

Statistical bulletin

Public sector employment, UK: September 2016

The official measure of people employed in the UK public sector, including private sector estimates (derived from the difference between total UK employment and public sector employment).



Release date: 14 December 2016 Next release: 15 March 2017

Table of contents

- 1. Main points for September 2016
- 2. In this bulletin
- 3. Total UK public sector employment
- 4. Public sector employment by sector classification
- 5. Public sector employment by industry
- 6. Public and private sector employment
- 7. Employment in the Civil Service and executive non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs)
- 8. Quality and methodology
- 9. Background notes

1. Main points for September 2016

Total UK public sector employment was 5.442 million. This was 12,000 higher than at June 2016 and 10,000 lower than at September 2015.

Employment in UK local government, at 2.180 million, was 16,000 lower than at June 2016. This is the lowest recorded level since comparable records began in March 1999.

Employment in UK central government, at 2.950 million, was 32,000 higher than at June 2016. This is the highest recorded level since comparable records began in March 1999.

There is an ongoing shift of employment from local government to central government, as a result of local authority maintained schools converting to academy status.

Employment in UK public corporations, at 312,000, was 4,000 lower than at June 2016. This is the lowest recorded level since comparable records began in March 1999.

Private sector employment, at 26.320 million, was 17,000 lower than at June 2016 and 352,000 higher than at September 2015.

2. In this bulletin

Public sector employment (PSE) figures are derived from a range of sources. The main source is the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey which comprises 3 separate data collections: local authorities in England and Wales, the home Civil Service, and public bodies in Great Britain. The survey aims to obtain complete coverage of local government and the Civil Service, and coverage of all public bodies with 20 or more employees. It is difficult to achieve complete coverage for local and central government, for example in the education sector. Information on quality can be found in the Quality and Methodology Information for Public Sector Employment report.

Headcount estimates of PSE are presented by sector classification, industry and region. Civil Service employment is shown by government department and agency. Employment in executive non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs) has been aggregated by sponsoring department.

Reclassifications between the public and private sectors, which affect the trends, are also addressed. Full-time equivalent estimates of PSE are available in the accompanying datasets.

Revisions have been made to the series in line with the public sector employment revisions policy (background notes 1 and 3 have further details).

Summary PSE statistics from this release are also published in the monthly <u>UK labour market statistical release</u>. The UK labour market release provides a comprehensive picture of the structure and size of the UK labour market each month. The quarterly PSE statistics are published on the same day as the UK labour market figures each quarter.

It is important to note that the public sector employment estimates are point-in-time employment estimates and relate to a specific day in the published month.

These statistics are mainly used to monitor changes in the number of people employed in the UK public and private sector. They are the official measure of UK public sector employment.

3. Total UK public sector employment

Figure 1: Total UK public sector employment, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Sep 2008: Housing associations in England reclassified to public sector.
- 2. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 3. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to private sector.
- 4. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 5. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to the private sector.

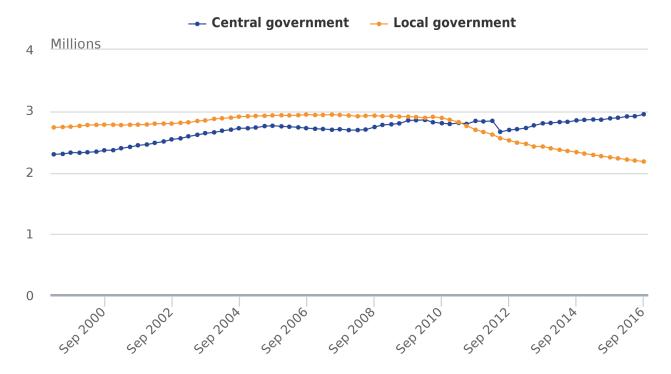
In September 2016, total UK public sector employment (PSE) was 5.442 million, 998,000 (15.5%) lower than the peak level of 6.440 million seen in September 2009. This represents an increase of 12,000 (0.2%) on the previous quarter and a fall of 10,000 (0.2%) on the previous year.

Figure 1 shows that there has been a downward trend in total UK PSE since its peak in September 2009.

4. Public sector employment by sector classification

The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts.

Figure 2: UK public sector employment in local and central government, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Notes:

- 1. Jul 2010: Academies Act 2010 passed.
- 2. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to the private sector.

Local government

In September 2016, employment in local government was 2.180 million, which represents a fall of 16,000 (0.7%) on the previous quarter and 68,000 (3.0%) on the previous year. Figure 2 shows the decreasing trend in local government employment since June 2010. The September 2016 level is the lowest shown since the series began in March 1999.

Central government

In September 2016, employment in central government, at 2.950 million, increased by 32,000 (1.1%) on the previous quarter and 67,000 (2.3%) on the previous year. The change is mainly due to an increase in NHS employment and academy conversions (see Factors affecting employment in local and central government). The September 2016 level is the highest shown since the series began in March 1999.

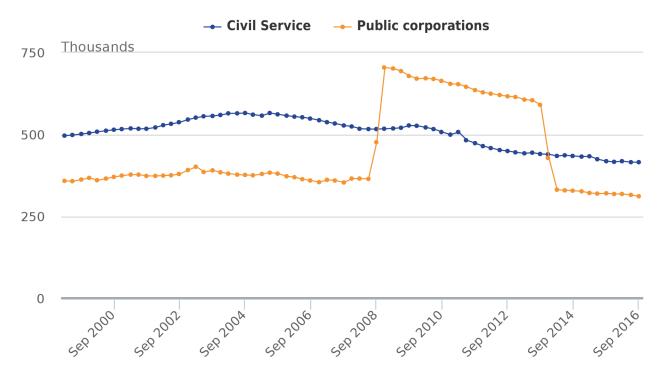
Factors affecting employment in local and central government

There is an ongoing shift of employment from local government to central government, as a result of local authority maintained schools converting to academy status. Academies are classified to central government, whereas local authority maintained schools are classified to local government. As a result, whenever a local authority maintained school becomes an academy, its employees move from local government to central government.

In September 2016, employment shifted from local government to central government by 20,000 on the quarter and 43,000 on the year, due to academy conversions.

In June 2012, English further education colleges were reclassified and an approximate 176,000 employees moved from central government to the private sector. English sixth-form college corporations were also reclassified from local government to the private sector; there was a transfer of employees with an approximate headcount of 20,000. In March 2015, Welsh further education colleges were reclassified and an approximate 12,000 employees moved from central government to the private sector.

Figure 3: UK public sector employment in Civil Service and public corporations, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Sep 2008: Housing associations in England reclassified to public sector.
- 2. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 3. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 4. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to private sector.

UK public corporations

In September 2016, employment in UK public corporations was 312,000. This is a decrease of 4,000 (1.3%) on the previous quarter and 9,000 (2.8%) on the previous year.

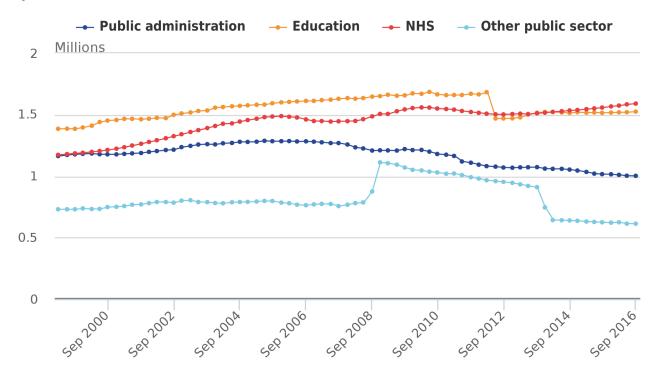
Civil Service

In September 2016, Civil Service employment was 416,000. This was unchanged compared with the previous quarter and 3,000 (0.7%) lower than for the previous year.

Figure 3 shows the downward trend in Civil Service employment since June 2005, when it was at its joint highest level of 566,000. The September 2016 level is the joint lowest since the start of the series in 1999.

5. Public sector employment by industry

Figure 4: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Sep 2008: Housing associations in England reclassified to public sector.
- 2. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 3. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to private sector.
- 4. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 5. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to private sector.

NHS

In September 2016, employment in the NHS was 1.590 million. This represents a rise of 6,000 (0.4%) on the previous quarter and 32,000 (2.1%) on the previous year. This is the highest level shown since the series began in March 1999.

Since March 2014, the NHS has employed the largest number of public sector workers. At September 2016, the NHS accounted for around 29% of all public sector employment (PSE).

Education

In September 2016, employment in public sector education was 1.525 million. This was 5,000 (0.3%) higher than for the previous quarter and 10,000 (0.7%) higher than the previous year.

Figure 4 shows the significant fall in public sector education in June 2012, as a result of the reclassification of English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations into the private sector.

Public administration

Public administration includes all administrative duties of local and central government.

In September 2016, employment in public administration decreased by 1,000 (0.1%) on the previous quarter to 1.002 million. On the same period a year ago, it decreased by 14,000 (1.4%).

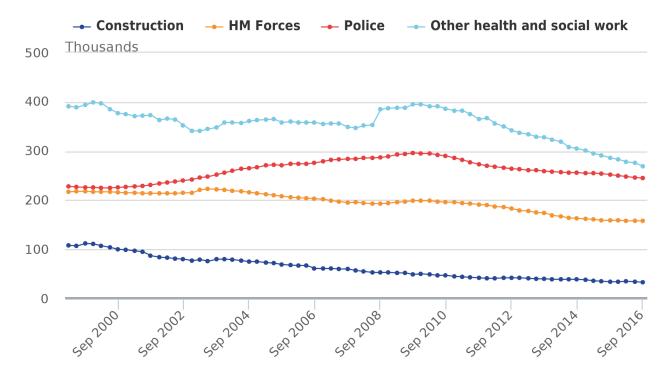
Figure 4 shows the general downward trend in employment in public administration since September 2009.

Other public sector

The category "other public sector" covers all industries that have not been specified elsewhere, such as financial institutions.

In September 2016, employment in the category "other public sector" was 613,000. This was unchanged compared with the previous quarter and 11,000 (1.8%) lower than for the previous year.

Figure 5: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Notes:

1. Sep 2008: Housing associations in England reclassified to public sector.

Other health and social work

This category covers all health and social work not covered by the NHS.

In September 2016, employment in "other health and social work" was 269,000. This was 7,000 (2.5%) lower than at June 2016 and 17,000 (5.9%) lower than the previous year.

Police

In September 2016, employment in the police, at 245,000, was 1,000 (0.4%) lower than at June 2016 and 7,000 (2.8%) lower than a year earlier. Employment in the police has seen a decreasing trend since September 2009, as shown in Figure 5.

HM Forces

In September 2016, employment in HM Forces was 158,000. This was unchanged compared with June 2016 and 1,000 (0.6%) lower than at September 2015. Figure 5 shows the steady fall in employment in HM Forces since March 2010, though recently the rate of decrease has lessened.

Construction

In September 2016, employment in public sector construction, at 33,000, was 1,000 (2.9%) lower compared with the previous quarter. In the year to September 2016, it also fell by 1,000 (2.9%).

Figure 5 shows the downward trend in employment in public sector construction from the beginning of the series in March 1999.

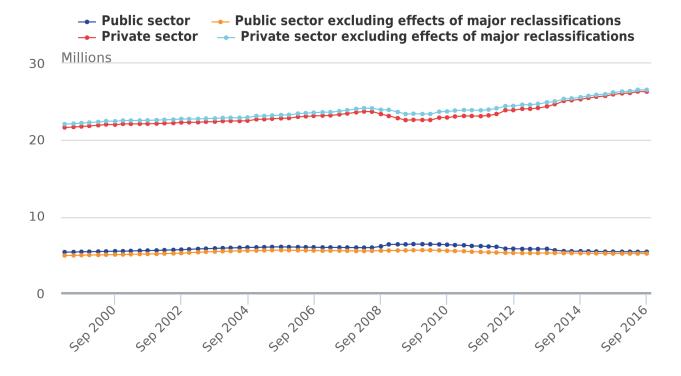
6. Public and private sector employment

Private sector employment estimates are derived as the difference between total UK employment estimates sourced from the Labour Force Survey and the public sector employment estimates collected from public sector organisations.

Between June and September 2016, total employment in the public sector increased, whilst total private sector employment fell. Of all people in work, 17.1% were employed in the public sector; this is the joint lowest percentage since the series began in 1999.

Total UK public and private sector employment

Figure 6: UK public and private sector employment, March 1999 to September 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

The number of people employed in the private sector in September 2016 is estimated to be 26.320 million. This is a decrease of 17,000 (0.1%) on June 2016 but an increase of 352,000 (1.4%) on September 2015. Total UK public sector employment increased by 12,000 (0.2%) compared with June 2016 and decreased by 10,000 (0.2%) compared with September 2015.

The public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between public and private sectors. Figure 6 shows the series excluding the effect of major reclassifications.

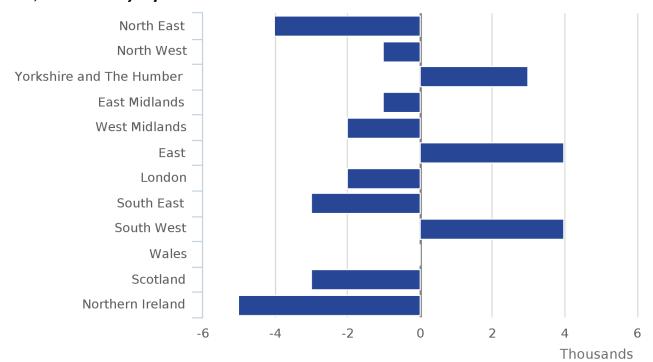
With the effect of major reclassifications removed, total UK private sector employment decreased by 7,000 (0.0%) on the previous quarter and increased by 340,000 (1.3%) on the previous year. On this basis, total UK public sector employment increased by 2,000 (0.0%) on the previous quarter and 2,000 (0.0%) on the previous year.

Public and private sector employment by UK region

Seasonally adjusted series are not available when public and private sector employment is split by region. Therefore, any differences between quarters in the published regional tables may be due to seasonal effects and changes should be calculated from the previous year. Each series begins at March 2008.

Public sector employment by UK region

Figure 7: Change in UK public sector employment, by region, between September 2015 and September 2016, not seasonally adjusted

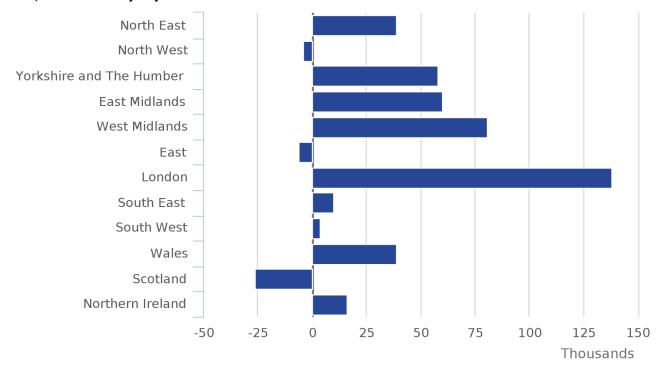


Source: Office for National Statistics

In the year to September 2016, the largest level falls in regional public sector employment (PSE) were shown in Northern Ireland (5,000; 2.5%), North East (4,000; 1.7%), followed by Scotland (3,000; 0.5%) and the South East (3,000; 0.5%). The largest level increases were in the East of England (4,000; 1.0%) and the South West (4,000; 0.8%). This is shown in Figure 7.

Private sector employment by UK region

Figure 8: Change in UK private sector employment, by region, between September 2015 and September 2016, not seasonally adjusted

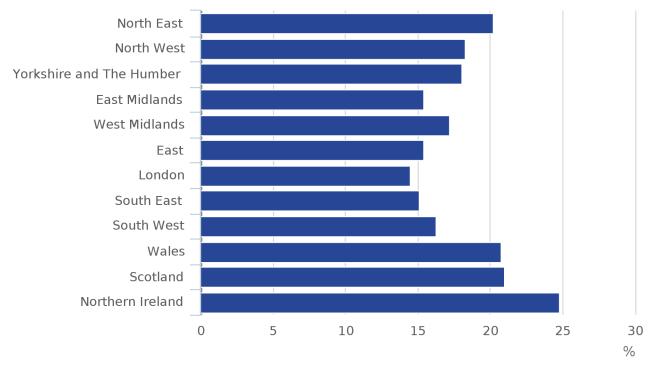


Source: Office for National Statistics

In the year to September 2016, private sector employment increased in 9 of the 12 UK regions, as seen in Figure 8. The largest increases in employment level were in London (138,000; 3.3%) and the West Midlands (81,000; 3.8%). The largest decrease was shown in Scotland (26,000; 1.2%).

Proportion of total employment employed by the public sector

Figure 9: Proportion of UK total employment employed in the public sector, by region, September 2016, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Figure 9 shows the proportion of all those in employment employed in the public sector for each UK region at September 2016.

Northern Ireland (24.8%), Scotland (21.0%) and Wales (20.8%) showed the highest public sector employment proportions.

At September 2016, the North East (20.2%) remains the English region with the highest public sector employment proportion. London (14.5%) had the lowest proportion.

7. Employment in the Civil Service and executive nondepartmental public bodies (NDPBs)

Civil Service

At September 2016, total employment in the UK Home Civil Service remained unchanged compared with June 2016.

The largest decreases were reported by the Department for Work and Pensions (560), HM Courts and Tribunals Service (280), the Home Office (230) and the Legal Aid Agency (210). The largest increases were reported by HM Revenue and Customs (excluding agencies) (460), Defence Equipment and Support (320), the Cabinet Office (excluding agencies) (250) and the Department for Education (excluding agencies) (230).

Executive NDPBs

These bodies usually deliver a particular public service and are overseen by a board rather than ministers. Employment in executive non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs) has been aggregated by sponsoring department.

Between June and September 2016, total employment in executive NDPBs increased by 170 to 79,760.

8. Quality and methodology

The <u>public sector employment Quality and Methodology Information document</u> contains important information on:

- · the strengths and limitations of the data and how it compares with related data
- · users and uses of the data
- · how the output was created
- the quality of the output including the accuracy of the data

In 2005, we collaborated with other government departments and the devolved administrations to implement major improvements to public sector employment (PSE) estimates. Standard definitions for public sector employment across all departmental statistics were agreed and a single definitive set of quarterly PSE estimates introduced. A new Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES) was established. We publish official PSE estimates each quarter as National Statistics, in the form of a statistical bulletin, approximately 11 weeks after the period to which they refer.

9. Background notes

1. This quarter's release

This quarter revised data for the NHS in England have been included in our public sector employment statistics from March 1999 onwards, as a result there have been revisions to the series that include this data. These revisions result from improvements made to their data collection and the consultation held in 2015. These revisions bring the figures used for our PSE statistics in line with the figures published by NHS Digital.

Private registered providers (PRPs) of social housing (referred to as housing associations in this bulletin and related datasets) in England were reclassified from the private to public sector on 30 October 2015. In this release we have implemented this classification decision and therefore the series have been revised from September 2008 onwards. More information can be found in the <u>Classification announcement:</u> "Private registered providers" of social housing in England, report.

2. Relevance to users

The PSE estimates and data produced for the quarterly publication are used across government and feed into a number of wider publications and outputs. Some government departments use the total figures to facilitate policy making, whereas others use specific components of the data collection. The main users are as follows:

- Cabinet Office
- HM Treasury
- Scottish Government

- Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)
- Local Government Association (LGA)

3. Revisions

Public sector employment statistics have previously been published for all periods from 1999 up to and including June 2016. In line with the published revisions <u>policy for public sector employment statistics</u>, the statistics have been revised, to take account of late information from respondents.

Tables 1R to 5R in the public sector employment dataset illustrate the size of the revisions in each category.

4. Concepts and definitions

The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts. We publish the <u>Public sector classification guide</u> monthly, and provide information on the classification of organisations and institutions in the National Accounts.

The public sector employment estimates relate to the number of people employed according to returns from relevant organisations, but they include a number of workers with a second job in the public sector whose main job is in the private sector or in a separate public sector organisation. The private sector estimate, which is obtained by taking the difference between the Labour Force Survey estimate of people employed in the whole economy and the public sector total, will therefore tend to be correspondingly understated by a small percentage.

Headcount estimates are based on the number of employees with an employment contract who are being paid by the organisation. Employees can be permanent, on a fixed-term contract or employed on a casual basis. Self-employed, contract workers and agency workers are excluded.

Permanent employees, as defined in the public sector employment dataset Tables 8 and 10, are employees with a contract with no agreed expiry date or a fixed-term contract of more than 12 months. Temporary or casual employees are those with a fixed-term contract of 12 months or less or employed on a casual basis.

As well as the headcount estimates, estimates have also been produced for the number of employees in full-time equivalents (FTE) back to 1999. This is based on converting part-time employees' hours into a full-time employees' equivalent and provides a better indication of total labour input than a simple headcount.

Central government includes all administrative departments of government and other central agencies and non-departmental public bodies. As such it is wider than the Civil Service. This sector also includes HM Forces and the National Health Service (NHS). Within education, academies and free schools are classified to central government. It also includes the British Transport Police in England and Wales and, from June 2013, the Police Service of Scotland.

Local government covers those types of public administration that only cover a locality and any bodies controlled and mainly financed by them. The sub-sector includes all areas of administrative authorities including parish councils, though these units are not covered by the current estimates for local authorities. It includes police forces and their civilian staff for England and Wales, excluding British Transport Police. Until June 2013 it included the Police Service of Scotland. All functions of local authorities are classified to the sub-sector, although trading activities that produce market output (for example, housing and municipally owned markets) are regarded as quasi-corporations and appear under public corporations. Local education authorities are part of local government, as are voluntary aided schools, county schools and, from September 1999, foundation schools (formerly grant-maintained). Public corporations are companies or quasi-corporations controlled by government, for example London Underground Ltd. These companies receive more than half their income from sales of goods or services into the market place.

The estimates of Civil Service employees count all home Civil Service employees. Civil Service employees can be classified to central government or public corporations. Examples of public corporations include the UK Intellectual Property Office and the Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency. Civil Service estimates exclude the Northern Ireland Civil Service and other Crown servants. Employees in these groups are included in estimates of central government employment.

5. Accuracy

Response rates:

PSE statistics are compiled from a range of sources. The primary source is the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES). The QPSES comprises 3 separate data collections; the home Civil Service, Local Authorities in England and Wales, and Great Britain public corporations and non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs). Returned questionnaires go through a series of automated validation tests to check for completeness and consistency and to identify any significant movements compared with the previous period reported (and the same period the previous year). The automated checks are followed up with respondents where errors are detected or further explanation is required. The target is to clear 95% of test failures prior to processing results. Our targets for response to Local Authorities and Public Bodies QPSES before the results are compiled are 90% (number of respondents) and 90% (of total employment). In addition, each survey has a list of critical respondents (usually those with the largest employment) for which special efforts are made to achieve 100% response and clearance of test failures. For Civil Service QPSES the targets for response before the results are compiled are 100% (number of respondents) and 100% (of total employment).

Table 1: Response rates for sources of UK public sector employment, September 2016

	Response (% of questionnaires returned)	Response (% of employment returned)
Local Authorities Survey	94	95
Public Bodies Survey	92	97
Civil Service Survey	100	100
Other Sources (see below)	100	100

Source: Office for National Statistics

Data for non-responders are imputed based on previous returns and known annual changes in seasonality. It is extremely rare for a local authority, public body or Civil Service department to non-respond for 2 consecutive quarters. The data collection is statutory for local authorities and public bodies (Statistics of Trade Act 1947) and positive action is taken to address non-response issues as and when they occur.

So that estimates of total public sector employment can be made, it is necessary for further information to be gathered from external sources.

Table 2: External sources of data for UK public sector employment statistics, September 2016

	Geographic coverage	Source
Central government		
HM Forces	UK	Ministry of Defence: Defence Statistics
National Health Service	England	NHS Digital
	Wales	NHS Wales Informatics Service
	Scotland	Scottish Government
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Academies	England	School Workforce Census and list of all open academies (Department for Education)
Police (including civilians)	Scotland	Scottish Government
Police (British Transport Police)	England and Wales	Home Office
Other central government	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Local government		
Local authorities	England and Wales	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (Scottish Government)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Police (including civilians)	England and Wales	Home Office
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Public corporations		
	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Housing associations	England	Homes and Communities Agency

We also produce regional estimates of PSE based on returns from public sector organisations (Table 6). These supersede those produced using the Labour Force Survey (LFS) which previously had been used in conjunction with national PSE estimates to produce estimates by region.

6. Coherence

Estimates of public sector employment are based partly on projections for some sources. As part of the development programme to improve the quality of public sector employment estimates, public sector organisations are working towards the production of timely quarterly estimates. Until this development programme is completed, there remains a requirement to include estimates for certain sources:

- i. Police workforce estimates (including Special Constables) for England and Wales are published every 6 months (for 2 quarters) by the Home Office. These quarterly estimates are therefore based on projections, and may be subject to revisions when new data are published.
- ii. NHS workforce statistics for England are derived from a pay system which covers all but 2 English NHS organisations. This produces very good estimates of staff numbers. Figures for the 2 other organisations are estimated based on quarterly NHS Workforce figures.
- iii. Estimates of employment in housing associations in England are derived using data provided by the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) and data from the Inter- Departmental Business Register (IDBR) . The latest period of actual data from HCA relates to March 2015, after this the estimates are based on forecasts and will be subject to revisions in the next revisions round (September 2017) when the series will be revised based on the 2016 HCA data.

All time series in the public sector employment release, except for the regional series, are seasonally adjusted to aid interpretation. As seasonal adjustment does not preserve additivity within aggregation structures, relationships that hold in the unadjusted series do not necessarily hold for the seasonally adjusted series. For example, total public sector employment equals the sum total of all public sector industry estimates before seasonal adjustment, but this is not necessarily true after seasonal adjustment.

The estimates of public sector employment in education (SIC division 85) differ from the school workforce estimates published by the Department for Education (DfE) mainly as a result of differences in coverage and data sources. DfE estimates focus on the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers and support staff for England only. By comparison, our estimates are derived by allocating local authority employees to education using the IDBR and the QPSES in England and Wales. The DfE School Workforce Census school level estimates are used to estimate employment in academies in England. PSE estimates include all employees reported by local authorities as working in primary, secondary and adult education establishments including some groups who are not covered by the DfE statistics, such as adult education staff and certain categories of support staff. Employment estimates for education in Scotland and Northern Ireland are also included to give a wider UK coverage. The different coverage of the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and DfE education statistics serve the needs of different users. Those who require information on the workforce in England who are directly involved in pupils' teaching and learning should use DfE published statistics. Users should also refer to DfE published statistics to gauge trends in education employment. Those who seek data on UK public sector employment in education, in its widest sense, should use our data in this release. For further information on the differences between DfE and ONS data on education please see pages 44 to 46 of the Public Sector Employment Trends 2005 article, published in October 2005.

Our estimates for the NHS also differ from the headline figure produced by NHS Digital. Again, this reflects the wider UK coverage (NHS Digital figures are for England only) plus our exclusion of general practitioners (GPs). In accordance with National Accounts practice, we classify GPs as part of the private sector. When these factors are allowed for, ONS and NHS data can be shown to be identical.

Machinery of government changes in the period since 1 October 2015 are listed here:

Table 3: Machinery of government changes, 1 October 2015 to 30 September 2016, UK

Organisation name	Details
Home Office	Approximately 90 staff transferred from the Home Office to the Cabinet Office between July and September 2016.
Department for Business, Innovation and Skills	Approximately 80 staff transferred from the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills to HM Treasury between April and June 2016.
Department for Communities and Local Government	Approximately 50 staff transferred from the Department for Communities and Local Government to the Home Office between April and June 2016.
Department for Work and Pensions	Approximately 100 staff transferred from the Department for Work and Pensions to the Cabinet Office on the 1st June 2016.
HM Treasury	On 1 April 2016, HM Treasury transferred approximately 70 staff to the Cabinet Office and around 20 staff to the Department for Work and Pensions.
Home Office	On 1 April 2016, approximately 40 staff transferred from the Home Office to the Government Internal Audit Agency.
National Measurement and Regulation Office (NMRO)	On 1 April 2016, NMRO was subsumed by the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills, resulting in the transfer of around 90 staff.
Department for Work and Pensions	On 1 April 2016, approximately 120 staff transferred from the Department for Work and Pensions to the Government Internal Audit Agency.
Department for Business, Innovation and Skills	Between September 2015 and December 2015, approximately 40 staff transferred to the Department for Culture, Media and Sport.
Department for Culture, Media and Sport	Between September 2015 and December 2015, approximately 60 staff transferred to the Department for Education.
Driver Vehicle Licensing Agency	Between September 2015 and December 2015, approximately 20 staff transferred to the Government Internal Audit Agency.
Historic Scotland	On 1 October 2015, Historic Scotland merged with the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland to become Historic Environment Scotland, an executive NDPB of the Scotlish Government. At this point it ceased to be part of the Civil Service.
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7. Methods

Improvements to the way employment in public sector education in England is estimated were first implemented as part of the PSE, Quarter 3 2012 release. Revisions to the estimates caused by these improvements were at that time incorporated into the revised PSE series, in line with the revisions policy for public sector employment statistics. Further details of the change in method and the impact on

estimates of PSE are available in <u>Public Sector Employment Statistics - Change in Method for Estimating Employment in Education in England</u>, published as part of the <u>Public Sector Employment</u>, <u>Quarter 3 2012</u> release.

Estimates of employment in housing associations in England are derived using data provided by the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) and data from the IDBR. HCA provide annual full-time equivalent (FTE) data for large housing associations with more than 1,000 properties. The large housing associations have been matched to the IDBR, the IDBR organisation structures are used to calculate industry and regional estimates. The ratio between headcount and FTE for the other public corporations is used to gross the FTE estimates up to give headcount estimates. A quarterly path has been derived from the annual data.

The estimates for large housing associations, with more than 1,000 properties, are supplemented by estimates for the remaining small housing associations to create a total estimate. The estimates for small housing associations were calculated from the available IDBR matches. The small housing associations were stratified and estimates were created based on the known employment distributions within each stratum. To create a time series this estimate has been modelled back based on the known movements of the large housing associations.

The HCA data are only available annually and therefore some forecasting is required to produce timely employment estimates. The latest period of actual data from HCA relates to March 2015, after this the estimates are based on forecasts and will be subject to revisions in the next revisions round (September 2017) when the series will be revised based on the 2016 HCA data.

8. Reclassifications

In recent years, the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications, where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows.

Further education corporations and sixth form college corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods. More information on this decision can be found in the <u>Reclassification of Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form Colleges in England</u> article, published on 31 May 2012.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector). More information can be found in the <u>Classification of Network Rail under European System of Accounts 2010</u>, published in December 2013.

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Private registered providers (PRPs) of social housing (referred to as housing associations in this bulletin and related datasets) in England were reclassified from the private sector to the public sector on 30 October 2015. In this release we have implemented this classification decision and therefore the series have been revised from September 2008 onwards. More information can be found in the <u>Classification announcement: "Private registered providers" of social housing in England</u> report, published in October 2015.

Subsequently the date this classification applies from was amended in the <u>September 2016 public sector classification guide update</u> and now applies from 24 July 1996. In addition, registered providers of social housing in the devolved administrations were reclassified from the private to public sector at this time.

Further work will be required to determine if it is possible to implement the full decision for England and how this should be implemented for the devolved administrations. More information on the classification decision for registered providers of social housing in the devolved administrations can be found in the 2016 report.

Comparisons of public and private sector employment over time are complicated by a number of changes to the composition of these sectors over this period with several large employers moving between the public and private sectors. We therefore publish estimates of public and private sector employment, excluding the effects of major reclassifications, alongside estimates of total public and private sector employment in Tables 5, 6a and 7a of the PSE release.

On 13 October 2010, we announced the reclassification of further education colleges and sixth form college corporations to the public sector. As part of the December 2010 publication, we took on employment estimates for further education colleges back to 1993 or their inception if later.

On 31 May 2012, we announced the reclassification of English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations to the private sector, as non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH), effective from 1 April 2012. As such, employment estimates for English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations are included in our estimates of public sector employment from 1993 or their inception if later, up to and including March 2012.

English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations estimates of employment are not included in public sector employment estimates from June 2012 onwards.

9. Publication policy

The complete run of public sector employment data in the tables of this statistical bulletin is also available to view and download in other electronic formats free of charge using our Time Series Data website service. You can download the complete <u>Public sector employment time series</u> in a choice of zipped formats, or view and download their own selections of individual series.

A <u>list of the job titles of those given pre-release access</u> to the contents of this statistical bulletin is available on our website.

10. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available by visiting the <u>UK Statistics Authority</u> website.

The <u>UK Statistics Authority</u> has designated these statistics as <u>National Statistics</u>, in accordance with the <u>Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007</u> and signifying compliance with the <u>Code of Practice for Official Statistics</u>.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
- · are produced according to sound methods
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

11. As stated earlier in the bulletin, the employment figures provided are point-in-time estimates and for this reason, we have introduced a new naming convention for the releases, whereby the latest month of measurement is highlighted rather than the quarter.



Public sector employment, UK: September 2016

Released on 14 December 2016

Index of Ta	bles
Table 1	Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount
Table 2	Public sector employment by industry; Headcount
Table 3	Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent
Table 4	Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent
Table 5	Public and private sector employment; Headcount
Table 6	Regional public sector employment; Headcount
Table 6a	Regional public sector employment, excluding effects of major reclassifications; Headcount
Table 7	Regional private sector employment; Headcount
Table 7a	Regional private sector employment, excluding effects of major reclassifications; Headcount
Table 8	Civil Service employment by department; Headcount
Table 8	Civil Service employment by department; Full-time equivalent
Table 9	Civil Service employment by department and agency
Table 10	Employment in executive NDPBs
Table 1R	Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions
Table 2R	Public sector employment by industry; Headcount - Revisions
Table 3R	Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions
Table 4R	Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions
Table 5R	Public and private sector employment; Headcount - Revisions

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Next release Public sector employment, UK: December 2016, to be released 15 March 2017

1 Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

_		eneral government	Tatal	Tatelander	Taketerster	0()	
	Central government 34567	Local government 3	Total general government	Total public corporations 8	Total public sector 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Of white Civil Service	
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G71	
9	2,304 †	2,742 †	5,046 †	358 [†]	5,404 †	4	
0	2,341	2,777	5,118	366	5,484	5	
1	2,418	2,778	5,196	378	5,574	5	
2 3	2,507 2,615	2,797 2,840	5,304 5,455	376 386	5,680 5,841	5 5	
4	2,699	2,894	5,593	378	5,971	5	
5 6	2,757 2,736	2,925 2,935	5,682 5,671	384 364	6,066 6,035	5 5	
7	2,697	2,944	5,641	360	6,001	5	
В	2,701	2,924	5,625	365	5,990	5	
9	2,801	2,912	5,713	694	6,407	5	
0	2,819	2,908	5,727	670	6,397	5	
1	2,792	2,760	5,552	646	6,198	4	
2 3	2,664 2,769	2,559 2,424	5,223 5,193	621 605	5,844 5,798	4	
				330		4	
4 5	2,826 2,861	2,352 2,268	5,178 5,129	330	5,508 5,449	4	
6	2,918	2,196	5,114	316	5,430	4	
9 Mar	2,298 †	2,736 †	5,034 †	359 †	5,393 †	4	
Jun	2,304	2,742	5,046	358	5,404	4	
Sep	2,325	2,747	5,072	363	5,435	5	
Dec	2,323	2,760	5,083	368	5,451	5	
0 Mar	2,331	2,774	5,105	361	5,466	5	
Jun	2,341	2,777	5,118	366	5,484	5	
Sep Dec	2,363 2,365	2,780 2,779	5,143 5,144	371 375	5,514 5,519	5	
1 Mar	2,397			378			
1 Mar Jun	2,397 2,418	2,773 2,778	5,170 5,196	378 378	5,548 5,574	;	
Sep	2,445	2,778	5,226	374	5,600		
Dec	2,457	2,783	5,240	374	5,614	į	
2 Mar	2,484	2,797	5,281	375	5,656		
Jun	2,507	2,797	5,304	376	5,680		
Sep	2,541	2,798	5,339	380	5,719		
Dec	2,557	2,810	5,367	392	5,759		
3 Mar	2,591	2,818	5,409	402	5,811		
Jun	2,615	2,840	5,455	386	5,841		
Sep	2,642	2,849	5,491	391	5,882		
Dec	2,655	2,874	5,529	385	5,914		
4 Mar	2,682	2,884	5,566	381	5,947		
Jun Sep	2,699 2,722	2,894 2,910	5,593 5,632	378 377	5,971 6,009		
Dec	2,722	2,917	5,639	376	6,015		
5 Mar	2,734	2,922	5,656	380	6,036		
Jun	2,757	2,925	5,682	384	6,066		
Sep	2,762	2,931	5,693	381	6,074		
Dec	2,753	2,933	5,686	373	6,059		
6 Mar	2,746	2,931	5,677	370	6,047		
Jun	2,736	2,935	5,671	364	6,035		
Sep	2,723	2,945	5,668	360	6,028	:	
Dec	2,713	2,937	5,650	355	6,005		
7 Mar	2,709	2,938	5,647	362	6,009		
Jun Sep	2,697 2,705	2,944 2,938	5,641 5,643	360 354	6,001 5,997		
Dec	2,692	2,929	5,621	366	5,987		
8 Mar	2,692	2,917	5,609	366	5,975		
Jun	2,701	2,917	5,625	365	5,990		
Sep	2,742	2,927	5,669	477	6,146		
Dec	2,776	2,918	5,694	705	6,399		
9 Mar	2,786	2,919	5,705	702	6,407		
Jun	2,801	2,912	5,713	694	6,407		
Sep	2,850	2,911	5,761	679	6,440		
Dec	2,853	2,904	5,757	671	6,428		
) Mar	2,857	2,891	5,748	672	6,420		
Jun Sep	2,819 2,804	2,908 2,890	5,727 5,694	670 664	6,397 6,358		
Dec	2,792	2,859	5,651	655	6,306		
1 Mar	2,809	2,821	5,630	654	6,284		
Jun	2,792	2,760	5,552	646	6,198		
Sep	2,841	2,696	5,537	636	6,173		
Dec	2,833	2,661	5,494	629	6,123		
2 Mar	2,842	2,619	5,461	625	6,086		
Jun	2,664	2,559	5,223	621	5,844		
Sep	2,694	2,524	5,218	617	5,835		
Dec	2,707	2,487	5,194	615	5,809		
3 Mar	2,726	2,468	5,194	607	5,801		
Jun Sep	2,769 2,802	2,424 2,424	5,193 5,226	605 591	5,798 5,817		
Dec	2,808	2,395	5,203	429	5,632		
4 Mar	2,823	2,371	5,194	332	5,526		
4 Mar Jun	2,823 2,826	2,371 2,352	5,194 5,178	332 330	5,526 5,508		
Sep	2,850	2,333	5,183	329	5,512		
Dec	2,858	2,309	5,167	327	5,494		
5 Mar	2,864	2,287	5,151	322	5,473		
Jun	2,861	2,268	5,129	320	5,449		
Sep	2,883	2,248	5,131	321	5,452		
Dec	2,893	2,231	5,124	319	5,443		
			F 100	210	5,445		
6 Mar	2,914	2,212	5,126	319	5,445		

1 Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

_	Ge	neral government				
	Central government 34567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations 8	Total public sector 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Of which: Civil Service 4 10
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Sep	22 [†]	-20 [†]	2 [†]	1 [†]	3 [†]	-6
Dec	10	-17	-7	-2	-9	-2
2016 Mar	21	-19	2	0	2	2
Jun	4	-16	-12	-3	-15	-3
Sep	32	-16	16	-4	12	0
% change on quarter to	:					
2015 Sep	0.8 [†]	-0.9 [†]	0.0 [†]	0.3 [†]	0.1 [†]	-1.4
Dec	0.3	-0.8	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-0.5
2016 Mar	0.7	-0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5
Jun	0.1	-0.7	-0.2	-0.9	-0.3	-0.7
Sep	1.1	-0.7	0.3	-1.3	0.2	0.0
Change on year to:						
2015 Sep	33 [†]	-85	-52 [†]	-8 [†]	-60 [†]	-16
Dec	35	-78 [†]	-43	-8	-51	-16
2016 Mar	50	-75	-25	-3	-28	-15
Jun	57	-72	-15	-4	-19	-9
Sep	67	-68	-1	-9	-10	-3
% change on year to:						
2015 Sep	1.2 [†]	-3.6	-1.0 [†]	-2.4 [†]	-1.1 [†]	-3.7
Dec	1.2	-3.4 †	-0.8	-2.4	-0.9	-3.7
2016 Mar	1.7	-3.3	-0.5	-0.9	-0.5	-3.5
Jun	2.0	-3.2	-0.3	-1.3	-0.3	-2.1
Sep	2.3	-3.0	0.0	-2.8	-0.2	-0.7

- Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

 Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

 Estimates for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

 Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).
- March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

 Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier imperiods.

 Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

 Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

 Lloyds Banking Groung pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2015 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to the the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Northern Rock is included in the public sector from September 2001 to the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

 English housing associations are classified to the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier imperiods.

 English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector resistence of the public sector from college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector resistence for the public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector resistence for the public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector resistence for the public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector resistence for the public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector from 1993

- Indicates earliest revision

2 Public sector employment by industry; Headcount ¹

	ocial work	Health and s		compulsory	istration, defence, of social security	Public admir			
Other public sector 2 10	Other health and	National Health	67	Public	Police (including Public				
	social work 29	Service ⁸	Education 67	administration ⁵	civilians) 4	HM Forces ³	Construction ²		
G7	G7FJ	G7FG	G7F5	G7F2	G7EX	G7EU	G7ER		
	389	1,179 †	1,386	1,172	227	218	107 †		1999
	385 372	1,204 1,249	1,440 1,466	1,178 1,185	225 229	217 214	104 95		2000 2001
	364	1,308	1,472	1,212	238	214	81		2002
	345 †	1,374	1,530	1,257	248	223	76	3	2003
	357	1,429	1,568	1,270	264	218	77		2004
	365	1,480	1,582	1,287	272	210	72		2005
	358 356	1,477 1,444	1,608 1,622 [†]	1,282 1,269	274 283	204 197	67 60		2006 2007
	353	1,463	1,635	1,225 †	286	193	53		2008
1,	388	1,528	1,654	1,208	294	197	52	9	2009
1,	391	1,558	1,685	1,199	292	197	47		2010
1,	375	1,530	1,660	1,119	277	193	43		2011
	350 329	1,503 1,505	1,469 1,501	1,077 1,072	266 261	186 175	42 40		2012 2013
	308	1,528	1,518	1,059	256	164	39		2014
	291	1,551	1,518	1,020	254	159	35		2015
	276	1,584	1,520	1,003	246	158	34	6	2016
	391	1,173	1,385	1,163 †		217	108	9 Mai	1999
	389 394	1,179 1,185	1,386 1,385	1,172 1,177	227 226	218 218	107 112	Jun Sep	
	399	1,190	1,396	1,181	226	217	111	Dec	
	397	1,197	1,410	1,184	225	217	107	0 Mai	2000
	385	1,204	1,440	1,178	225	217	104	Jun	2000
	377	1,213	1,452	1,177	226	216	100	Sep	
	375	1,223	1,457	1,177	227	215	99	Dec	
	371	1,235	1,466	1,181	228	215	97	1 Mai	2001
	372 373	1,249 1,263	1,466 1,463	1,185 1,188	229 231	214 214	95 87	Jun Sep	
	363 [†]	1,278	1,467	1,197	234	214	84	Dec	
	366	1,292	1,474	1,204	236	214	83	2 Mai	2002
	364	1,308	1,472	1,212	238	214	81	Jun	
	352	1,325	1,499	1,215	240	215	80	Sep	
	341	1,341	1,510	1,236	242	215	77	Dec	
	341 345	1,359 1,374	1,518 1,530	1,246 1,257	246 248	221 223	79 76	3 Mai Jun	2003
	348	1,391	1,534	1,260	252	222	80	Sep	
	358	1,408	1,557	1,258	256	221	80	Dec	
	358	1,426	1,562	1,267	260	219	79	4 Mai	2004
	357	1,429	1,568	1,270	264	218	77	Jun	
	361 363	1,444 1,456	1,572 1,576	1,279 1,278	265 267	216 214	75 75	Sep	
	364	1,467	1,581	1,280	271	212	73	5 Mai	2005
	365	1,480	1,582	1,287	272	210	72	Jun	2003
	358	1,485	1,593	1,284	271	208	69	Sep	
	360	1,488	1,600	1,284	274	206	68	Dec	
	358	1,483	1,604	1,285	274	205	67	6 Mai	2006
	358 358	1,477 1,461	1,608 1,612	1,282 1,283	274 276	204 203	67 61	Jun Sep	
	355	1,448	1,612	1,280	279	202	61	Dec	
	356	1,448	1,618	1,275	282 †	199	61	7 Mai	2007
	356	1,444	1,622 †	1,269	283	197	60	Jun	
	349	1,446	1,629	1,269	284	195	60	Sep	
	347	1,447	1,635	1,257	284	196	57	Dec	
	352 353	1,449 1,463	1,630 1,635	1,234 1,225	286 286	194 193	55 53	8 Mai Jun	2008
	385	1,486	1,647	1,208	287	193	53	Sep	
1,	387	1,506	1,651	1,210	289	194	53	Dec	
1,	388	1,506	1,662	1,209	293	196	52	9 Mai	2009
1,	388	1,528	1,654	1,208	294	197	52	Jun	
1, 1,	395 395	1,543 1,554	1,657 1,673	1,220 1,212	296 295	199 199	49 50	Sep Dec	
1,	391	1,559	1,670	1,213	295	199	49	0 Mai	2010
1,	391	1,558	1,685	1,199	292	197	47	Jun	2010
1,	386	1,550	1,665	1,180	290	196	47	Sep	
1,	382	1,546	1,659	1,174	286	196	45	Dec	
1,	382	1,541	1,660	1,164	282	194	44	1 Mai	2011
1,	375 365	1,530 1,522	1,660 1,670	1,119 1,109	277 273	193 191	43 42	Jun Sep	
	367	1,515	1,665	1,093	270	190	41	Dec	
	356	1,508	1,683	1,081	268	187	41	2 Mai	2012
	350	1,503	1,469	1,077	266	186	42	Jun	
	342	1,502	1,469	1,070	264	183	42	Sep	
	337	1,505	1,470	1,068	263	179	42	Dec	
	334	1,508	1,478	1,071	261	178	41	3 Mai	2013
	329 328	1,505 1,511	1,501 1,516	1,072 1,073	261 259	175 174	40 40	Jun Sep	
	323	1,516	1,522	1,061	258	169	39	Dec	
	319	1,523	1,521	1,059	257	167	39	4 Mai	2014
	308	1,528	1,518	1,059	256	164	39	Jun	
	305	1,534	1,514	1,053	256	163	39	Sep	
	301	1,538	1,520	1,045	255	162	38	Dec	
	295 291	1,545	1,516	1,034 1,020	255 254	161 159	36 35	5 Mai	2015
	291 286	1,551 1,558	1,518 1,515	1,020 1,016	254 252	159 159	35 34	Jun Sep	
	283	1,567	1,517	1,015	250	159	34	Dec	
	278	1,574	1,519	1,010	248	158	35	6 Mai	2016
		1,574 1,584 1,590	1,519 1,520 1,525	1,010 1,003 1,002	248 246 245	158 158 158	35 34 33	6 Mai Jun Sep	2016

2 Public sector employment by industry; Headcount 1

						United Kir	ngdom (thousands), sea	sonally adjusted
		Public admin	istration, defence, co social security	ompulsory		Health and s	social work	
	Construction ²	HM Forces ³	Police (including civilians) 4	Public administration ⁵	Education 67	National Health Service ⁸	Other health and social work 29	Other public sector 2 10
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FM
hange on quarter to:								
2015 Sep	-1	0	-2 [†]	-4 †	-3 [†]	7 †	-5 [†]	-3
Dec	0	0 †	-2	-1	2	9	-3	-3 ¹
2016 Mar	1	-1	-2	-5	2	7	-5	3
Jun	-1	0	-2	-7	1	10	-2	-11
Sep	-1	0	-1	-1	5	6	-7	0
change on quarter to:								
2015 Sep	-2.9	0.0	-0.8	-0.4 †	-0.2 [†]	0.5	-1.7	-0.5
Dec	0.0	0.0 †	-0.8	-0.1	0.1	0.6	-1.0	-0.5
2016 Mar	2.9	-0.6	-0.8	-0.5	0.1	0.4	-1.8	0.5
Jun	-2.9	0.0	-0.8	-0.7	0.1	0.6	-0.7	-1.8
Sep	-2.9	0.0	-0.4	-0.1	0.3	0.4	-2.5	0.0
hange on year to:								
2015 Sep	-5	-4	-4 [†]	-37 [†]	1 †	24 †	-19 [†]	-15 ¹
Dec	-4	-3	-5	-30	-3	29	-18	-15
2016 Mar	-1	-3	-7	-24	3	29	-17	-6
Jun	-1	-1	-8	-17	2	33	-15	-14
Sep	-1	-1	-7	-14	10	32	-17	-11
change on year to:								
2015 Sep	-12.8	-2.5	-1.6 [†]	-3.5 [†]	0.1	1.6	-6.2 [†]	-2.3 ¹
Dec	-10.5	-1.9	-2.0	-2.9	-0.2	1.9	-6.0	-2.4
2016 Mar	-2.8	-1.9	-2.7	-2.3	0.2	1.9	-5.8	-1.0
Jun	-2.9	-0.6	-3.1	-1.7	0.1	2.1	-5.2	-2.2
Sep	-2.9	-0.6	-2.8	-1.4	0.7	2.1	-5.9	-1.8

Source: Office for National Statistics

- Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.
- English housing associations are classified to the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to June 2008, March = 1 March, June = 1 June, September = 1 September, December = 1 December. From June 2008 onwards March = 1 April, June = 1 July, September = 1 October, December = 1 January.

- September = 1 objections, Determine = 1 Determine. This state 2 object of the state 2 object (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.

 Estimates for March 2011 include temporary staff with a FTE of approximately 8,000 employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

 English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters.
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Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Indicates earliest revision

3 Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Central	eneral government Local	Total general	Total public	Total public	Of whice
govern	governi	ment ³⁴⁵⁶⁷	government 3	government	corporations 8	sector 3456789	Civil Service
		G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G70
		1,965 †	2,002 †	3,967 †	339 [†]	4,306 †	4
		1,994	2,016	4,010	346	4,356	4
		2,056	2,010	4,066	357	4,423	4
		2,130 2,218	2,030 2,066	4,160 4,284	357 364	4,517 4,648	5 5
		2,299	2,110	4,409	356	4,765	5
		2,345 2,330	2,142 2,172	4,487 4,502	361 341	4,848 4,843	5 5
		2,318	2,183	4,501	335	4,836	5
		2,330	2,169	4,499	340	4,839	4
		2,423	2,173	4,596	639	5,235	4
		2,445	2,177	4,622	618	5,240	4
		2,416	2,067	4,483	596	5,079	4
		2,333	1,924	4,257	574	4,831	4
		2,419	1,827	4,246	560	4,806	4
		2,465	1,776	4,241	309	4,550	4
		2,495 2,536	1,714 1,661	4,209 4,197	299 295	4,508 4,492	3
		1,963 ^T	1,999	3,962 ^T	339 ^T	4,301 ^T	4
		1,965 1,979	2,002 2,004	3,967 3,983	339 343	4,306 4,326	4
		1,980	2,009	3,989	348	4,337	4
		1,989 1,994	2,015 2,016	4,004 4,010	340 346	4,344 4,356	4
		2,010	2,019	4,010	350	4,356	4
		2,013	2,017	4,030	353	4,383	4
		2,041 2,056	2,007 2,010	4,048 4,066	356 357	4,404 4,423	4
		2,077	2,015	4,092	353	4,445	4
		2,087	2,018	4,105	353	4,458	4
				4,140	355		5
		2,113 2,130	2,027 2,030	4,140 4,160	355	4,495 4,517	5
		2,157	2,030	4,187	362	4,549	5
		2,172	2,043	4,215	371	4,586	5
		2,200	2,051	4,251	379	4,630	5
		2,200	2,066	4,284	364	4,648	5
		2,246	2,074	4,320	369	4,689	5
		2,252	2,091	4,343	362	4,705	5
		2,285	2,100	4,385	358	4,743	5
		2,299	2,110	4,409	356	4,765	5
		2,321	2,119	4,440	354	4,794	5
		2,316	2,124	4,440	355	4,795	5
		2,328	2,138	4,466	358	4,824	5
		2,345	2,142	4,487	361	4,848	5
		2,352	2,159	4,511	359	4,870	5
		2,343	2,158	4,501	351	4,852	5
		2,337	2,164	4,501	347	4,848	5
		2,330	2,172	4,502	341	4,843	5
		2,330	2,176	4,506	336	4,842	
		2,336	2,183	4,519	331	4,850	5
		2,334	2,180	4,514	337	4,851	Ę
		2,318	2,183	4,501	335	4,836	ŧ
		2,328	2,184	4,512	330	4,842	4
		2,318	2,172	4,490	343	4,833	4
		2,318	2,166	4,484	342	4,826	4
		2,330	2,169	4,499	340	4,839	4
		2,366	2,179	4,545	445	4,990	4
		2,395	2,174	4,569	651	5,220	4
		2,420	2,179	4,599	646	5,245	4
		2,423	2,173	4,596	639	5,235	4
		2,471 2,473	2,173 2,175	4,644 4,648	625 617	5,269 5,265	4
		2,480	2,159	4,639	619	5,258	4
		2,445 2,430	2,177	4,622	618 611	5,240	4
		2,430	2,162 2,135	4,592 4,555	604	5,203 5,159	4
		2,431	2,111	4,542	609	5,151	4
		2,416	2,067	4,483	596	5,079	4
		2,456 2,447	2,022 1,994	4,478 4,441	588 581	5,066 5,022	4
		2,456	1,966	4,422	578	5,000	4
		2,333	1,924	4,257	574	4,831	4
		2,355 2,366	1,902 1,881	4,257 4,247	570 569	4,827 4,816	4
		2,383	1,863	4,246	562	4,808	4
		2,419 2,450	1,827 1,830	4,246 4,280	560 548	4,806 4,828	4
		2,450	1,806	4,280 4,259	398	4,828 4,657	2
		2,467	1,786	4,253	310	4,563	4
		2,465 2,487	1,776	4,241	309 308	4,550 4,557	4
		2,487	1,762 1,746	4,249 4,238	308 305	4,557 4,543	4
		2,500	1,728	4,228	301	4,529	4
		2,495	1,714	4,209	299	4,508	3
		2,510 2,517	1,699	4,209 4,205	300 297	4,509 4,502	3
		2,517	1,688	4,205	297	4,502	3
		2,538 2,536	1,673 1,661	4,211 4,197	298 295	4,509 4,492	3

3 Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

_	Ge	neral government				
	Central government 34567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations ⁸	Total public sector 3456789	Of which: Civil Service 4 10
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Sep	15 †	-15 [†]	0 †	1 †	1 †	-5
Dec	7	-11	-4	-3	-7	-1
2016 Mar	21	-15	6	1	7	1
Jun	-2	-12	-14	-3	-17	-3
Sep	28	-13	15	-4	11	1
% change on quarter to:						
2015 Sep	0.6	-0.9 †	0.0 †	0.3	0.0 †	-1.3
Dec	0.3	-0.6	-0.1	-1.0	-0.2	-0.3
2016 Mar	0.8	-0.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3
Jun	-0.1	-0.7	-0.3	-1.0	-0.4	-0.8
Sep	1.1	-0.8	0.4	-1.4	0.2	0.3
Change on year to:						
2015 Sep	23 †	-63	-40 [†]	-8 [†]	-48 [†]	-14
Dec	25	-58 [†]	-33	-8	-41	-14
2016 Mar	38	-55	-17	-3	-20	-13
Jun	41	-53	-12	-4	-16	-8
Sep	54	-51	3	-9	-6	-2
% change on year to:						
2015 Sep	0.9	-3.6	-0.9 [†]	-2.6 [†]	-1.1 †	-3.5
Dec	1.0	-3.3 [†]	-0.8	-2.6	-0.9	-3.5
2016 Mar	1.5	-3.2	-0.4	-1.0	-0.4	-3.3
Jun	1.6	-3.1	-0.3	-1.3	-0.4	-2.0
Sep	2.2	-3.0	0.1	-3.0	-0.1	-0.5

- Annual figures relate to June guarter.

- Administration for the profile (England & Wales) are based on projections.

 Estimates for March 2011 include 8,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

 Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).
- Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for
- earlier time periods.

 Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for
- earlier time periods.

 Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.
- Hoya Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

 Lloyds Barking Group pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2018 to Unit in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bark of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

 Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 English housing associations are classified to the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 English further deculation colleges and English is hift form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters.
- Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).
- Indicates earliest revision

4 Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent ¹

	ocial work	Health and s	<u></u>	ompulsory	istration, defence, o social security	Public admir	<u></u>	
Other publi	Other health and	National Health		Public	Police (including			
sector	social work 29	Service 8	Education 67	administration 5	civilians) 4	HM Forces ³	Construction ²	
G	G7GR	G7GL	G7GI	G7GF	G7GC	G7G9	G9BC	
	276	970 †	948	988	220	218	-	1999
	272	990	982	994	218	217	-	2000
	263 259	1,025 1,075	997 1,007	998 1,020	222 230	214 214	-	2001 2002
	245	1,126	1,049	1,056	240	223	=	2003
	254	1,179	1,076	1,069	254	218	=	2004
	261	1,221	1,090	1,081	262	210	-	2005
	260 257	1,224 1,220	1,121 1,132	1,077 1,062	264 272	204 197	=	2006 2007
	256	1,245	1,143	1,025	275	193	-	2007
	290 †	1,304	1,164	1,015	283	197	-	2009
	293	1,335	1,193	1,010	281	197	-	2010
	282	1,313	1,183 †	940	266	193	-	2011
	265 252	1,293 1,297	1,067 1,099	903 900	255 250	186 175	-	2012 2013
	235	1,323	1,113	888	246	164		2014
	222	1,346	1,119	853	243	159	-	2014
	211	1,377	1,116	842	236	158	-	2016
	276	967	945	984		217	r -	1999 M
	276	970	948	988	220	218	1 -	
	279 282	975 979	944 950	989 996	219 219	218 217	p - c -	
	279	984	957	1,000	218	217		2000 1
	279	990	982	994	218	217	r - 1 -	
	266	996	989	990	219	216	p -	5
	265	1,004	994	994	219	215	с -	
	263	1,014	997	997	221	215		2001
	263 264	1,025 1,036	997 997	998 998	222 224	214 214	n - p -	
	257	1,048	1,001	1,008	226	214	c -	
	258	1,062	1,004	1,014	228	214	r -	2002 1
	259	1,075	1,007	1,020	230	214	1 -	
	249	1,088	1,023	1,021	232	215	р -	
	242	1,101	1,033	1,040	234	215	с -	
	241	1,114	1,039	1,048	237 240	221 223		2003 1
	245 247	1,126 1,142	1,049 1,049	1,056 1,060	243	223	n - p -	
	253	1,152	1,065	1,060	247	221	c -	
	255	1,173	1,071	1,067	251	219	r -	2004 1
	254	1,179	1,076	1,069	254	218	n -	
	257 258	1,190 1,198	1,076 1,077	1,076 1,074	256 258	216 214	p - c -	
	260 261	1,210 1,221	1,085 1,090	1,075 1,081	261 262	212 210	r - 1 -	2005 1
	259	1,226	1,102	1,080	263	208	р -	
	260	1,228	1,108	1,079	264	206	с -	
	259	1,224	1,115	1,078	262 [†]	205		2006
	260 262 [†]	1,224 1,221	1,121 1,121	1,077	264 266	204 203	n - p -	
	259	1,221	1,128	1,077 1,075	268	203	р - С -	
	258	1,223	1,130	1,068	272	199		2007 1
	257	1,220	1,132	1,062	272	197	1 -	
	256	1,222	1,141	1,063	273	195	р -	
	252	1,224	1,141	1,051	273	196	с -	
	255	1,226	1,140	1,033	274	194		2008
	256 289	1,245 1,262	1,143 1,156	1,025 1,014	275 276	193 193	n - p -	
	290	1,277	1,161	1,017	278	194	c -	
	291	1,290	1,170	1,016	281	196	r -	2009 1
	290	1,304	1,164	1,015	283	197	n -	
	297	1,320	1,168	1,027	284	199	p -	
	297	1,331	1,184	1,024	283	199	с -	
	293 293	1,337 1,335	1,178 1,193	1,019 1,010	283 281	199 197	r - n -	2010
	292	1,328	1,177	992	279	196	p -	
	287	1,324	1,174	984	275	196	c -	
	287	1,320	1,178	971	271	194	r -	2011
	282	1,313	1,183 †	940	266	193	n -	
	277 277	1,306 1,301	1,195 1,194	929 914	262 259	191 190	p - c -	
	270 265	1,295 1,293	1,210 1,067	905 903	257 255	187 186	r - 1 -	2012
	261	1,292	1,070	896	253	183	р -	5
	257	1,297	1,075	895	252	179	c -	[
	255	1,299	1,079	897	251	178		2013 M
	252	1,297	1,099	900	250	175	1 -	
	251 247	1,305 1,311	1,112 1,116	899 888 [†]	248 247	174 169	p - c -	
				887				
	245 235	1,318 1,323	1,116 1,113	887 888	246 246	167 164	r - 1 -	2014
	233	1,329	1,113	882	245	163	p -	5
	229	1,334	1,118	876	244	162	c -	[
	225	1,340	1,117	867	245	161		2015
	222	1,346	1,119	853 852	243	159	1 -	
	219 216	1,352 1,359	1,111 1,113	852 852	241 240	159 159	p - c -	
		.,000	.,		2.0			
		1 267	1 114	940	220	150	r	2016
	212 211	1,367 1,377	1,114 1,116	849 842	238 236	158 158	r - n -	2016

4 Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent ¹

sonally adjusted	ngdom (thousands), seas	United Kir						
	social work	Health and s		ompulsory	stration, defence, co social security	Public admini	_	
Other public sector 2 10	Other health and social work 29	National Health Service ⁸	Education 67	Public administration ⁵	Police (including civilians) 4	HM Forces ³	Construction ²	
G7K2	G7GR	G7GL	G7GI	G7GF	G7GC	G7G9	G9BC	
								ange on quarter to:
-3	-3	6 †	-8 †	-1	-2	0	=	2015 Sep
-3	-3	7	2	0	-1 [†]	0 †	=	Dec
2	-4	8	1	-3	-2	-1	-	2016 Mar
-8	-1	10	2	-7	-2	0	-	Jun
-2	-5	7	0	0	-2	0	-	Sep
								change on quarter to:
-0.6	-1.4	0.4	-0.7	-0.1	-0.8	0.0	_	2015 Sep
-0.6	-1.4	0.5	0.2	0.0	-0.4 [†]	0.0 †	-	Dec
0.4	-1.9	0.6	0.1	-0.4	-0.8	-0.6	=	2016 Mar
-1.5	-0.5	0.7	0.2	-0.8	-0.8	0.0	=	Jun
-0.4	-2.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-	Sep
								ange on year to:
-11	-14	23 †	-2	-30	-4	-4	=	2015 Sep
-11	-13	25	-5 [†]	-24	-4 [†]	-3	=	Dec
-6	-13 †	27	-3	-18	-7	-3	=	2016 Mar
-12	-11	31	-3	-11	-7	-1	-	Jun
-11	-13	32	5	-10	-7	-1	Ē	Sep
								change on year to:
-2.0	-6.0 [†]	1.7	-0.2	-3.4	-1.6	-2.5	-	2015 Sep
-2.0	-5.7	1.9	-0.4	-2.7	-1.6 [†]	-1.9	-	Dec
-1.1	-5.8	2.0	-0.3 †	-2.1	-2.9	-1.9	_	2016 Mar
-2.2	-5.0	2.3	-0.3	-1.3	-2.9	-0.6	=	Jun
-2.0	-5.9	2.4	0.5	-1.2	-2.9	-0.6	-	Sep

Source: Office for National Statistics

- Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.
- English housing associations are classified to the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to June 2008, March = 1 March, June = 1 June, September, 1 September, 1 December, From June 2008 onwards March = 1 April, June = 1 July, September = 1 October, December = 1 January.

 Police (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.

- Estimates for March 2011 include temporary staff with a FTE of approximately 8,000 employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

 English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters.
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- Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.
 - Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pt is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group pte is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland ptc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when Network half is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2002 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods. Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Indicates earliest revision

						Public sector exclud		Private sector exclu	
-	Public Se	Percentage 4	Private Se	Percentage 6	Total employment	Headcount	Percentage	major reclassif	Percentage
	(thousands) 3		(thousands) 5		(thousands) 7	(thousands)		(thousands)	
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7G0	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
999	5,404 [†] 5,484	19.9 [†] 19.9	21,711 [†] 22,044	80.1 80.1	† 27,115 27,528	4,968 [†] 5,049	18.3 ¹ 18.3	22,147 [†] 22,479	81.7 81.7
2001	5,574	20.1	22,125	79.9	27,699	5,137	18.5	22,562	81.5
1002 1003	5,680 5,841	20.4 20.7	22,228 22,395	79.6 79.3	27,908 28,236	5,227 5,423	18.7 19.2	22,681 22,813	81.3 80.8
2004 2005	5,971 6,066	21.0 21.0	22,493 22,789	79.0 79.0	28,464 28,855	5,544 5,643	19.5 19.6	22,920 23,212	80.5 80.4
2006	6,035	20.7	23,105	79.3	29,140	5,619	19.3	23,521	80.7
2007	6,001	20.4	23,351	79.6	29,352	5,575	19.0	23,777	81.0
8008	5,990	20.2	23,706	79.8	29,696	5,552	18.7	24,144	81.3
1009 1010	6,407 6,397	22.1 21.8	22,611 22,928	77.9 78.2	29,018 29,325	5,615 5,624	19.4 19.2	23,403 23,701	80.6 80.8
2010	6,198	21.0	23,147	78.9	29,345	5,442	18.5	23,903	81.5
012	5,844	19.6	23,902	80.4	29,746	5,305	17.8	24,441	82.2
013	5,798	19.3	24,201	80.7	29,999	5,271	17.6	24,728	82.4
014	5,508	17.9	25,200	82.1	30,708	5,258	17.1	25,450	82.9
015 016	5,449 5,430	17.5 17.1	25,759 26,337	82.5 82.9	31,208 31,767	5,216 5,201	16.7 16.4	25,992 26,566	83.3 83.6
999 Mar	5.393 †	19.9	21,649	80.1	† 27,042	4,956	18.3	22,086	81.7
Jun	5,404	19.9	21,711	80.1	27,115	4,968	18.3	22,147	81.7
Sep	5,435	20.0	21,777	80.0	27,212	4,991	18.3	22,221	81.7
Dec	5,451	20.0	21,856	80.0	27,307	5,018	18.4	22,289	81.6
000 Mar	5,466	19.9	21,940	80.1	27,406	5,029	18.3	22,377	81.7
Jun Sep	5,484 5,514	19.9 20.0	22,044 22,014	80.1 80.0	27,528 27,528	5,049 5,072	18.3 18.4	22,479 22,456	81.7 81.6
Dec	5,519	20.0	22,118	80.0	27,637	5,072	18.4	22,556	81.6
001 Mar	5,548	20.1	22,115	79.9	27,663	5,107	18.5	22,556	81.5
Jun	5,574	20.1	22,125	79.9	27,699	5,137	18.5	22,562	81.5
Sep Dec	5,600 5,614	20.2 20.2	22,135 22,155	79.8 79.8	27,735 27,769	5,155 5,159	18.6 18.6	22,580 22,610	81.4 81.4
002 Mar Jun	5,656 5,680	20.3 20.4	22,200 22,228	79.7 79.6	27,856 27,908	5,200 5,227	18.7 18.7	22,656 22,681	81.3 81.3
Sep	5,719	20.4	22,304	79.6	28,023	5,260	18.8	22,763	81.2
Dec	5,759	20.5	22,322	79.5	28,081	5,326	19.0	22,755	81.0
003 Mar	5,811	20.6	22,331	79.4	28,142	5,375	19.1	22,767	80.9
Jun	5,841	20.7	22,395	79.3	28,236	5,423	19.2	22,813	80.8
Sep Dec	5,882 5,914	20.8 20.8	22,403 22,485	79.2 79.2	28,285 28,399	5,457 5,499	19.3 19.4	22,828 22,900	80.7 80.6
2004 Mar	5,947	20.9	22,502	79.1	28,449	5,530	19.4	22,919	80.6
Jun	5,971	21.0	22,493	79.0	28,464	5,544	19.5	22,920	80.5
Sep	6,009	21.1	22,535	78.9	28,544	5,584	19.6	22,960	80.4
Dec	6,015	20.9	22,711	79.1	28,726	5,581	19.4	23,145	80.6
005 Mar	6,036	21.0	22,723	79.0	28,759	5,610	19.5	23,149	80.5
Jun Sep	6,066 6,074	21.0 21.0	22,789 22,839	79.0 79.0	28,855 28,913	5,643 5,642	19.6 19.5	23,212 23,271	80.4 80.5
Dec	6,059	20.9	22,875	79.1	28,934	5,632	19.5	23,302	80.5
006 Mar	6,047	20.8	23,038	79.2	29,085	5,625	19.3	23,460	80.7
Jun	6,035	20.7	23,105	79.3	29,140	5,619	19.3	23,521	80.7
Sep	6,028	20.7	23,161	79.3	29,189	5,600	19.2	23,589	80.8
Dec	6,005	20.6	23,197	79.4	29,202	5,569	19.1	23,633	80.9
007 Mar Jun	6,009 6,001	20.6 20.4	23,223 23,351	79.4 79.6	29,232 29,352	5,578 5,575	19.1 19.0	23,654 23,777	80.9 81.0
Sep	5,997	20.4	23,473	79.7	29,470	5,560	18.9	23,910	81.1
Dec	5,987	20.2	23,627	79.8	29,614	5,541	18.7	24,073	81.3
008 Mar	5,975	20.1	23,731	79.9	29,706	5,537	18.6	24,169	81.4
Jun	5,990	20.2	23,706	79.8	29,696	5,552	18.7	24,144	81.3
Sep Dec	6,146 6,399	20.8 21.7	23,389 23,140	79.2 78.3	29,535 29,539	5,581 5,599	18.9 19.0	23,954 23,940	81.1 81.0
2009 Mar	6,407	21.7	23,140	78.1	29,539	5,606	19.0	23,940	80.8
009 Mar Jun	6,407 6,407	21.9 22.1	22,865 22,611	78.1 77.9	29,272 29,018	5,606 5,615	19.2 19.4	23,666	80.8 80.6
Sep	6,440	22.1	22,644	77.9	29,084	5,641	19.4	23,443	80.6
Dec	6,428	22.1	22,629	77.9	29,057	5,648	19.4	23,409	80.6
010 Mar	6,420	22.1	22,628	77.9	29,048	5,643	19.4	23,405	80.6
Jun Sep	6,397 6,358	21.8 21.7	22,928 22,950	78.2 78.3	29,325 29,308	5,624 5,570	19.2 19.0	23,701 23,738	80.8 81.0
Dec	6,306	21.5	23,085	78.5	29,391	5,536	18.8	23,855	81.2
011 Mar	6,284	21.3	23,152	78.7	29,436	5,515	18.7	23,921	81.3
Jun	6,198	21.1	23,147	78.9	29,345	5,442	18.5	23,903	81.5
Sep	6,173	21.1	23,124	78.9	29,297	5,409	18.5	23,888	81.5
Dec	6,123	20.9	23,228	79.1	29,351	5,373	18.3	23,978	81.7
012 Mar	6,086	20.6	23,409	79.4	29,495	5,338	18.1	24,157	81.9
Jun Sep	5,844 5,835	19.6 19.6	23,902 23,908	80.4 80.4	29,746 29,743	5,305 5,286	17.8 17.8	24,441 24,457	82.2 82.2
Dec	5,809	19.4	24,078	80.6	29,887	5,269	17.6	24,618	82.4
013 Mar	5,801	19.4	24,080	80.6	29,881	5,266	17.6	24,615	82.4
Jun	5,798	19.3	24,201	80.7	29,999	5,271	17.6	24,728	82.4
Sep Dec	5,817 5,632	19.3 18.6	24,401 24,690	80.7 81.4	30,218 30,322	5,287 5,272	17.5 17.4	24,931 25,050	82.5 82.6
014 Mar Jun	5,526 5,508	18.0 17.9	25,110 25,200	82.0 82.1	30,636 30,708	5,264 5,258	17. <u>2</u> 17.1	25,372 25,450	82.8 82.9
Sep	5,512	17.9	25,326	82.1	30,838	5,245	17.0	25,593	83.0
Dec	5,494	17.7	25,509	82.3	31,003	5,239	16.9	25,764	83.1
015 Mar	5,473	17.6	25,660	82.4	31,133	5,228	16.8	25,905	83.2
Jun	5,449	17.5	25,759	82.5	31,208	5,216	16.7	25,992	83.3
Sep Dec	5,452 5,443	17.4 17.3	25,968 26,095	82.6 82.7	31,420 31,538	5,201 5,203	16.6 16.5	26,219 26,335	83.4 83.5
	5,445	17.3							
	E 445	47.0	00 4 40	200					
016 Mar Jun	5,445 5,430	17.2 17.1	26,149 26,337	82.8 82.9	31,594 31,767	5,203 5,201	16.5 16.4	26,391 26,566	83.5 83.6

5 Public and private sector employment; Headcount 12

								United Kingdom, sea	isorially adjusted
_	Public Se	ctor	Private Se	ector		Public sector exclud major reclassific		Private sector exclu- major reclassific	
	Headcount (thousands) 3	Percentage ⁴	Headcount (thousands) 5	Percentage ⁶	Total employment (thousands) 7	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
Change on quarter to:									
2015 Sep	3 †	-0.1	209 †	0.1	212	-15 [†]	-0.1	227 †	0.1
Dec	-9	-0.1	127	0.1	118	2	-0.1	116	0.1
2016 Mar	2	-0.1 [†]	54	0.1	† 56	0	0.0	56	0.0
Jun	-15	-0.1	188	0.1	173	-2	-0.1	175	0.1
Sep	12	0.0	-17	0.0	-5	2	0.0	-7	0.0
% change on quarter to:									
2015 Sep	0.1		0.8		0.7	-0.3 [†]		0.9	
Dec	-0.2		0.5		0.4	0.0		0.4	-
2016 Mar	0.0		0.2		0.2	0.0		0.2	
Jun	-0.3		0.7		0.5	0.0		0.7	-
Sep	0.2		-0.1		0.0	0.0		0.0	
Change on year to:									
2015 Sep	-60 [†]	-0.5	642 †	0.5	582	-44 [†]	-0.4	626 [†]	0.4
Dec	-51	-0.4 [†]	586	0.4		-36	-0.4	571	0.4
2016 Mar	-28	-0.4	489	0.4	461	-25	-0.3	486	0.3
Jun	-19	-0.4	578	0.4	559	-15	-0.3	574	0.3
Sep	-10	-0.3	352	0.3	342	2	-0.2	340	0.2
% change on year to:									
2015 Sep	-1.1 [†]		2.5		1.9	-0.8 [†]		2.4	
Dec	-0.9		2.3		1.7	-0.7		2.2	
2016 Mar	-0.5		1.9		1.5	-0.5		1.9	
Jun	-0.3		2.2		1.8	-0.3		2.2	-
Sep	-0.2		1.4		1.1	0.0		1.3	

Sources: Labour Force Survey and estimates from public sector organisations;
Office for National Statistics

- Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

 Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates for December 2007 onwards are based partly on projections.

 Represents G7AUG
- Represents G7K5/G7GO*100.
- Represents G7K5(G7G7010.
 Labour Force Survey All in Employment aged 16 and over. Data refers to May-July for annual data from 1992 2004, for March to February April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November January. Quarterly and annual changes may differ slightly from those published elsewhere due to rounding conventions.

 In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

 English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012.
 - but not in subsequent quarters.

but not in subsequent quarters.

Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the public sector from December 2002. From December 2002 ownards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector from Royal Bank of Scotland pic in the private sector from Sector from 2002 ownards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector or earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector from a from time periods.

Websh further education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

- English housing associations are classified to the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 The series shown in this table for public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications show all of the above mentioned bodies included in the private sector for all time periods.

								Reg	ion							
All employees																
		United Kingdom														
	United	(seasonally	Great		North	North	Yorkshire and	East	West			South	South			Northern
	Kingdom 67	adjusted) 67	Britain 8	England	East	West		Midlands	Midlands	East	London	East	West	Wales	Scotland 9	Ireland 10 11
Area Code	K02000001	K02000001	K03000001	E92000001	E12000001	E12000002	E12000003	E12000004	E12000005	E12000006	E12000007	E12000008	E12000009	W92000004	S92000003	N92000002
2008	5,983	5,990	5,723	4,777	291	695	527	377	511	454	733	681	509	345	601	223
2009 2010	6,402 6,394	6,407 6,397	6,136 6,139	5,140 5,154	302 299	743 738	568 572	399 398	548 547	485 487	812 831	732 732	550 551	356 352	639 632	230 227
2010	6,194	6,198	5,946	5,000	282	708	553	393	530	480	802	720	532	341	604	222
2012	5,842	5,844	5,598	4,673	263	663	512	363	499	451	763	675	486	337	588	218
2013	5,794	5,798	5,551	4,631	258	659	507	359	491	436	772	670	478	335	585	218
2014	5,512	5,508	5,275	4,412	244	622	472	348	470	424	742	643	446	315	548	212
2015	5,453	5,449	5,223	4,383	238	618	466	341	466	422	743	645	444	295	545	211
2016	5,433	5,430	5,211	4,374	239	617	465	341	460	424	739	644	446	292	545	206
2008 Mar	5,981	5,975	5,718	4,773	291	694	528	376	510	455	733	678	509	345	600	225
Jun	5,983	5,990	5,723	4,777	291	695	527	377	511	454	733	681	509	345	601	223
Sep	6,120	6,146	5,865	4,919	296	710	542	383	529	464	763	709	523	345	600	219
Dec	6,424	6,399	6,166	5,160	303	747	574	400	550	473	810	750	553	358	648	228
2009 Mar	6,414	6,407	6,149	5,143	302	743	574	399	549	467	810	747	552	358	647	230
Jun	6,402	6,407	6,136	5,140	302	743	568	399	548	485	812	732	550	356	639	230
Sep	6,412	6,440	6,148	5,156	303	742	571	396	550	485	819	737	554	356	637	228
Dec	6,451	6,428	6,194	5,197	302	745	579	399	549	487	833	741	563	358	639	230
2010 Mar	6,428	6,420	6,169	5,179	302	742	574	401	547	487	831	738	557	354	636	229
Jun	6,394	6,397	6,139	5,154	299	738	572	398	547	487	831	732	551	352	632	227
Sep	6,329	6,358	6,079	5,105	293	733	564	398	544	483	818	729	543	349	625	222
Dec	6,327	6,306	6,078	5,105	291	728	556	400	547	488	818	735	542	349	625	224
2011 Mar	6,296	6,284	6,052	5,085	289	724	562	398	542	487	811	732	540	346	621	223
Jun	6,194	6,198	5,946	5,000	282	708	553	393	530	480	802	720	532	341	604	222 218
Sep Dec	6,145 6,142	6,173 6,123	5,901 5,899	4,968 4,967	279 280	703 702	544 545	391 392	528 529	478 478	799 799	717 717	530 526	337 339	596 594	218
2012 Mar	6,097 5,842	6,086 5,844	5,851 5,598	4,919 4,673	277 263	698 663	538 512	389 363	528 499	474 451	795 763	713 675	508 486	340 337	592 588	219 218
Jun Sep	5,807	5,835	5,566	4,650	261	664	508	362	496	441	764	675	479	333	583	215
Dec	5,830	5,809	5,587	4,670	263	666	512	364	496	438	767	680	484	335	583	218
2013 Mar	5,812	5,801	5,571	4.652	261	662	511	361	491	440	764	683	479	335	584	218
Jun	5,794	5,798	5,551	4,631	258	659	507	359	491	436	772	670	478	335	585	218
Sep	5,789	5,817	5,548	4,632	257	647	501	362	490	435	779	677	484	333	583	216
Dec	5,638	5,632	5,400	4,505	251	633	488	353	482	430	755	655	458	326	570	213
2014 Mar	5,540	5,526	5,303	4,436	246	626	475	351	472	426	744	648	448	318	548	213
Jun	5,512	5,508	5,275	4,412	244	622	472	348	470	424	742	643	446	315	548	212
Sep	5,489	5,512	5,254	4,396	242	620	469	344	468	422	742	643	446	313	545	211
Dec	5,499	5,494	5,263	4,405	242	619	470	344	469	424	744	649	444	312	546	213
2015 Mar	5,485	5,473	5,251	4,407	240	620	470	344	468	425	746	649	446	297	547	212
Jun	5,453	5,449	5,223	4,383	238	618	466	341	466	422	743	645	444	295	545	211
Sep Dec	5,430 5,450	5,452 5,443	5,208 5,227	4,372 4,391	240 241	616 618	462 464	341 341	463 465	420 425	741 743	644 647	444 445	291 291	545 545	207 207
2016 Mar	5,458 5,433	5,445 5,430	5,234 5,211	4,394 4,374	241 239	620 617	467 465	341 341	463 460	426 424	743 739	647 644	446 446	293 292	546 545	208 206
Jun Sep	5,421	5,442	5,203	4,370	236	616	465	340	461	424	739	641	447	291	542	202
Change on year to:																
2016 Sep	-9	-10	-4	-1	-4	-1	3	-1	-2	4	-2	-3	4	0	-3	-5
% change	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	-1.7	-0.1	0.7	-0.2	-0.4	1.0	-0.2	-0.5	0.8	-0.1	-0.5	-2.5
% of total employment	t ⁵															
2015 Sep	17.2	17.4	17.1	16.5	21.2	18.3	18.4	15.9	17.8	15.3	14.9	15.2	16.3	21.4	20.9	25.8
2016 Jun	17.1 17.0	17.1	17.0 16.9	16.4	20.9 20.2	18.5 18.3	18.4	15.5 15.4	17.5 17.2	15.1 15.4	14.6 14.5	15.2 15.1	16.5 16.3	20.8 20.8	20.7 21.0	25.3 24.8
Sep	17.0	17.1	10.9	16.3	20.2	16.3	18.1	10.4	17.2	15.4	14.5	10.1	16.3	20.8	21.0	24.8

Source: Off

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

Estimates are based on where people are employed.

Quarterly changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

In recent years the public and private sector propriet series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

Further Education corporations and Sinth Form Colleges corporations in England are included in the private sector for much private sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pic is included in the public sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Bank in Scottand pic is included in the public sector from December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Network Rail is included in the public sector from December 2008 to the temperate sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the public sector from December 2008 to the temperate sector for earlier time periods.

Notherm Rock is included in the public sector from December 2002 convards it is included in the public sector from September 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Notherm Rock is included in the public sector from September 2008 to the private sector for earlier time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2009 and the private sector for earlier time periods.

Welsh further education colleges are flexified with from colleges corporations classified to the public sector from 1993 to March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector from 1993 to March 2012 and to the private sector thereafter.

Welsh further education colleges are included in the private sector for sequent periods.

English further exclusion colleges are included in the private s

- Usr rates based on total employment that incluses overseas employees, those who did not state their region of workplace when surveyed under the Labour Force Survey and public sector employees that could not be assigned to a region.

 The estimate for Great Britain is the sum total of England, Wales and Scotland.

 Estimates of public sector employment for Scotland are supplied by Scotlish Government and match those produced by Scotlish Government for September (Q3) 2016.

 For further details see http://www.gov.scot/TopicsStatisticsBrowset_abour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

 Estimates of public sector employment for Northern Ireland will differ to those published by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency which exclude HM Forces personnel. Further details can be found at http://ttp://www.delring.ov.uk/states.pub-18

 The use of workplace based LFS estimates of total employment may overestimate the proportion of public sector employment for Northern Ireland.

								Reg	ion							
All employees																
		United Kingdom														
	United	(seasonally	Great		North	North	Yorkshire and	East	West			South	South			Northern
	Kingdom 78	adjusted)78	Britain 9	England	East	West	The Humber	Midlands	Midlands	East	London	East	West	Wales	Scotland 10	Ireland 11 12
Area Code	K02000001	K02000001	K03000001	E92000001	E12000001	E12000002	E12000003	E12000004	E12000005	E12000006	E12000007	E12000008	E12000009	W92000004	S92000003	N92000002
2008	5,547	5,552	5,294	4,385	266	642	486	347	468	426	675	608	467	326	583	219
2009	5,609	5,615	5,356	4,450	267	647	493	356	467	439	688	612	479	327	580	221
2010	5,617	5,624	5,375	4,476	266	642	498	356	468	425	708	634	479	325	574	218
2011	5,436 5,299	5,442 5,305	5,200 5,066	4,336 4,218	251 244	617 602	476 462	352 338	454 447	418 410	679 666	627 613	462 436	313 309	551 539	213 210
2012																
2013	5,265	5,271	5,034	4,191	239	600	462	335	441	395	677	609	433	309	534	211
2014	5,252	5,258	5,017	4,183	233	586	456	338	441	404	686	612	427	301	533	210
2015	5,210	5,216	4,982	4,158	228 230	583	450	331	437	401	689	614 614	425	292 290	532 530	209
2016	5,196	5,201	4,976	4,156	230	583	451	331	431	404	686	614	427	290	530	204
2008 Mar	5.547	5,537	5.293	4.384	266	640	487	347	468	427	676	606	467	326	582	221
Jun	5,547	5,552	5,294	4,385	266	642	486	347	468	426	675	608	467	326	583	219
Sep	5,567	5,581	5,320	4,411	266	639	493	349	469	425	680	622	470	326	583	214
Dec	5,608	5,599	5,363	4,451	267	649	497	355	467	427	683	625	480	327	585	219
2009 Mar	5.617	5,606	5,364	4.449	267	647	498	356	468	422	685	626	481	328	586	221
Jun	5,609	5,615	5,356	4,449	267	647	493	356	467	439	688	612	479	327	580	221
Sep	5,627	5,641	5,376	4,471	268	646	497	354	470	439	694	620	483	327	577	220
Dec	5,656	5,648	5,413	4,504	266	650	503	356	469	441	707	622	491	329	579	221
2010 Mar	5,655	5,643	5,407	4,504	269	646	500	360	469	425	709	641	486	326	578	221
2010 Mar Jun	5,617	5,624	5,407	4,476	266	642	498	356	469	425	709	634	479	325	574	218
Sep	5,557	5,570	5,319	4,431	260	639	489	357	465	421	695	632	472	321	568	214
Dec	5,543	5,536	5,310	4,426	259	634	485	358	469	424	692	637	470	321	563	215
	5,528	5,515	5,298	4,413	257	631	484	356	464	425	688	637	470	318	567	215
2011 Mar Jun	5,436	5,442	5,298	4,413	257	617	464	352	464 454	425	679	627	462	313	551	213
Sep	5.396	5,409	5,165	4,312	249	612	468	350	453	417	677	624	461	309	544	210
Dec	5,379	5,373	5,148	4,297	249	609	468	349	453	415	675	623	456	310	541	210
2012 Mar	5,352 5,299	5,338 5,305	5,118 5,066	4,266 4,218	248 244	608 602	465 462	348 338	453 447	413 410	673 666	620 613	436 436	311 309	542 539	211 210
Jun Sep	5,299	5,305	5,045	4,218	244	604	460	338	447	401	669	614	436	309	536	208
Dec	5,274	5,269	5,044	4,204	243	604	462	338	443	396	670	616	433	306	533	210
2013 Mar	5,280 5,265	5,266 5,271	5,050 5,034	4,206 4,191	241 239	603 600	463 462	337 335	440 441	399 395	670 677	622 609	430 433	308 309	536 534	211 211
Jun Sep	5,205	5,271	5,034	4,191	239	590	459	338	441	395	686	617	433	309	533	209
Dec	5,274	5,272	5,043	4,205	239	590	461	340	444	405	682	615	430	305	533	210
2014 Mar	5,278	5,264	5,043	4,206	236 233	590	460	340 338	442	406 404	687	616	429 427	303	534 533	210
Jun Sep	5,252 5,231	5,258 5,245	5,017 4,999	4,183 4,169	233	586 585	456 453	338	441 438	404 401	686 687	612 612	427 427	301 299	533	210 209
Dec	5,244	5,245	5.010	4,180	232	584	455	333	439	404	690	618	425	298	532	210
		-,	-,-	,												
2015 Mar	5,242	5,228	5,011	4,182	230	585	455	334	439	404	692	618	427	295	533	210
Jun	5,210	5,216	4,982	4,158	228	583	450	331	437	401	689	614	425	292	532	209
Sep Dec	5,187 5,209	5,201 5,203	4,967 4,987	4,148 4,168	230 232	581 583	447 449	331 331	434 436	400 404	687 689	613 616	425 427	289 288	531 531	205 205
2016 Mar	5,217	5,203	4,995	4,172	232	585	451	331	434	405	690	616	427	291	532	205
Jun	5,196	5,201	4,976	4,156	230	583	451	331	431	404	686	614	427	290	530	204
Sep	5,188	5,203	4,972	4,155	227	582	451	331	433	404	688	611	429	288	529	200
Change on year to:																
2016 Sep	1	2	5	8	-3	1	4	0	-1	5	1	-2	4	0	-2	-5
% change	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	-1.3	0.1	0.9	-0.1	-0.3	1.2	0.1	-0.3	1.0	-0.1	-0.4	-2.6
% of total employment	6															
2015 Sep	16.5	16.6	16.3	15.7	20.3	17.3	17.8	15.4	16.7	14.5	13.8	14.4	15.6	21.3	20.3	25.5
2016 Jun	16.4	16.4	16.2	15.6	20.1	17.5	17.8	15.0	16.4	14.4	13.5	14.5	15.8	20.6	20.2	25.0
Sep	16.3	16.4	16.1	15.5	19.4	17.3	17.5	15.0	16.1	14.7	13.5	14.4	15.7	20.6	20.5	24.5
Cap	,													Source: Of		

- Source: Of For analysis purposes, employment of bodies subject to major reclassifications over the series have been excluded from the estimates in this table to provide a trend on a consistent basis in recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

 Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the public sector for people have moved between the public sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2013 but in the public sector for molecember 2013 but in the private sector for molecember 2013 but in the private sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2013 but in the private sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2013 but in the private sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2013 but in the private sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2012. From December 2012 but in the private sector for series in encladed in the public sector for December 2012. From December 2012 but in the private sector for series and later time periods.

 Newtork Rail is included in the public sector from December 2012 but in the private sector for series and later time periods.

 Bradford and Bringly is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for series and later time periods.

 Bradford and Bringly is included in the public sector from Membershall becember 2013 but in the private sector for series.

 Weish further education colleges are included in the private sector from Membershall because the public sector series in the private sector from 1993 to March 2012, and to the private sector threads sector threads.

 Weish further education colleges are included in the private sector from Membershall but in the private sector from 1993 t

								Reg	ion							
All employees		United Kingdom														
	United Kingdom ⁷	(seasonally adjusted) 7	Great Britain ⁸	England	North East		Yorkshire and The Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland 9	Northern Ireland 10 11
Area Code	K02000001	K02000001	K03000001	E92000001	E12000001	E12000002	E12000003	E12000004	E12000005	E12000006	E12000007	E12000008	E12000009	W92000004	S92000003	N92000002
2008	23,703	23,706	22,953	19,995	849	2,513	1,898	1,630	1,980	2,109	3,534	3,417	2,064	1,018	1,941	547
2009	22,607	22,611	21,903	19,099	771	2,430	1,810	1,630	1,870	2,026	3,368	3,261	1,933	958	1,846	511
2010	22,922	22,928	22,139	19,347	826	2,479	1,793	1,576	1,949	2,069	3,416	3,249	1,992	967	1,825	538
2011 2012	23,142 23,893	23,147 23,902	22,400 22,996	19,520 20,119	812 843	2,486 2,565	1,832 1,837	1,636 1,688	1,888 1,971	2,152 2,124	3,473 3,680	3,277 3,351	1,964 2,060	979 986	1,901 1,891	563 551
2013	24,189	24,201	23,264	20,318	837	2,542	1,895	1,645	1,974	2,173	3,833	3,388	2,033	994	1,951	568
2014	25,175	25,200	24,318	21,248	864 880	2,608	1,999	1,722	2,076	2,262	4,044	3,504	2,169	1,021	2,050	577
2015 2016	25,733 26,316	25,759 26,337	24,880 25,470	21,758 22,269	905	2,696 2,715	2,041 2,061	1,808 1,864	2,097 2,165	2,288 2,375	4,152 4,330	3,524 3,598	2,273 2,256	1,071 1,116	2,051 2.085	589 609
2016	20,310	20,337	23,470	22,209	500	2,715	2,001	1,004	2,100	2,373	4,330	3,390	2,230	1,110	2,000	003
2008 Mar	23,646	23,731	22,898	19,933	839	2,493	1,892	1,647	2,003	2,106	3,554	3,345	2,053	1,004	1,960	552
Jun	23,703	23,706	22,953	19,995	849	2,513	1,898	1,630	1,980	2,109	3,534	3,417	2,064	1,018	1,941	547
Sep	23,497	23,389	22,769	19,802	842	2,470	1,884	1,657	1,941	2,111	3,470	3,384	2,043	1,010	1,957	548
Dec	23,146	23,140	22,435	19,578	817	2,464	1,834	1,638	1,916	2,095	3,497	3,310	2,006	967	1,890	523
2009 Mar	22,775	22,865	22,072	19,252	795	2,443	1,799	1,631	1,889	2,068	3,410	3,264	1,953	954	1,866	509
Jun	22,607	22,611	21,903	19,099	771	2,430	1,810	1,630	1,870	2,026	3,368	3,261	1,933	958	1,846	511
Sep	22,751	22,644	22,047	19,251	787	2,461	1,808	1,668	1,916	2,040	3,407	3,232	1,933	919	1,876	524
Dec	22,636	22,629	21,903	19,150	800	2,430	1,815	1,606	1,921	2,045	3,372	3,220	1,940	920	1,832	527
2010 Mar	22.534	22,628	21,770	19,053	810	2,426	1,791	1,569	1,891	2.027	3,392	3,218	1.928	938	1,779	533
Jun	22,922	22,928	22,139	19,347	826	2,479	1,793	1,576	1,949	2,069	3,416	3,249	1,992	967	1,825	538
Sep	23,061	22,950	22,299	19,463	816	2,473	1,770	1,603	1,932	2,100	3,504	3,251	2,015	971	1,864	535
Dec	23,085	23,085	22,316	19,479	804	2,471	1,804	1,599	1,892	2,144	3,502	3,270	1,992	968	1,870	532
2011 Mar	23,054	23,152	22,275	19,434	788	2,441	1,779	1,605	1,904	2,171	3,524	3,250	1,971	975	1,866	549
Jun	23,142	23,147	22,400	19,520	812	2,486	1,832	1,636	1,888	2,152	3,473	3,277	1,964	979	1,901	563
Sep	23,236	23,124	22,479	19,588	806	2,515	1,805	1,629	1,922	2,125	3,513	3,278	1,997	985	1,906	570
Dec	23,222	23,228	22,451	19,584	822	2,477	1,808	1,625	1,942	2,128	3,528	3,272	1,982	983	1,884	570
2012 Mar	23,315	23,409	22,458	19,624	833	2,475	1,791	1,646	1,929	2,125	3,581	3,274	1,971	959	1,874	554
Jun	23,893	23,902	22,996	20,119	843	2,565	1,837	1,688	1,971	2,124	3,680	3,351	2,060	986	1,891	551
Sep	24,021	23,908	23,097	20,223	859	2,544	1,887	1,705	1,993	2,119	3,737	3,318	2,062	969	1,904	560
Dec	24,068	24,078	23,186	20,322	848	2,552	1,872	1,687	2,053	2,152	3,816	3,295	2,047	963	1,901	548
2013 Mar	23,997	24,080	23,089	20,180	844	2,546	1,871	1,670	1,991	2,106	3,815	3,306	2,031	972	1,937	556
Jun	24,189	24,201	23,264	20,318	837	2,542	1,895	1,645	1,974	2,173	3,833	3,388	2,033	994	1,951	568
Sep	24,513	24,401	23,598	20,599	846	2,545	1,930	1,704	2,020	2,240	3,874	3,374	2,066	1,028	1,972	564
Dec	24,696	24,690	23,839	20,810	855	2,549	1,947	1,675	2,048	2,237	3,937	3,441	2,122	1,042	1,986	568
2014 Mar	25,030	25,110	24,181	21,149	878	2,596	1,987	1,705	2,057	2,260	4,024	3,463	2,180	1,024	2,008	581
Jun	25,175	25,200	24,318	21,248	864	2,608	1,999	1,722	2,076	2,262	4,044	3,504	2,169	1,021	2,050	577
Sep	25,437	25,326	24,581	21,520	897	2,662	2,027	1,773	2,101	2,267	4,103	3,486	2,205	1,014	2,046	589
Dec	25,515	25,509	24,702	21,627	901	2,693	2,030	1,757	2,131	2,270	4,142	3,509	2,193	1,028	2,047	578
2015 Mar	25,584	25,660	24,754	21,647	907	2,698	2,013	1,766	2,113	2,267	4,133	3,522	2,229	1,036	2,070	586
Jun	25,733	25,759	24,880	21,758	880	2,696	2,041	1,808	2,097	2,288	4,152	3,524	2,273	1,071	2,051	589
Sep	26,077	25,968 26,095	25,218	22,083	895 929	2,745	2,048	1,810	2,143	2,329 2,323	4,222 4,226	3,604	2,286	1,067	2,068	597 600
Dec	26,100		25,250	22,074		2,753	2,042	1,826	2,137			3,618	2,220	1,107	2,069	
2016 Mar	26,074	26,149	25,206	22,084	911	2,720	2,028	1,838	2,144	2,306	4,296	3,608	2,233	1,104	2,017	616
Jun	26,316	26,337 26,320	25,470 25,612	22,269	905 934	2,715 2,741	2,061	1,864	2,165 2,224	2,375 2,323	4,330 4,361	3,598 3,614	2,256 2,290	1,116	2,085 2,042	609 614
Sep	26,420	20,320	25,612	22,464	934	2,741	2,106	1,870	2,224	2,323	4,301	3,014	2,290	1,106	2,042	614
Change on year to:																
2016 Sep	343	352	394	380	39	-4	58	60	81	-6	138	10	4	39	-26	16
% change	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	4.3	-0.2	2.8	3.3	3.8	-0.2	3.3	0.3	0.2	3.7	-1.2	2.7
% of total employment	6															
2015 Sep	82.8	82.6	82.9	83.5	78.8	81.7	81.6	84.1	82.2	84.7	85.1	84.8	83.7	78.6	79.1	74.2
2016 Jun	82.9	82.9	83.0	83.6	79.1	81.5	81.6	84.5	82.5	84.9	85.4	84.8	83.5	79.2	79.3	74.7
Sep	83.0	82.9	83.1	83.7	79.8	81.7	81.9	84.6	82.8	84.6	85.5	84.9	83.7	79.2	79.0	75.2

- Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates are based on where people are employed.

 Quarterly changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

 Estimated as the difference between Labour Force Survey (LFS) All in employment aged 16 and over by region of workplace and data from public sector organisations. LFS data refer March to February-April, June to May-July, September to August-October and December to November-January.

 In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

 Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector for more people as the public sector for December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bakin (Sociated pits included in the public sector from December 2003 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Network Rail is included in the private sector from December 2002 to December 2013 but in the private sector for serier and subsequent periods.

 Network Rail is included in the private sector from December 2003 to Unit to Period sector for serier and subsequent periods.

 Network Rail is included in the public sector from December 2002 to Wards it is included in the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector for series in the private sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector.)

 Northern Rock is included in the public sector from September 2003 to Unit the private sector for earlier time periods.

 Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sec

								Reg	ion							
All employees		United Kingdom														
	United Kingdom ⁸	(seasonally adjusted) 8	Great Britain 9	England	North East		Yorkshire and The Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland 10	Northern Ireland 11 12
Area Code	K02000001	K02000001	K03000001	E92000001	E12000001	E12000002	E12000003	E12000004	E12000005	E12000006	E12000007	E12000008	E12000009	W92000004	S92000003	N92000002
2008	24,139	24,144	23,382	20,386	874	2,567	1,939	1,660	2,023	2,136	3,592	3,489	2,106	1,037	1,958	551
2009	23,400	23,403	22,683	19,790	806	2,526	1,885	1,673	1,951	2,072	3,491	3,382	2,004	987	1,906	520
2010	23,699	23,701	22,902	20,025	858	2,575	1,866	1,617	2,028	2,131	3,539	3,347	2,064	995	1,883	546
2011	23,900 24,436	23,903 24,441	23,145 23,528	20,184	843 862	2,578 2,625	1,909 1,886	1,677 1,712	1,965 2,023	2,214	3,595 3,778	3,370 3,413	2,033	1,007	1,954 1,940	571 559
2012	24,436		23,528	20,574	862	2,625	1,886	1,/12	2,023	2,166	3,778	3,413	2,109	1,013	1,940	
2013	24,718	24,728	23,780	20,758	855	2,601	1,940	1,669	2,024	2,214	3,929	3,449	2,078	1,020	2,002	576
2014	25,435	25,450	24,576	21,477	875	2,644	2,014	1,733	2,105	2,283	4,100	3,536	2,188	1,035	2,064	579
2015	25,976	25,992	25,120	21,982	890	2,731	2,056	1,818	2,126	2,308	4,206	3,555	2,292	1,073	2,065	591
2016	26,553	26,566	25,705	22,487	913	2,750	2,075	1,874	2,194	2,395	4,382	3,629	2,274	1,118	2,100	611
2008 Mar	24,080	24,169	23,323	20,322	864	2,546	1,933	1,677	2,046	2,134	3,611	3,417	2,095	1,024	1,978	557
Jun	24,139	24,144	23,382	20,386	874	2,567	1,939	1,660	2,023	2,136	3,592	3,489	2,106	1,037	1,958	551
Sep	24,050	23,954	23,314	20,310	872	2,541	1,933	1,692	2,001	2,150	3,553	3,471	2,097	1,030	1,975	552
Dec	23,962	23,940	23,237	20,287	853	2,562	1,911	1,682	1,998	2,141	3,625	3,435	2,079	998	1,953	532
2009 Mar	23,572	23,666	22,857	19,946	830	2,539	1,875	1,674	1,970	2,113	3,534	3,386	2,024	984	1,927	518
Jun	23,400	23,403	22,683	19,790	806	2,526	1,885	1,673	1,951	2,072	3,491	3,382	2,004	987	1,906	520
Sep	23,536	23,443	22,819	19,936	822	2,557	1,882	1,710	1,995	2,085	3,532	3,349	2,003	948	1,936	532
Dec	23,431	23,409	22,684	19,843	836	2,526	1,890	1,649	2,002	2,091	3,497	3,340	2,013	949	1,892	535
2010 Mar	23,307	23,405	22,531	19,728	843	2,521	1,864	1,610	1,970	2,089	3,515	3,316	1,999	966	1,837	542
Jun	23,699	23,701	22,902	20,025	858	2,575	1,866	1,617	2,028	2,131	3,539	3,347	2,064	995	1,883	546
Sep	23,833	23,738	23,058	20,137	849	2,566	1,845	1,644	2,010	2,162	3,627	3,348	2,086	999	1,922	543
Dec	23,869	23,855	23,085	20,158	836	2,566	1,875	1,641	1,971	2,209	3,629	3,368	2,064	996	1,931	540
2011 Mar	23,822	23,921	23,029	20,106	820	2,535	1,857	1,647	1,981	2,233	3,647	3,345	2,041	1,003	1,920	558
Jun	23,900	23,903	23,145	20,184	843	2,578	1,909	1,677	1,965	2,214	3,595	3,370	2,033	1,007	1,954	571
Sep	23,985	23,888	23,215	20,245	836	2,606	1,881	1,670	1,997	2,186	3,634	3,370	2,065	1,012	1,958	579
Dec	23,985	23,978	23,202	20,254	853	2,570	1,885	1,667	2,018	2,191	3,652	3,366	2,052	1,011	1,937	578
2012 Mar	24,060	24,157	23,190	20,278	862	2,565	1,864	1,687	2,003	2,186	3,703	3,367	2,042	988	1,925	562
Jun	24,436	24,441	23,528	20,574	862	2,625	1,886	1,712	2,023	2,166	3,778	3,413	2,109	1,013	1,940	559
Sep	24,555	24,457	23,619	20,670	878	2,603	1,936	1,729	2,044	2,159	3,831	3,379	2,110	996	1,952	568
Dec	24,624	24,618	23,729	20,788	868	2,614	1,922	1,713	2,106	2,195	3,913	3,359	2,098	991	1,950	556
2013 Mar	24,529	24,615	23,610	20,627	864	2,605	1,920	1,694	2,041	2,147	3,909	3,367	2,080	999	1,985	563
Jun	24,718	24,728	23,780	20,758	855	2,601	1,940	1,669	2,024	2,214	3,929	3,449	2,078	1,020	2,002	576
Sep	25,028	24,931	24,101	21,024	864	2,602	1,971	1,728	2,068	2,279	3,966	3,435	2,111	1,054	2,022	571
Dec	25,057	25,050	24,195	21,110	867	2,593	1,974	1,688	2,086	2,261	4,011	3,481	2,149	1,062	2,023	572
2014 Mar	25,292	25,372	24,440	21,380	888	2,632	2,002	1,715	2,087	2,281	4,080	3,495	2,200	1,038	2,022	584
Jun	25,435	25,450	24,576	21,477	875	2,644	2,014	1,733	2,105	2,283	4,100	3,536	2,188	1,035	2,064	579
Sep	25,695	25,593	24,836	21,748	907	2,697	2,043	1,783	2,130	2,287	4,158	3,517	2,224	1,029	2,059	591
Dec	25,770	25,764	24,954	21,852	911	2,727	2,046	1,767	2,160	2,291	4,197	3,540	2,212	1,042	2,060	580
2015 Mar	25,827	25,905	24,995	21,872	917	2,733	2,029	1,776	2,142	2,288	4,187	3,553	2,248	1,039	2,084	588
Jun	25,976	25,992	25,120	21,982	890	2,731	2,056	1,818	2,126	2,308	4,206	3,555	2,292	1,073	2,065	591
Sep	26,320	26,219	25,458	22,308	905	2,780	2,063	1,820	2,172	2,350	4,277	3,635	2,305	1,069	2,081	600
Dec	26,341	26,335	25,489	22,297	938	2,788	2,057	1,836	2,166	2,343	4,280	3,649	2,239	1,109	2,083	602
2016 Mar	26,315	26,391	25,445	22,306	920	2,755	2,044	1,848	2,173	2,326	4,349	3,639	2,252	1,107	2,031	618
Jun	26,553	26,566	25,705	22,487	913	2,750	2,075	1,874	2,194	2,395	4,382	3,629	2,274	1,118	2,100	611
Sep	26,653	26,559	25,843	22,679	943	2,775	2,120	1,879	2,253	2,343	4,412	3,645	2,309	1,109	2,056	616
Change on year to:																
2016 Sep	333	340	384	371	38	-5	57	59	80	-6	136	9	3	39	-26	17
% change	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	4.1	-0.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	-0.3	3.2	0.2	0.1	3.7	-1.2	2.8
% of total employment	7															
2015 Sep	83.5	83.4	83.7	84.3	79.7	82.7	82.2	84.6	83.3	85.5	86.2	85.6	84.4	78.7	79.7	74.5
2016 Jun	83.6	83.6	83.8	84.4	79.9	82.5	82.2	85.0	83.6	85.6	86.5	85.5	84.2	79.4	79.8	75.0
Sep	83.7	83.6	83.9	84.5	80.6	82.7	82.5	85.0	83.9	85.3	86.5	85.6	84.3	79.4	79.5	75.5

- For analysis purposes, employment of bodies subject to major reclassifications over the series have been included in the estimates in this table to provide a trend on a consistent basis.

 In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

 Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sectors. These major reclassifications are sold in the public sector for certifier the periods.

 Royal Mail jot is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bank Jot Soldand pits included in the public sector from December 2015 but in the private sector for series and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bank Jot Soldand pits included in the public sector from December 2008 to 10 secondary 2013 but in the private sector for series and later time periods.

 Network Rail is included in the public sector from December 2002 rowards it is included in the public sector from December 2002 rowards it is included in the public sector from December 2002 rowards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector from December 2002 rowards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector from December 2002 rowards it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for series and later time periods.

 English turther education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 and March 2015 and March 2015. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2016.

 English number sector thereafter.

 Weish further education colleges are included in

						Н	eadcount Great	Britain, not seaso	nally adjusted
				n			oudoum, Grout		Change on
			-	September 20				June 2016	Quarter
	Full-time	Male Part-time	Total	Full-time	Female Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total
Permanent Employees									
Attorney General's departments	2,730	210	2,940	3,250	1,810	5,050	7,990	8,070	-80
Business, Innovation and Skills	6,710	600	7,300	5,100	2,720	7,820	15,130	15,120	10
Cabinet Office	1,210	40	1,240	1,060	170	1,230	2,480	2,230	250
Other Cabinet Office agencies	380	30	410	350	60	410	820	800	20
Charity Commission	130	10	140	100	60	160	300	280	30
Communities and Local Government	1,010	110	1,120	780	290	1,070	2,190	2,230	-40
Culture, Media and Sport	580	30	610	490	100	590	1,200	1,210	-10
Defence	32,180	1,310	33,490	15,800	3,900	19,700	53,190	52,780	410
Education	1,480	40	1,510	1,710	490	2,200	3,720	3,440	270
Energy and Climate Change	710	30	740	570	120	690	1,420	1,450	-30
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	2,940	230	3,180	2,460	1,210	3,670	6,850	6,800	50
ESTYN	40	10	50	50	10	70	120	110	10
Export Credits Guarantee Department	150		150	70	20	80	240	250	-10
Food Standards Agency	670	40	720	280	60	340	1.060	1.050	10
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	3.220	80	3.290	2.010	230	2.250	5.540	5,470	60
Health	2.680	160	2,840	3,800	1,090	4.890	7,730	8,020	-290
HM Revenue and Customs	26.840	4.130	30.970	21.860	17.630	39,490	70.450	69.980	470
HM Treasury	620	10	630	510	80	590	1,220	1,200	30
Chancellor's other departments	410	20	420	270	80	340	770	770	-10
Home Office	11.820	1.050	12.870	9.250	4.710	13.960	26.830	26.940	-110
International Development	830	30	860	960	180	1.140	2.000	1.970	30
Justice	28.250	2.650	30.910	25.640	9,950	35,580	66,490	67,490	-1.000
National Crime Agency	2,660	40	2,700	1.400	3,930	1,710	4,410	4,350	60
Northern Ireland Office	2,000		40	40	10	50	90	4,330	10
Office for Standards in Education	540	30	570	790	140	930	1.490	1,460	30
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	420	10	430	330	50	380	810	780	30
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	80		80	100	10	120	200	180	20
Scotland Office	40		50	50	10	60	110	110	
Transport	7.030	720	7.750	3.930	2.380	6.310	14.060	13.990	80
	,	560	,	-1	,	-1-	1	-1	-90
UK Statistics Authority	1,050		1,610	1,030	1,000	2,030	3,640	3,720	
UK Supreme Court	20	0	20	20 20		20	40	40	
Wales Office	20	0	20			20	40	40	0
Work and Pensions	23,880	4,190	28,070	27,670	29,930	57,600	85,670	86,530	-860
Central Government Departments Total	161,350	16,370	177,720	131,740	78,810	210,550	388,270	388,940	-670
Scottish Government	7,840	610	8,450	5,860	2,120	7,970	16,420	16,430	-10
Welsh Government	2,080	160	2,240	2,280	880	3,160	5,400	5,410	
TOTAL	171,270	17,140	188,410	139,870	81,810	221,680	410,090	410,770	-680

				September 20	16			June 2016	Change on Quarter
		Male			Female				
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total
Temporary/Casual Employees									
Attorney General's departments	50		60	120		120	170	150	30
Business, Innovation and Skills	120	10	120	80		80	210	150	50
Cabinet Office	30	0	30	40	10	40	70	70	
Other Cabinet Office agencies	20	0	20	20	0	20	50	70	-20
Charity Commission	10	0	10	10		10	10	30	-20
Communities and Local Government		0		10	0	10	10	10	
Culture, Media and Sport	10		20	20	10	20	40	40	-10
Defence	100	10	110	60	20	80	190	210	-20
Education	30		30	60		60	90	90	
Energy and Climate Change	20	0	20	10	0	10	30	30	-10
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	50	0	50	60	10	70	110	80	30
ESTYN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department	10	0	10	10	0	10	10		10
Food Standards Agency	10	ō	10	10		10	20	30	
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	10	10	20	10		10	30	30	-10
Health	220	40	260	380	80	460	720	540	180
HM Revenue and Customs	120	10	130	80	30	120	250	280	-40
HM Treasury	30	10	40	20	10	30	70	80	-10
Chancellor's other departments	10	0	10	20	0	20	30	20	10
Home Office	270	290	560	270	170	440	1,000	1,120	-120
International Development	40	0	40	50		50	100	120	-30
Justice	310	20	330	410	70	480	810	360	450
National Crime Agency	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Office for Standards in Education	20	0	20	20		20	40	10	30
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	50		50	60		60	110	90	20
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	-10
Scotland Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-10
Transport	170	20	190	150	50	190	390	350	30
UK Statistics Authority	50	0	50	40		40	100	70	30
UK Supreme Court		0		10		10	100	10	
Wales Office		0			0				
Wares Office Work and Pensions	360		370	330	20	340	710	440	270
Central Government Departments Total	2,120	430	2,550	2,340	470	2,810	5,360	4,500	870
Scottish Government	180	20	200	190	30	220	420	420	-10
Welsh Government	10		10	10	10	20	20	10	10
TOTAL	2,310	450	2,760	2,540	510	3,050	5,800	4,930	880

			June 2016	Change on Quarter					
		Male			Female				·
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total
All Employees	173,580	17,580	191,160	142,410	82,320	224,730	415,890	415,700	200

Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..". Data not available are represented by ".-". Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

8 ...continued, Civil Service employment by department

Full-time equivalents, Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

	Ser	otember 201	6	June 2016	Change or Quarte
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Tota
Permanent Employees					
Attorney General's departments	2,880	4,500	7,380	7,470	-90
Business, Innovation and Skills	7,120	7,060	14,180	14,160	20
Cabinet Office	1,230	1,190	2,420	2,180	250
Other Cabinet Office agencies	390	390	780	770	1
Charity Commission	140	140	280	260	3
Communities and Local Government	1,080	990	2,070	2,110	-4
Culture, Media and Sport	590	560	1,160	1,170	-1
Defence	33,070	18,570	51,640	51,250	40
Education	1,510	2,070	3,580	3,310	27
Energy and Climate Change	730	650	1,390	1,410	-3
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	3,110	3,310	6,410	6,380	3
ESTYN	50	60	110	100	1
Export Credits Guarantee Department	150	80	230	240	-1
Food Standards Agency	700	320	1,030	1,020	1
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	3,260	2,160	5,430	5,360	6
Health	2,780	4,550	7,330	7,600	-27
HM Revenue and Customs	29,620	33,970	63,600	63,000	60
HM Treasury	630	570	1,190	1,170	2
Chancellor's other departments	420	320	740	750	-1
Home Office	12,560	12,540	25,100	25,200	-10
International Development	850	1,080	1,930	1,910	3
Justice	29,800	32,160	61,960	63,020	-1,05
National Crime Agency	2,690	1,620	4,310	4,250	6
Northern Ireland Office	40	50	90	80	
Office for Standards in Education	560	880	1,440	1,400	4
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	430	370	800	770	3
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	80	110	190	180	2
Scotland Office	50	60	100	110	
Transport	7,510	5,490	13,000	12,920	8
UK Statistics Authority	1,400	1,680	3,070	3,140	-7
UK Supreme Court	20	20	40	40	
Wales Office	20	20	40	40	
Work and Pensions	26,970	48,950	75,920	76,290	-37
Central Government Departments Total	172,430	186,500	358,920	359,020	-10
Scottish Government	8,210	7,320	15,530	15,560	-3
Welsh Government	2,190	2,910	5,100	5,100	
TOTAL	182,830	196,730	379,550	379,680	-13

	Ser	September 2016		June 2016	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
Temporary/Casual Employees					
Attorney General's departments	60	120	170	150	30
Business, Innovation and Skills	120	80	210	150	50
Cabinet Office	30	40	70	60	
Other Cabinet Office agencies	20	20	50	70	-20
Charity Commission	10	10	10	30	-20
Communities and Local Government		10	10	10	
Culture, Media and Sport	20	20	40	40	-10
Defence	110	80	190	200	-10
Education	30	60	90	90	
Energy and Climate Change	20	10	30	30	-10
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	50	70	110	80	30
ESTYN	0	0	0	0	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department	10	10	10		10
Food Standards Agency	10	10	20	30	
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	10	10	20	30	-10
Health	240	410	650	480	170
HM Revenue and Customs	130	110	230	260	-30
HM Treasury	40	30	60	70	-10
Chancellor's other departments	10	20	30	20	10
Home Office	440	370	800	910	-110
International Development	40	50	90	120	-30
Justice	320	460	780	350	430
National Crime Agency	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0
Office for Standards in Education	20	20	40	10	30
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	50	60	110	90	20
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	0	0	0	10	-10
Scotland Office	0	0	0	0	0
Transport	180	170	360	330	30
UK Statistics Authority	50	40	100	70	20
UK Supreme Court		10	10	10	0
Wales Office					
Work and Pensions	360	340	700	430	270
Central Government Departments Total	2,370	2,610	4,980	4,130	850
Scottish Government	190	210	400	410	-10
Welsh Government	10	10	20	10	10
TOTAL	2,560	2,830	5,400	4,550	850

_	Sep	tember 201	6	June 2016	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
All Employees	185,390	199,560	384,950	384,230	720

Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..". Data not available are represented by ".". Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

9 Civil Service employment by department and agency ¹

	Septemb	er 2016 Full Time	June :		Change or	Quarter Full Time
	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent
Attorney General's departments						
Attorney General's Office	40	40	40	40		
Crown Prosecution Service HM Crown Prosecution Service Inspectorate	5,890 30	5,430 30	5,940 30	5,470 30	-60 	-50
Serious Fraud Office	400	390	400	390		
Government Legal Department	1,810	1,670	1,800	1,680	10	-10
usiness, Innovation and Skills	0.040	0.050	0.010	0.000	00	00
Business, Innovation and Skills (excluding agencies) ² Advisory Conciliation and Arbitration Service	2,940 840	2,850 760	2,910 850	2,820 780	30 -10	30 -10
Companies House	900	830	910	830	-10	
Competition and Markets Authority	580	560	580	550		
Insolvency Service	1,380	1,310 4,180	1,350	1,280 4,110	30 70	30 70
Land Registry Met Office	4,630 2,110	2,020	4,570 2,200	2,110	-90	-90
Skills Funding Agency	670	650	680	670	-20	-20
UK Intellectual Property Office UK Space Agency	1,220 80	1,150 80	1,150 80	1,080 80	70 	70
abinet Office	00	00	00	00		
Cabinet Office (excluding agencies) 3 4	2,540	2,490	2,290	2,240	250	250
her Cabinet Office agencies	770	730	770	750		00
Crown Commercial Service Government in Parliament	90	90	770 90	750 90		-20
narity Commission						
Charity Commission	320	300	300	280	10	10
pmmunities and Local Government Department for Communities and Local Government (excluding agencies)	1,440	1,400	1,460	1,420	-20	-20
Planning Inspectorate	710	630	730	650	-30	-20
Queen Elizabeth II Centre	50	50	50	50		-
ulture, Media and Sport Department for Culture, Media and Sport (excluding agencies)	530	520	530	520	0	0
Department for Culture, Media and Sport (excluding agencies) National Archives	530 590	520 560	610	520 580	-20	-20
Royal Parks	120	110	120	110		0
efence						
Ministry of Defence (excluding trading funds)	38,560	37,410	38,530	37,380	30	20
Defence Equipment and Support	10,250 3,720	10,010 3,590	9,930 3,680	9,700 3,540	320 50	310
Defence Science and Technology Laboratory UK Hydrographic Office	860	830	860	830	0	50
partment for Education						
Department for Education (excluding agencies)	2,490	2,390	2,260	2,170	230	220
Education Funding Agency	900	870	880	860	10	10
National College for Teaching and Leadership Standards and Testing Agency	310 120	290 120	270 120	250 120	40 	40
ergy and Climate Change						
Department of Energy and Climate Change ² Oil and Gas Authority	1,310 130	1,280 130	1,350 140	1,310 130	-30 	-40 0
vironment, Food and Rural Affairs						
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (excluding agencies)	1,730	1,660	1,700	1,630	30	30
Animal and Plant Health Agency	2,340	2,180	2,310	2,150	30	30
Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science	540	510	530	500	10	10
OFWAT Rural Payments Agency	190 2,010	190 1,840	170 2,030	170 1,860	20 -20	-30
Veterinary Medicines Directorate	150	150	150	140	-20	-30
STYN ESTYN	120	110	110	100	10	10
xport Credits Guarantee Department	120	110	110	100	10	10
Export Credits Guarantee Department	250	240	250	240		
ood Standards Agency Food Standards Agency	1,080	1,050	1,080	1,050		
reign and Commonwealth Office	,	,,,,,	,,,,,	,		
Foreign and Commonwealth Office (excluding agencies)	4,590	4,510	4,550	4,460	50	50
FCO Services Wilton Park Executive Agency	880 90	860 80	870 90	850 80	10	10 0
aith						
Department of Health (excluding agencies)	1,900	1,820	1,970	1,890	-70	-70
Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency Public Health England	1,270 5,280	1,220 4,940	1,270 5,320	1,210 4,980	10 -40	-30
M Revenue and Customs						
HM Revenue and Customs (excluding agencies) Valuation Office Agency	66,880 3,820	60,290 3,540	66,430 3,840	59,710 3,550	460 -20	580 -10
	3,020	3,340	3,040	3,330	-20	-10
M Treasury HM Treasury (excluding agencies)	1,260	1,230	1,250	1,220	10	10
Office for Budget Responsibility	20	20	20	20	10	10
nancellor's other departments	440	100	440	440		
Debt Management Office Government Actuary's Department	110 170	100 170	110 160	110 150	 10	10
Government Internal Audit Agency	340	320	340	320		
National Savings and Investments	180	180	190	180		
ome Office Home Office ³	27,830	25,900	28,060	26,110	-230	-210
ternational Development	,	****	,			
Department for International Development	2,090	2,030	2,090	2,030		

9 Civil Service employment by department and agency ¹

	Septemb	er 2016	June 2	2016	Change on Quarter		
	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	
hosti		•		•			
Justice Ministry of Justice (excluding agencies)	2,920	2,840	2.930	2,850	-10	-10	
Criminal Injuries Compensation Authority	270	260	260	240	10	10	
HM Courts and Tribunals Service	16,110	14,290	16,390	14,560	-280	-260	
Legal Aid Agency	1,360	1,290	1,570	1,480	-210	-200	
National Offender Management Service	45,560	43,060	45,610	43,210	-50	-150	
The Office of the Public Guardian	1,080	1,010	1,090	1,020	-10	-10	
National Crime Agency National Crime Agency	4,410	4,310	4,350	4,250	60	60	
Northern Ireland Office Northern Ireland Office	90	90	90	80	10		
Office for Standards in Education							
Office for Standards in Education	1,530	1,480	1,470	1,420	60	60	
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets							
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	930	910	880	860	50	50	
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	200	100	100	180	40	10	
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	200	190	190	180	10	10	
Scotland Office Scotland Office (incl. Office of the Advocate General for Scotland)	110	100	110	110			
	110	100	110	110			
Transport	0.400	0.000	0.000	0.000	70	70	
Department for Transport (excluding agencies) Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency	2,160 6,280	2,090 5,590	2,080 6,240	2,020 5,550	70 40	70 40	
Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency	6,280 4,510	4,260	4,520	4,270	-10	-10	
Maritime and Coastguard Agency	1,040	990	1,030	970	10	20	
Office of Rail and Road	300	290	310	290		0	
Vehicle Certification Agency	150	140	160	150			
UK Statistics Authority							
UK Statistics Authority	3,740	3,170	3,800	3,220	-60	-50	
UK Supreme Court UK Supreme Court	50	50	50	50	0		
	30	30	30	30	0		
Wales Office Wales Office	50	40	40	40			
Work and Pensions							
Department for Work and Pensions	83,660	74,100	84,230	74,170	-560	-70	
The Health and Safety Executive	2,720	2,520	2,740	2,550	-30	-30	
Scottish Government							
Scottish Government (excluding agencies)	5,390	5,150	5,420	5,180	-30	-30	
Accountant in Bankruptcy	140	130	140	120			
Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal	1,740	1,600	1,720	1,590	20	10	
Disclosure Scotland	310	290	320	300	-10	-10	
Education Scotland	280	270	290	280	-10	-10	
Food Standards Scotland	170 370	160 340	170 370	160 340		0	
National Records of Scotland Office of the Scotlish Charity Regulator	370 50	40	50	40		0	
Registers of Scotland	1,070	1,020	1,050	990	20	20	
Revenue Scotland	50	50	50	50	0	0	
Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service	1,690	1,530	1,660	1,510	30	20	
Scottish Housing Regulator	50	50	50	50			
Scottish Prison Service	4,580	4,390	4,610	4,430	-30	-40	
Scottish Public Pensions Agency	310	290	300	280	10	10	
Student Awards Agency for Scotland	260	250	260	260	-10	-10	
Transport Scotland	390	380	400	390		-10	
Welsh Government	5,420	5,120	F 440	5.110	10	10	
Welsh Government Total employment	415,890	384,950	5,410 415,700	384,230	200	720	

Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..".

It has not been possible to report the employment numbers at the Department for Business, Energy and Industry Strategy (BEIS) and the Department for International Trade (DIT) separately this quarter. This quarter employment has been reported under the previous structure, with entries for the Department of Energy and Climate Change (DECC) and the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills (BIS). The statistics will reflect the new Civil Service departments when it is possible for the departments to accurately report in this way.

Approximately 90 staff transferred from Home Office into the Cabinet Office between July and September 2016.

The Department for Exiting the European Union (DExEU) employment has not been reported separately in this release. Employees transferring to DExEU from other government departments have temporarily remained on their previous departments payroll, whilst the remaining employees have been included in the Cabinet Office's figure.

10 Employment in Executive NDPBs ^{1 2 3}

	September	2016	June 20	16	Change on (Quarter
Permanent Employees		Full Time		Full Time		Full Time
	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent
Business, Innovation and Skills	12,400	11,860	12,120	11,580	280	280
Communities and Local Government	940	920	950	920	-10	
Culture, Media and Sport	11,360	10,370	11,620	10,620	-260	-240
Defence	430	370	430	360		
Education	30	20	20	20		0
Energy and Climate Change	2,030	1,990	1,990	1,950	50	40
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 4	14,110	13,290	14,010	13,200	100	90
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	1,490	1,460	1,470	1,440	20	10
Health	11,020	10,540	10,880	10,410	140	140
Home Office	2,280	2,170	2,250	2,140	30	30
Justice	2,070	1,940	2,080	1,950	-20	-10
Transport	1,450	1,410	1,370	1,330	90	90
Work and Pensions	830	800	810	790	20	20
Central Government Departments Total	60,430	57,160	59,990	56,720	450	440
Scottish Government	11,060	10,160	10,820	9,970	240	190
Welsh Assembly	3,080	2,850	3,090	2,870	-20	-20
TOTAL	74,570	70,170	73,900	69,550	670	620

	September	2016	June 2016		Change on Quarter	
Temporary Employees		Full Time		Full Time		Full Time
	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent
Business, Innovation and Skills	640	620	820	800	-180	-180
Communities and Local Government	40	40	60	60	-20	-20
Culture, Media and Sport	1,350	660	1,360	620	-10	40
Defence	90	40	100	40		
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0
Energy and Climate Change	20	20	10	10	10	10
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 4	390	380	280	270	110	110
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	0	0	0	0	0	0
Health	1,400	750	1,570	680	-180	70
Home Office	110	80	70	50	40	30
Justice	60	60	60	60		
Transport	10	10	30	30	-30	-30
Work and Pensions	10	10	20	20	-10	-10
Central Government Departments Total	4,120	2,660	4,380	2,630	-260	30
Scottish Government	840	670	1,090	880	-250	-210
Welsh Assembly	220	100	220	110		
TOTAL	5,190	3,430	5,690	3,610	-500	-180
All NDPB Employees	79,760	73,600	79,590	73,170	170	440

¹ Includes Executive NDPBs with an employment of greater than 20.

² Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten.

These figures do not include employees of ACAS, Health and Safety Executive, Criminal Injuries Compensation Authority, Office for Budget Responsibility and Civil Service Commission. These are Crown NDPBs the employees of which are included as part of Civil Service headcounts.

⁴ Environment Agency includes all regional divisions.

1R Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Ge	eneral government				
		Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
		G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
1999		-38	3	-35	-3	-38	-
2000		-38 -39	3 2	-35 -37	-4 -4	-39 -41	-
2002		-42	3	-39	-4	-43	-
2003 2004		-43 -45	3	-40 -42	-5 -4	-45 -46	=
2004		-45 -47	4	-42	-4	-46	=
2006 2007		-44 -43	3 4	-41 -39	-1 1	-42 -38	-
2008		-43	3	-40	1	-39	-
2009		-46	3	-43	124	81	-
2010 2011		-43 -42	3	-40 -39	126 135	86 96	-
2012		-61	2	-59	142	83	-
2013		-49	3	-46	148	102	-
2014 2015		-53 -45	1	-52 45	145 142	93 97	-
2016		-39	-	-45 -39	137	98	-
1999		-37	3	-34	-2	-36	-
	Jun Sep	-38 -30	3 4	-35 -26	-3 -3	-38 -29	-
	Dec	-39	2	-37	-2	-39	-
2000		-38	3	-35	-3	-38	-
	Jun Sep	-38 -31	3 2	-35 -29	-4 -2	-39 -31	-
	Dec	-40	2	-38	-1	-39	-
2001	Mar	-39	3	-36	-3	-39	-
	Jun	-39 -33	2 2	-37	-4 -2	-41	-
	Sep Dec	-33 -42	3	-31 -39	-2	-33 -41	=
2002	Mar	-41	3	-38	-4	-42	=
	Jun	-42	3	-39	-4	-43	-
	Sep Dec	-35 -44	4	-31 -41	-2 -2	-33 -43	-
2003		-44	3	-41	-3	-44	-
	Jun	-43	3	-40	-5	-45	-
	Sep Dec	-36 -46	3	-33 -43	-2 -2	-35 -45	-
2004		-45	2	-43	-4	-47	-
	Jun	-45	3	-42	-4	-46	-
	Sep Dec	-37 -47	3	-34 -44	-3 -4	-37 -48	=
2005		-46	3	-43	-3	-46	=
	Jun	-47	4	-43	-3	-46	Ē
	Sep Dec	-37 -47	4 2	-33 -45	-5 -5	-38 -50	=
2006		-45	3	-42	-2	-44	_
2000	Jun	-44	3	-41	-1	-42	-
	Sep Dec	-35 -45	5 4	-30 -41	-5 -8	-35 -49	=
2007		-44	5	-39	1	-38	_
	Jun	-43	4	-39	1	-38	-
	Sep Dec	-35 -45	3	-32 -42	-5 -12	-37 -54	-
2008		-43	3	-40	2	-38	
2000	Jun	-43	3	-40	1	-39	-
	Sep Dec	-37 -47	3 4	-34 -43	114 116	80 73	-
2009		-47	4	-43 -42	124	73 82	-
2009	Jun	-46	3	-43	124	81	-
	Sep Dec	-48 -59	4 3	-44 -56	119 122	75 66	=
2010		-59 -42	2	-56 -40	122	86	-
2010	Jun	-43	3	-40	126	86	-
	Sep Dec	-35 -47	4 2	-31 -45	124 128	93 83	=
2011		-47	2	-45 -46	130	84	-
2011	Jun	-48 -42	3	-39	135	96	=
	Sep	-37	4	-33	134	101	Ē
2040	Dec	-48 -53	3	-45 -50	138	93 89	=
2012	Mar Jun	-53 -61	2	-50 -59	139 142	83	-
	Sep	-53	3	-50	143	93	-
0011	Dec	-60	2	-58	145	87	
2013	Mar Jun	-58 -49	2	-56 -46	144 148	88 102	=
	Sep	-46	3	-43	147	104	-
	Dec	-54	3	-51	155	104	-
2014	Mar Jun	-54 -53	3 1	-51 -52	146 145	95 93	-
	Sep	-39	4	-35	145	110	-
	Dec	-49	1	-48	151	103	=
2015	Mar Jun	-43 -45	3	-40 -45	144 142	104 97	=
	Sep	-31	4	-27	140	113	-
	Dec	-46	3	-43	144	101	-
2016		-42 20	3	-39	139	100	-
	Jun Sep	-39 	-	-39 	137 	98	-
		**			**	**	

1R Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions 12

		Ge	neral government				
		Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
		G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
Change on quarte	er to:						
2015	Sep Dec	14 -15	4 -1	18 -16	-2 4	16 -12	-
2016	Mar Jun Sep	4 3 	- -3 	4 - 	-5 -2 	-1 -2 	- -
% change on qua	rter to:						
2015	Sep Dec	0.5 -0.6	0.2 -0.1	0.3 -0.3	-1.4 2.7	0.3 -0.3	-
2016	Mar Jun Sep	0.1 0.1 	- -0.1 	- - -	-2.9 -0.3 	-0.1 -0.1 	- - -
Change on year to	0:						
2015	Sep Dec	8	2	8 5	-5 -7	3 -2	-
2016	Mar Jun Sep	1 6 	- - -	1 6 	-5 -5 	-4 1 	- - -
% change on yea	r to:						
2015	Sep Dec	0.3 0.1	0.1	0.1 0.1	-0.8 -1.8	0.1	- -
2016	Mar Jun Sep	0.2 	- - -	- 0.1 	-2.0 -1.9	-0.1 0.1 	-

Pounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Other public sector Construction HM Forces Education G7F2 G7FM G7ER G7EU G7EX G7F5 G7FG G7FJ 1999 -33 -35 -36 -39 -41 -3 -3 -3 -3 -2 2002 -45 -46 -43 -41 -41 2005 ---1 2008 3 2009 2010 -1 -2 -2 39 38 40 -42 -38 -35 -53 -40 2011 102 105 -2 -1 2014 -2 -43 41 100 -37 -35 2015 -34 -33 -40 -35 1999 Mar -2 -3 -1 -3 2 -1 -2 6 Sep 3 2000 Mar -3 -34 -35 -41 -36 Jun Sep Dec 2001 Mar -1 -3 -36 -36 -43 -37 .lun 5 -2 Sep Dec -39 -39 -44 -40 2002 Mar -1 -3 Jun Sep -2 Dec 2003 Mar -2 -42 -41 -44 -43 Jun Sep Dec -43 -45 -44 -43 2004 Mar -1 -1 Jun Sep Dec 2 -2 -45 -46 -45 -43 2005 Mar -1 2 -2 -2 -2 -1 Sep Dec -43 -43 -43 -41 2006 Mar 1 Jun Sep Dec -2 -5 -43 -41 -43 -42 Jun Sep Dec -44 -41 -44 -46 2008 Mar 1 -1 2 -2 5 Sep 34 35 86 83 Dec -46 -42 -53 37 39 34 92 91 87 2009 Mar Jun Sep Dec -2 -59 37 88 -45 -38 -38 -46 92 93 1 -2 38 38 Jun Sep Dec 35 38 -50 -35 -36 -47 2011 Mar --2 2 40 94 97 96 96 Jun 40 38 40 Sep 1 Dec 99 102 102 -53 -53 -51 -57 2012 Mar 41 41 40 41 -2 2 Sep Dec 99 -58 -40 104 105 2013 Mar -1 -1 2 -Jun -44 -50 Sep Dec 42 42 105 111 2014 Mar -53 42 102 -43 -39 -46 100 102 109 41 42 42 -2 1 Dec 2015 Mar -3 -44 42 98 98 102 Jun Sep 40 41 42 Dec 2016 Mar Jun Sep

2R Public sector employment by industry; Headcount - Revisions ¹

	_	Public admir	nistration, defence, c social security	ompulsory		Health and	social work	
	Construction	HM Forces	Police (including civilians)	Public administration	Education	National Health Service	Other health and social work	Other public sector
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FN
hange on quarter to:								
2015 Sep	· =	=	1	2	4	4	1	=
Dec	: -	1	-	-2	-1	-11	1	4
2016 Mar		-1	-1	-2	2	-2	-2	-1
Jun		-	-	2	-1	11	-1	-4
Sep								
change on quarter to	o:							
2015 Sep	-	-	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.
Dec	: -	0.6	-	-0.2	-0.1	-0.7	0.6	0.8
2016 Mar		-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	-0.6	-1.2
Jun		-	-	0.2	-	0.7	-0.3	-0.
Sep								
hange on year to:								
2015 Sep	-	-	1	1	5	6	-1	-4
Dec	-	-	1	-	3	2	-	-1
2016 Mar	-	-	-	1	5	-2	-2	-4
Jun		-	-	-	4	2	-1	-1
Sep								
change on year to:								
2015 Sep	-	-	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	-0.3
Dec	-	-	0.4	-	0.2	0.2	0.9	-0.9
2016 Mar	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.4
Jun		-	-	=	0.2	0.1	0.4	-0.7
Sep								

¹ Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

3R Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		eneral government				
	Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
1999	-14	3	-11	-2	-13	-
2000 2001	-15 -15	3 2	-12 -13	-3 -3	-15 -16	-
2002	-16	3	-13	-3	-16	-
2003	-16	2	-14	-5	-19	-
2004 2005	-17 -18	2	-15 -15	-4 -4	-19 -19	-
2006	-17	3	-14	-1	-15	-
2007 2008	-17 -17	3	-14 -14	- 1	-14 -13	-
2009	-18	3	-15	114	99	-
2010	-19	2	-17	116	99	-
2011 2012	-17 -31	2 1	-15 -30	126 132	111 102	
2013	-21	2	-19	136	117	=
2014	-23	2	-21	134	113	=
2015 2016	-16 -17	= =	-16 -17	132 127	116 110	-
1999 Ma	ar -12	2	-10	-2	-12	_
Ju	n -14	3	-11	-2	-13	-
Se De		3	-6 -13	-3 -	-9 -13	=
2000 Ma		3	-9	-4	-13	-
Ju	in -15	3	-12	-3	-15	-
Se De		2	-7 -14	-3 -1	-10 -15	-
2001 Ma		2	-11	-3	-14	-
Ju		2 2	-13	-3	-16	-
Se De		4	-7 -14	-1 -2	-8 -16	=
2002 Ma	ar -13	3	-10	-4	-14	-
Jui Se		3	-13 -7	-3	-16 -7	-
De		2	-16	-1	-17	-
2003 Ma		3	-11	-3	-14	=
Jui Se		2	-14 -6	-5 -2	-19 -8	=
De		2	-17	-1	-18	-
2004 Ma		3	-12	-4	-16	-
Jui Se		2	-15 -7	-4 -4	-19 -11	-
De		2	-17	-4	-21	-
2005 Ma		3	-12	-3 -4	-15	-
Jui Se		3 3	-15 -8	-4 -5	-19 -13	=
De		3	-16	-4	-20	-
2006 Ma Ju		3	-11 -14	-2 -1	-13 -15	-
Se	ep -10	3	-7	-5	-12	-
De		3	-15	-9	-24	-
2007 Ma Ju		3	-11 -14	-	-11 -14	-
Se	ер -9	3	-6	-5	-11	-
De		3	-15	-11	-26	-
2008 Ma Ju		1 3	-13 -14	3 1	-10 -13	-
Se	ep -10	3 3	-7	107	100	-
2009 Ma		3	-16 -12	107 115	91 103	-
Jul		3	-15	114	99	-
Se De		3 3	-5 -20	110 112	105 92	
2010 Ma		2	-13	117	104	_
Ju	in -19	2	-17	116	99	-
Se De		4	-7 -18	114 120	107 102	-
2011 Ma		2	-11	121	110	-
Ju		2	-15	126	111	-
Se De		4 2	-7 -20	124 127	117 107	-
2012 Ma		1	-21	129	108	-
Ju Se		1 3	-30 -21	132 133	102 112	=
De		1	-28	133	105	-
2013 Ma		3	-23	135	112	=
Jui Se		2	-19 -14	136 137	117 123	-
De		2	-22	144	122	-
2014 Ma		2	-20	135	115	-
Ju Se		2	-21 -7	134 134	113 127	-
De	-19	1	-18	139	121	-
2015 Ma Ju		3	-8 -16	133 132	125 116	-
Se	ер -8	3	-5	130	125	-
De	-24	4	-20	133	113	-
2016 Ma		2	-14 -17	129 127	115 110	-
Ju Se		-	-17 	127	110 	-

3R Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 12

	Ge	neral government				
	Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Sep Dec	8 -16	3 1	11 -15	-2 3	9 -12	-
2016 Mar	8	-2	6	-4	2	
Jun Sep	-1 	-2 	-3 	-2 	-5 	-
% change on quarter to:						
2015 Sep	0.3	0.2	0.3	-1.5	0.2	-
Dec	-0.6	0.1	-0.4	2.5	-0.3	-
2016 Mar	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-2.7	0.1	=
Jun Sep	-0.1 	-0.1 	=	-0.4 	-0.1 	-
Change on year to:						
2015 Sep	2	=	2	-4	-2	-
Dec	-5	3	-2	-6	-8	-
2016 Mar	-5	-1	-6	-4	-10	-
Jun	-1	=	-1	-5	-6	-
Sep	**	**	**	**		
% change on year to:						
2015 Sep	0.1	-	0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-
Dec	-0.2	0.2	-0.1	-1.4	-0.2	-
2016 Mar	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-1.6	-0.2	-
Jun	-0.1	=	-	-1.9	-0.2	-
Sep						

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods. Annual figures relate to June quarter.

4R Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 1

n (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Other public sector Construction HM Forces Education G9BC G7G9 G7GC G7GF G7GI G7GL G7GR G7K2 -12 -11 -12 1999 -13 -13 2002 -13 -15 -14 -14 2005 -14 2008 2009 2010 85 88 91 -14 -15 -8 -22 -12 33 34 35 38 39 2011 93 91 85 2014 -13 38 38 37 -11 -12 -15 -13 1999 Mar 2 -1 -1 Sep -11 -14 -13 Jun Sep Dec 2001 Mar -1 -12 -12 -15 -14 .lun Sep Dec -13 -13 -16 2002 Mar -1 Jun Sep Dec -15 -14 -13 -17 -15 2003 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2004 Mar -1 -15 -13 -17 -16 Jun Sep Dec 1 -1 2005 Mar -1 -15 -15 -15 -18 -17 Sep --1 Dec -15 -14 2006 Mar -1 Jun Sep Dec -16 -16 -5 -16 -14 -16 -17 Jun -16 -14 -16 -18 -1 2008 Mar 3 Jun Sep 33 33 82 76 Dec -18 -14 -13 33 33 33 84 85 83 2009 Mar Jun Sep Dec -22 33 81 -20 -15 84 88 34 34 35 35 Jun Sep Dec -12 -20 85 84 -17 2011 Mar 35 35 37 37 86 91 90 89 -8 -9 -19 Jun Sep Dec -25 -22 -22 2012 Mar 91 95 96 90 38 38 38 38 Sep Dec -26 -29 -12 2013 Mar 40 39 Jun Sep Dec -15 -20 39 39 98 103 94 93 93 100 2014 Mar -1 -24 40 -13 -10 -17 38 39 38 Dec 2015 Mar -16 38 93 -10 -9 -7 -21 Jun Sep 38 39 38 91 91 95 --2 Dec 2016 Mar Jun Sep

4R Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions ¹

om (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Police (including civilians) Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Other public sector Construction HM Forces Education G9BC G7G9 G7GC G7GF G7GI G7GL G7GR G7K2 Change on quarter to: 2 -14 2015 Sep - 2 -1 -1 Dec -1 -.. 2016 Mar -2 -.. -1 -.. -7 -3 Jun Sep % change on quarter to: 0.1 2015 Sep -0.1 -0.1 0.8 0.6 0.8 Dec -0.3 1.0 -1.6 -0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 -0.2 0.1 2016 Mar -0.8 Jun Sep Change on year to: 2015 Sep 2 -2 -5 --1 -5 -6 2016 Mar -1 -.. -1 -1 Jun Sep % change on year to: 2015 Sep Dec 0.2 1.2 -0.7 0.9 2016 Mar Jun Sep 0.6 0.4 -0.4 -0.1 0.1 -0.3 -0.9 -0.9

¹ Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

ed Kingdom, seasonally adj Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications Public Sector Private Sector Total Headcount (thousands) Headcount (thousands) Headcount (thousands) Headcount (thousands) Percentage Percentage employment (thousands) G7AU G9BZ G7K5 G9C2 G7GO MFY7 MFY9 MFZ2 MFY5 -0.1 -0.2 -0.2 1999 0.2 -38 -39 -41 -43 -45 -0.2 -0.2 0.2 2000 35 37 0.2 39 41 43 45 -35 -37 -37 -39 2001 0.2 -0.1 -0.1 0.1 -0.2 -0.1 37 2002 0.2 39 2003 0.1 2004 -46 -46 -42 -38 -39 -0.1 0.1 -40 -43 -41 -40 -43 -0.1 40 0.1 46 46 42 38 39 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 43 41 40 43 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 2005 0.2 2006 0.2 2008 -0.1 0.1 0.3 -81 -86 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 -0.1 2009 -46 -44 -41 -57 -45 46 44 41 57 45 81 86 96 83 102 2010 -96 -83 -102 -0.2 0.3 -0.3 0.2 0.2 -0.2 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 0.2 2012 2014 93 -93 -0.3 -48 -0.2 48 0.3 0.2 39 36 2015 2016 0.4 -0.1 -0.1 97 98 -97 -98 -0.4 -39 -36 0.1 34 0.2 1999 Mar -36 -0.2 36 0.2 -34 -0.2 -38 -29 -39 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -34 -35 -38 38 29 39 -0.1 -0.2 34 0.1 Sep 0.1 Dec 0.1 -0.1 38 0.1 -36 -35 -36 -40 -0.2 -0.2 36 35 2000 Mar 38 39 -38 -39 -31 -39 Jun -0.2 0.2 0.2 Sep -0.1 -0.1 31 39 0.1 -0.2 -0.1 36 40 0.2 -37 -37 -37 -43 39 37 2001 Mar -39 -41 -33 -41 -0.1 0.1 -0.1 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 37 37 43 0.2 0.1 0.1 Jun 41 33 41 0.2 Dec 0.2 -42 -43 -33 -43 -39 -37 -38 -46 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 39 37 38 46 0.1 0.2 0.1 2002 Mar 42 43 33 0.2 Jun Sep 0.1 Dec -0.2 43 0.2 -0.1 0.1 -0.2 -0.1 0.2 -0.1 -0.1 0.1 2003 Mar 44 45 -41 -39 41 39 -44 -45 -35 -45 Jun -0.1 -0.2 0.1 -0.1 -0.1 0.1 Sep 35 45 -39 -49 39 49 Dec 44 40 2004 Mar -47 -46 -37 -48 -0.2 47 46 37 48 0.2 -0.2 0.2 -44 -40 -42 -50 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 Jun 0.1 0.1 Sep Dec 0.1 0.1 42 50 -46 -46 -38 -50 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.2 0.1 0.2 -46 -43 -42 -49 -0.2 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 46 43 42 49 2005 Mar 0.2 46 46 38 50 0.1 Sep Dec 0.1 0.1 0.2 -45 -41 -41 -45 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 45 41 41 45 -0.1 -0.2 0.1 0.2 2006 Mar -44 -42 -35 -49 44 42 35 49 Jun Sep -0.1 -0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 Dec 2007 Mar -38 -0.1 38 -0.1 43 -43 -40 -40 -44 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -38 -37 -54 38 37 54 Jun -0.2 0.2 40 0.1 -0.2 -0.2 0.2 40 44 -38 -39 80 73 -0.1 -0.1 0.3 38 39 -80 -73 0.1 0.1 -0.3 -43 -43 -44 -45 2008 Mar -0.2 43 0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 43 44 45 0.1 0.1 0.1 Dec 0.3 -0.3 -82 -81 -75 -45 -46 -54 -55 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 45 46 54 55 2009 Mar 0.3 -0.3 -0.3 0.1 0.1 82 81 75 66 Jun Sep 0.2 -0.2 0.2 Dec 0.2 -66 -0.2 -0.2 0.2 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 2010 Mar -0.3 86 86 93 83 0.3 -41 -44 -41 -43 41 44 41 43 0.1 Jun 0.3 -86 -93 -0.3 -0.3 Sen Dec -83 -0.3 0.2 84 96 101 93 -46 -41 -39 -41 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 46 41 39 41 -84 -96 -0.2 -0.3 2011 Mar 0.2 0.2 .lun 0.4 -101 -93 -0.3 -0.4 -0.4 0.1 Sep Dec -50 -57 -55 -53 -89 -83 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 50 57 0.2 0.2 2012 Mar 89 83 0.3 -0.2 -0.2 55 53 Sep Dec 93 87 0.3 -93 -87 -0.3 -0.3 0.2 52 45 2013 Mar -88 -0.3 -52 -45 -50 -47 -0.2 0.2 102 104 104 0.3 0.4 0.4 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1 Jun -102 -0.3 -0.4 50 47 Sep -104 0.2 -104 2014 Mar 95 0.3 -95 -0.3 -48 -48 -43 -42 -0.1 48 0.1 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 Jun 93 0.3 -93 -0.3 48 0.2 Sep Dec 110 103 0.4 -110 -103 -0.3 -0.4 -0.3 43 42 0.1 -38 2015 Mar 104 0.4 -104 -0.4 -0.1 0.1 38 0.4 0.4 0.4 -39 -34 -37 -97 -113 -0.4 -0.4 -0.1 -0.1 39 34 37 97 113 Sep Dec 101 -101 -0.4 -0.1 0.1 -0.1 -0.1 0.3 37 36 0.1 0.1 Jun -98 -0.3 Sep

5R Public and private sector employment; Headcount - Revisions $^{\rm 12}$

								United Kingdom, sea	sonally adjusted
	Public Sector		Private Sector			Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications		Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications	
	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Total employment (thousands)	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
Change on quarter to:									
2015 Sep Dec	16 -12	-	-16 12	-		5 -3	-	-5 3	
2016 Mar Jun Sep	-1 -2 	-0.1 - 	1 2 	0.1 - 	- - 	- 1 	- - -	- -1 	- -
% change on quarter to:									
2015 Sep Dec	0.3 -0.3		-0.1 0.1		-	0.1 -0.1		-	
2016 Mar Jun Sep	-0.1 -0.1 		- - 		- - 	- 0.1 		- - 	
Change on year to:									
2015 Sep Dec	3 -2	0.1	-3 2	- -0.1	÷ -	9 5	-	-9 -5	= -
2016 Mar Jun Sep	-4 1	-0.1 -0.1	4 -1	0.1 0.1	-	1 3	-	-1 -3	-
•	••			••		••			
% change on year to: 2015 Sep	0.1					0.2		-0.1	
2015 Sep Dec	-		=		-	0.2		-0.1	
2016 Mar Jun	-0.1 0.1		- -	-	-	- -		-	
Sep									

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods. Annual figures relate to June quarter.