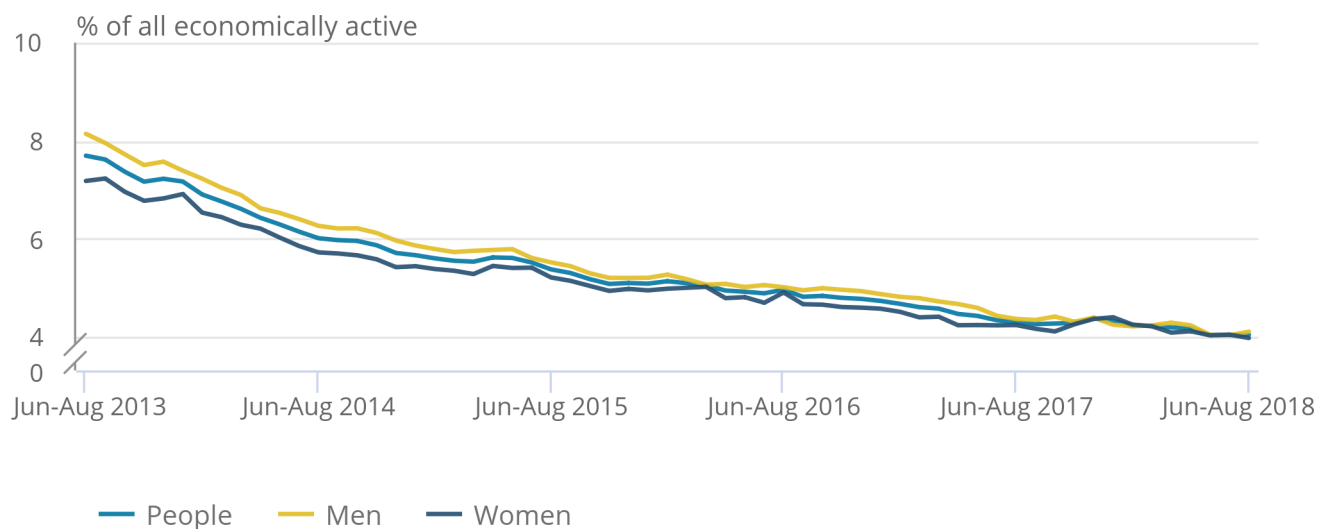
Figure 12 looks in more detail at the unemployment rates for the last five years.

Figure 12: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018

Figure 12: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For June to August 2018:

- the unemployment rate for people was 4.0%; it has not been lower since December 1974 to February 1975
- the unemployment rate for men was 4.1%
- the unemployment rate for women was 4.0%; the joint-lowest since comparable records began in 1971

For June to August 2018, there were:

- 1.36 million unemployed people, 47,000 fewer than for March to May 2018 and 79,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 733,000 unemployed men, 23,000 fewer than for March to May 2018 and 42,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 630,000 unemployed women, 24,000 fewer than for March to May 2018 and 38,000 fewer than for a year earlier

Looking at unemployment by how long people have been out of work and seeking work, for June to August 2018, there were:

- 800,000 people who had been unemployed for up to six months, 37,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 208,000 people who had been unemployed for between six months and one year, 16,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 355,000 people who had been unemployed for over one year, 26,000 fewer than for a year earlier

Where to find data about unemployment

Unemployment estimates for the UK are available at Table 9 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset UNEM01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

Historic estimates of unemployment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A49 and A50).

International comparisons of unemployment rates are available at Table 17 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A10](#).

11 . Economic inactivity

Things you need to know about economic inactivity

[Economically inactive](#) people are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks and/or they are unable to start work within the next two weeks.

Commentary

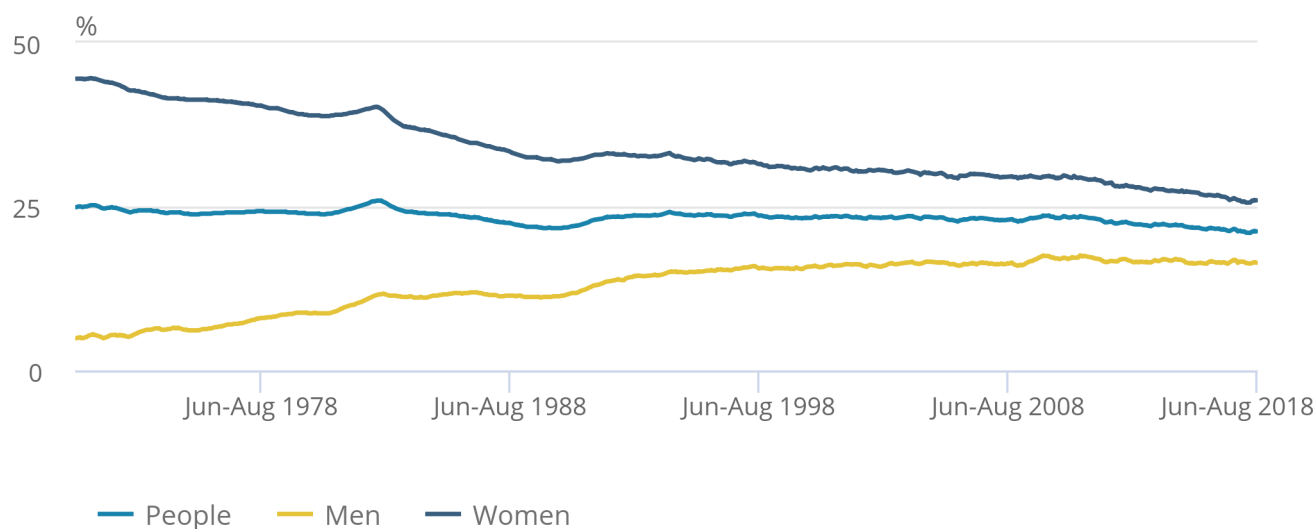
The proportion of people, aged from 16 to 64 years, not in work and neither seeking nor available to work is known as the economic inactivity rate. Figure 13 shows that, since comparable records began in 1971, the economic inactivity rate for people has been generally falling (although it increased during economic downturns) due to a gradual fall in the economic inactivity rate for women. The economic inactivity rate for men has been gradually rising.

Figure 13: UK economic inactivity rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018

Figure 13: UK economic inactivity rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

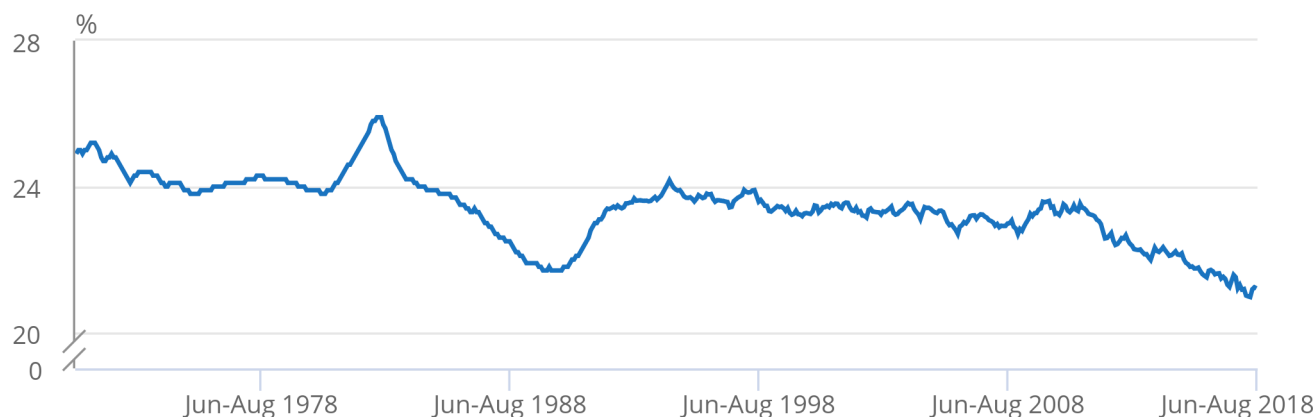
Figure 14 looks in more detail at the economic inactivity rate for people since comparable records began in 1971. The economic inactivity rate for people increased during the economic downturn of the early 1980s, reaching a record high of 25.9% in 1983. As the economy improved in the late 1980s, it resumed its downward path, before the economic downturn of the early 1990s drove it back up again. Following an increase in the economic inactivity rate during the economic downturn of 2008 to 2009, it again resumed a generally downward path, although the latest estimates show an increase of 0.2 percentage points between March to May 2018 and June to August 2018.

Figure 14: UK economic inactivity rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018

Figure 14: UK economic inactivity rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Looking at the latest figures for June to August 2018:

- the economic inactivity rate for people was 21.2%, higher than for March to May 2018 (21.0%) but lower than for a year earlier (21.4%)
- the economic inactivity rate for men was 16.4%, slightly higher than for March to May 2018 (16.3%) but lower than for a year earlier (16.7%)
- the economic inactivity rate for women was 25.9%, higher than for March to May 2018 (25.6%) but lower than for a year earlier (26.1%)

For June to August 2018, there were 8.75 million people aged from 16 to 64 years not in work and neither seeking nor available to work (known as economically inactive). This was:

- 103,000 more than for March to May 2018
- 65,000 fewer than for a year earlier

Looking in more detail at the 8.75 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive for June to August 2018, the three largest categories were students (27.2% of the total), people looking after the family or home (23.3% of the total) and long-term sick (23.2% of the total):

- there were 2.38 million people who were not looking for work because they were studying, 32,000 more than for a year earlier
- there were 2.04 million people who were not looking for work because they were looking after the family or home, 28,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- there were 2.03 million people who were not looking for work due to long-term sickness, little changed compared with a year earlier

The fourth-largest category within economic inactivity for those aged from 16 to 64 years was retired (12.8% of the total). There were 1.12 million people who were not looking for work because they had retired, 71,000 fewer than for a year earlier.

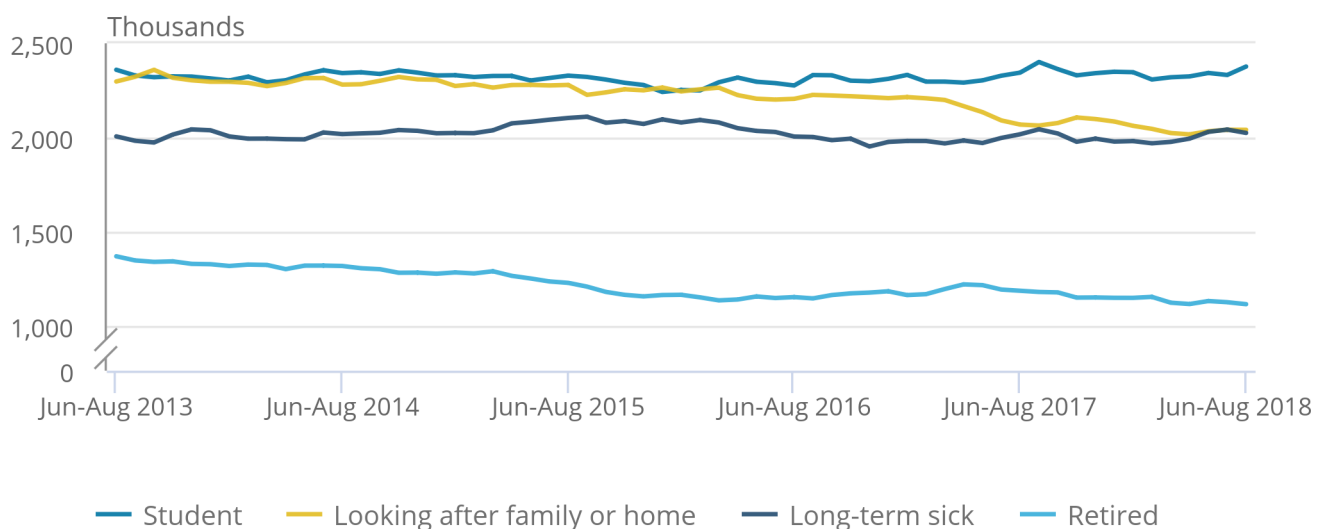
Figure 15 shows that the categories showing the largest falls over the five-year period from June to August 2013 to June to August 2018 were looking after the family and home (down 256,000) and retired (down 254,000). This reflects ongoing changes to the State Pension age for women, resulting in fewer women retiring between the ages of 60 and 65 years, as well as more women in younger age groups participating in the labour market.

Figure 15: Economic inactivity by main category in the UK (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018

Figure 15: Economic inactivity by main category in the UK (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

June to August 2013 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey: Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about economic inactivity

Economic inactivity estimates are available at Tables 1 and 11 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets A02 SA](#) and [INAC01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

12 . Young people in the labour market

Things you need to know about young people in the labour market

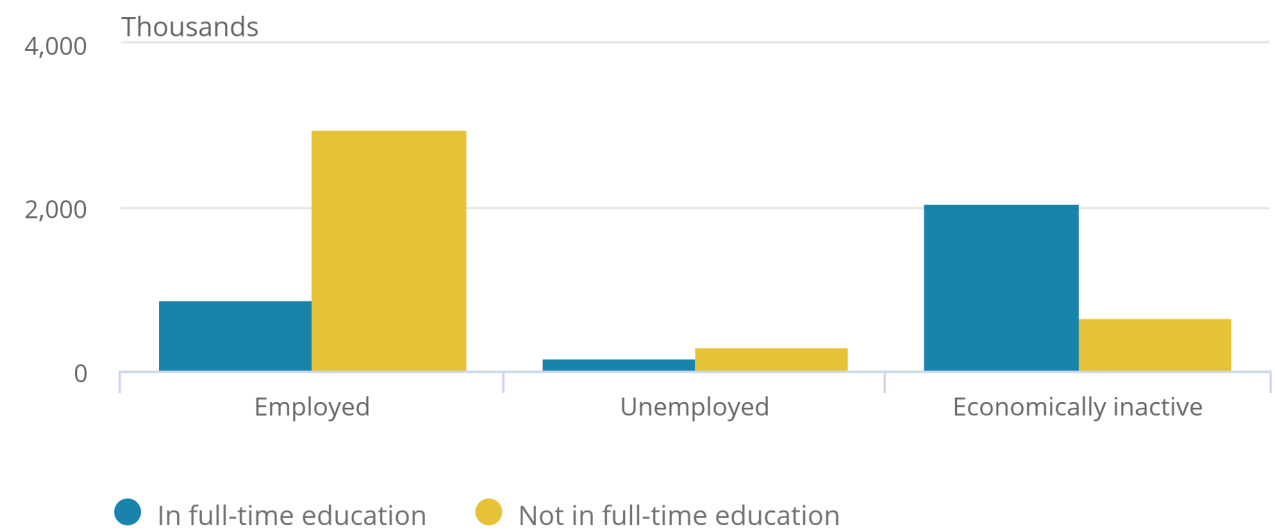
This section looks at people aged from 16 to 24 years. It is a common misconception that all people in full-time education are classified as economically inactive. This is not the case as people in full-time education are included in the employment estimates if they have a part-time job and are included in the unemployment estimates if they are seeking part-time work.

Commentary

Figure 16 shows the number of people aged from 16 to 24 years who were employed, unemployed and economically inactive for June to August 2018, broken down by educational status.

Figure 16: Young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market for June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted

Figure 16: Young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market for June to August 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Notes:

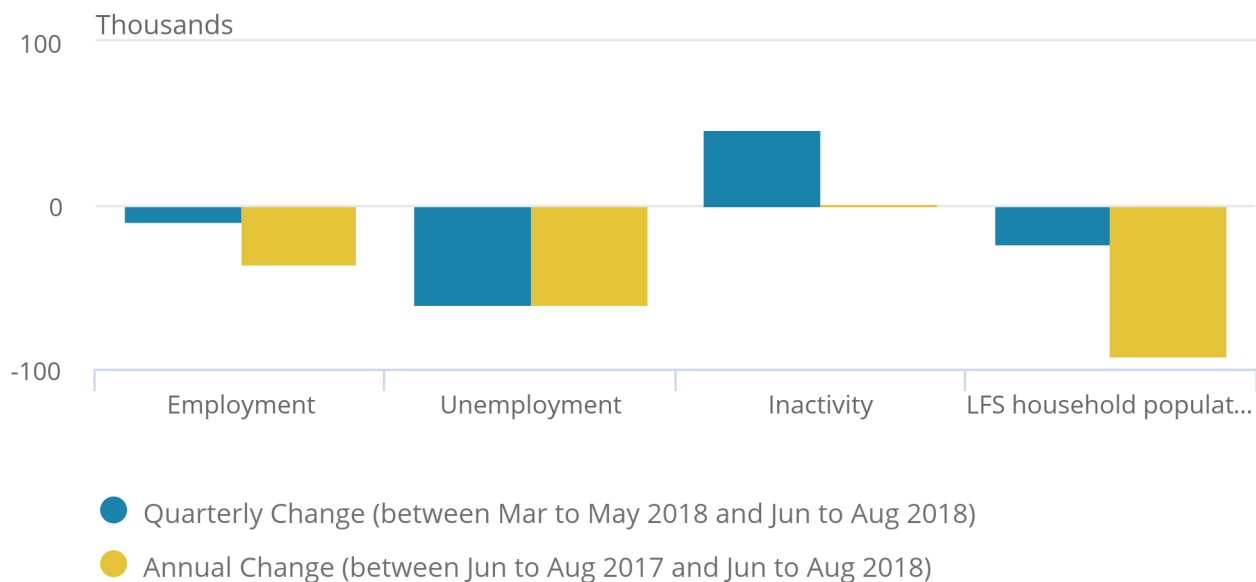
1. The "Not in full-time education" series includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training.

Figure 17 shows that the UK household population is falling for those aged from 16 to 24 years. It also shows that, for people aged from 16 to 24 years, between June to August 2017 and June to August 2018:

- the number of people in employment fell by 35,000 to 3.83 million
- the number of unemployed people fell by 60,000 to 464,000 (the lowest since comparable records for unemployment by age group began in 1992)
- the number of economically inactive people was little changed at 2.71 million (most of whom were full-time students)

Figure 17: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted

Figure 17: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For June to August 2018, the unemployment rate for those aged from 16 to 24 years was 10.8%, the lowest youth unemployment rate since comparable records for unemployment by age group began in March to May 1992. However, it was substantially higher than the unemployment rate for all people aged 16 years and over (4.0%). The unemployment rate for those aged from 16 to 24 years has been consistently higher than that for older age groups since comparable records began in 1992.

Between March to May 1992 and June to August 2018, the proportion of people aged from 16 to 24 years who were in full-time education increased substantially from 26.2% to 43.9%. This has impacted on the youth unemployment rate because the increase in the number of young people going into full-time education has reduced the size of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work). A fall in the size of the economically active population leads to a higher unemployment rate (because the unemployment rate is the proportion of the economically active population who are unemployed, not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed).

Where to find data about young people in the labour market

Estimates for young people in the labour market are available at Table 12 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A06 SA](#).

Where to find more information about young people in the labour market

Estimates for young people who were [not in education, employment or training \(NEET\)](#) for April to June 2018 were published on 23 August 2018.

13 . Redundancies

Things you need to know about redundancies

The [redundancies](#) estimates measure the number of people who were made redundant or who took voluntary redundancy in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews.

Commentary

For June to August 2018, 89,000 people had become redundant in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews. This was:

- 6,000 fewer than for March to May 2018
- 18,000 fewer than for a year earlier

Figure 18: Number of redundancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

March to May 1995 to June to August 2018

Figure 18: Number of redundancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

March to May 1995 to June to August 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about redundancies

Redundancies estimates are available at Table 22 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset RED01 SA](#).

14 . Vacancies

Things you need to know about vacancies

[Vacancies](#) are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking to recruit outside their business or organisation.

Commentary

There were 832,000 job vacancies for July to September 2018. This was:

- little changed compared with April to June 2018
- 35,000 more than for a year earlier

Figure 19: Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

April to June 2001 to July to September 2018

Figure 19: Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

April to June 2001 to July to September 2018



Source: Vacancy Survey, Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. The estimates exclude the agriculture, forestry and fishing sector.

Between July to September 2017 and July to September 2018, the industrial sector showing the largest increase in vacancies was manufacturing (up 10,000).

There were 2.8 job vacancies per 100 employee jobs for July to September 2018. The industrial sector showing the largest vacancy rate was accommodation and food service activities (4.1 vacancies per 100 filled employee jobs). The sector showing the smallest vacancy rate was public administration and defence (1.6 vacancies per 100 filled employee jobs).

Where to find data about vacancies

Vacancies estimates are available at Tables 19, 20 and 21 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets VACS01](#), [VACS02](#) and [VACS03](#).

15 . Future publication dates

Publication dates up to the end of 2019 are:

13 November 2018
11 December 2018
22 January 2019
19 February 2019
19 March 2019
16 April 2019
14 May 2019
11 June 2019
16 July 2019
13 August 2019
10 September 2019
15 October 2019
12 November 2019
17 December 2019

16 . Links to related statistics

The [Labour market economic commentary](#) is published every month on the same day as this release.

The [Regional Labour market statistics release](#) is published every month on the same day as this release. Regional and local area labour market statistics are also available on our [NOMIS](#) website.

The [Public sector employment release](#) is published four times a year (in March, June, September and December) on the same day as this release.

The [Young people not in education, employment or training \(NEET\)](#) release is published four times a year (in February, May, August and November).

The [Working and workless households in the UK](#) release is published four times a year.

The [Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings \(ASHE\) release](#) is published annually. The most recent release was published on 26 October 2017. The next release will be published on 25 October 2018.

The [Business Register and Employment Survey release](#) is published annually. The most recent release was published on 27 September 2018.

An article on [Sickness absence in the labour market](#) was published on 30 July 2018.

An article on [Trends in self-employment in the UK](#) was published on 7 February 2018.

17 . Quality and methodology

Revisions

Estimates for the most recent time periods are subject to revision due to the receipt of late and corrected responses to business surveys and revisions to seasonal adjustment factors, which are re-estimated every month. Estimates are subject to longer-run revisions, on an annual basis, resulting from reviews of the seasonal adjustment process. Estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey (a survey of households) are usually only revised once a year. Revisions to estimates derived from other sources are usually minor and are commented on in the statistical bulletin if this is not the case. Further information is available in the [labour market statistics revisions policy](#).

One indication of the reliability of the main indicators in this statistical bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. [Datasets EMP05](#), [UNEM04](#) and [JOBS06](#) record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. These indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. Our standard presentation is to show five years' worth of revisions (60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series).

Accuracy of the statistics: estimating and reporting uncertainty

Most of the figures in this statistical bulletin come from surveys of households or businesses. Surveys gather information from a sample rather than from the whole population. The sample is designed to allow for this, and to be as accurate as possible given practical limitations such as time and cost constraints, but results from sample surveys are always estimates, not precise figures. This means that they are subject to some uncertainty. This can have an impact on how changes in the estimates should be interpreted, especially for short-term comparisons.

There is a trade-off between sample size and sampling variability. As the number of people available in the sample gets smaller, the variability of the estimates that we can make from that sample size gets larger. What this means in practice is that estimates for small groups (for example, unemployed people aged from 16 to 17 years), which are based on quite small subsets of the Labour Force Survey sample, are less reliable and tend to be more volatile than estimates for larger aggregated groups (for example, the total number of unemployed people).

We can illustrate the level of uncertainty (also called “sampling variability”) around a survey estimate by defining a range around the estimate (known as a “confidence interval”) within which we think the real value that the survey is trying to measure lies. Confidence intervals are typically defined so that we can say we are 95% confident the true value lies within the range – in which case we refer to a “95% confidence interval”.

The number of unemployed people for June to August 2018 was estimated at 1,363,000, with a stated 95% confidence interval of plus or minus 72,000. This means that we are 95% confident that the true number of unemployed people was between 1,291,000 and 1,435,000. Again, the best estimate from the survey was that the number of unemployed people was 1,363,000.

As well as calculating precision measures around the numbers and rates obtained from the survey, we can also calculate them for changes in the numbers and rates. For example, for June to August 2018, the estimated change in the number of unemployed people since March to May 2018 was a decrease of 47,000, with a 95% confidence interval of plus or minus 76,000. This means that we are 95% confident the actual change in unemployment was somewhere between an increase of 29,000 and a fall of 123,000, with the best estimate being a decrease of 47,000. As the confidence interval for the change in unemployment (plus 29,000 to minus 123,000) includes zero, the estimate of a decrease in unemployment of 47,000 is said to be “not statistically significant”.

In general, changes in the numbers (and especially the rates) reported in this statistical bulletin between three-month periods are small, and are not usually greater than the level that is explainable by sampling variability. In practice, this means that small, short-term movements in reported rates should be treated as indicative, and considered alongside medium-and long-term patterns in the series and corresponding movements in administrative sources, where available, to give a fuller picture.

Where to find data about uncertainty and reliability

[Dataset A11](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey.

[Dataset JOBS07](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates of workforce jobs.

The sampling variability of the three-month average vacancies level is around plus or minus 1.5% of that level.

Sampling variability information for average weekly earnings growth rates are available from the “Sampling Variability” worksheets within [datasets EARN01](#) and [EARN03](#).

Seasonal adjustment and uncertainty

Like many economic indicators, the labour market is affected by factors that tend to occur at around the same time every year; for example, school leavers entering the labour market in July and whether Easter falls in March or April. In order to compare movements other than annual changes in labour market statistics, such as since the previous quarter or since the previous month, the data are seasonally adjusted to remove the effects of seasonal factors and the arrangement of the calendar. All estimates discussed in this statistical bulletin are seasonally adjusted except where otherwise stated. While seasonal adjustment is essential to allow for robust comparisons through time, it is not possible to estimate uncertainty measures for the seasonally adjusted series.

Quality and Methodology Information reports

The Quality and Methodology Information reports contain important information on:

- the strengths and limitations of the data and how it compares with related data
- users and uses of the data
- how the output was created
- the quality of the output including the accuracy of the data

[Labour Force Survey Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Labour Force Survey performance and quality monitoring reports](#)

[Vacancy Survey Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Workforce jobs Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Average weekly earnings \(AWE\) Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Labour disputes Quality and Methodology Information](#)

Summary of labour market statistics published on 16 October 2018

Series	Reference period	Latest estimate	Last time higher	Last time lower	Comparable data begins in
Employment level (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2018	32.394 million	May-Jul 2018 (32.397 million)	Apr-Jun 2018 (32.386 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Employment rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2018	75.5%	Apr-Jun 2018 (75.6%)	Dec-Feb 2018 (75.4%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment level (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2018	1.363 million	Mar-May 2018 (1.411 million)	May-Jul 2018 (1.361 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Unemployment rate (aged 16 and over)	Jun-Aug 2018	4.0%	Mar-May 2018 (4.2%)	Dec-Feb 1975 (3.9%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Inactivity level (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2018	8.748 million	May-Jul 2018 (8.759 million)	Apr-Jun 2018 (8.735 million)	Jan-Mar 1971
Inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64)	Jun-Aug 2018	21.2%	Oct-Dec 2017 (21.3%)	Mar-May 2018 (21.0%)	Jan-Mar 1971
Average Earnings (total pay - nominal)	Jun-Aug 2018	2.7%	Dec-Feb 2018 (2.8%)	May-Jul 2018 (2.6%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (regular pay - nominal)	Jun-Aug 2018	3.1%	Oct-Dec 2008 (3.3%)	May-Jul 2018 (2.9%)	Jan-Mar 2001
Average Earnings (total pay - real)	Jun-Aug 2018	0.4%	Nov-Jan 2017 (0.5%)	May-Jul 2018 (0.3%)	Jan-Mar 2006
Average Earnings (regular pay - real)	Jun-Aug 2018	0.7%	Oct-Dec 2016 (1.1%)	May-Jul 2018 (0.6%)	Jan-Mar 2006
Vacancies level	Jul-Sep 2018	832,000	Jun-Aug 2018 (833,000)	May-Jul 2018 (830,000)	Apr-Jun 2001

Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the Excel spreadsheet datasets which are available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/bulletins/uklabourmarket/october2018/relateddata>

Statistical Bulletin table number	Table description	Dataset
	SUMMARY	
1	Labour Force Survey Summary	Dataset A02 SA
2 (*)	Labour market status by age group	Dataset A05 SA
	EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS	
3	Full-time, part-time & temporary workers	Dataset EMP01 SA
4	Public and private sector employment	Dataset EMP02
4(1)	Public sector employment by industry	Dataset EMP03
5	Workforce jobs summary	Dataset JOBS01
6 (**)	Workforce jobs by industry	Dataset JOBS02
7	Actual weekly hours worked	Dataset HOUR01 SA
7(1)	Usual weekly hours worked	Dataset HOUR02 SA
	NON-UK WORKERS	
8	Employment by country of birth and nationality	Dataset EMP06
8(1)	Unemployment and economic inactivity by country of birth and nationality	Dataset A12
	UNEMPLOYMENT	
9	Unemployment by age and duration	Dataset UNEM01 SA
	ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY	
10(*)	Economic activity by age	Dataset A05 SA
11	Economic inactivity by reason	Dataset INAC01 SA
12	Labour market and educational status of young people	Dataset A06 SA
	EARNINGS	
13	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Total pay	Dataset EARN01
14	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Bonus pay	Dataset EARN01
15	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Regular pay	Dataset EARN01
16	Average Weekly Earnings real and nominal (summary table)	Dataset EARN01
	INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY	
17	International comparisons of employment and unemployment	Dataset A10
	LABOUR DISPUTES	
18	Labour disputes	Dataset LABD01
	VACANCIES	
19	Vacancies by size of business	Dataset VACS03
20	Vacancies and unemployment	Dataset VACS01
21	Vacancies by industry	Dataset VACS02
	REDUNDANCIES	
22	Redundancies levels and rates	Dataset RED01 SA
	REGIONAL SUMMARY	
23	Regional labour market summary	Dataset A07

(*) Tables 2 and 10 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Dataset A05 SA).

(**) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available, * suppressed due to small sample size.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market Statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/labourmarketstatistics>

SUMMARY

1 Summary of headline LFS¹ indicators

United Kingdom (thousands)
seasonally adjusted

		LFS household population ¹		Headline indicators					
				Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
				Level	Rate ²	Level	Rate ³	Level	Rate ⁴
		All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 to 64
		MGSL	LF2O	MGRZ	LF24	MGSC	MG SX	LF2M	LF2S
People									
	Jun-Aug 2016	52,469	41,028	31,788	74.5	1,658	5.0	8,826	21.5
	Jun-Aug 2017	52,792	41,154	32,105	75.1	1,443	4.3	8,812	21.4
	Sep-Nov 2017	52,868	41,177	32,207	75.3	1,439	4.3	8,734	21.2
	Dec-Feb 2018	52,943	41,201	32,262	75.4	1,423	4.2	8,731	21.2
	Mar-May 2018	53,019	41,224	32,399	75.7	1,411	4.2	8,645	21.0
	Jun-Aug 2018	53,094	41,247	32,394	75.5	1,363	4.0	8,748	21.2
	Change on quarter	75	22	-5	-0.1	-47	-0.1	103	0.2
	Change %	0.1	0.1	0.0		-3.4		1.2	
	Change on year	302	92	289	0.4	-79	-0.3	-65	-0.2
	Change %	0.6	0.2	0.9		-5.5		-0.7	
Men									
		MGSM	YBTG	MGSA	MG SV	MGSD	MG SY	YBSO	YBTM
	Jun-Aug 2016	25,634	20,382	16,935	79.4	893	5.0	3,317	16.3
	Jun-Aug 2017	25,814	20,456	17,005	79.6	775	4.4	3,410	16.7
	Sep-Nov 2017	25,856	20,471	17,089	79.9	768	4.3	3,357	16.4
	Dec-Feb 2018	25,898	20,485	17,097	79.8	751	4.2	3,395	16.6
	Mar-May 2018	25,941	20,500	17,139	80.1	757	4.2	3,337	16.3
	Jun-Aug 2018	25,983	20,514	17,158	80.1	733	4.1	3,369	16.4
	Change on quarter	42	14	19	0.0	-23	-0.1	32	0.1
	Change %	0.2	0.1	0.1		-3.1		1.0	
	Change on year	169	58	153	0.4	-42	-0.3	-40	-0.2
	Change %	0.7	0.3	0.9		-5.4		-1.2	
Women									
		MG SN	LF2P	MG SB	LF25	MG SE	MG SZ	LF2N	LF2T
	Jun-Aug 2016	26,835	20,646	14,853	69.7	765	4.9	5,509	26.7
	Jun-Aug 2017	26,979	20,698	15,099	70.7	668	4.2	5,403	26.1
	Sep-Nov 2017	27,011	20,706	15,118	70.8	671	4.3	5,377	26.0
	Dec-Feb 2018	27,045	20,715	15,165	71.0	672	4.2	5,336	25.8
	Mar-May 2018	27,078	20,724	15,259	71.3	654	4.1	5,307	25.6
	Jun-Aug 2018	27,111	20,732	15,236	71.0	630	4.0	5,379	25.9
	Change on quarter	33	8	-24	-0.2	-24	-0.1	71	0.3
	Change %	0.1	0.0	-0.2		-3.7		1.3	
	Change on year	133	34	137	0.3	-38	-0.3	-24	-0.2
	Change %	0.5	0.2	0.9		-5.6		-0.4	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of households in the UK.

2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.

3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.

4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16 to 64.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity rate for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

SUMMARY

2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 16 and over						Aged 16-64					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	MGRZ	MGSR	MGSC	MGSX	MGSI	YBTC	LF2G	LF24	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2M	LF2S
Jun-Aug 2016	31,788	60.6	1,658	5.0	19,023	36.3	30,560	74.5	1,642	5.1	8,826	21.5
Jun-Aug 2017	32,105	60.8	1,443	4.3	19,245	36.5	30,923	75.1	1,418	4.4	8,812	21.4
Sep-Nov 2017	32,207	60.9	1,439	4.3	19,221	36.4	31,027	75.3	1,417	4.4	8,734	21.2
Dec-Feb 2018	32,262	60.9	1,423	4.2	19,258	36.4	31,066	75.4	1,403	4.3	8,731	21.2
Mar-May 2018	32,399	61.1	1,411	4.2	19,209	36.2	31,190	75.7	1,389	4.3	8,645	21.0
Jun-Aug 2018	32,394	61.0	1,363	4.0	19,337	36.4	31,153	75.5	1,346	4.1	8,748	21.2
Change on quarter	-5	-0.1	-47	-0.1	127	0.2	-37	-0.1	-43	-0.1	103	0.2
Change %	0.0		-3.4		0.7		-0.1		-3.1		1.2	
Change on year	289	0.2	-79	-0.3	92	0.0	230	0.4	-73	-0.2	-65	-0.2
Change %	0.9		-5.5		0.5		0.7		-5.1		-0.7	
Men	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MGSY	MGSJ	YBTD	YBSF	MGSV	YBSI	YBTJ	YBSO	YBTM
Jun-Aug 2016	16,935	66.1	893	5.0	7,807	30.5	16,179	79.4	886	5.2	3,317	16.3
Jun-Aug 2017	17,005	65.9	775	4.4	8,033	31.1	16,288	79.6	758	4.4	3,410	16.7
Sep-Nov 2017	17,089	66.1	768	4.3	7,999	30.9	16,361	79.9	754	4.4	3,357	16.4
Dec-Feb 2018	17,097	66.0	751	4.2	8,050	31.1	16,355	79.8	736	4.3	3,395	16.6
Mar-May 2018	17,139	66.1	757	4.2	8,045	31.0	16,418	80.1	745	4.3	3,337	16.3
Jun-Aug 2018	17,158	66.0	733	4.1	8,091	31.1	16,424	80.1	721	4.2	3,369	16.4
Change on quarter	19	0.0	-23	-0.1	46	0.1	6	0.0	-24	-0.1	32	0.1
Change %	0.1		-3.1		0.6		0.0		-3.2		1.0	
Change on year	153	0.2	-42	-0.3	58	0.0	136	0.4	-37	-0.2	-40	-0.2
Change %	0.9		-5.4		0.7		0.8		-4.9		-1.2	
Women	MGSB	MGST	MGSE	MGSZ	MGSK	YBTE	LF2H	LF25	LF2J	LF2R	LF2N	LF2T
Jun-Aug 2016	14,853	55.4	765	4.9	11,216	41.8	14,381	69.7	756	5.0	5,509	26.7
Jun-Aug 2017	15,099	56.0	668	4.2	11,212	41.6	14,635	70.7	660	4.3	5,403	26.1
Sep-Nov 2017	15,118	56.0	671	4.3	11,222	41.5	14,666	70.8	663	4.3	5,377	26.0
Dec-Feb 2018	15,165	56.1	672	4.2	11,208	41.4	14,711	71.0	668	4.3	5,336	25.8
Mar-May 2018	15,259	56.4	654	4.1	11,165	41.2	14,772	71.3	644	4.2	5,307	25.6
Jun-Aug 2018	15,236	56.2	630	4.0	11,246	41.5	14,729	71.0	625	4.1	5,379	25.9
Change on quarter	-24	-0.2	-24	-0.1	81	0.2	-43	-0.2	-19	-0.1	71	0.3
Change %	-0.2		-3.7		0.7		-0.3		-3.0		1.3	
Change on year	137	0.2	-38	-0.3	34	-0.1	94	0.3	-35	-0.2	-24	-0.2
Change %	0.9		-5.6		0.3		0.6		-5.3		-0.4	
	Aged 16-17						Aged 18-24					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People	YBTO	YBUA	YBVH	YBVK	YCAS	LWEX	YBTR	YBUD	YBVN	YBVQ	YCAV	LWFA
Jun-Aug 2016	346	23.9	132	27.6	972	67.0	3,576	62.3	488	12.0	1,678	29.2
Jun-Aug 2017	344	24.3	99	22.3	972	68.7	3,524	62.0	425	10.8	1,734	30.5
Sep-Nov 2017	334	23.8	117	25.9	956	68.0	3,528	62.3	421	10.7	1,718	30.3
Dec-Feb 2018	341	24.4	125	26.9	933	66.7	3,492	61.8	399	10.3	1,761	31.1
Mar-May 2018	355	25.5	110	23.6	926	66.6	3,488	61.9	414	10.6	1,735	30.8
Jun-Aug 2018	335	24.2	93	21.7	958	69.1	3,499	62.3	371	9.6	1,750	31.1
Change on quarter	-20	-1.4	-17	-1.9	32	2.6	10	0.4	-42	-1.0	15	0.4
Change %	-5.7		-15.5		3.4		0.3		-10.3		0.9	
Change on year	-10	-0.2	-6	-0.6	-14	0.5	-25	0.3	-54	-1.2	16	0.6
Change %	-2.8		-6.1		-1.4		-0.7		-12.6		0.9	
Men	YBTP	YBUB	YBVI	YBVL	YCAT	LWEY	YBTS	YBUE	YBVO	YBVR	YCAW	LWFB
Jun-Aug 2016	155	20.9	76	32.8	512	68.9	1,819	62.2	289	13.7	815	27.9
Jun-Aug 2017	165	22.8	55	24.8	504	69.6	1,808	62.3	244	11.9	849	29.3
Sep-Nov 2017	158	21.9	57	26.6	505	70.1	1,816	62.8	243	11.8	835	28.8
Dec-Feb 2018	162	22.7	60	27.1	493	68.9	1,796	62.2	232	11.4	859	29.7
Mar-May 2018	177	24.9	56	24.0	478	67.3	1,816	63.0	242	11.8	823	28.6
Jun-Aug 2018	168	23.7	48	22.2	493	69.6	1,828	63.7	210	10.3	834	29.0
Change on quarter	-9	-1.2	-8	-1.8	15	2.3	12	0.6	-32	-1.5	11	0.5
Change %	-5.3		-14.4		3.0		0.7		-13.2		1.4	
Change on year	2	0.8	-7	-2.7	-11	0.0	21	1.3	-34	-1.6	-15	-0.2
Change %	1.4		-12.6		-2.2		1.1		-14.0		-1.7	
Women	YBTQ	YBUC	YBVJ	YBVM	YCAU	LWEZ	YBTT	YBUF	YBVP	YBVS	YCAX	LWFC
Jun-Aug 2016	191	27.0	56	22.8	460	65.0	1,757	62.3	200	10.2	863	30.6
Jun-Aug 2017	179	25.9	44	19.8	468	67.7	1,716	61.7	181	9.5	885	31.8
Sep-Nov 2017	177	25.7	59	25.2	451	65.7	1,712	61.7	178	9.4	884	31.9
Dec-Feb 2018	179	26.1	65	26.7	440	64.3	1,696	61.3	167	9.0	902	32.6
Mar-May 2018	178	26.2	54	23.3	448	65.8	1,673	60.7	172	9.3	912	33.1
Jun-Aug 2018	167	24.7	45	21.3	465	68.7	1,670	60.8	161	8.8	916	33.3
Change on quarter	-11	-1.5	-9	-2.0	17	2.8	-2	0.1	-11	-0.5	4	0.2
Change %	-6.2		-16.6		3.8		-0.1		-6.2		0.4	
Change on year	-12	-1.2	1	1.4	-3	1.0	-46	-0.9	-19	-0.7	30	1.5
Change %	-6.7		2.0		-0.6		-2.7		-10.8		3.4	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

SUMMARY

2(2) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

		Aged 25-34						Aged 35-49					
		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
		Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People		YBTU	YBUG	YCGM	YCGP	YCAZ	LWFD	YBTX	YBUJ	YCGS	YCGV	YCBG	LWFG
	Jun-Aug 2016	7,266	82.1	344	4.5	1,240	14.0	10,782	84.0	371	3.3	1,685	13.1
	Jun-Aug 2017	7,460	83.5	297	3.8	1,175	13.2	10,807	84.6	319	2.9	1,646	12.9
	Sep-Nov 2017	7,470	83.5	300	3.9	1,177	13.2	10,825	84.8	305	2.7	1,630	12.8
	Dec-Feb 2018	7,491	83.6	296	3.8	1,174	13.1	10,844	85.1	309	2.8	1,592	12.5
	Mar-May 2018	7,512	83.7	289	3.7	1,175	13.1	10,860	85.3	299	2.7	1,573	12.4
	Jun-Aug 2018	7,484	83.2	299	3.8	1,207	13.4	10,815	85.0	297	2.7	1,607	12.6
	Change on quarter	-27	-0.4	10	0.1	32	0.3	-45	-0.3	-2	0.0	33	0.3
	Change %	-0.4		3.5		2.7		-0.4		-0.7		2.1	
	Change on year	24	-0.3	2	0.0	32	0.3	8	0.4	-22	-0.2	-40	-0.3
	Change %	0.3		0.8		2.7		0.1		-6.9		-2.4	
Men		YBTV	YBUH	YCGN	YCGQ	YCAZ	LWFE	YBTY	YBUK	YCGT	YCGW	YCBC	LWFH
	Jun-Aug 2016	3,961	89.7	167	4.0	289	6.6	5,700	90.0	176	3.0	460	7.3
	Jun-Aug 2017	4,012	89.8	153	3.7	304	6.8	5,716	90.7	144	2.5	441	7.0
	Sep-Nov 2017	4,037	90.1	142	3.4	300	6.7	5,719	90.9	150	2.6	425	6.8
	Dec-Feb 2018	4,046	90.1	143	3.4	302	6.7	5,710	90.8	145	2.5	432	6.9
	Mar-May 2018	4,043	89.8	153	3.7	305	6.8	5,712	90.9	136	2.3	433	6.9
	Jun-Aug 2018	4,028	89.3	156	3.7	329	7.3	5,692	90.7	156	2.7	426	6.8
	Change on quarter	-15	-0.6	2	0.1	24	0.5	-21	-0.2	20	0.3	-6	-0.1
	Change %	-0.4		1.6		7.9		-0.4		15.0		-1.5	
	Change on year	16	-0.5	3	0.0	26	0.5	-25	0.0	13	0.2	-14	-0.2
	Change %	0.4		1.7		8.4		-0.4		8.8		-3.3	
Women		YBTW	YBUI	YCGO	YCGR	YCBA	LWFF	YBTZ	YBUL	YCGU	YCGX	YCBD	LWFI
	Jun-Aug 2016	3,306	74.6	178	5.1	951	21.4	5,082	78.2	195	3.7	1,225	18.8
	Jun-Aug 2017	3,448	77.3	144	4.0	871	19.5	5,091	78.7	175	3.3	1,206	18.6
	Sep-Nov 2017	3,432	76.8	158	4.4	877	19.6	5,106	79.0	155	2.9	1,204	18.6
	Dec-Feb 2018	3,445	77.1	154	4.3	872	19.5	5,134	79.5	164	3.1	1,160	18.0
	Mar-May 2018	3,468	77.5	136	3.8	870	19.4	5,148	79.8	163	3.1	1,141	17.7
	Jun-Aug 2018	3,456	77.2	144	4.0	878	19.6	5,123	79.5	141	2.7	1,180	18.3
	Change on quarter	-12	-0.3	8	0.2	8	0.2	-24	-0.3	-23	-0.4	40	0.6
	Change %	-0.3		5.5		0.9		-0.5		-13.8		3.5	
	Change on year	8	-0.1	0	0.0	7	0.1	33	0.8	-35	-0.7	-25	-0.3
	Change %	0.2		-0.2		0.8		0.6		-19.8		-2.1	
		Aged 50-64						Age 65+					
		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
		Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
People		LF26	LF2U	LF28	LF2E	LF2A	LF2W	LFK4	LFK6	K5HU	K5HW	LFL4	LFL6
	Jun-Aug 2016	8,589	70.7	306	3.4	3,250	26.8	1,228	10.7	16	1.3	10,197	89.1
	Jun-Aug 2017	8,788	71.1	279	3.1	3,286	26.6	1,181	10.1	24	2.0	10,432	89.6
	Sep-Nov 2017	8,870	71.5	275	3.0	3,252	26.2	1,180	10.1	22	1.9	10,488	89.7
	Dec-Feb 2018	8,898	71.5	273	3.0	3,271	26.3	1,196	10.2	20	1.6	10,527	89.6
	Mar-May 2018	8,975	71.9	277	3.0	3,236	25.9	1,208	10.2	22	1.8	10,565	89.6
	Jun-Aug 2018	9,020	72.0	285	3.1	3,226	25.7	1,241	10.5	18	1.4	10,589	89.4
	Change on quarter	45	0.1	9	0.1	-9	-0.2	33	0.2	-4	-0.4	24	-0.2
	Change %	0.5		3.1		-0.3		2.7		-19.7		0.2	
	Change on year	232	0.8	7	0.0	-59	-0.9	60	0.3	-7	-0.6	156	-0.3
	Change %	2.6		2.4		-1.8		5.0		-27.5		1.5	
Men		MGUX	YBUN	MGVM	MGXF	MGWB	LWFK	MGVA	YBUQ	MGVP	MGXI	MGWE	LWFN
	Jun-Aug 2016	4,544	76.2	179	3.8	1,240	20.8	756	14.4	6	0.8	4,490	85.5
	Jun-Aug 2017	4,587	75.7	163	3.4	1,313	21.6	717	13.4	17	2.3	4,624	86.3
	Sep-Nov 2017	4,630	76.1	161	3.4	1,292	21.2	728	13.5	15	2.0	4,642	86.2
	Dec-Feb 2018	4,640	76.0	155	3.2	1,309	21.4	742	13.7	16	2.1	4,655	86.0
	Mar-May 2018	4,669	76.2	158	3.3	1,298	21.2	721	13.3	12	1.7	4,707	86.5
	Jun-Aug 2018	4,708	76.6	151	3.1	1,287	20.9	734	13.4	12	1.7	4,722	86.3
	Change on quarter	39	0.4	-7	-0.2	-12	-0.3	13	0.2	0	0.0	15	-0.2
	Change %	0.8		-4.2		-0.9		1.8		1.9		0.3	
	Change on year	121	0.9	-12	-0.3	-26	-0.7	17	0.0	-4	-0.6	98	0.0
	Change %	2.6		-7.1		-2.0		2.4		-25.4		2.1	
Women		LF27	LF2V	LF29	LF2F	LF2B	LF2X	LFK5	LFK7	K5HV	K5HX	LFL5	LFL7
	Jun-Aug 2016	4,045	65.4	127	3.0	2,010	32.5	472	7.6	9	1.9	5,708	92.2
	Jun-Aug 2017	4,201	66.8	116	2.7	1,973	31.4	464	7.4	8	1.6	5,809	92.5
	Sep-Nov 2017	4,240	67.2	113	2.6	1,960	31.0	452	7.2	8	1.7	5,845	92.7
	Dec-Feb 2018	4,258	67.2	118	2.7	1,963	31.0	454	7.2	*	*	5,871	92.8
	Mar-May 2018	4,306	67.7	119	2.7	1,937	30.5	487	7.7	10	2.0	5,858	92.2
	Jun-Aug 2018	4,312	67.5	134	3.0	1,940	30.4	507	7.9	5	1.0	5,867	92.0
	Change on quarter	6	-0.2	15	0.3	3	-0.1	20	0.3	-5	-0.9	10	-0.2
	Change %	0.1		12.9		0.1		4.1		-46.7		0.2	
	Change on year	111	0.7	18	0.3	-33	-1.0	43	0.6	-2	-0.6	58	-0.5
	Change %	2.6		15.8		-1.7		9.2		-32.1		1.0	

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

3 Full-time, part-time & temporary workers

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	All in employment					Full-time and part-time workers ¹						
	Total	Employees	Self employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training & employment programmes ²	Total people working full-time	Total people working part-time	Employees working full-time	Employees working part-time	Self-employed people working full-time	Self-employed people working part-time	Total workers with second jobs
People	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	MGRZ	MGRN	MGRQ	MGRU	MGRW	YCBF	YCBH	YCBK	YCBN	YCBQ	YCBT	YCBW
Jun-Aug 2016	31,788	26,812	4,785	122	69	23,211	8,577	19,731	7,081	3,425	1,360	1,163
Jun-Aug 2017	32,105	27,069	4,855	109	71	23,557	8,547	20,077	6,992	3,407	1,448	1,110
Sep-Nov 2017	32,207	27,235	4,773	120	78	23,654	8,553	20,250	6,985	3,327	1,446	1,130
Dec-Feb 2018	32,262	27,339	4,755	108	60	23,679	8,582	20,318	7,021	3,312	1,443	1,154
Mar-May 2018	32,399	27,438	4,790	117	53	23,856	8,542	20,446	6,992	3,355	1,435	1,113
Jun-Aug 2018	32,394	27,470	4,761	118	45	23,895	8,499	20,533	6,937	3,321	1,440	1,126
Change on quarter	-5	32	-29	1	-8	39	-43	87	-55	-35	6	13
Change %	0.0	0.1	-0.6	0.8	-15.8	0.2	-0.5	0.4	-0.8	-1.0	0.4	1.2
Change on year	289	401	-94	9	-26	338	-48	456	-55	-87	-7	16
Change %	0.9	1.5	-1.9	8.6	-37.2	1.4	-0.6	2.3	-0.8	-2.6	-0.5	1.4
Men	MGSA	MGRO	MGRR	MGRU	MGRX	YCBF	YCBI	YCBL	YCBO	YCBR	YCBU	YCBX
Jun-Aug 2016	16,935	13,591	3,242	59	42	14,659	2,276	11,944	1,646	2,680	562	484
Jun-Aug 2017	17,005	13,684	3,239	49	34	14,760	2,245	12,075	1,608	2,647	592	475
Sep-Nov 2017	17,089	13,806	3,185	59	38	14,826	2,262	12,179	1,628	2,610	575	500
Dec-Feb 2018	17,097	13,885	3,135	45	32	14,819	2,278	12,209	1,676	2,581	555	497
Mar-May 2018	17,139	13,879	3,183	48	30	14,888	2,251	12,237	1,643	2,620	563	471
Jun-Aug 2018	17,158	13,908	3,167	57	26	14,892	2,266	12,282	1,626	2,589	578	470
Change on quarter	19	29	-16	9	-3	4	15	45	-16	-31	15	-1
Change %	0.1	0.2	-0.5	19.1	-11.6	0.0	0.7	0.4	-1.0	-1.2	2.7	-0.3
Change on year	153	224	-72	8	-8	132	21	206	18	-57	-14	-5
Change %	0.9	1.6	-2.2	17.2	-23.8	0.9	0.9	1.7	1.1	-2.2	-2.4	-1.1
Women	MGSA	MGRO	MGRS	MGRV	MGRY	YCBG	YCBJ	YCBM	YCBP	YCBS	YCBV	YCBY
Jun-Aug 2016	14,853	13,221	1,543	63	26	8,553	6,301	7,787	5,434	745	798	679
Jun-Aug 2017	15,099	13,386	1,616	60	37	8,797	6,302	8,002	5,384	761	855	635
Sep-Nov 2017	15,118	13,429	1,588	61	40	8,828	6,291	8,072	5,357	717	871	630
Dec-Feb 2018	15,165	13,454	1,620	63	28	8,861	6,304	8,108	5,345	731	888	658
Mar-May 2018	15,259	13,559	1,607	70	23	8,968	6,291	8,209	5,350	736	872	642
Jun-Aug 2018	15,236	13,562	1,594	61	18	9,003	6,233	8,251	5,311	731	862	656
Change on quarter	-24	3	-14	-8	-5	34	-58	42	-39	-4	-9	14
Change %	-0.2	0.0	-0.9	-11.8	-21.1	0.4	-0.9	0.5	-0.7	-0.6	-1.1	2.2
Change on year	137	176	-22	1	-18	206	-69	249	-73	-29	7	21
Change %	0.9	1.3	-1.4	1.6	-49.7	2.3	-1.1	3.1	-1.4	-3.9	0.8	3.3

	Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)						Part-time workers (reasons for working part-time) ³						
	Total	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total ⁴	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Ill or disabled	Student or at school
People	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	YCBZ	YCCC	YCCF	YCCI	YCCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCDA	YCDG	YCDH	YCDJ
Jun-Aug 2016	1,655	6.2	509	30.8	436	127	583	8,441	1,142	13.5	5,911	251	1,093
Jun-Aug 2017	1,600	5.9	441	27.6	431	122	606	8,440	1,039	12.3	5,949	273	1,099
Sep-Nov 2017	1,570	5.8	442	28.2	434	139	555	8,431	1,012	12.0	5,976	265	1,102
Dec-Feb 2018	1,564	5.7	455	29.1	433	159	517	8,464	1,020	12.0	6,028	246	1,119
Mar-May 2018	1,565	5.7	444	28.4	432	151	537	8,427	991	11.8	6,025	262	1,097
Jun-Aug 2018	1,521	5.5	410	27.0	440	125	547	8,377	943	11.3	5,986	272	1,111
Change on quarter	-44	-0.2	-34	-1.4	8	-27	9	-49	-47	-0.5	-40	10	13
Change %	-2.8		-7.7		1.8	-17.7	1.7	-0.6	-4.8		-0.7	3.7	1.2
Change on year	-79	-0.4	-31	-0.6	8	2	-59	-62	-96	-1.1	37	-1	12
Change %	-4.9		-7.0		2.0	1.8	-9.8	-0.7	-9.3		0.6	-0.5	1.1
Men	YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCDB	YCDE	YCDH	YCDK
Jun-Aug 2016	782	5.8	268	34.3	181	68	264	2,209	515	23.3	1,121	102	456
Jun-Aug 2017	755	5.5	224	29.7	207	55	269	2,200	445	20.2	1,150	105	475
Sep-Nov 2017	743	5.4	227	30.6	190	73	253	2,203	449	20.4	1,167	94	463
Dec-Feb 2018	748	5.4	236	31.5	190	80	242	2,230	474	21.2	1,186	77	471
Mar-May 2018	746	5.4	234	31.4	190	79	244	2,205	450	20.4	1,163	92	480
Jun-Aug 2018	733	5.3	219	29.8	204	59	251	2,204	430	19.5	1,175	90	483
Change on quarter	-13	-0.1	-15	-1.5	15	-20	7	-1	-20	-0.9	12	-2	3
Change %	-1.7		-6.6		7.7	-24.9	3.0	-0.1	-4.5		1.0	-2.2	0.7
Change on year	-22	-0.2	-5	0.2	-2	5	-18	4	-16	-0.7	25	-15	8
Change %	-2.9		-2.3		-1.2	8.3	-6.8	0.2	-3.5		2.2	-13.9	1.7
Women	YCCB	YCCF	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCN	YCCQ	YCCU	YCCV	YCCZ	YCDC	YCDF	YCDI	YCDL
Jun-Aug 2016	873	6.6	241	27.5	255	59	319	6,232	627	10.1	4,790	149	638
Jun-Aug 2017	845	6.3	217	25.7	224	68	336	6,239	594	9.5	4,799	168	624
Sep-Nov 2017	827	6.2	215	26.0	243	66	303	6,228	563	9.0	4,809	172	639
Dec-Feb 2018	816	6.1	220	26.9	243	78	274	6,234	546	8.8	4,841	169	648
Mar-May 2018	818	6.0	210	25.7	242	72	294	6,221	541	8.7	4,862	170	617
Jun-Aug 2018	788	5.8	191	24.3	235	65	296	6,173	514	8.3	4,811	182	628
Change on quarter	-31	-0.2	-19	-1.4	-7	-7	2	-48	-27	-0.4	-52	12	10
Change %	-3.7		-8.9		-2.8	-9.8	0.6	-0.8	-5.1		-1.1	7.0	1.6
Change on year	-58	-0.5	-26	-1.4	11	-2	-41	-66	-80	-1.2	12	13	4
Change %	-6.8		-11.8		4.9	-3.4	-12.1	-1.1	-13.5		0.2	7.9	0.6

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

2. This series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes those engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training.

3. These series cover Employees and Self-employed only. These series include some temporary employees recorded in columns 13 to 19.

4. The total includes those who did not give a reason for working part-time and it therefore does not equal the sum of columns 21, 23, 24 and 25.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Public and private sector employment (first published on 11 September 2018)

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Public sector		Private sector ¹		Total employment ²	Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory Note at bottom of table)		Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory Note at bottom of table)	
	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)		(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
Jun 16	5,464	17.2	26,293	82.8	31,757	5,202	16.4	26,555	83.6
Sep 16	5,471	17.2	26,284	82.8	31,755	5,200	16.4	26,555	83.6
Dec 16	5,453	17.1	26,393	82.9	31,846	5,190	16.3	26,656	83.7
Mar 17	5,460	17.1	26,494	82.9	31,954	5,195	16.3	26,759	83.7
Jun 17	5,461	17.0	26,675	83.0	32,136	5,206	16.2	26,930	83.8
Sep 17	5,485	17.1	26,595	82.9	32,080	5,225	16.3	26,855	83.7
Dec 17	5,348	16.6	26,900	83.4	32,248	5,229	16.2	27,019	83.8
Mar 18	5,343	16.5	27,051	83.5	32,394	5,224	16.1	27,170	83.9
Jun 18	5,339	16.5	27,058	83.5	32,397	5,240	16.2	27,157	83.8
Change on quarter	-4	0.0	7	0.0	3	16	0.1	-13	-0.1
Change %	-0.1		0.0		0.0	0.3		0.0	
Change on year	-122	-0.5	383	0.5	261	34	0.0	227	0.0
Change %	-2.2		1.4		0.8	0.7		0.8	

Enquiries 01633 455400

Source: Labour Force Survey (LFS) and returns from public sector organisations
See footnotes under table 4(1)

4(1) Public sector employment by industry

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Construction	HM Forces ³	Police (including civilians)	Public administration	Of which: Civil Service ⁴	Education	National Health Service	Other health and social work	Other (including financial corporations)	Total public sector employment ⁵
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7D6	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FM	G7AU
Jun 16	36	158	246	1,003	416	1,516	1,588	289	633	5,464
Sep 16	35	158	245	1,002	416	1,519	1,596	280	632	5,471
Dec 16	36	157	243	1,003	416	1,514	1,602	275	624	5,453
Mar 17	37	157	245	1,005	419	1,511	1,613	273	619	5,460
Jun 17	36	156	245	1,012	423	1,508	1,622	269	616	5,461
Sep 17	35	155	250	1,017	423	1,512	1,629	268	615	5,485
Dec 17	35	155	254	1,018	427	1,508	1,638	225	513	5,348
Mar 18	32	155	246	1,025	430	1,508	1,642	224	512	5,343
Jun 18	32	153	246	1,030	431	1,513	1,648	217	503	5,339
Change on quarter	0	-2	0	5	1	5	6	-7	-9	-4
Change %	0.0	-1.3	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	-3.1	-1.8	-0.1
Change on year	-4	-3	1	18	8	5	26	-52	-113	-122
Change %	-11.1	-1.9	0.4	1.8	1.9	0.3	1.6	-19.3	-18.3	-2.2

Enquiries 01633 455400

Source: returns from public sector organisations

Explanatory Note: The public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.
 Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.
 Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.
 Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.
 Direct Line Group is included in the public sector from December 2008 to June 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.
 Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).
 Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.
 Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.
 Welsh Further Education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.
 Housing Associations for England are included in the public sector between September 2008 and September 2017; they are in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.
 Housing associations for Scotland are included in the public sector from September 2001; they are included in the private sector for earlier time periods.
 Housing associations for Wales are included in the private sector from June 2018; they are included in the public sector for earlier time periods.
 Housing associations for Northern Ireland are included in the public sector back to the start of the time series in March 1999.

The series shown at Table 4 (in columns 6 to 9) for public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications show all of the above mentioned bodies included in the private sector for all time periods and excluded from the public sector for all time periods. When using figures from this table, the latest estimate of the number of people employed in the public and private sectors should be taken from columns 1 and 3 respectively. However the latest annual changes (but not the latest quarterly changes) in employment shown in these columns are affected by the reclassification of English housing associations. The changes in employment shown in columns 6 and 8 are measured on a consistent basis to remove the effect of major reclassifications.

1. Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.

2. LFS employment data for March refer to February-April, June refers to May-July, September refers to August-October and December refers to November-January.

3. This series excludes locally engaged staff stationed outside the United Kingdom.

4. This series excludes the Northern Ireland Civil Service.

5. This series may not exactly equal the sum of the components because each component is independently seasonally adjusted.

More detailed estimates are available in the Public Sector Employment Statistical Bulletin at:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/publicsectorpersonnel/bulletins/publicsectoremployment/latest>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

5 Workforce jobs

(first published on 11 September 2018)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted					
	Workforce jobs	Employee jobs	Self-employment jobs ¹	HM Forces	Government-supported trainees ¹
	1	2	3	4	5
	DYDC	BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU
Jun 16	34,617	29,883	4,522	158	55
Sep 16	34,653	29,956	4,490	158	49
Dec 16	34,703	29,958	4,532	157	56
Mar 17	34,988	30,266	4,504	157	62
Jun 17	35,068	30,318	4,548	156	46
Sep 17	35,174	30,447	4,526	155	46
Dec 17	35,057	30,387	4,483	155	31
Mar 18	35,117	30,437	4,498	154	28
Jun 18 (p)	35,201	30,484	4,535	153	29
Change on quarter	83	46	38	-1	0
Change %	0.2	0.2	0.8	-0.9	1.8
Change on year	132	166	-13	-3	-18
Change %	0.4	0.5	-0.3	-1.8	-38.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

See footnotes under table 6

6 Workforce jobs by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

SIC 2007 sections	All jobs A-T	Agriculture, forestry & fishing A	Mining & quarrying B	Manufacturing C	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply D	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities E	Construction F	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles G	Transport & storage H	Accommodation & food service activities I	Information & communication J
	DYDC	JWR5	JWR6	JWR7	JWR8	JWR9	JWS2	JWS3	JWS4	JWS5	JWS6
Jun 16	34,617	394	63	2,663	141	199	2,239	5,041	1,716	2,343	1,436
Sep 16	34,653	420	64	2,636	138	208	2,209	5,001	1,736	2,377	1,424
Dec 16	34,703	443	63	2,634	143	211	2,238	4,980	1,742	2,372	1,419
Mar 17	34,988	450	61	2,648	141	211	2,307	4,998	1,785	2,397	1,457
Jun 17	35,068	440	63	2,676	144	210	2,291	5,015	1,808	2,425	1,497
Sep 17	35,174	459	62	2,682	142	211	2,304	4,959	1,804	2,426	1,457
Dec 17	35,057	453	65	2,691	138	217	2,295	4,963	1,782	2,373	1,441
Mar 18	35,117	437	67	2,685	139	216	2,291	4,963	1,783	2,418	1,486
Jun 18 (p)	35,201	425	66	2,708	142	217	2,308	4,941	1,800	2,455	1,514
Change on quarter	83	-12	-1	23	3	2	17	-22	18	37	28
Change %	0.2	-2.7	-1.8	0.9	2.1	0.8	0.7	-0.4	1.0	1.5	1.9
Change on year	132	-15	2	32	-2	7	17	-73	-7	30	16
Change %	0.4	-3.4	3.4	1.2	-1.6	3.6	0.8	-1.5	-0.4	1.2	1.1

SIC 2007 sections	Financial & insurance activities K	Real estate activities L	Professional scientific & technical activities M	Administrative & support service activities N	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security ² O	Education P	Human health & social work activities Q	Arts, entertainment & recreation R	Other service activities S	People employed by households etc. T	Total services G-T
	JWS7	JWS8	JWS9	JWT2	JWT3	JWT4	JWT5	JWT6	JWT7	KW78	JWT8
Jun 16	1,122	578	3,017	2,970	1,478	2,959	4,297	966	921	77	28,919
Sep 16	1,141	557	3,047	2,952	1,474	2,963	4,284	1,011	922	92	28,979
Dec 16	1,127	549	3,052	2,982	1,467	2,969	4,288	1,021	931	71	28,969
Mar 17	1,124	580	3,051	3,000	1,468	2,934	4,359	1,008	942	67	29,170
Jun 17	1,135	546	3,018	3,015	1,489	2,922	4,390	977	943	65	29,245
Sep 17	1,127	563	3,058	3,092	1,491	2,925	4,355	1,028	956	74	29,316
Dec 17	1,133	573	3,056	3,041	1,490	2,909	4,409	1,015	954	60	29,198
Mar 18	1,136	574	3,048	2,986	1,487	2,933	4,425	1,009	972	61	29,282
Jun 18 (p)	1,126	555	3,039	3,023	1,494	2,931	4,413	1,018	958	68	29,335
Change on quarter	-10	-20	-9	37	7	-2	-13	9	-14	7	52
Change %	-0.9	-3.4	-0.3	1.2	0.4	-0.1	-0.3	0.9	-1.4	11.4	0.2
Change on year	-9	8	21	8	5	9	23	41	15	3	90
Change %	-0.8	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	4.2	1.5	4.6	0.3

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

Sources: Employer surveys, Labour Force Survey and administrative sources

1. Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For this reason estimates of self-employment jobs and government supported trainee jobs differ from estimates of people in self-employment and in government supported training and employment programmes shown at Table 3. The estimates for government supported trainees shown in this table exclude trainees with contracts of employment as such people are included in the estimates of employee jobs.

2. This series is not exclusively a public sector series as it includes some private sector jobs. See table 4 for estimates of public and private sector employment.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

7 Actual weekly hours worked

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

	Total weekly hours (millions) ^{1,2}	Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked			
		All workers ¹	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Second Jobs
		YBUS	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
People					
Jun-Aug 2016	1,017.3	32.0	37.4	16.1	9.7
Jun-Aug 2017	1,033.3	32.2	37.5	16.3	9.4
Sep-Nov 2017	1,028.4	31.9	37.2	16.1	10.0
Dec-Feb 2018	1,032.6	32.0	37.2	16.2	9.9
Mar-May 2018	1,032.3	31.9	37.0	16.3	10.1
Jun-Aug 2018	1,041.4	32.1	37.3	16.3	9.8
Change on quarter	9.1	0.3	0.4	0.0	-0.3
Change %	0.9	0.9	1.0	-0.1	-3.4
Change on year	8.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.4
Change %	0.8	-0.1	-0.5	0.0	4.3
Men					
	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Jun-Aug 2016	616.7	36.4	39.2	16.1	10.6
Jun-Aug 2017	622.8	36.6	39.4	16.2	10.1
Sep-Nov 2017	620.2	36.3	39.0	15.9	11.1
Dec-Feb 2018	622.7	36.4	39.2	16.1	10.9
Mar-May 2018	619.4	36.1	38.9	15.9	11.3
Jun-Aug 2018	624.2	36.4	39.1	16.1	10.7
Change on quarter	4.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	-0.5
Change %	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.8	-4.9
Change on year	1.3	-0.2	-0.3	-0.1	0.6
Change %	0.2	-0.7	-0.8	-0.4	5.9
Women					
	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Jun-Aug 2016	400.6	27.0	34.3	16.1	9.0
Jun-Aug 2017	410.5	27.2	34.3	16.4	8.8
Sep-Nov 2017	408.3	27.0	34.1	16.2	9.1
Dec-Feb 2018	409.9	27.0	34.0	16.3	9.1
Mar-May 2018	412.8	27.1	33.8	16.5	9.3
Jun-Aug 2018	417.2	27.4	34.4	16.4	9.1
Change on quarter	4.4	0.3	0.6	-0.1	-0.2
Change %	1.1	1.2	1.7	-0.7	-1.9
Change on year	6.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3
Change %	1.6	0.7	0.2	0.1	3.2

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Main and second job.

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

7(1) Usual weekly hours of work¹

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jun-Aug 2017									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.9	1.8	0.8	0.5	1.1	3.5	2.1	6.3
6 up to 15 hours	6.5	3.6	9.7	6.0	3.2	8.8	8.8	4.8	16.9
16 up to 30 hours	20.1	9.9	31.7	19.7	8.6	31.1	22.5	15.7	36.1
31 up to 45 hours	53.2	59.1	46.5	56.2	63.1	49.1	37.4	42.8	26.6
Over 45 hours	18.9	26.5	10.3	17.3	24.6	9.9	27.9	34.7	14.2
Total (thousands)	32,105	17,005	15,099	27,069	13,684	13,386	4,855	3,239	1,616
Mar-May 2018									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	1.0	1.7	0.9	0.7	1.0	3.1	1.8	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.5	3.5	9.8	5.9	3.1	8.9	8.9	4.5	17.5
16 up to 30 hours	19.9	10.0	31.0	19.4	8.7	30.4	23.0	15.6	37.5
31 up to 45 hours	54.1	60.0	47.4	56.8	63.2	50.2	38.7	45.7	24.9
Over 45 hours	18.3	25.6	10.0	17.0	24.2	9.6	26.3	32.3	14.5
Total (thousands)	32,399	17,139	15,259	27,438	13,879	13,559	4,790	3,183	1,607
Jun-Aug 2018									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	1.0	1.9	0.9	0.6	1.2	3.4	1.9	6.3
6 up to 15 hours	6.3	3.4	9.5	5.7	2.9	8.5	9.4	5.0	18.2
16 up to 30 hours	19.9	10.2	30.8	19.4	8.9	30.2	22.7	16.0	36.0
31 up to 45 hours	54.1	59.8	47.7	56.9	63.1	50.5	38.8	45.5	25.5
Over 45 hours	18.4	25.7	10.1	17.1	24.4	9.7	25.7	31.6	14.0
Total (thousands)	32,394	17,158	15,236	27,470	13,908	13,562	4,761	3,167	1,594

1. Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

NON-UK WORKERS

8 Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

(first published on 14 August 2018)

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted

		European Union (EU)						Countries not in the European Union (non-EU)							
		Of which:													
		Total ¹	UK	Non UK	Total EU (EU27) ²	EU14 ³	Romania and Bulgaria ⁴	Total non-EU	Africa excluding South Africa	South Africa	Australia and New Zealand	India	Pakistan and Bangladesh	USA	Rest of the world
Levels (thousands of people aged 16 and over)															
By country of birth	MGTM	JF6F	JF6G	EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	EQ4S	JJR9	JJS3	JJS5	JJS7	JJS9	JJR7	EQ4T
Apr - Jun 2016	31,649	26,225	5,418	2,335	995	1,030	275	3,083	679	139	136	442	342	98	1,248
Apr - Jun 2017	31,996	26,312	5,681	2,373	972	1,007	362	3,308	772	213	138	441	381	81	1,282
Jul - Sep 2017	32,141	26,434	5,705	2,403	970	1,044	361	3,302	736	186	151	481	374	87	1,288
Oct - Dec 2017	32,231	26,629	5,599	2,389	999	995	360	3,210	699	171	146	469	353	99	1,273
Jan - Mar 2018	32,277	26,631	5,643	2,366	1,029	956	347	3,276	707	179	149	477	353	112	1,298
Apr - Jun 2018	32,319	26,693	5,623	2,354	1,015	905	395	3,268	711	168	156	507	342	100	1,285
Change on year	323	380	-58	-18	43	-101	33	-40	-61	-45	18	66	-39	18	3
Change %	1.0	1.4	-1.0	-0.8	4.4	-10.1	9.1	-1.2	-8.0	-21.0	13.0	15.0	-10.2	22.5	0.2
By nationality	MGTM	JF6H	JF6I	EQ4U	JJR4	JJR6	EQ4V	EQ4W	JJS2	JJS4	JJS6	JJS8	JJT2	JJR8	EQ4X
Apr - Jun 2016	31,649	28,191	3,456	2,239	947	1,008	265	1,217	213	49	94	185	108	85	484
Apr - Jun 2017	31,996	28,427	3,564	2,365	1,020	997	337	1,199	240	77	82	163	95	75	469
Jul - Sep 2017	32,141	28,547	3,589	2,378	987	1,035	347	1,211	223	64	88	180	103	70	484
Oct - Dec 2017	32,231	28,703	3,523	2,349	1,014	961	364	1,174	203	63	90	179	87	91	461
Jan - Mar 2018	32,277	28,730	3,542	2,292	1,008	917	355	1,250	214	60	98	188	99	98	493
Apr - Jun 2018	32,319	28,759	3,553	2,279	997	880	391	1,274	207	55	104	213	101	92	502
Change on year	323	332	-11	-86	-23	-117	54	74	-33	-21	22	50	6	17	33
Change %	1.0	1.2	-0.3	-3.6	-2.3	-11.7	16.1	6.2	-13.7	-27.7	27.5	30.8	5.9	23.3	7.0
Rates (% aged 16 to 64)															
By country of birth	LF9D	LFM6	LFM7	EQ4Y	LFM8	LFM9	EQ4Z	EQ52	LFN3	LFN4	LFN5	LFN6	LFN7	LFN2	EQ53
Apr - Jun 2016	74.3	74.8	72.2	79.4	76.9	81.6	80.9	67.5	69.2	81.5	89.4	72.4	55.4	75.8	65.6
Apr - Jun 2017	75.0	75.5	72.6	80.6	77.5	82.6	84.6	67.7	69.5	86.0	84.6	72.7	54.1	73.3	66.0
Jul - Sep 2017	75.2	75.5	73.9	81.8	78.2	84.1	86.1	69.0	69.1	83.2	85.1	73.9	55.5	74.7	68.6
Oct - Dec 2017	75.4	75.8	73.6	81.6	77.7	85.4	83.6	68.5	68.7	82.1	86.4	73.6	56.2	77.3	67.3
Jan - Mar 2018	75.4	75.8	73.8	81.9	79.1	85.3	82.0	68.8	69.6	81.5	81.7	77.4	56.3	77.7	66.7
Apr - Jun 2018	75.4	75.7	74.0	82.8	79.7	86.8	83.4	68.7	69.9	83.3	85.2	80.4	54.3	73.4	65.8
Change on year	0.4	0.2	1.4	2.3	2.1	4.2	-1.3	1.0	0.4	-2.7	0.6	7.6	0.2	0.1	-0.2
By nationality	LF9D	LFN8	LFN9	EQ54	LFO2	LFO3	EQ55	EQ56	LFO5	LFO6	LFO7	LFO8	LFO9	LFO4	EQ57
Apr - Jun 2016	74.3	74.6	72.3	78.4	75.0	81.5	79.3	63.1	63.1	84.0	89.2	68.3	53.3	75.1	57.5
Apr - Jun 2017	75.0	75.3	72.8	80.8	78.0	83.1	84.3	60.9	62.4	86.4	87.2	65.3	48.6	70.8	55.2
Jul - Sep 2017	75.2	75.3	74.5	81.6	78.2	84.3	85.9	63.6	62.5	81.1	86.9	67.5	53.7	70.7	59.7
Oct - Dec 2017	75.4	75.6	74.2	81.2	77.4	85.3	84.1	63.2	60.9	84.8	85.0	67.4	52.6	79.5	57.9
Jan - Mar 2018	75.4	75.6	74.1	81.9	79.6	85.0	82.8	63.0	63.1	87.4	82.0	72.9	53.1	74.7	56.1
Apr - Jun 2018	75.4	75.5	74.5	83.1	80.5	87.1	83.2	62.9	63.7	90.1	86.2	79.3	48.8	72.4	54.8
Change on year	0.4	0.3	1.7	2.3	2.4	4.0	-1.1	2.0	1.2	3.7	-1.0	14.0	0.2	1.6	-0.4

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGTM does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.
2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK. It does not equal the sum of the EU14, EUA8, and "Romania & Bulgaria" series as it also includes Cyprus, Malta and Croatia.
3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.
4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

NON-UK WORKERS

8(1) Unemployment and Economic Inactivity levels and rates by country of birth and nationality (first published on 14 August 2018)

United Kingdom (thousands of people) not seasonally adjusted

	Unemployment (all aged 16 and over)					Economically inactive (all aged from 16 to 64)									
	Total ¹	UK	Non-UK	EU27 ²	Non-EU	Total ¹		UK		Non-UK		EU27 ²		Non-EU	
						All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students ³	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students ³	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students ³	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students ³	All econom- ically inactive	Of which: Students ³
Levels (thousands of people)															
By country of birth	MGTP	DSWD	DT35	DT3F	DTKB	LF9L	LF9W	DTLK	DYUP	DYUR	DYVR	DYVZ	DYWL	DYWR	DZ37
Apr - Jun 2016	1,616	1,298	318	107	211	8,961	2,418	7,204	1,897	1,729	518	491	161	1,237	356
Apr - Jun 2017	1,457	1,140	317	98	219	8,861	2,429	7,060	1,878	1,789	551	470	167	1,320	383
Jul - Sep 2017	1,501	1,220	281	72	209	8,728	2,150	7,019	1,685	1,692	465	456	152	1,237	313
Oct - Dec 2017	1,427	1,142	285	79	206	8,738	2,317	7,036	1,803	1,691	513	452	175	1,239	338
Jan - Mar 2018	1,417	1,118	298	89	210	8,728	2,448	7,050	1,916	1,667	533	428	162	1,239	370
Apr - Jun 2018	1,334	1,067	266	78	188	8,827	2,456	7,140	1,928	1,668	525	402	146	1,267	380
Change on year	-124	-73	-50	-19	-31	-35	28	80	50	-121	-25	-68	-21	-53	-4
Change %	-8.5	-6.4	-15.9	-19.9	-14.2	-0.4	1.1	1.1	2.6	-6.8	-4.6	-14.5	-12.8	-4.0	-1.0
By nationality	MGTP	DSWE	DT39	DTG9	DTKC	LF9L	LF9W	DYTC	DYUQ	DYUS	DYVU	DYWA	DYWM	DYWS	DZGD
Apr - Jun 2016	1,616	1,411	205	109	97	8,961	2,418	7,829	2,030	1,106	384	501	171	606	214
Apr - Jun 2017	1,457	1,258	199	100	100	8,861	2,429	7,734	2,025	1,118	403	457	169	661	235
Jul - Sep 2017	1,501	1,325	175	79	95	8,728	2,150	7,669	1,812	1,042	337	452	155	590	182
Oct - Dec 2017	1,427	1,240	186	90	95	8,738	2,317	7,696	1,942	1,029	373	449	183	580	190
Jan - Mar 2018	1,417	1,232	185	89	96	8,728	2,448	7,679	2,052	1,039	395	411	167	628	228
Apr - Jun 2018	1,334	1,171	162	72	91	8,827	2,456	7,771	2,081	1,039	373	386	141	653	232
Change on year	-124	-87	-37	-28	-9	-35	28	37	56	-80	-31	-71	-28	-8	-3
Change %	-8.5	-6.9	-18.5	-28.2	-8.9	-0.4	1.1	0.5	2.8	-7.1	-7.6	-15.6	-16.3	-1.3	-1.3
Rates (%)															
By country of birth	MGUK	DT2W	DT3B	DTJG	DTKD	CRZK		DYTD		DYUT		DYWD		DYWT	
Apr - Jun 2016	4.9	4.7	5.5	4.4	6.4	21.9		21.4		23.5		16.9		27.8	
Apr - Jun 2017	4.4	4.2	5.3	4.0	6.2	21.5		21.1		23.3		16.1		27.8	
Jul - Sep 2017	4.5	4.4	4.7	2.9	5.9	21.2		20.9		22.4		15.7		26.6	
Oct - Dec 2017	4.2	4.1	4.8	3.2	6.0	21.2		20.9		22.6		15.7		27.0	
Jan - Mar 2018	4.2	4.0	5.0	3.6	6.0	21.2		20.9		22.3		15.0		26.7	
Apr - Jun 2018	4.0	3.8	4.5	3.2	5.4	21.4		21.1		22.4		14.4		27.3	
Change on year	-0.4	-0.3	-0.8	-0.7	-0.8	-0.1		0.0		-0.9		-1.7		-0.5	
By nationality	MGUK	DT2Z	DT3D	DTKA	DTLH	CRZK		DYUO		DYUU		DYWE		DZ36	
Apr - Jun 2016	4.9	4.8	5.6	4.6	7.4	21.9		21.6		23.4		17.7		31.8	
Apr - Jun 2017	4.4	4.2	5.3	4.0	7.7	21.5		21.3		23.1		15.7		34.0	
Jul - Sep 2017	4.5	4.4	4.6	3.2	7.3	21.2		21.1		21.9		15.7		31.4	
Oct - Dec 2017	4.2	4.1	5.0	3.7	7.5	21.2		21.1		21.9		15.7		31.7	
Jan - Mar 2018	4.2	4.1	5.0	3.7	7.1	21.2		21.1		22.0		14.8		32.2	
Apr - Jun 2018	4.0	3.9	4.4	3.0	6.7	21.4		21.3		22.1		14.3		32.6	
Change on year	-0.4	-0.3	-0.9	-1.0	-1.0	-0.1		0.0		-1.0		-1.5		-1.4	

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality.
2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK.
3. This series consists of those people whose main reason for being economically inactive was because they were students. It does not include all students as some students will be included in the employment and unemployment estimates.

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 & over							All aged 16-64						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	MGSC	MG SX	YBWF	YBWG	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2Y	LF32	LF34	LF36	LF38
People														
Jun-Aug 2016	1,658	5.0	963	252	443	26.7	246	1,642	5.1	958	250	434	26.5	243
Jun-Aug 2017	1,443	4.3	837	225	381	26.4	211	1,418	4.4	829	218	372	26.2	208
Sep-Nov 2017	1,439	4.3	830	225	384	26.7	202	1,417	4.4	820	220	377	26.6	198
Dec-Feb 2018	1,423	4.2	842	228	353	24.8	184	1,403	4.3	831	223	350	24.9	183
Mar-May 2018	1,411	4.2	823	223	364	25.8	192	1,389	4.3	811	220	359	25.8	191
Jun-Aug 2018	1,363	4.0	800	208	355	26.0	196	1,346	4.1	791	205	350	26.0	195
Change on quarter	-47	-0.1	-23	-15	-10	0.2	4	-43	-0.1	-19	-15	-9	0.2	4
Change %	-3.4		-2.8	-6.7	-2.6		2.2	-3.1		-2.4	-6.8	-2.4		2.1
Change on year	-79	-0.3	-37	-16	-26	-0.4	-15	-73	-0.2	-37	-14	-22	-0.2	-13
Change %	-5.5		-4.4	-7.3	-6.9		-6.9	-5.1		-4.5	-6.3	-5.8		-6.3
Men														
	MGSD	MG SY	MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM	YBSI	YBTJ	YBWP	YBWS	YBWW	YBWW	YBWB
Jun-Aug 2016	893	5.0	485	132	276	30.9	170	886	5.2	481	131	274	30.9	168
Jun-Aug 2017	775	4.4	414	138	223	28.8	127	758	4.4	407	133	219	28.8	126
Sep-Nov 2017	768	4.3	408	131	229	29.8	126	754	4.4	401	126	227	30.1	125
Dec-Feb 2018	751	4.2	408	133	210	27.9	120	736	4.3	400	130	206	28.0	119
Mar-May 2018	757	4.2	423	120	214	28.3	113	745	4.3	414	117	213	28.6	113
Jun-Aug 2018	733	4.1	407	109	218	29.7	118	721	4.2	399	107	216	29.9	117
Change on quarter	-23	-0.1	-17	-11	4	1.4	5	-24	-0.1	-15	-11	3	1.3	4
Change %	-3.1		-3.9	-9.0	1.9		4.3	-3.2		-3.7	-9.2	1.2		3.2
Change on year	-42	-0.3	-8	-29	-5	1.0	-9	-37	-0.2	-9	-26	-3	1.1	-9
Change %	-5.4		-1.9	-21.0	-2.2		-6.8	-4.9		-2.1	-19.6	-1.2		-7.3
Women														
	MGSE	MG SZ	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN	LF2J	LF2R	LF2Z	LF33	LF35	LF37	LF39
Jun-Aug 2016	765	4.9	478	120	167	21.8	77	756	5.0	476	119	161	21.2	75
Jun-Aug 2017	668	4.2	423	87	158	23.6	84	660	4.3	421	86	153	23.2	82
Sep-Nov 2017	671	4.3	422	94	155	23.1	76	663	4.3	419	93	151	22.7	73
Dec-Feb 2018	672	4.2	433	95	144	21.4	64	668	4.3	431	93	144	21.5	64
Mar-May 2018	654	4.1	400	104	150	23.0	79	644	4.2	397	102	146	22.6	78
Jun-Aug 2018	630	4.0	394	99	137	21.7	78	625	4.1	393	98	134	21.5	78
Change on quarter	-24	-0.1	-6	-4	-13	-1.3	-1	-19	-0.1	-4	-4	-11	-1.1	0
Change %	-3.7		-1.6	-3.9	-9.0		-0.9	-3.0		-1.0	-4.1	-7.8		0.6
Change on year	-38	-0.3	-29	12	-21	-2.0	-6	-35	-0.2	-29	12	-19	-1.7	-4
Change %	-5.6		-6.9	14.3	-13.4		-7.1	-5.3		-6.8	14.3	-12.4		-4.8
	16-17							18-24						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP	YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
People														
Jun-Aug 2016	132	27.6	105	15	13	9.5	*	488	12.0	313	82	93	19.1	42
Jun-Aug 2017	99	22.3	76	18	5	4.9	*	425	10.8	269	76	80	18.8	30
Sep-Nov 2017	117	25.9	91	20	6	5.2	*	421	10.7	277	65	79	18.7	27
Dec-Feb 2018	125	26.9	101	20	5	3.8	*	399	10.3	272	61	67	16.7	24
Mar-May 2018	110	23.6	87	15	8	7.1	*	414	10.6	275	67	72	17.5	32
Jun-Aug 2018	93	21.7	72	15	6	6.6	*	371	9.6	246	60	66	17.7	21
Change on quarter	-17	-1.9	-16	0	-2	-0.5	*	-42	-1.0	-29	-7	-7	0.2	-10
Change %	-15.5		-18.1	2.9	-20.9		*	-10.3		-10.5	-10.3	-9.5		-32.3
Change on year	-6	-0.6	-5	-3	1	1.8	*	-54	-1.2	-23	-16	-14	-1.1	-9
Change %	-6.1		-6.2	-14.6	27.8		*	-12.6		-8.5	-21.6	-17.8		-28.9
Men														
	YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBKK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
Jun-Aug 2016	76	32.8	60	11	5	7.1	*	289	13.7	177	47	64	22.3	32
Jun-Aug 2017	55	24.8	44	9	*	*	*	244	11.9	136	54	55	22.4	20
Sep-Nov 2017	57	26.6	47	8	*	*	*	243	11.8	143	42	57	23.6	20
Dec-Feb 2018	60	27.1	48	11	*	*	*	232	11.4	145	42	45	19.5	19
Mar-May 2018	56	24.0	42	10	5	8.1	*	242	11.8	153	41	48	19.7	19
Jun-Aug 2018	48	22.2	35	8	5	9.7	*	210	10.3	132	35	43	20.3	14
Change on quarter	-8	-1.8	-7	-1	0	1.6	*	-32	-1.5	-20	-6	-5	0.6	-5
Change %	-14.4		-16.3	-14.3	2.7		*	-13.2		-13.3	-15.6	-10.6		-27.8
Change on year	-7	-2.7	-9	-1	*	*	*	-34	-1.6	-3	-19	-12	-2.1	-7
Change %	-12.6		-20.6	-6.5	*		*	-14.0		-2.2	-35.4	-22.1		-32.2
Women														
	YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
Jun-Aug 2016	56	22.8	46	*	7	12.8	*	200	10.2	136	35	29	14.5	10
Jun-Aug 2017	44	19.8	33	9	*	*	*	181	9.5	133	22	25	13.8	10
Sep-Nov 2017	59	25.2	44	11	*	*	*	178	9.4	134	23	22	12.1	7
Dec-Feb 2018	65	26.7	53	9	*	*	*	167	9.0	127	19	22	13.0	5
Mar-May 2018	54	23.3	46	5	*	*	*	172	9.3	122	25	25	14.4	13
Jun-Aug 2018	45	21.3	37	7	*	*	*	161	8.8	113	25	23	14.2	8
Change on quarter	-9	-2.0	-9	2	*	*	*	-11	-0.5	-8	0	-2	-0.2	-5
Change %	-16.6		-19.8	36.4	*		*	-6.2		-6.9	-1.7	-7.3		-39.1
Change on year	1	1.4	4	-2	*	*	*	-19	-0.7	-20	3	-2	0.4	-2
Change %	2.0		13.1	-22.7	*		*	-10.8		-15.0	11.9	-8.5		-22.1

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12; 15=17+18+19; 22=24+25+26.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	25-49							50 and over						
	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate(%) ¹	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
People														
Jun-Aug 2016	716	3.8	402	114	200	27.9	114	322	3.2	143	41	137	42.7	88
Jun-Aug 2017	616	3.3	356	79	181	29.3	105	303	2.9	136	51	116	38.1	74
Sep-Nov 2017	605	3.2	335	94	176	29.1	98	297	2.9	127	47	123	41.4	77
Dec-Feb 2018	606	3.2	332	97	177	29.2	91	293	2.8	138	51	104	35.6	69
Mar-May 2018	589	3.1	324	93	172	29.1	94	299	2.8	137	49	113	37.7	66
Jun-Aug 2018	596	3.2	333	86	177	29.7	108	303	2.9	150	47	106	35.1	66
Change on quarter	8	0.1	9	-7	5	0.5	13	4	0.0	12	-2	-6	-2.6	0
Change %	1.3		2.8	-7.2	3.1		14.0	1.5		9.1	-3.6	-5.6		-0.1
Change on year	-20	-0.1	-23	7	-4	0.3	3	0	-0.1	14	-4	-9	-3.1	-8
Change %	-3.2		-6.3	8.6	-2.2		2.6	0.0		10.0	-8.3	-8.0		-10.5
Men	MGVJ	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBVU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Jun-Aug 2016	343	3.4	178	51	114	33.4	74	185	3.4	70	23	92	49.5	63
Jun-Aug 2017	297	3.0	159	41	96	32.3	62	180	3.3	75	34	70	39.3	44
Sep-Nov 2017	292	2.9	148	49	96	32.7	60	176	3.2	70	31	74	42.3	46
Dec-Feb 2018	288	2.9	142	51	96	33.2	54	171	3.1	74	30	68	39.5	47
Mar-May 2018	289	2.9	152	44	93	32.2	53	170	3.1	77	24	69	40.4	41
Jun-Aug 2018	312	3.1	165	40	107	34.4	70	164	2.9	75	26	63	38.7	34
Change on quarter	23	0.2	13	-4	14	2.2	17	-6	-0.1	-2	1	-5	-1.7	-7
Change %	7.9		8.5	-9.8	15.3		31.7	-3.8		-3.1	5.4	-7.8		-16.2
Change on year	15	0.2	5	-2	12	2.1	8	-16	-0.4	-1	-8	-7	-0.6	-10
Change %	5.1		3.2	-3.6	12.1		12.5	-8.8		-1.1	-23.1	-10.1		-22.1
Women	MGVK	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBVV	YBVY	YBYY	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Jun-Aug 2016	373	4.3	224	63	85	22.9	40	136	2.9	73	18	46	33.4	25
Jun-Aug 2017	319	3.6	196	38	85	26.6	43	123	2.6	61	18	45	36.5	30
Sep-Nov 2017	312	3.5	187	45	80	25.7	38	121	2.5	57	16	49	40.2	31
Dec-Feb 2018	318	3.6	190	46	81	25.7	38	122	2.5	64	21	37	30.2	22
Mar-May 2018	300	3.4	172	49	78	26.2	41	129	2.6	60	25	44	34.1	25
Jun-Aug 2018	284	3.2	169	46	69	24.4	38	139	2.8	75	21	43	30.8	32
Change on quarter	-15	-0.2	-4	-2	-9	-1.8	-4	11	0.2	15	-3	-1	-3.3	7
Change %	-5.0		-2.2	-4.9	-11.4		-8.6	8.4		24.7	-12.6	-2.2		25.9
Change on year	-35	-0.4	-28	8	-16	-2.2	-5	16	0.2	14	4	-2	-5.7	2
Change %	-11.0		-14.1	21.9	-18.3		-11.7	12.8		23.9	19.6	-4.8		6.7

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

10 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64	65+
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active levels									
People	MGSF	LF2K	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	LF3A	LFK8	
Jun-Aug 2016	33,446	32,202	479	4,064	7,611	11,154	8,895	1,243	
Jun-Aug 2017	33,547	32,342	443	3,948	7,757	11,126	9,067	1,206	
Sep-Nov 2017	33,646	32,444	451	3,949	7,769	11,129	9,145	1,202	
Dec-Feb 2018	33,685	32,469	466	3,892	7,787	11,153	9,171	1,216	
Mar-May 2018	33,810	32,579	465	3,902	7,801	11,159	9,252	1,230	
Jun-Aug 2018	33,757	32,499	428	3,870	7,784	11,112	9,306	1,258	
Change on quarter	-52	-80	-37	-32	-17	-47	54	28	
Change %	-0.2	-0.2	-8.0	-0.8	-0.2	-0.4	0.6	2.3	
Change on year	210	157	-16	-79	27	-14	239	53	
Change %	0.6	0.5	-3.5	-2.0	0.3	-0.1	2.6	4.4	
Men	MGSG	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBZV	YBZY	YCAE	
Jun-Aug 2016	17,827	17,065	231	2,107	4,127	5,876	4,723	762	
Jun-Aug 2017	17,781	17,047	220	2,052	4,165	5,860	4,750	734	
Sep-Nov 2017	17,857	17,114	215	2,059	4,179	5,869	4,792	743	
Dec-Feb 2018	17,848	17,090	222	2,028	4,189	5,855	4,796	757	
Mar-May 2018	17,896	17,163	233	2,058	4,196	5,848	4,827	733	
Jun-Aug 2018	17,892	17,145	215	2,038	4,184	5,848	4,860	747	
Change on quarter	-5	-18	-17	-19	-13	0	32	13	
Change %	0.0	-0.1	-7.5	-0.9	-0.3	0.0	0.7	1.8	
Change on year	111	99	-5	-14	19	-12	110	13	
Change %	0.6	0.6	-2.1	-0.7	0.5	-0.2	2.3	1.7	
Women	MGSH	LF2L	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	LF3B	LFK9	
Jun-Aug 2016	15,618	15,137	248	1,956	3,483	5,277	4,173	481	
Jun-Aug 2017	15,767	15,295	223	1,897	3,592	5,266	4,317	472	
Sep-Nov 2017	15,789	15,330	236	1,890	3,590	5,260	4,353	460	
Dec-Feb 2018	15,837	15,379	244	1,863	3,599	5,298	4,375	458	
Mar-May 2018	15,913	15,417	232	1,844	3,605	5,311	4,424	497	
Jun-Aug 2018	15,866	15,354	212	1,832	3,600	5,264	4,446	512	
Change on quarter	-48	-63	-20	-13	-5	-47	21	15	
Change %	-0.3	-0.4	-8.6	-0.7	-0.1	-0.9	0.5	3.1	
Change on year	99	59	-11	-65	8	-2	129	40	
Change %	0.6	0.4	-5.0	-3.4	0.2	0.0	3.0	8.5	
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	MGWG	LF22	YCAG	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	LF2C	LFL2	
Jun-Aug 2016	63.7	78.5	33.0	70.8	86.0	86.9	73.2	10.9	
Jun-Aug 2017	63.5	78.6	31.3	69.5	86.8	87.1	73.4	10.4	
Sep-Nov 2017	63.6	78.8	32.0	69.7	86.8	87.2	73.8	10.3	
Dec-Feb 2018	63.6	78.8	33.3	68.9	86.9	87.5	73.7	10.4	
Mar-May 2018	63.8	79.0	33.4	69.2	86.9	87.6	74.1	10.4	
Jun-Aug 2018	63.6	78.8	30.9	68.9	86.6	87.4	74.3	10.6	
Change on quarter	-0.2	-0.2	-2.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	0.2	0.2	
Change on year	0.0	0.2	-0.5	-0.6	-0.3	0.3	0.9	0.3	
Men	MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT	
Jun-Aug 2016	69.5	83.7	31.1	72.1	93.4	92.7	79.2	14.5	
Jun-Aug 2017	68.9	83.3	30.4	70.7	93.2	93.0	78.4	13.7	
Sep-Nov 2017	69.1	83.6	29.9	71.2	93.3	93.2	78.8	13.8	
Dec-Feb 2018	68.9	83.4	31.1	70.3	93.3	93.1	78.6	14.0	
Mar-May 2018	69.0	83.7	32.7	71.4	93.2	93.1	78.8	13.5	
Jun-Aug 2018	68.9	83.6	30.4	71.0	92.7	93.2	79.1	13.7	
Change on quarter	-0.1	-0.1	-2.3	-0.5	-0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	
Change on year	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	-0.5	0.2	0.7	0.0	
Women	MGWI	LF23	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	LF2D	LFL3	
Jun-Aug 2016	58.2	73.3	35.0	69.4	78.6	81.2	67.5	7.8	
Jun-Aug 2017	58.4	73.9	32.3	68.2	80.5	81.4	68.6	7.5	
Sep-Nov 2017	58.5	74.0	34.3	68.1	80.4	81.4	69.0	7.3	
Dec-Feb 2018	58.6	74.2	35.7	67.4	80.5	82.0	69.0	7.2	
Mar-May 2018	58.8	74.4	34.2	66.9	80.6	82.3	69.5	7.8	
Jun-Aug 2018	58.5	74.1	31.3	66.7	80.4	81.7	69.6	8.0	
Change on quarter	-0.2	-0.3	-2.8	-0.2	-0.2	-0.6	0.1	0.2	
Change on year	0.1	0.2	-1.0	-1.5	-0.1	0.3	1.0	0.5	

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 to 64	Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64)							Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64)		
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temporary sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want a job	Wants a job ¹
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	LF2M	LF63	LF65	LF67	LF69	LFL8	LF6B	LF6D	LFL9	LFM2	
Jun-Aug 2016	8,826	2,277	2,206	160	2,006	35	1,156	985	6,673	2,152	
Jun-Aug 2017	8,812	2,345	2,070	181	2,018	33	1,190	976	6,803	2,010	
Sep-Nov 2017	8,734	2,330	2,107	193	1,979	37	1,153	934	6,767	1,966	
Dec-Feb 2018	8,731	2,347	2,063	203	1,982	38	1,152	945	6,666	2,065	
Mar-May 2018	8,645	2,325	2,018	169	1,995	28	1,119	991	6,699	1,946	
Jun-Aug 2018	8,748	2,377	2,042	168	2,026	31	1,119	985	6,835	1,913	
Change on quarter	103	52	24	-1	30	4	-1	-6	137	-34	
Change %	1.2	2.2	1.2	-0.6	1.5	13.8	-0.1	-0.6	2.0	-1.7	
Change on year	-65	32	-28	-13	7	-2	-71	9	33	-97	
Change %	-0.7	1.4	-1.3	-7.0	0.4	-5.1	-6.0	0.9	0.5	-4.8	
Men	YBSO	BEEX	BEAQ	BEDI	BEDL	YCFP	BEDR	BEDU	YBWA	YBWD	
Jun-Aug 2016	3,317	1,166	251	69	956	16	442	415	2,459	858	
Jun-Aug 2017	3,410	1,180	224	91	998	19	477	421	2,594	815	
Sep-Nov 2017	3,357	1,175	240	90	960	21	468	403	2,532	825	
Dec-Feb 2018	3,395	1,189	246	96	951	21	471	421	2,533	862	
Mar-May 2018	3,337	1,148	235	82	970	17	458	428	2,527	811	
Jun-Aug 2018	3,369	1,185	223	77	995	17	457	415	2,584	786	
Change on quarter	32	37	-12	-5	24	1	-1	-13	57	-25	
Change %	1.0	3.2	-5.1	-6.1	2.5	4.7	-0.1	-3.1	2.3	-3.1	
Change on year	-40	5	-1	-14	-3	-2	-20	-6	-11	-30	
Change %	-1.2	0.5	-0.6	-15.4	-0.3	-8.0	-4.1	-1.5	-0.4	-3.6	
Women	LF2N	LF64	LF66	LF68	LF6A	LFM3	LF6C	LF6E	LFM4	LFM5	
Jun-Aug 2016	5,509	1,111	1,955	91	1,050	18	715	570	4,214	1,295	
Jun-Aug 2017	5,403	1,165	1,846	90	1,021	14	713	555	4,208	1,195	
Sep-Nov 2017	5,377	1,155	1,867	102	1,019	16	686	531	4,236	1,141	
Dec-Feb 2018	5,336	1,158	1,817	107	1,031	17	681	525	4,133	1,203	
Mar-May 2018	5,307	1,177	1,783	87	1,025	11	662	563	4,172	1,135	
Jun-Aug 2018	5,379	1,192	1,819	91	1,031	14	662	570	4,252	1,127	
Change on quarter	71	15	36	4	6	3	0	7	80	-8	
Change %	1.3	1.3	2.0	4.5	0.6	27.6	0.0	1.3	1.9	-0.7	
Change on year	-24	27	-26	1	10	0	-51	15	43	-68	
Change %	-0.4	2.3	-1.4	1.5	1.0	-1.2	-7.2	2.7	1.0	-5.7	
Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%)											
People	LF6V	LF6X	LF6Z	LF73	LF75	LF77	LF79	LF7B	LF7D	LF7F	
Jun-Aug 2016	100	25.8	25.0	1.8	22.7	0.4	13.1	11.2	75.6	24.4	
Jun-Aug 2017	100	26.6	23.5	2.1	22.9	0.4	13.5	11.1	77.2	22.8	
Sep-Nov 2017	100	26.7	24.1	2.2	22.7	0.4	13.2	10.7	77.5	22.5	
Dec-Feb 2018	100	26.9	23.6	2.3	22.7	0.4	13.2	10.8	76.4	23.6	
Mar-May 2018	100	26.9	23.3	2.0	23.1	0.3	12.9	11.5	77.5	22.5	
Jun-Aug 2018	100	27.2	23.3	1.9	23.2	0.4	12.8	11.3	78.1	21.9	
Men	BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEN	BEEQ	BEET	BEEW	BEEZ	BEAS	BEGT	
Jun-Aug 2016	100	35.2	7.6	2.1	28.8	0.5	13.3	12.5	74.1	25.9	
Jun-Aug 2017	100	34.6	6.6	2.7	29.3	0.6	14.0	12.4	76.1	23.9	
Sep-Nov 2017	100	35.0	7.1	2.7	28.6	0.6	13.9	12.0	75.4	24.6	
Dec-Feb 2018	100	35.0	7.2	2.8	28.0	0.6	13.9	12.4	74.6	25.4	
Mar-May 2018	100	34.4	7.0	2.5	29.1	0.5	13.7	12.8	75.7	24.3	
Jun-Aug 2018	100	35.2	6.6	2.3	29.5	0.5	13.6	12.3	76.7	23.3	
Women	LF6W	LF6Y	LF72	LF74	LF76	LF78	LF7A	LF7C	LF7E	LF7G	
Jun-Aug 2016	100	20.2	35.5	1.6	19.1	0.3	13.0	10.3	76.5	23.5	
Jun-Aug 2017	100	21.6	34.2	1.7	18.9	0.3	13.2	10.3	77.9	22.1	
Sep-Nov 2017	100	21.5	34.7	1.9	19.0	0.3	12.8	9.9	78.8	21.2	
Dec-Feb 2018	100	21.7	34.1	2.0	19.3	0.3	12.8	9.8	77.5	22.5	
Mar-May 2018	100	22.2	33.6	1.6	19.3	0.2	12.5	10.6	78.6	21.4	
Jun-Aug 2018	100	22.2	33.8	1.7	19.2	0.3	12.3	10.6	79.0	21.0	

Relationship between columns : 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. This series comprises those who say they would like a regular paid job, but who do not meet the internationally agreed definition of unemployment because they have not been looking for work in the last four weeks and/or they were unable to start working within two weeks.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

12 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

June to August 2018

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

All aged 16 to 24				In full-time education (FTE)				Not in full-time education (FTE) ¹			
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Total	Employed ²	Unemployed ²	Economically inactive	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economically inactive
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Levels (thousands of people)

People	16-17	1,386	335	93	958	1,211	257	79	875	175	77	14	83
	18-24	5,620	3,499	371	1,750	1,867	609	84	1,174	3,753	2,890	287	576
	16-24	7,005	3,833	464	2,708	3,078	866	163	2,049	3,927	2,967	302	659
Men	16-17	708	168	48	493	611	123	38	450	98	45	10	43
	18-24	2,872	1,828	210	834	908	267	36	605	1,965	1,562	174	229
	16-24	3,581	1,996	258	1,327	1,518	390	74	1,054	2,062	1,606	183	272
Women	16-17	677	167	45	465	600	134	41	425	77	33	*	40
	18-24	2,747	1,670	161	916	959	342	47	569	1,788	1,328	114	346
	16-24	3,425	1,837	206	1,381	1,559	477	88	994	1,865	1,361	118	387

Changes on quarter (changes since March to May 2018)

People	16-17	-6	-20	-17	32	0	-17	-4	21	-5	-3	-13	11
	18-24	-17	10	-42	15	4	-9	1	12	-22	19	-44	3
	16-24	-23	-10	-60	47	4	-27	-2	33	-27	16	-57	14
Men	16-17	-3	-9	-8	15	0	-12	-1	13	-3	2	-7	2
	18-24	-8	12	-32	11	-10	-27	-11	29	1	40	-21	-17
	16-24	-11	3	-40	26	-9	-39	-12	41	-2	42	-28	-16
Women	16-17	-3	-11	-9	17	0	-6	-3	8	-2	-5	*	9
	18-24	-9	-2	-11	4	14	18	12	-16	-23	-20	-23	20
	16-24	-12	-13	-20	21	14	12	10	-8	-26	-25	-29	29

Rates(%)³

People											
16-17	24.2	21.7	69.1	21.3	23.4	72.2	44.3	15.4	47.6		
18-24	62.3	9.6	31.1	32.6	12.1	62.9	77.0	9.0	15.3		
16-24	54.7	10.8	38.7	28.2	15.8	66.6	75.5	9.2	16.8		
Men											
16-17	23.7	22.2	69.6	20.1	23.6	73.6	45.8	17.9	44.2		
18-24	63.7	10.3	29.0	29.4	12.0	66.6	79.5	10.0	11.7		
16-24	55.7	11.4	37.1	25.7	16.0	69.4	77.9	10.2	13.2		
Women											
16-17	24.7	21.3	68.7	22.4	23.3	70.8	42.3	*	52.0		
18-24	60.8	8.8	33.3	35.7	12.2	59.4	74.3	7.9	19.4		
16-24	53.7	10.1	40.3	30.6	15.6	63.8	72.9	8.0	20.7		

Changes on quarter (changes since March to May 2018)

People											
16-17	-1.4	-1.9	2.6	-1.4	0.3	1.7	-0.4	-9.9	7.4		
18-24	0.4	-1.0	0.4	-0.6	0.3	0.5	1.0	-1.3	0.2		
16-24	0.0	-1.2	0.8	-0.9	0.2	1.0	0.9	-1.6	0.5		
Men											
16-17	-1.2	-1.8	2.3	-1.9	1.1	2.1	3.6	-10.3	3.0		
18-24	0.6	-1.5	0.5	-2.7	-1.9	3.8	2.0	-1.3	-0.9		
16-24	0.3	-1.6	0.8	-2.4	-0.8	3.1	2.1	-1.6	-0.7		
Women											
16-17	-1.5	-2.0	2.8	-0.9	-0.4	1.4	-5.4	*	13.1		
18-24	0.1	-0.5	0.2	1.4	2.4	-2.6	-0.2	-1.3	1.4		
16-24	-0.2	-0.8	0.7	0.5	1.2	-1.1	-0.4	-1.6	1.8		

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training. Estimates of the number of young people who were not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table. Estimates of young people who were NEET are published separately at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/unemployment/bulletins/youngpeoplenotineducationemploymentortrainingneet/latest>

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

EARNINGS

13 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - total pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)										Great Britain, seasonally adjusted											
Whole Economy (100%) ²										Private sector (82%) ²						Public sector (18%) ²					
Weekly Earnings (£)										Weekly Earnings (£)						Weekly Earnings (£)					
% changes year on year										% changes year on year						% changes year on year					
Single month										Single month						Single month					
3 month average ³										3 month average ³						3 month average ³					
KAB9										KAC4						KAC7					
KAC2										KAC5						KAC8					
KAC3										KAC6						KAC9					
Aug 16										496	2.1	2.3	494	2.2	2.4	507	1.8	1.7			
Jun 17										509	3.6	2.3	509	3.8	2.5	511	1.2 (r)	1.4			
Jul 17	(r)									504	1.3	2.3	503	1.5	2.5	513	1.7	1.7			
Aug 17	(r)									508	2.4	2.4	506	2.6	2.6	514	1.5	1.5			
Sep 17										510	2.8	2.2	509	3.1	2.4	513	1.6	1.6 (r)			
Oct 17										510	2.4	2.5	509	2.5	2.7	517	2.2	1.8			
Nov 17										512	2.4	2.5	511	2.5	2.7	517	1.9	1.9			
Dec 17										513	3.1	2.6	512	3.4	2.8	518	2.0	2.0			
Jan 18										513	2.8	2.8	512	2.9	2.9	519	2.4	2.1			
Feb 18										513	2.6	2.8	512	2.6	3.0	520	2.5	2.3			
Mar 18										515	2.5	2.6	514	2.6	2.7	520	2.1	2.3			
Apr 18										516	2.6	2.6	515	2.6	2.6	521	2.4	2.4			
May 18										518	2.6	2.6	516	2.7	2.7	523	1.7	2.1			
Jun 18	(r)									520	2.0	2.4	519	1.9	2.4	523	2.4	2.2			
Jul 18	(r)									521	3.3	2.6	520	3.3	2.6	528	3.0	2.4			
Aug 18	(p)									523	2.9	2.7	521	3.0	2.7	528	2.7	2.7			
										Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ²						Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ²					
Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ²										Weekly Earnings (£)						Weekly Earnings (£)					
% changes year on year										% changes year on year						% changes year on year					
Single month										Single month						Single month					
3 month average ³										3 month average ³						3 month average ³					
K5BZ										K5C4						KAD8					
K5C2										K5C5						KAD9					
K5C3										K5C6						KAE2					
Aug 16										480	2.0	2.2	628	1.1	2.7	503	2.2	1.9			
Jun 17	(r)									495	4.1	2.6	655	4.6	2.2	506	1.2	1.4			
Jul 17	(r)									488	1.2	2.6	642	0.6	2.5	507	1.8	1.7			
Aug 17	(r)									492	2.4	2.6	646	3.0	2.7	510	1.4	1.4			
Sep 17										494	2.9	2.2	655	4.6	2.7 (r)	508	1.6	1.6 (r)			
Oct 17										495	2.6	2.6	650	3.1	3.6 (r)	512	2.3	1.8 (r)			
Nov 17										496	2.4	2.6	650	2.4	3.4	512	1.9	2.0			
Dec 17										497	3.2	2.7	653	4.4	3.3	513	2.0	2.1			
Jan 18										497	2.7	2.8	651	2.9	3.2	515	2.4	2.1			
Feb 18										498	2.7	2.9	650	3.5	3.6	516	2.6	2.3			
Mar 18										499	2.3	2.6	655	0.5	2.3	517	2.5	2.5			
Apr 18										500	2.5	2.5	654	2.7	2.2	517	2.5	2.5			
May 18										502	2.4	2.4	652	1.0	1.4	518	1.8	2.2			
Jun 18	(r)									504	1.9	2.2	657	0.4	1.4	519	2.5	2.2			
Jul 18	(r)									505	3.4	2.6	662	3.3	1.6	524	3.2	2.5			
Aug 18	(p)									507	3.0	2.8	664	2.7	2.1	524	2.8	2.8			
										Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ²						Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ²					
Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ²										Weekly Earnings (£)						Weekly Earnings (£)					
% changes year on year										% changes year on year						% changes year on year					
Single month										Single month						Single month					
3 month average ³										3 month average ³						3 month average ³					
K5CA										K5CD						K5CG					
K5CB										K5CE						K5CH					
K5CC										K5CF						K5CI					
Aug 16										579	2.5	2.4	584	4.0	3.9	340	3.1	2.8			
Jun 17	(r)									586	1.3	1.3	588	2.1	0.3	345	2.4	2.3			
Jul 17	(r)									589	2.0	1.4	591	0.8	0.6	343	0.7	1.7			
Aug 17	(r)									591	1.9	1.7	597	2.2	1.7	346	1.6	1.5			
Sep 17										592	2.0	2.0 (r)	610	3.9	2.3 (r)	350	2.1	1.5			
Oct 17										595	3.0	2.3	609	0.1	2.0 (r)	349	1.5	1.7			
Nov 17										596	3.1	2.7	603	1.7	1.9	354	2.4	2.0			
Dec 17										597	3.2	3.1	607	2.7	1.5	352	2.7	2.2			
Jan 18										597	2.9	3.1	608	4.7	3.0	349	1.7	2.3			
Feb 18										596	2.3	2.8	605	2.9	3.4	352	2.5	2.3			
Mar 18										599	3.1	2.7	614	6.0	4.5	354	2.4	2.2			
Apr 18										602	3.0	2.8	616	5.7	4.9	354	2.3	2.4			
May 18										600	2.5	2.9	613	5.3	5.7	362	4.8	3.2			
Jun 18										599	2.2	2.6	617 (r)	4.8	5.3	354	2.4	3.2			
Jul 18	(r)									603	2.3	2.3	612	3.5	4.5	357	4.1	3.8			
Aug 18	(p)									602	1.9	2.1	623	4.4	4.2	359	4.0	3.5			

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gov.uk

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

14 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - bonus pay

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

Whole Economy (100%) ¹				Private sector (82%) ²			Public sector (18%) ²		
Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		3 month average ²	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
	Single month				Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
KAF4	KAF5	KAF6		KAF7	KAF8	KAF9	KAG2	KAG3	KAG4
Aug 16	30	-3.4	2.3	36	-7.8	1.6	3	38.3	8.7
Jun 17 (r)	33	25.0	5.7	43	22.7	5.6	2	-9.2	-8.6
Jul 17 (r)	31	-8.6	3.4	37	-8.8	3.3	2	1.1	-7.1
Aug 17 (r)	32	5.3	5.8	38	6.4	5.9	2	-16.5	-9.0
Sep 17	34	19.6	4.5 (r)	40	19.6	4.8 (r)	2	-18.0	-11.9 (r)
Oct 17	32	1.8	8.5	38	1.7	8.9 (r)	3	29.4	-4.0 (r)
Nov 17	33	4.2	8.1	39	3.8	8.0	4	67.4	24.4
Dec 17	32	10.1	5.2	39	10.9	5.3	2	-25.3	20.0
Jan 18	32	4.2	6.1	38	4.3	6.3	2	-3.2	10.3
Feb 18	31	-0.1	4.6	37	-0.3	4.9	2	2.0	-10.7
Mar 18	31	0.3	1.4	38	0.7	1.5	1	-40.5	-14.8
Apr 18	31	0.9	0.3	37	1.4	0.6	2	-5.5	-15.3
May 18	31	-0.4	0.3	37	0.4	0.8	2	-21.5	-22.3
Jun 18 (r)	30	-7.5	-2.4	38	-10.8	-3.4	2	-7.7	-12.0
Jul 18 (r)	32	2.8	-1.8	38	3.0	-2.8	3	19.1	-4.2
Aug 18 (p)	31	-1.3	-2.1	37	-1.3	-3.4	3	9.3	6.9

Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ¹				Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ¹			Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ²		
Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		3 month average ²	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
	Single month				Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
K5CS	K5CT	K5CU		K5CV	K5CW	K5CX	KAH3	KAH4	KAH5
Aug 16	31	-4.2	2.8	73	-14.0	9.7	2	48.0	31.9
Jun 17 (r)	34	27.5	7.4	88	26.9	5.2	1	-24.3	-13.1
Jul 17 (r)	31	-10.4	4.3	74	-17.8	1.6	1	13.0	-9.9
Aug 17 (r)	33	6.4	6.0	79	8.7	3.8	2	-20.6	-13.9
Sep 17	36	22.8	5.2 (r)	95	46.3	8.9 (r)	1	-12.4	-9.3 (r)
Oct 17	33	4.8	11.1 (r)	79	4.7	18.7 (r)	2	30.6	-3.9 (r)
Nov 17	34	4.9	10.5	78	2.8	16.5	3	68.7	31.8
Dec 17	33	14.1	7.7	80	18.2	8.2	1	-28.3	21.4
Jan 18	32	3.5	7.3	77	6.0	8.7	1	11.2	16.1
Feb 18	31	0.3	5.8	73	4.1	9.3	1	3.2	-7.8
Mar 18	32	-0.8	1.0	76	-3.1	2.2	1	-14.3	-1.2
Apr 18	31	0.4	0.0	76	6.0	2.2	1	-3.1	-5.2
May 18	32	-1.1	-0.5	70	-10.4	-2.7	1	-18.7	-12.3
Jun 18 (r)	31	-7.6	-2.9	76	-13.5	-6.6	1	-15.4	-12.6
Jul 18 (r)	33	5.5	-1.2	81	9.1	-5.5	2	35.1	-0.3
Aug 18 (p)	32	-2.0	-1.5	78	-1.1	-2.5	2	11.4	10.5

Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ²				Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ¹			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ²		
Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		3 month average ²	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
	Single month				Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
K5D3	K5D4	K5D5		K5D6	K5D7	K5D8	K5D9	K5DA	K5DB
Aug 16	25	10.4	-3.7	26	4.2	13.5	21	-5.8	-4.4
Jun 17 (r)	25	-1.4	-1.8	26	4.6	-22.6	22	9.2	7.2
Jul 17 (r)	29	34.9	6.4	26	-22.6	-24.3	22	-4.5	1.9
Aug 17 (r)	26	1.9	10.5	27	5.6	-5.9	24	11.6	5.1
Sep 17	26	0.4	11.1 (r)	32	18.7	-1.2 (r)	24	5.0	3.8 (r)
Oct 17	30	36.4	11.9 (r)	34	-30.3	-8.3 (r)	23	-1.8	4.6 (r)
Nov 17	28	14.5	16.3	29	0.6	-9.3	26	11.4	4.8
Dec 17	25	5.3	18.3	22	-22.9	-20.0	23	2.8	4.1
Jan 18	25	9.5	9.8	26	30.5	-0.4	22	-2.3	4.0
Feb 18	24	-14.3	-0.8	25	-16.9	-7.1	23	1.5	0.7
Mar 18	25	7.4	-0.1	28	16.1	6.6	24	11.4	3.5
Apr 18	27	9.9	0.2	24	-6.0	-3.5	23	-3.0	3.1
May 18	27	11.1	9.5	23	-14.7	-2.1	28	25.8	11.1
Jun 18 (r)	25	-0.6	6.8	23	-11.2	-10.7	20	-9.4	4.3
Jul 18 (r)	27	-6.6	0.8	21	-18.1	-14.7	21	-4.7	3.9
Aug 18 (p)	24	-5.1	-4.3	33	21.6	-2.1	21	-9.4	-7.9

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gov.uk

1. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

15 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - regular pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

Whole Economy (100%) ²				Private sector (82%) ²			Public sector (18%) ²		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	KAI7	KAI8	KAI9	KAJ2	KAJ3	KAJ4	KAJ5	KAJ6	KAJ7
Aug 16	466	2.4	2.3	458	2.5	2.5	503	1.7	1.7
Jun 17	(r) 474	2.1	2.1	467	2.4	2.4	509	1.2	1.4
Jul 17	475	2.1 (r)	2.2	467	2.2	2.3	510	1.7	1.7
Aug 17	477	2.3	2.1	469	2.5	2.3	512	1.7	1.5
Sep 17	478	2.3	2.2	471	2.5	2.4	511	1.7	1.7
Oct 17	479	2.4	2.3	471	2.5	2.5	515	2.3	1.9
Nov 17	480	2.3	2.3	473	2.5	2.5	514	1.8	1.9
Dec 17	481	2.7	2.5	474	2.9	2.6	515	2.0	2.0
Jan 18	482	2.7	2.6	474	2.8	2.7	517	2.4	2.1
Feb 18	483	2.9	2.8	475	3.0	2.9	519	2.5	2.3
Mar 18	484	3.0	2.9	477	3.2	3.0	519	2.5	2.5
Apr 18	485	2.6	2.8	477	2.6	2.9	519	2.4	2.5
May 18	486	2.7	2.8	479	2.9	2.9	520	1.8	2.2
Jun 18	488	2.8	2.7	480	2.9	2.8	522	2.5	2.3
Jul 18	(r) 490	3.2	2.9	483	3.3	3.0	525	2.9	2.4
Aug 18	(p) 492	3.1	3.1	484	3.3	3.1	525	2.6	2.7
Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ²				Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ²			Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ²		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5DL	K5DM	K5DN	K5DO	K5DP	K5DQ	KAK6	KAK7	KAK8
Aug 16	450	2.3	2.2	556	1.9	2.1	500	1.7	1.6
Jun 17	(r) 458	2.1	2.1	569	1.9	1.8	505	1.2	1.5
Jul 17	459	2.2	2.3	570	2.5	2.3	506	1.8	1.8
Aug 17	(r) 460	2.3	2.2	571	2.7	2.4	508	1.6	1.6
Sep 17	461	2.3	2.3	573	2.8	2.7	507	1.7	1.7
Oct 17	462	2.5	2.4	572	2.9	2.8	511	2.3	1.9
Nov 17	464	2.3	2.3	572	2.2	2.6	511	1.8	1.9
Dec 17	464	2.6	2.4	573	2.5	2.5	512	2.1	2.0
Jan 18	465	2.6	2.5	574	2.1	2.3	514	2.4	2.1
Feb 18	466	2.9	2.7	579	3.2	2.6	515	2.6	2.3
Mar 18	468	2.9	2.8	578	2.9	2.7	516	2.5	2.5
Apr 18	468	2.6	2.8	579	2.4	2.8	516	2.5	2.5
May 18	470	2.6	2.7	580	2.1	2.5	517	1.9	2.3
Jun 18	471	2.7	2.6	581	2.3	2.3	518	2.5 (r)	2.3
Jul 18	(r) 474	3.2	2.8	585	2.7	2.4	521	3.0	2.5
Aug 18	(p) 475	3.3	3.1	588	3.0	2.7	522	2.7	2.7
Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ²				Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ²			Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ²		
	Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³		Single month	3 month average ³
	K5DU	K5DV	K5DW	K5DX	K5DY	K5DZ	K5E2	K5E3	K5E4
Aug 16	555	2.3	2.7	558	3.7	3.4	319	3.5	3.3
Jun 17	562	1.4	1.3	562	1.9	1.7	324 (r)	2.1	2.2
Jul 17	561	0.8	1.1	567	2.3	2.0 (r)	321	1.1	1.8
Aug 17	565	1.9	1.4	570	2.2	2.1	323	1.2	1.5
Sep 17	566	2.0	1.6	574	2.9	2.5	326	2.0	1.4
Oct 17	568	2.4	2.1	575	2.4	2.5	326	1.7	1.6
Nov 17	570	2.8	2.4	575	1.9	2.4	328	1.8	1.8
Dec 17	572	3.1	2.8	586	4.5	2.9	329	2.6	2.1
Jan 18	572	2.8	2.9	582	4.1	3.5	327	2.0	2.2
Feb 18	573	2.8	2.9	580	3.8	4.1	329	2.6	2.4
Mar 18	573	2.6	2.7	586	6.1	4.6	330	2.3	2.3
Apr 18	574	2.6	2.7	589	5.4	5.1	330	2.1	2.3
May 18	573	2.2	2.5	593	5.8	5.7	332	3.1	2.5
Jun 18	574	2.3	2.4	594 (r)	5.6	5.6	333	3.0	2.7
Jul 18	(r) 576	2.7	2.4	591	4.3	5.2	336	4.6	3.6
Aug 18	(p) 577	2.0	2.3	593	4.0	4.6	338	4.7	4.1

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gov.uk

1. Estimates of regular pay exclude bonuses and arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

16 Average Weekly Earnings - real and nominal¹

Great Britain whole economy, seasonally adjusted

Total pay (including bonuses) ¹						
	Nominal earnings			Real earnings ³		
	Nominal Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
	KAB9	KAC2	KAC3	A3WX	A3WV	A3WW
Aug 16	496	2.1	2.3	491	1.3	1.4
Jun 17	509	3.6	2.3	491	1.0	-0.3
Jul 17	504	1.3	2.3	487	-1.1	-0.2
Aug 17 (r)	508	2.4	2.4	489	-0.4	-0.2
Sep 17	510	2.8	2.2	490	0.1	-0.5 (r)
Oct 17	510	2.4	2.5	490	-0.3	-0.2
Nov 17	512	2.4	2.5	490	-0.4	-0.2
Dec 17	513	3.1	2.6	489	0.4	-0.1
Jan 18	513	2.8	2.8	488	0.1	0.0
Feb 18	513	2.6	2.8	487	0.1	0.2
Mar 18	515	2.5	2.6	490	0.1	0.1
Apr 18	516	2.6	2.6	490	0.3	0.2
May 18	518	2.6	2.6	489	0.1	0.2
Jun 18	520 (r)	2.0	2.4	490	-0.2	0.1
Jul 18 (r)	521	3.3	2.6	491	0.9	0.3
Aug 18 (p)	523	2.9	2.7	492	0.6	0.4

Regular pay (excluding bonuses)						
	Nominal earnings			Real earnings ³		
	Nominal Weekly Earnings (£)	% changes year on year		Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£)	% changes year on year	
		Single month	3 month average ²		Single month	3 month average ²
	KAI7	KAI8	KAI9	A2FC	A2F9	A2FA
Aug 16	466	2.4	2.3	461	1.5	1.4
Jun 17	474	2.1	2.1	459	-0.4	-0.5
Jul 17	475	2.1 (r)	2.2	458	-0.5	-0.4
Aug 17	477	2.3	2.1	459	-0.4	-0.4
Sep 17	478	2.3	2.2	459	-0.5	-0.5
Oct 17	479	2.4	2.3	459	-0.4	-0.4
Nov 17	480	2.3	2.3	459	-0.5	-0.5
Dec 17	481	2.7	2.5	459	-0.1	-0.3
Jan 18	482	2.7	2.6	459	0.1	-0.2
Feb 18	483	2.9	2.8	459	0.5	0.2
Mar 18	484	3.0	2.9	461	0.7	0.4
Apr 18	485	2.6	2.8	459	0.2	0.5
May 18	486	2.7	2.8	460	0.4	0.5
Jun 18	488	2.8	2.7	461	0.4	0.3
Jul 18 (r)	490	3.2	2.9	462	0.9	0.6
Aug 18 (p)	492	3.1	3.1	462	0.7	0.7

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gov.uk

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

3. Estimates of real earnings are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH), our preferred measure of consumer price inflation.

17 International comparisons of employment and unemployment

Employment rates as published by EUROSTAT: (not seasonally adjusted)					Unemployment rates as published by EUROSTAT on 1 October 2018 (seasonally adjusted)					
		Latest period	Employment rate (%) ^{1,2}	Change on year %			Latest Period	Unemployment rate (%) ³	Change on month %	Change on year %
European Union (EU)					European Union (EU)					
Austria	YXSN	Apr-Jun 18	73.0	0.8	Austria	ZXDS	Aug 18	4.8	-0.1	-0.7
Belgium	YXSO	Apr-Jun 18	63.7	0.9	Belgium	ZXDI	Aug 18	6.5	-0.1	-0.6
Bulgaria	A495	Apr-Jun 18	67.9	0.7	Bulgaria	A492	Aug 18	5.2	-0.1	-1.0
Croatia	GUMI	Apr-Jun 18	61.1	1.9	Croatia	GUMJ	Aug 18	8.5	-0.2	-2.4
Cyprus	A4AC	Apr-Jun 18	69.4	3.7	Cyprus	A4AN	Aug 18	7.5	-0.1	-3.0
Czech Republic	A4AD	Apr-Jun 18	74.7	1.4	Czech Republic	A4AO	Aug 18	2.5	0.1	-0.2
Denmark	YXSP	Apr-Jun 18	75.7	1.6	Denmark	ZXDJ	Aug 18	4.9	-0.1	-0.8
Estonia	A4AE	Apr-Jun 18	74.8	1.6	Estonia	A4AP	Jul 18	5.3	0.3	-0.8
Finland	YXSQ	Apr-Jun 18	73.0	2.5	Finland	ZXDU	Aug 18	7.6	0.0	-0.8
France	YXSR	Apr-Jun 18	65.5	0.4	France	ZXDN	Aug 18	9.3	0.1	-0.2
Germany	YXSS	Apr-Jun 18	75.4	0.6	Germany	ZXDK	Aug 18	3.4	0.0	-0.3
Greece	YXST	Apr-Jun 18	55.3	1.3	Greece	ZXDL	Jun 18	19.1	-0.2	-2.2
Hungary	A4AF	Apr-Jun 18	69.3	1.2	Hungary	A4AQ	Jul 18	3.7	0.0	-0.5
Ireland	YXSU	Jan-Mar 18	67.9	1.0	Ireland	ZXDO	Aug 18	5.6	-0.2	-1.0
Italy	YXSV	Apr-Jun 18	59.1	1.0	Italy	ZXDP	Aug 18	9.7	-0.5	-1.7
Latvia	A4AG	Apr-Jun 18	71.7	1.9	Latvia	A4AR	Aug 18	7.4	-0.2	-1.3
Lithuania	A4AH	Apr-Jun 18	72.1	1.5	Lithuania	A4AS	Aug 18	6.2	-0.1	-0.6
Luxembourg	YXSW	Apr-Jun 18	66.2	0.3	Luxembourg	ZXDQ	Aug 18	5.2	0.0	-0.3
Malta	A4AI	Jan-Mar 18	68.1	2.4	Malta	A4AT	Aug 18	3.8	-0.1	-0.9
Netherlands	YXSX	Apr-Jun 18	77.0	1.3	Netherlands	ZXDR	Aug 18	3.9	0.1	-0.8
Poland	A4AJ	Apr-Jun 18	67.7	1.5	Poland	A4AU	Aug 18	3.4	-0.1	-1.4
Portugal	YXSY	Apr-Jun 18	69.8	2.2	Portugal	ZXDT	Aug 18	6.8	0.0	-2.0
Romania	A494	Jan-Mar 18	63.1	1.9	Romania	A48Z	Aug 18	4.3	0.1	-0.6
Slovak Republic	A4AK	Apr-Jun 18	67.1	1.0	Slovak Republic	A4AV	Aug 18	6.6	-0.1	-1.3
Slovenia	A4AL	Apr-Jun 18	71.1	2.0	Slovenia	A4AW	Aug 18	5.3	0.0	-1.3
Spain	YXSZ	Apr-Jun 18	62.5	1.4	Spain	ZXDM	Aug 18	15.2	0.0	-1.6
Sweden	YXTA	Apr-Jun 18	77.8	0.7	Sweden ⁵	ZXDV	Aug 18	6.6	0.2	0.1
United Kingdom (*)	ANZ6	Apr-Jun 18	74.6	0.5	United Kingdom (*)	ZXDW	Jun 18	4.0	0.1	-0.3
Total EU ⁴	A496	Jan-Mar 18	67.8	1.1	Total EU ⁴	A493	Aug 18	6.8	0.0	-0.7
Eurozone ⁴	YXTC	Jan-Mar 18	66.5	1.1	Eurozone ⁴	ZXDH	Aug 18	8.1	-0.1	-0.9
Employment rates published by the OECD (seasonally adjusted)					Unemployment rates as published by national statistical offices (seasonally adjusted)					
Canada	A48O	Apr-Jun 18	73.6	0.3	Canada	ZXDZ	Sep 18	5.9	-0.1	-0.3
Japan	A48P	Apr-Jun 18	76.7	1.5	Japan	ZXDY	Aug 18	2.4	-0.1	-0.4
United States	A48Q	Apr-Jun 18	70.6	0.6	United States	ZXDX	Sep 18	3.7	-0.2	-0.5

Sources: EUROSTAT, OECD, national statistical offices.
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

(*) Note: The UK rates shown in this table are as published by EUROSTAT (the EUs statistical office). See Table 1 for the latest rates for the UK as published by ONS.

1. All employment rates shown in this table are for those aged from 15 to 64 except for the rate for the United States published by OECD which are for those aged from 16 to 64.
2. The employment rates for the EU are published by EUROSTAT and are not seasonally adjusted. EUROSTAT do not publish seasonally adjusted (SA) employment rates but SA rates for some EU countries are published by OECD. These OECD employment rates are available on our website at [dataset A10](#).
3. Unemployment rates published by EUROSTAT for most EU countries (but not for the UK), are calculated by extrapolating from the most recent LFS data using monthly registered unemployment data. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain, Italy and the UK (16-74). The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over, but the rates for Canada and Japan are for those aged 15 and over. All unemployment rates shown in this table are seasonally adjusted.
4. The "Total EU" series consist of all 28 EU countries. The Eurozone figures consist of the following EU countries: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Spain.
5. The EU unemployment rates are as published on the EUROSTAT database. For Sweden the rates on the database differ from those shown in the EUROSTAT News Release published on 1 October 2018. This is because the figures for Sweden on the database are seasonally adjusted estimates but the figures for Sweden shown in the News Release are the trend component.

18 Labour disputes

United Kingdom, not seasonally adjusted

		Working days lost (thousands) ^{1,2}	Working days lost in the Public Sector (thousands) ^{1,2}	Working days lost in the Private Sector (thousands) ^{1,2}	Number of stoppages ^{3,4}	Number of stoppages in the Public Sector ^{3,4}	Number of stoppages in the Private Sector ^{3,4}	Workers involved (thousands) ^{1,3}
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		BBFW	F8XZ	F8Y2	BLUU	F8Y3	F8Y4	BLUT
2016	Aug	5	0	5	9	1	8	1
2017	Aug	62	1	61	10	4	6	4
	Sep	10	1	9	11	4	7	3
	Oct	8	0	8	11	1	10	3
	Nov	8	0	8	11	1	10	3
	Dec	10	4	6	16	3	13	5
2018	Jan	9	1	8	18	4	14	3
	Feb	73	0	73	14	3	11	20
	Mar	114	0	113	16	2	14	18
	Apr	3	0	3	7	3	4	1
	May	7	1	7	15	5	10	3
	Jun	17	10	7	9	5	4	5
	Jul (r)	4	1	3	11	5	6	2
	Aug (p)	4	0	4	11	2	9	2
Cumulative totals 12 months to:								
	Aug 17	298	74	225	80	33	47	47
	Aug 18 (p)	267	20	247	75	23	52	36

Relationship between columns 1=2+3; 4=5+6

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry
Labour disputes enquiries 01633 455400

1. Estimates of working days lost and workers involved are shown to the nearest thousand. Unrounded estimates of less than 500 therefore round to zero.
2. Due to rounding the working days lost for the public and private sectors may not add up to the total working days lost.
3. The latest 12 month cumulative totals for the figures in these columns will not necessarily equal the sum of the 12 months as some disputes continue for over one month. These disputes appear in each month's data, but only once in the total.
4. These series exclude disputes not resulting in a stoppage of work, those involving less than 10 workers or lasting less than 1 day unless the total number of working days lost in the dispute is 100 or more.

VACANCIES

19 Vacancies¹ by size of business

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Number of employees					
All Vacancies		1-9	10-49	50-249	250-2499	2500+	
AP2Y		ALY5	ALY6	ALY7	ALY8	ALY9	
Levels							
Jul-Sep 2016		750	132	107	104	141	266
Jul-Sep 2017	(r)	797	128	115	123	150	281
Aug-Oct 2017		803	130	119	123	151	281
Sep-Nov 2017		810	128	119	127	153	282
Oct-Dec 2017		815	134	122	120	155	284
Nov-Jan 2018		822	132	120	122	159	289
Dec-Feb 2018		816	125	119	122	160	291
Jan-Mar 2018		817	125	115	122	160	294
Feb-Apr 2018		809	121	114	121	161	293
Mar-May 2018		819	127	115	120	165	292
Apr-Jun 2018	(r)	829	133	119	120	166	291
May-Jul 2018	(r)	830	131	118	120	169	292
Jun-Aug 2018	(r)	833	127	121	119	172	294
Jul-Sep 2018	(p)	832	125	122	119	170	297
Change on quarter	*	3	-9	3	-1	3	6
Change %	*	0.4	-6.4	2.9	-0.8	2.0	2.0
Change on year		35	-4	7	-5	20	16
Change %		4.4	-2.7	6.3	-3.9	13.0	5.8

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

20 Vacancies¹ and Unemployment

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		All Vacancies ¹	Unemployment ²	Number of unemployed people per vacancy
		AP2Y	MGSC	JPC5
Levels				
Jun-Aug 2016		749	1,658	2.2
Jun-Aug 2017		789	1,443	1.8
Sep-Nov 2017		810	1,439	1.8
Dec-Feb 2018		816	1,423	1.7
Mar-May 2018		819	1,411	1.7
Jun-Aug 2018		833	1,363	1.6
Change on quarter		14	-47	-0.1
Change %		1.7	-3.4	
Change on year		44	-79	-0.2
Change %		5.6	-5.5	

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey/ Labour Force Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

2. Unemployment estimates are produced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and are always one period behind the ONS Vacancy Survey estimates. This table therefore shows estimates for the same periods as shown in table 1 (which shows LFS estimates).

VACANCIES

21 Vacancies by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

SIC 2007 sections	All vacancies ¹	Mining & quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply ²	Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport & storage	Accommodation & food service activities	Information & communication
	B-S	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
	AP2Y	JP9H	JP9I	JP9J	JP9K	JP9L	JP9M	JP9N	JP9O	JP9P
Levels (thousands)										
Jul-Sep 2016	750	1	51	5	4	21	135	32	78	40
Jul-Sep 2017	797	1	51	4	3	30	143	34	91	42
Aug-Oct 2017	803	1	53	4	4	32	145	32	90	41
Sep-Nov 2017	810	1	55	4	4	29	142	34	91	40
Oct-Dec 2017	815	1	58	4	4	27	137	35	93	43
Nov-Jan 2018	822	1	57	4	4	25	133	42	93	45
Dec-Feb 2018	816	1	58	4	4	23	132	45	93	45
Jan-Mar 2018	817	1	58	4	4	22	136	44	89	46
Feb-Apr 2018	809	1	60	3	5	23	134	43	87	46
Mar-May 2018	819	1	59	3	4	23	133	40	88	46
Apr-Jun 2018	(r) 829	1	60	4	4	25	131	41	91	47
May-Jul 2018	830	1	58	4	4	26	132	41	92 (r)	46
Jun-Aug 2018	833	1	59	4	4	27 (r)	135	39	93	44
Jul-Sep 2018	(p) 832	1	60	3	4	25	137	41	92	46
Change on quarter	*	3	0	1	0	0	7	-1	1	-2
Change %	*	0.4	-8.3	0.8	-11.1	-2.3	5.1	-1.7	1.2	-3.2
Change on year		35	0	10	-1	1	-6	7	1	3
Change %		4.4	22.2	18.7	-25.6	23.5	-14.2	-3.9	0.9	7.3
Vacancies per 100 employee jobs	AP2Z	JPA2	JPA3	JPA4	JPA5	JPA6	JPA7	JPA8	JPA9	JPB2
Jul-Sep 2016	2.5	1.2	2.1	3.4	1.8	1.5	2.9	2.2	3.5	3.2
Jul-Sep 2017	(r) 2.7	1.6	2.1	3.2	1.7	2.1	3.1	2.2	4.0	3.3
Aug-Oct 2017	2.7	1.6	2.2	3.1	1.7	2.2	3.1	2.1	4.0	3.2
Sep-Nov 2017	2.7	1.6	2.2	3.1	1.7	2.0	3.1	2.2	4.1	3.1
Oct-Dec 2017	2.7	1.4	2.3	3.1	1.8	1.9	3.0	2.3	4.2	3.4
Nov-Jan 2018	2.7	1.6	2.3	3.2	1.8	1.8	2.9	2.8	4.1	3.5
Dec-Feb 2018	2.7	1.6	2.4	3.1	2.1	1.6	2.9	2.9	4.1	3.5
Jan-Mar 2018	2.7	1.6	2.4	2.8	2.1	1.6	2.9	2.9	3.9	3.6
Feb-Apr 2018	2.7	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.6	2.9	2.8	3.9	3.6
Mar-May 2018	2.7	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.6	2.9	2.6	3.9	3.6
Apr-Jun 2018	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.1	1.8	2.8	2.7	4.0	3.7
May-Jul 2018	2.8	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.2	1.8	2.9	2.7	4.1	3.6
Jun-Aug 2018	2.8	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.2	1.9 (r)	2.9	2.6	4.1	3.5
Jul-Sep 2018	(p) 2.8	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.8	3.0	2.7	4.1	3.6
Change on quarter	*	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Change on year		0.1	0.4	0.4	-0.8	0.4	-0.3	-0.1	0.4	0.2
SIC 2007 sections	Financial & insurance activities	Real estate activities ²	Professional scientific & technical activities	Administrative & support service activities	Public admin & defence; compulsory social security	Education	Human health & social work activities	Arts, entertainment & recreation	Other service activities	Total services
	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	G-S
	JP9Q	JP9R	JP9S	JP9T	JP9U	JP9V	JP9W	JP9X	JP9Y	JP9Z
Levels (thousands)										
Jul-Sep 2016	30	10	63	52	13	49	121	24	23	670
Jul-Sep 2017	(r) 39	10	69	54	17	51	121	18	21	708
Aug-Oct 2017	39	9	71	51	17	52	124	18	20	709
Sep-Nov 2017	39	10	73	53	17	52	126	21	21	718
Oct-Dec 2017	39	9	77	53	17	51	127	20	21	721
Nov-Jan 2018	39	9	76	53	18	49	130	21	22	730
Dec-Feb 2018	39	9	72	52	18	49	129	21	22	725
Jan-Mar 2018	39	11	72	53	18	48	129	22	23	727
Feb-Apr 2018	39	10	73	52	19	46	126	22	22	718
Mar-May 2018	38	11	74	54	20	48	130	23	24	728
Apr-Jun 2018	(r) 38	10	73	55	20	48	131	23	26	735
May-Jul 2018	(r) 38	11	70	57	20	51	133	21	26	737
Jun-Aug 2018	(r) 38	11	72	57	20	50	133	19	27	737
Jul-Sep 2018	(p) 36	12	74	58	21	50	129	18	26	738
Change on quarter	*	-2	2	1	3	2	-3	-6	-1	3
Change %	*	-4.5	20.2	1.5	4.5	4.4	-2.1	-24.0	-1.9	0.4
Change on year		-3	2	6	4	-1	8	0	5	30
Change %		-7.2	25.3	8.0	7.4	-2.3	6.3	0.0	24.8	4.2
Vacancies per 100 employee jobs	JPB3	JPB4	JPB5	JPB6	JPB7	JPB8	JPB9	JPC2	JPC3	JPC4
Jul-Sep 2016	2.9	2.1	2.5	2.0	1.1	1.8	3.1	3.2	3.6	2.6
Jul-Sep 2017	(r) 3.7	2.0	2.7	2.0	1.3	1.9	3.0	2.4	3.2	2.7
Aug-Oct 2017	3.6	1.9	2.8	1.9	1.4	2.0	3.1	2.4	3.2	2.7
Sep-Nov 2017	3.7	2.0	2.9	2.0	1.3	2.0	3.1	2.8	3.2	2.8
Oct-Dec 2017	3.6	1.9	3.0	2.0	1.3	1.9	3.2	2.6	3.3	2.8
Nov-Jan 2018	3.6	1.9	3.0	2.0	1.4	1.9	3.2	2.8	3.4	2.8
Dec-Feb 2018	3.6	1.9	2.8	1.9	1.4	1.8	3.2	2.7	3.5	2.8
Jan-Mar 2018	3.7	2.2	2.8	2.0	1.4	1.8	3.2	2.9	3.6	2.8
Feb-Apr 2018	3.6	2.1	2.9	1.9	1.5	1.7	3.1	2.9	3.4	2.8
Mar-May 2018	3.6	2.3	2.9	2.0	1.6	1.8	3.2	3.0	3.8	2.8
Apr-Jun 2018	(r) 3.6	2.0	2.9	2.1	1.6	1.8	3.3	3.1	4.1	2.8
May-Jul 2018	(r) 3.6	2.2	2.7	2.1	1.6	1.9	3.3	2.8	4.1	2.9
Jun-Aug 2018	(r) 3.5	2.2	2.8	2.1	1.6	1.9	3.3	2.5	4.2	2.9
Jul-Sep 2018	(p) 3.4	2.5	2.9	2.1	1.6	1.9	3.2	2.4	4.0	2.9
Change on quarter	*	-0.2	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.7	-0.1	0.0
Change on year		-0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.1

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

2. Not seasonally adjusted. These series do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a 'seasonally adjusted' series.

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gov.uk, 01633 456777

REDUNDANCIES

22 Redundancies levels and rates¹

United Kingdom, (seasonally adjusted)

	People (aged 16 and over)		Men (aged 16 and over)		Women (aged 16 and over)	
	Level (000s)	Rate ¹	Level (000s)	Rate ¹	Level (000s)	Rate ¹
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
Jun-Aug 2016	119	4.5	74	5.5	45	3.4
Jun-Aug 2017	107	4.0	62	4.5	45	3.4
Sep-Nov 2017	109	4.0	60	4.4	50	3.7
Dec-Feb 2018	97	3.6	55	4.0	42	3.1
Mar-May 2018	95	3.5	49	3.5	46	3.4
Jun-Aug 2018	89	3.3	50	3.6	40	2.9
Change on quarter	-6	-0.2	1	0.0	-6	-0.5
Change %	-5.9		1.3		-13.7	
Change on year	-18	-0.7	-13	-1.0	-6	-0.5
Change %	-16.8		-20.2		-12.2	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.

REGIONAL SUMMARY

23(1) Regional summary of labour market headline indicators

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for June to August 2018

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active ¹		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
K02000001	United Kingdom	33,757	78.8	32,394	75.5	1,363	4.0	8,748	21.2
K03000001	Great Britain	32,877	79.0	31,551	75.7	1,325	4.0	8,425	21.0
E92000001	England	28,588	79.1	27,428	75.8	1,161	4.1	7,263	20.9
E12000001	North East	1,268	74.7	1,211	71.3	57	4.5	415	25.3
E12000002	North West	3,613	78.0	3,460	74.7	152	4.2	983	22.0
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	2,707	77.7	2,586	74.1	121	4.5	754	22.3
E12000004	East Midlands	2,368	78.2	2,266	74.8	102	4.3	636	21.8
E12000005	West Midlands	2,921	78.4	2,783	74.5	139	4.7	773	21.6
E12000006	East	3,159	80.8	3,064	78.4	94	3.0	722	19.2
E12000007	London	4,988	78.6	4,750	74.8	237	4.8	1,313	21.4
E12000008	South East	4,714	81.2	4,533	78.0	181	3.8	1,048	18.8
E12000009	South West	2,851	81.4	2,774	79.1	78	2.7	618	18.6
W92000004	Wales	1,547	78.1	1,489	75.1	59	3.8	414	21.9
S92000003	Scotland	2,741	78.0	2,635	74.9	106	3.9	749	22.0
N92000002	Northern Ireland	881	72.5	843	69.2	38	4.3	322	27.5

Change on quarter (change since March to May 2018)

Note: Changes on quarter at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active ¹		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
K02000001	United Kingdom	-52	-0.2	-5	-0.1	-47	-0.1	103	0.2
K03000001	Great Britain	-50	-0.2	5	-0.1	-55	-0.2	103	0.2
E92000001	England	-50	-0.2	-19	-0.1	-31	-0.1	85	0.2
E12000001	North East	6	-0.6	10	-0.3	-4	-0.3	10	0.6
E12000002	North West	36	0.5	25	0.2	10	0.2	-22	-0.5
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	1	0.2	2	0.2	-1	0.0	-8	-0.2
E12000004	East Midlands	-18	0.0	-20	-0.2	2	0.1	1	0.0
E12000005	West Midlands	-3	-0.1	-1	-0.1	-2	-0.1	4	0.1
E12000006	East	-38	-0.8	-21	-0.4	-17	-0.5	29	0.8
E12000007	London	11	-0.3	28	0.1	-18	-0.4	19	0.3
E12000008	South East	-21	-0.6	-36	-0.8	15	0.3	32	0.6
E12000009	South West	-23	-0.6	-7	-0.2	-16	-0.5	20	0.6
W92000004	Wales	25	0.6	35	1.1	-10	-0.7	-12	-0.6
S92000003	Scotland	-26	-0.9	-11	-0.5	-14	-0.5	30	0.9
N92000002	Northern Ireland	-2	0.0	-9	-0.6	7	0.9	0	0.0

Change on year (change since June to August 2017)

Area Codes	Area Names	Economically active ¹		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
		Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16+	Aged 16+	Aged 16-64	Aged 16-64
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
K02000001	United Kingdom	210	0.2	289	0.4	-79	-0.3	-65	-0.2
K03000001	Great Britain	200	0.2	277	0.4	-76	-0.3	-58	-0.2
E92000001	England	168	0.1	236	0.3	-68	-0.3	-23	-0.1
E12000001	North East	-25	-2.0	-6	-0.9	-18	-1.3	32	2.0
E12000002	North West	17	0.5	23	0.6	-6	-0.2	-25	-0.5
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	32	0.7	39	0.9	-7	-0.3	-25	-0.7
E12000004	East Midlands	30	1.0	26	0.9	4	0.1	-28	-1.0
E12000005	West Midlands	67	1.1	78	1.3	-10	-0.5	-37	-1.1
E12000006	East	-4	0.0	23	0.8	-28	-0.9	2	0.0
E12000007	London	66	-0.3	69	-0.2	-3	-0.1	32	0.3
E12000008	South East	-37	-0.8	-60	-1.2	23	0.5	45	0.8
E12000009	South West	21	0.6	44	1.4	-23	-0.8	-20	-0.6
W92000004	Wales	60	2.5	60	2.6	-1	-0.2	-49	-2.5
S92000003	Scotland	-27	-0.5	-20	-0.3	-7	-0.2	14	0.5
N92000002	Northern Ireland	10	0.6	13	0.8	-3	-0.4	-6	-0.6

The Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Economically active = Employment plus Unemployment.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

2. Denominator = all persons aged 16 to 64.

3. Denominator = total economically active

REGIONAL SUMMARY

23(2) Regional summary of Workforce Jobs

Thousands,
seasonally adjusted

Area Codes	Area Names	June 2018	Change on March 2018
K02000001	United Kingdom	35,201	83
K03000001	Great Britain	34,298	75
E92000001	England	30,006	68
E12000001	North East	1,174	-29
E12000002	North West	3,728	30
E12000003	Yorkshire and The Humber	2,743	36
E12000004	East Midlands	2,386	-18
E12000005	West Midlands	3,051	17
E12000006	East	3,171	15
E12000007	London	5,919	14
E12000008	South East	4,901	5
E12000009	South West	2,933	-1
W92000004	Wales	1,537	5
S92000003	Scotland	2,755	2
N92000002	Northern Ireland	892	8

Workforce jobs are mainly sourced from employer surveys and are tabulated by region of workplace.

HM Forces stationed abroad are included in the UK workforce jobs estimates but not in the regional estimates. The UK workforce jobs estimates therefore do not equal the sum of the regional estimates.