

Statistical bulletin

UK consumer price inflation: Oct 2016

Price indices, percentage changes and weights for the different measures of consumer price inflation.



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1. Main points

The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) rose by 0.9% in the year to October 2016, compared with a 1.0% rise in the year to September.

Although the rate was slightly lower than in September 2016, it remained higher than the rates otherwise seen since late 2014.

The main downward contributors to the change in the rate were prices for clothing and university tuition fees, which rose by less than they did a year ago, along with falling prices for certain games and toys, overnight hotel stays and non-alcoholic beverages.

These downward pressures were offset by rising prices for motor fuels, and by prices for furniture and furnishings, which fell by less than they did a year ago.

CPIH (not a National Statistic) rose by 1.2% in the year to October 2016, unchanged from September.

2. Changes to publication schedule for economic statistics

From January 2017 we are improving the way we publish economic statistics, with related data grouped together under new "theme" days. This will increase the coherence of our data releases and involve minor changes to the timing of certain publications. For more information see Changes to publication schedule for economic statistics.

3. A brief description of consumer price inflation

Consumer price inflation is the rate at which the prices of goods and services bought by households rise or fall. It is estimated by using price indices. A way to understand this is to think of a very large shopping basket containing all the goods and services bought by households. Movements in price indices represent the changing cost of this basket. An infographic explains how consumer price inflation is calculated, and Consumer price indices — a brief guide gives an overview of the indices and their uses. Consumer price indices are published monthly.

A price index can be used to measure inflation in a number of ways. The most common is to look at how the index has changed over a year. This is calculated by comparing the price index for the latest month with the same month a year ago. This is known as the 12-month inflation rate. This bulletin measures inflation to October 2016, so the 12-month rate measures changes in prices between October 2015 and October 2016.

A range of measures of consumer price and other price inflation are published. <u>A tale of many price indices</u> summarises information on the different measures.

4. Consumer Prices Index (CPI)

What is the CPI?

The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) is a measure of consumer price inflation produced to international standards and in line with European regulations. First published in 1997 as the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP), the CPI is the inflation measure used in the Government's target for inflation.

The CPI is also used for purposes such as uprating pensions, wages and benefits and can aid in the understanding of inflation on family budgets. For more information see <u>Users and uses of consumer price inflation statistics</u>.

Latest figure and long-term trend

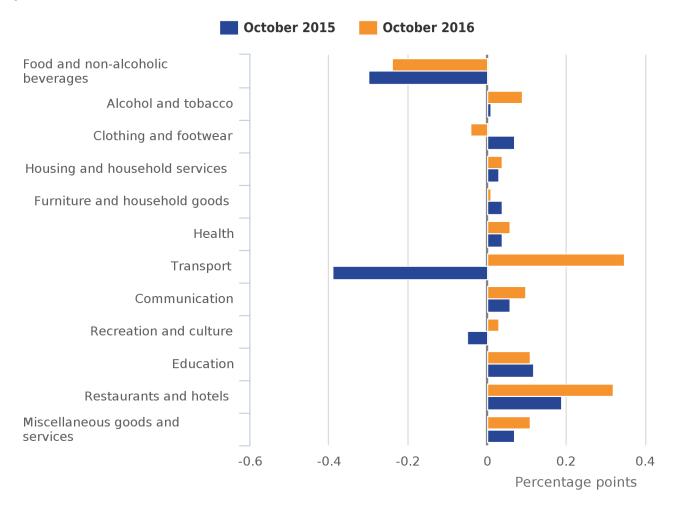
The CPI 12-month rate (the amount prices change over a year) between October 2015 and October 2016 stood at 0.9%. This means that a basket of goods and services that cost £100.00 in October 2015 would have cost £100.90 in October 2016.

From November 2014, the rate began to fall, remaining at or around zero for much of 2015 before gradually picking up from the end of the year. Although the rate in October 2016 was slightly lower than in September 2016, it remained higher than the rates otherwise seen since late 2014. The largest downward pull on inflation in October 2016 and for 2016 to date comes from prices for food and non-alcoholic beverages. Transport prices provided a downward pressure during 2015 and early 2016 but have since become the largest upward pressure on inflation.

Additional analysis of the Producer Price Index (PPI) and Consumer Price Index (CPI): October 2016 also published today, presents further analysis of the October PPI and CPI headline statistics and previous trends with a particular focus on how movements in the sterling exchange rate may have influenced these data.

Figure 1 shows the contributions to the CPI 12-month rate in October 2016 compared with the contributions to the 12-month rate a year earlier.

Figure 1: Contributions to the CPI 12-month rate: October 2015 and October 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Individual contributions may not sum to the total due to rounding.
- 2. More information on the contents of each group can be found in Table 3 in the accompanying consumer price inflation dataset tables.

Figure 2 shows the CPI 12-month rate for the last 10 years. Table 1 shows the CPI 1-month rate (the amount prices change between 2 consecutive months), 12-month rate and index values for the last year.

Figure 2: CPI 12-month inflation rate for the last 10 years: October 2006 to October 2016

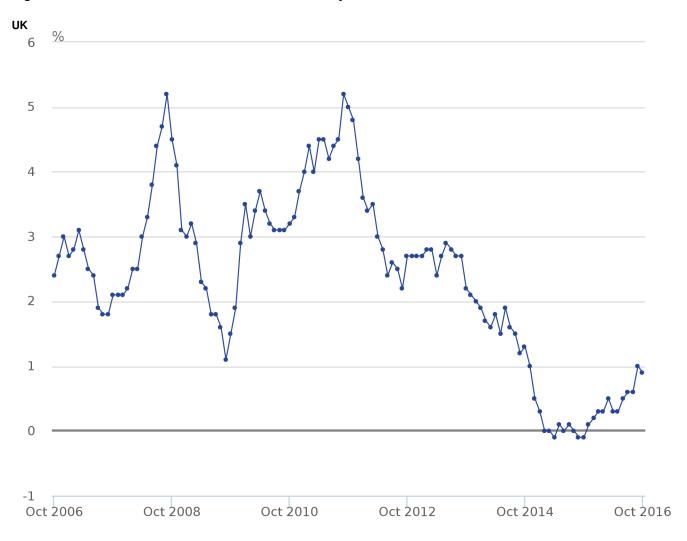


Table 1: CPI index values, 1-month and 12-month rates: October 2015 to October 2016

		Index ¹ (UK, 2015 = 100)	1-month rate	12-month rate
2015	Oct	100.3	0.1	-0.1
	Nov	100.3	0.0	0.1
	Dec	100.3	0.1	0.2
2016	Jan	99.5	-0.8	0.3
	Feb	99.8	0.2	0.3
	Mar	100.2	0.4	0.5
	Apr	100.2	0.1	0.3
	May	100.4	0.2	0.3
	Jun	100.6	0.2	0.5
	Jul	100.6	-0.1	0.6
	Aug	100.9	0.3	0.6
	Sep	101.1	0.2	1.0
	Oct	101.2	0.1	0.9

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. From February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices have been re-referenced and published with 2015=100. This does not impact on published inflation rates.

Consumer Prices Index (CPI): What are the main movements?

This section explains which goods and services had the biggest impact on the change to the 12-month rate between September and October 2016 and, where relevant, considers the longer-term inflationary trends for these goods and services.

The change in the CPI 12-month rate can be calculated by comparing the 12-month rates for 2 consecutive months. An alternative, and equally valid, approach is to calculate it by comparing the price change between the latest 2 months and the price change between the same 2 months a year ago. Explaining the contribution to change in the 12-month rate (2013) is a diagram explaining the calculation.

The CPI rose by 0.1% between September and October 2016. This was a slightly smaller increase than between the same two months a year earlier (although to 1 decimal place the increase was also 0.1%), leading to a fall in the CPI 12-month rate.

Between September and October 2016, the main upward contributions to change in the CPI 12-month rate came from the following groups:

Transport: The upward contribution to the change in the rate came largely from motor fuels, with prices rising by 2.3% between September and October 2016. Fuel prices tend to reflect movements in oil prices and part of the increase in oil prices in 2016 can be explained by depreciation of sterling against the US dollar. The impact of fuel prices on the change in the 12-month rate is also influenced by what happened in the same period last year, when prices fell by 0.9%. Additional analysis of the Producer Price Index (PPI) and Consumer Prices Index (CPI): Oct 2016 explains this in more detail.

Furniture, household equipment and maintenance: prices, overall, increased by 0.5% between September and October 2016, compared with a fall of 1.0% a year ago. This is the first October increase since the series began in 1997, although it follows a period of unusually low prices between June and September, when a relatively high proportion of items were on sale compared with recent years. Within this group, the main contribution to the change in the rate came from prices for furniture and furnishings, which fell by less than they did a year ago.

The main downward contributions to the change in the CPI 12-month rate between September and October 2016 came from the following groups.

Clothing and footwear: the downward effect came mainly from garments (in particular women's outerwear), for which prices rose by 0.2% between September and October 2016, compared with a larger rise of 2.3% a year earlier. It is important to note that this followed a relatively large increase in prices in September 2016, which resulted in an upward contribution to the change in the rate of a similar magnitude to the downward effect seen in October.

Recreation and culture: prices, overall, increased by 0.2% between September and October 2016, compared with a larger increase of 0.8% a year ago. Certain games and toys were the main contributors to the decrease in the rate.

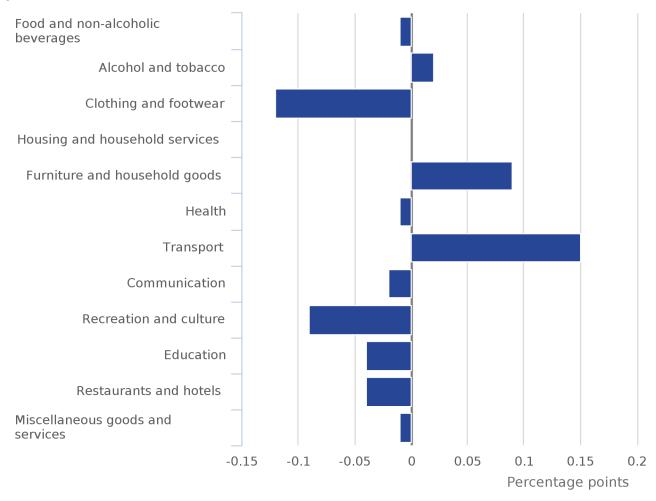
Education: charges, overall, rose by 2.0% between September and October this year compared with a larger rise of 3.6% between the same 2 months a year ago. The downward contribution came principally from UK and EU student tuition fees, where the impact from the rise in the cap for tuition fees (first introduced for new students in England in 2012) was smaller this year than in 2015. This was because nearly all students are already paying the higher rate of fees whereas last year the fees for fourth year courses rose to the higher rates. In addition there were more modest price increases for part-time and postgraduate fees compared with last year.

Restaurants and hotels: overall, prices fell by 0.1% between September and October 2016, having risen by 0.1% a year earlier. The downward effect was due to prices for an overnight hotel stay falling by more than they did a year ago. Prices for overnight hotel stays have been volatile in recent months.

Food and non-alcoholic beverages: Overall, this group made a small downward contribution to the rate. A more pronounced effect was seen for non-alcoholic beverages, with prices falling by 3.2% between September and October 2016, having been unchanged between the same 2 months a year ago. This fall followed an unusually large increase in prices in September 2016. This downward effect was partially offset by prices for food, which fell by less than they did a year ago.

Figure 3 shows the contributions to change from each part of the CPI basket of goods and services.

Figure 3: Contributions to the change in the CPI 12-month rate: October 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Individual contributions may not sum to the total due to rounding.
- 2. More information on the contents of each group can be found in Table 3 in the accompanying consumer price inflation dataset tables.

5. CPIH

On 10 November 2016, the National Statistician published a statement, confirming the intention for CPIH to become our preferred measure of inflation from March 2016.

CPIH has been re-assessed to evaluate the extent to which it meets the professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics and the <u>assessment report</u> published on 3 March 2016. The report includes a number of requirements that need to be implemented for CPIH to regain its status as a National Statistic. The actions taken to address these requirements were reported to the UK Statistics Authority at the end of September 2016, and a range of articles were published on 28 October 2016 (see the News section in the Background notes for further details).

CPIH is a measure of UK consumer price inflation that includes owner occupiers' housing costs (OOH). These are the costs of housing services associated with owning, maintaining and living in one's own home. OOH does not include costs such as utility bills, minor repairs and maintenance, which are already included in the index. The CPIH compendium provides further information, including the rationale for the choice of methodology for measuring OOH, which is still extensively debated.

CPIH uses an approach called rental equivalence to measure OOH. Rental equivalence uses the rent paid for an equivalent house as a proxy for the costs faced by an owner-occupier. In other words, this answers the question "how much would I have to pay in rent to live in a home like mine?" for an owner-occupier. OOH does not seek to capture increases in house prices. Although this may be inconsistent with some users' expectations of measures of OOH, the inclusion of an asset price and therefore capital gains would make the index less suitable as a measure of consumption. OOH currently accounts for 16.5% of the expenditure weight of CPIH. This compares with a weight of 19.5% in 2005.

Currently, the method of calculation, the population coverage, the basket of goods and services and the method of deriving the weights are the same as for the Consumer Prices Index (CPI), with the exception of OOH. A full description of how CPIH is compiled is given in the <u>Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual</u> and in various papers published on the <u>prices guidance and methodology webpage</u>.

In October 2016, the 12-month rate (the rate at which prices increased between October 2015 and October 2016) for CPIH stood at 1.2%, unchanged from September 2016. The difference between the CPI and CPIH annual rates in October 2016 was 0.3 percentage points, up from 0.2 percentage points in September. Owner occupiers' housing costs increased by 0.4% between September and October 2016, compared with 0.2% between these months a year earlier. This meant that they had a positive impact on the change in the CPIH 12-month rate between the 2 months.

Figure 4 shows the CPIH and OOH component 12-month rates for the last 10 years. The CPI 12-month rate has been included for comparative purposes. Table 2 shows the CPIH and OOH component 1-month and 12-month rates and index values for the last year. More CPIH data are available in Tables 21 to 34 of the Consumer Price Inflation dataset.

Figure 4: CPIH, OOH component and CPI 12-month rates for the last 10 years: October 2006 to October 2016

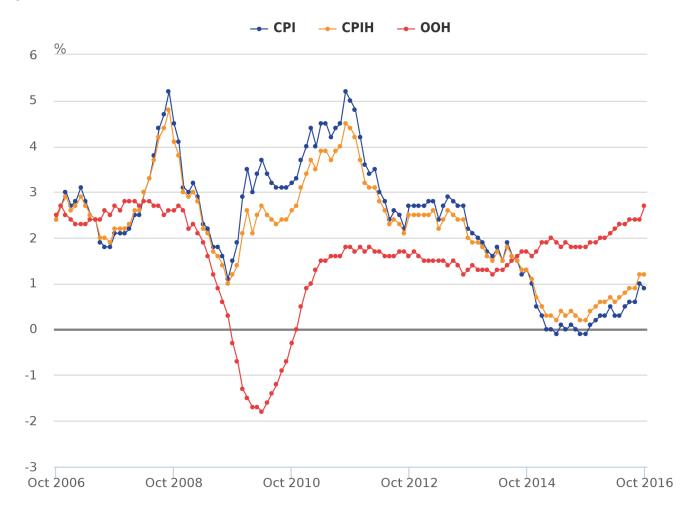


Table 2: CPIH and OOH component index values, 1-month and 12-month rates: October 2015 to October 2016

	CPIH Index ^{1,2} (UK, 2015 = 100)	OOH Index ^{1,2} (UK, 2015 = 100)	CPIH 1- month ² rate	OOH 1- month ² rate	CPIH 12-month ² rate	
2015 Oct	100.3	100.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.8
Nov	100.3	100.8	0.0	0.3	0.4	1.9
Dec	100.4	100.9	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.9
2016 Jan	99.8	101.2	-0.6	0.3	0.6	2.0
Feb	100.1	101.3	0.2	0.1	0.6	2.0
Mar	100.4	101.5	0.3	0.2	0.7	2.1
Apr	100.5	101.8	0.1	0.3	0.6	2.2
May	100.7	102.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	2.3
Jun	100.9	102.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	2.3
Jul	100.9	102.4	0.0	0.2	0.9	2.4
Aug	101.2	102.7	0.3	0.2	0.9	2.4
Sep	101.4	102.8	0.2	0.1	1.2	2.4
Oct	101.5	103.2	0.1	0.4	1.2	2.7

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

6. Retail Prices Index (RPI) and RPIJ

In accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007, the Retail Prices Index (RPI) and its derivatives have been assessed against the Code of Practice for Official Statistics and found not to meet the required standard for designation as National Statistics. The <u>full assessment report</u> can be found on the UK Statistics Authority website.

The RPI is a long-standing measure of UK inflation that has historically been used for a wide range of purposes such as the indexation of pensions, rents and index-linked gilts. For further information see <u>Users and uses of consumer price inflation statistics (2013)</u>.

^{1.} From February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices have been re-referenced and published with 2015=100. This does not impact on published inflation rates.

^{2.} CPIH has been re-assessed to evaluate the extent to which it meets the professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. The assessment report includes a number of requirements that need to be implemented for CPIH to regain its status as a National Statistic.

RPIJ is a variant of the RPI and is calculated using formulae that meet international standards. The rationale for creating RPIJ was to give users a better alternative to the RPI if their needs were for a measure of inflation based on the same population, classifications, weights, etc as the RPI. Currently, RPIJ also acts as an analytical series in that it allows users to see the impact of using the Jevons (which meets international standards) in place of the Carli formula (which does not meet international standards) in the RPI. The use of the different formulae at the elementary aggregate level is currently the only difference between these indices. Detailed goods and services indices are not produced for RPIJ.

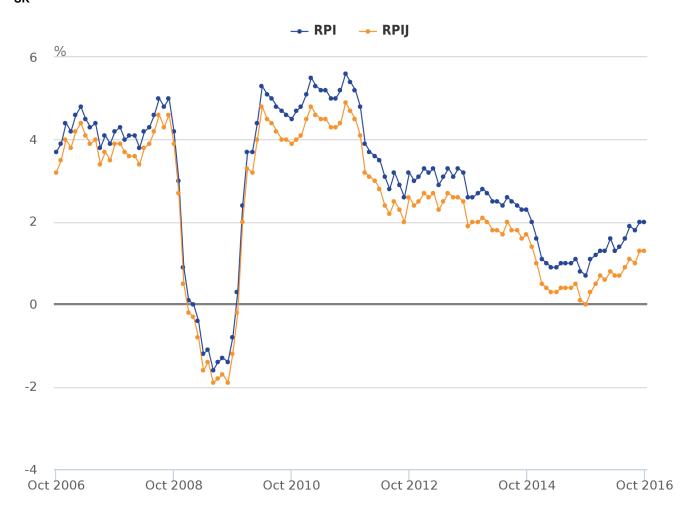
In October 2016, the 12-month rate for RPIJ stood at 1.3%, unchanged from September.

The RPI 12-month rate for October 2016 stood at 2.0%, meaning that it was 0.7 percentage points higher than it would have been had it used formulae that meet international standards.

Figure 5 shows the RPI and RPIJ 12-month rates for the last 10 years. Over this period the RPIJ 12-month rate has been, on average, 0.6 percentage points lower than the RPI.

Table 3 shows the RPI and RPIJ 1-month and 12-month rates and index values for the last year.

Figure 5: RPI and RPIJ 12-month rates for the last 10 years: October 2006 to October 2016 UK



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. The RPI has been de-designated as a National Statistic.

Table 3: RPI and RPIJ index values, 1-month and 12-month rates: October 2015 to October 2016

	RPI Index ¹ (UK, 1987 = 100)	RPIJ Index (UK, 1987 = 100)	RPI 1- month ¹ rate	RPIJ 1-month rate	RPI 12- month ¹ rate	RPIJ 12-month rate
2015 Oct	259.5	238.9	0.0	-0.1	0.7	0.0
Nov	259.8	239.1	0.1	0.1	1.1	0.3
Dec	260.6	239.8	0.3	0.3	1.2	0.5
2016 Jan	258.8	238.1	-0.7	-0.7	1.3	0.7
Feb	260.0	238.7	0.5	0.3	1.3	0.6
Mar	261.1	239.4	0.4	0.3	1.6	0.8
Apr	261.4	239.6	0.1	0.1	1.3	0.7
May	262.1	240.1	0.3	0.2	1.4	0.7
Jun	263.1	240.9	0.4	0.3	1.6	0.9
Jul	263.4	241.1	0.1	0.1	1.9	1.1
Aug	264.4	241.8	0.4	0.3	1.8	1.0
Sep	264.9	242.3	0.2	0.2	2.0	1.3
Oct	264.8	242.1	0.0	-0.1	2.0	1.3

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

If you would like to understand the causes of the difference between the CPI and RPI, please see Table 5 in the Consumer Price Inflation dataset.

7. Guide to data

Table 4 outlines where data for all consumer price inflation statistics can be found.

^{1.} The RPI has been de-designated as a National Statistic.

Table 4: Guide to data

	Statistical bulletin	Detailed briefing note	Dataset tables (Excel format)	Time series dataset
CPI	H, T, D ²	H, D	H, T, D	T, D
CPIY	:	Н	H, T	Т
CPI-CT	:	Н	H, T	Т
CPIH ¹	H, T, D	Н	H, T, D	T, D
CPIHY ¹	:	Н	H, T	Т
RPIJ	H, T	Н	H, T	Т
RPI ¹	Н, Т	H, D	H, T, D	T, D
RPIX ¹	:	Н	H, T	Т
RPIY ¹	:	Н	Н, Т	Т
TPI ¹	:	Н	H, T	Т
RPI pensioner indices ¹	:	:	Н, Т	Т
International comparisons	:	:	Н, Т	Т

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. These statistics are not National Statistics.

2. H = Latest headline figures, D = Detailed data (including disaggegations), T = Time series data.

8. Quality and methodology

Understanding and accessing the data

The <u>Consumer Price Inflation Quality and Methodology page</u> provides a good starting point for understanding these statistics.

A full description of how consumer price indices are compiled is given in the <u>Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual</u>. This is supplemented by further information available from <u>the prices guidance and methodology webpage</u>.

The CPI Quality and Methodology Information document contains important information on:

- the strengths and limitations of the data and how it compares with related data
- users and uses of the data
- how the output was created
- the quality of the output including the accuracy of the data

The report was last updated in October 2013.

The mini Triennial Review of the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) and Retail Prices Index (RPI) Central Collection of Prices is available.

All consumer price inflation data (including Excel dataset, time series data and explorable datasets) can be found on the <u>dataset page</u>.

To help you further, very detailed data are available, including the <u>individual price quotes</u> (for locally collected <u>items only</u>) and item indices that underpin the consumer price inflation statistics. The item indices behind the measurement of owner occupiers' housing costs are included for the first time in the first quarter 2016 data. Please note, the data that are published are at a level which means that no individual retailer or service provider will be able to be identified. Previously the data published covered January 1996 to March 2016. The data for April to June 2016 are also now available. These data are updated once a quarter with around a 2-month lag with the latest CPI publication. For example, the data will next be updated when the November CPI is published on 13 December 2016, at which point the detailed data published will be extended to September 2016.

Internationally, the CPI is known as the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP). HICPs are calculated in each member state of the European Union (EU) according to rules specified in a series of European regulations developed by the European Commission (Eurostat) in conjunction with the EU member states. Eurostat released figures for the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) for the month of October 2016 for EU member states, together with an EU average, on 17 November 2016. A summary of the latest European data is available from Eurostat's database tables. Further information on HICP for the EU, Euro area and other EU member states is available from Eurostat's HICP web page.

Methods - CPI and other measures of inflation

The CPI, CPIH, RPIJ and RPI are compiled using the same underlying price data, based on a large and representative selection of around 700 individual goods and services for which price movements are measured in around 140 randomly selected areas throughout the UK. Around 180,000 separate price quotations are used every month to compile the indices. The outlets in which the prices are collected are selected randomly. Expenditure weights are held constant for 1 year at a time.

The selection of goods and services that are priced to compile these indices is reviewed annually. The contents of the 2016 basket are described in an article <u>Consumer Price Inflation: The 2016 Basket of Goods and Services</u>. The expenditure weights used to compile the indices are also updated each year. Additional details of the updated weights for 2016 are available in an article published on 22 March 2016 entitled <u>Consumer Price Inflation: 2016 Weights</u>.

Rates of change for the CPI and CPIH are calculated from unrounded index levels, rather than from the published indices which are rounded to 1 decimal place. The use of unrounded indices increases the accuracy of the calculation. The unrounded index levels for the CPI and CPIH are available from Tables 63 and 64 of the Consumer Price Inflation dataset. By contrast, rates of change for the RPI and RPIJ are calculated from the published rounded indices.

Further information on the methods used to construct the CPI, CPIH, RPI and RPIJ, including differences in the methods used for each index, can be found in the <u>Consumer Price Indices Technical Manual</u>. <u>Users and uses of consumer price inflation statistics</u> provides further details of how consumer price statistics are used more generally.

9. Background notes

1. News

On 10 November 2016, the National Statistician published a statement that constitutes his formal response to the consultation on the future of consumer prices indices, and also gives an update on the work to improve the CPIH so that it can be redesignated as a National Statistic. Alongside this, we published an article clarifying future publication arrangements for the Retail Prices Index (RPI).

On 28 October 2016, we published a range of articles on consumer price inflation, which are accessible via the following links:

CPIH Compendium

Understanding the different approaches to measuring owner occupiers' housing costs

Comparing measures of private rental growth in the UK: 2016

Consumer Price Indices - a brief guide

Users and uses of consumer price inflation statistics

Consumer prices development plan

These articles were recently submitted to the UK Statistic Authority's regulation team, as part of the ongoing assessment of CPIH against the standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

2. Revisions policy

On 15 October 2013, a <u>revisions policy</u> was published for the suite of consumer price inflation statistics. The policy reaffirms the existing practices for CPI and RPI and sets out the policies for the new CPIH and RPIJ measures.

In summary, CPI, CPIH and RPIJ are revisable in theory though revisions only occur under exceptional circumstances. The RPI is never revised once published.

3. Publication policy

This bulletin includes the October 2016 data, collected on and around 11 October 2016. Future <u>publication</u> dates for this statistical bulletin are available to January 2019 (the publication of the December 2018 inflation figures). Publication dates from February 2018 onwards are provisional.

Consumer price inflation for November 2015 to November 2016 will be published on 13 December 2016.

4. Recorded message

Consumer price inflation recorded message (available after 9.45am on release day): Telephone: +44 (0) 800 0113703

5. Code of Practice

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference and released according to the arrangements approved by the UK Statistics Authority.

CPI: Detailed figures by division^{1,2}

	Food and non- alcoholic beverages	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	Clothing and footwear	electric-	Furniture, household equipment & routine mainte- nance	Health ³	Transport	Commun- ication	Recreation and culture	Education ³	Restaur- ants and hotels	Miscell- aneous goods and services ³	CPI (overall index)
COICOP Division	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
Weights	01170	01170	01177	011711	011777	011374	01171	01171/	01177	0.11.11	0 11 11 1	0.11.1047	01170
2016	CHZR 103	CHZS 42	CHZT 71	CHZU 120	CHZV 59	CHZW 28	CHZX 153	CHZY 32	CHZZ 148	CJUU 25		96	1 000
Monthly indices (2	015=100) D7BU	D7BV	D7BW	D7BX	D7BY	D7BZ	D7C2	D7C3	D7C4	D7C5	D7C6	D7C7	D7BT
2014 Oct	101.9	100.0	102.1	100.0	99.5	98.4	101.5	98.6	101.0	98.7		99.6	100.4
Nov	101.7	98.8	102.8	100.0	99.6	98.1	100.3	98.3	100.7	98.7		99.5	100.1
Dec	102.0	98.5	101.7	100.0	101.2	98.3	100.1	98.9	100.5	98.7	99.0	99.4	100.1
2015 Jan	101.3	99.9	98.0	99.9	98.7	99.0	98.1	98.9	99.6	98.7		99.3	99.3
Feb	101.0	99.5	99.3	99.8	100.1	99.1	98.5	99.7	99.5	98.7		99.6	99.5
Mar Apr	100.9 100.5	99.3 99.8	99.2 99.9	99.5 99.9	100.5 99.3	99.5 100.2	99.2 100.3	99.9 99.9	100.0 100.1	98.7 98.7		99.8 99.8	99.7 99.9
May	100.3	100.5	100.5	99.9	99.8	100.5	100.9	99.7	100.1	98.7		99.6	100.1
Jun	100.2	100.7	100.1	99.9	100.2	99.9	101.1	99.5	99.9	98.7		99.8	100.2
Jul	99.5	99.6	96.7	100.2	98.7	100.8	102.3	99.7	100.1	98.7	100.3	99.9	100.0
Aug	99.5	100.7	98.2	100.2	100.4	100.7	102.4	99.5	99.7	98.7	100.3	100.3	100.3
Sep	99.5	100.7	100.9	100.0	101.1	100.7	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.9		100.3	100.2
Oct Nov	99.1 99.2	100.3 100.1	102.9 102.8	100.2 100.3	100.2 100.0	100.0 99.8	98.9 98.2	100.5 101.1	100.6 100.6	103.4 103.4		100.4 100.7	100.3 100.3
Dec	99.0	98.8	101.5	100.3	101.0	99.8	100.0	101.5	100.3	103.4		100.7	100.3
2016 Jan	98.6	101.2	98.3	100.2	98.7	101.1	97.5	101.0	99.5	103.4	100.4	100.7	99.5
Feb	98.8	100.6	99.6	100.1	100.3	101.1	97.5	101.8	99.4	103.4		100.8	99.8
Mar	98.1	100.3	100.6	99.9	101.1	101.3	99.1	101.4	99.7	103.4		100.8	100.2
Apr May	98.0 97.6	101.1 101.5	100.3 100.1	99.8 99.9	99.5 100.0	102.2 102.4	99.0 99.9	101.6 102.5	100.5 100.1	103.4 103.4		100.8 100.9	100.2 100.4
Jun	97.2	101.1	99.4	100.0	99.6	102.6	100.9	103.1	100.8	103.4		100.9	100.6
Jul	96.9	101.4	96.0	100.1	98.0	102.6	102.6	103.4	100.7	103.4		100.8	100.6
Aug	97.3	102.1	97.0	100.2	99.3	102.7	103.5	103.6	100.4	103.4		101.1	100.9
Sep Oct	97.3 96.8	102.5 102.4	102.0 102.3	100.3 100.5	99.7 100.2	103.0 102.0	101.1 101.1	103.5 103.7	100.5 100.8	105.7 107.9		101.6 101.6	101.1 101.2
Percentage chang													
r creemage enang	-		D704	D70D	D700	D70D	D70E	D70E	D700	D7011	D701	D701	D707
2014 Oct	D7G8 -1.4	D7G9 5.2	D7GA -0.2	D7GB 3.2	D7GC 0.1	D7GD 2.2	D7GE 0.5	D7GF 0.6	D7GG 1.0	D7GH 10.0		D7GJ -0.3	D7G7 1.3
Nov	-1. 4 -1.7	4.0	-0.2 -0.2	3.3	0.1	2.0	-0.2	0.5	0.3	10.0		-0.3 -0.8	1.0
Dec	-1.7	5.0	-0.3	1.0	0.2	2.1	-1.4	0.7	0.6	10.0		-0.6	0.5
2015 Jan	-2.5	3.3	1.4	1.0	0.8	2.2	-2.8	0.2	0.1	10.0	2.4	-0.4	0.3
Feb	-3.3	3.8	1.7	0.9	-0.3	1.8	-2.7	0.9	-0.8	10.0	2.2	-0.4	-
Mar	-3.0	3.4	-0.2	0.7	-0.2	2.1	-1.9	0.9		10.0			_
Apr May	−2.8 −1.8	3.0 2.2	-0.4 0.2	0.5 0.4	-0.5 -0.5	2.0 2.2	–2.8 –1.5	1.0 1.2		10.0 10.0		-0.1 -0.1	-0.1 0.1
Jun	-1.6 -2.2	2.3	-0.8	0.4	-0.3 -0.3	1.6	-1.8	1.1	-1.0 -1.0	10.0		0.1	-
Jul	-2.7	1.9	1.7	0.4	-0.3	2.3	-1.9	1.3	-0.6	10.0	1.6	0.7	0.1
Aug	-2.4	2.1	0.6	0.4	0.4	1.8	-2.6	1.1	-0.9	10.0		0.8	-
Sep	-2.3	1.4	-0.6	0.1	0.5	2.0	-2.7	1.4		9.1		0.6	-0.1
Oct	-2.7	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.6	1.7	-2.6		-0.4	4.8		0.8	-0.1
Nov Dec	-2.4 -2.9	1.4 0.3	-0.3	0.3 0.3	0.4 -0.2	1.7 1.5	−2.1 −0.2	2.9 2.7	−0.1 −0.3	4.8 4.8		1.3 1.1	0.1 0.2
2016 Jan	-2.6	1.3	0.4	0.4	-0.1	2.1	-0.7	2.2	-0.1	4.8	1.6	1.4	0.3
Feb	-2.3	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	2.0	-1.1	2.1	-0.1	4.8		1.2	0.3
Mar	-2.7	1.0	1.4	0.4	0.6	1.8	-0.1	1.4	-0.2			1.0	0.5
Apr	-2.5	1.3	0.3	-0.1	0.3	2.0	-1.3	1.7		4.8		1.0	0.3
May Jun	-2.8 -2.9	1.0 0.5	-0.4 -0.7	0.1	0.2 -0.5	1.9 2.7	−1.0 −0.2	2.8 3.7	0.1 0.8	4.8 4.8		1.3 1.1	0.3 0.5
Jul Aug	-2.6 -2.2	1.8 1.4	−0.7 −1.2	−0.1 −0.1	−0.8 −1.0	1.8 2.0	0.2 1.0	3.6 4.1	0.6 0.7	4.8 4.8		0.9 0.8	0.6 0.6
Sep	-2.2 -2.3	1.7	1.0	0.2	-1.0 -1.4	2.2						1.3	1.0
Oct	-2.4	2.1	-0.7	0.3	0.1	2.0	2.3		0.2			1.1	0.9

Key: - zero or negligible

¹ From the release of January data on 16 February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices will be re-referenced and published with 2015=100

² More detailed CPI data are available at http://www.ons.gov.uk

³ The coverage of these categories was extended in January 2000; further extensions to coverage came into effect in January 2001 for health and miscellaneous goods and services; the coverage of miscellaneous goods and services was further extended with effect from January 2002.

	C	PI	CPIH (NOT NATIONAL	. STATISTICS ³)	RPI (NOT NATIONAL	STATISTICS ⁴)	Index (1987=100) KVR8 234.9 235.1 236.2 235.4 236.3 236.7 237.5 237.8 238.8 238.9 238.3 238.6 236.5 237.2 237.4 238.0 238.5 238.7 239.4 239.1 238.9 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.1 239.8 239.1 239.8 239.1 2	PIJ
	Index (2015=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (2015=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months		Percentage change over 12 months
	D7BT	D7G7	L522	L55O	CHAW	CZBH	K//D0	KVR9
2013 Oct	99.1	2.2	98.8	2.0	251.9	2.6		1.9
Nov	99.2	2.2	98.8	1.9	251.9	2.6		2.0
Dec	99.6	2.0	99.2	1.9	253.4	2.7		2.0
0014	99.0	1.9	98.7	4.0	252.6	2.8	005.4	0.1
2014 Jan		1.9	98.7 99.1	1.8	252.6 254.2	2.8 2.7		2.1 2.0
Feb	99.5			1.6				
Mar	99.7	1.6	99.3	1.5	254.8	2.5		1.8
Apr	100.1	1.8	99.7	1.7	255.7	2.5		1.8
May	100.0	1.5	99.6	1.5	255.9	2.4		1.7
Jun	100.2	1.9	99.8	1.8	256.3	2.6	237.8	2.0
Jul	99.9	1.6	99.6	1.6	256.0	2.5	237 5	1.8
Aug	100.2	1.5	99.9	1.5	257.0	2.4		1.8
Sep	100.2	1.2	100.0	1.3	257.6	2.3		1.6
Oct	100.3	1.3	100.1	1.3	257.7	2.3		1.7
Nov	100.4	1.0	99.9	1.1	257.1	2.0		1.7
		0.5		0.7	257.5			1.0
Dec	100.1	0.5	99.9	0.7	257.5	1.6	230.0	1.0
2015 Jan	99.3	0.3	99.2	0.5	255.4	1.1		0.5
Feb	99.5	-	99.5	0.3	256.7	1.0		0.4
Mar	99.7	_	99.7	0.3	257.1	0.9		0.3
Apr	99.9	-0.1	99.9	0.2	258.0	0.9		0.3
May	100.1	0.1	100.0	0.4	258.5	1.0	238.5	0.4
Jun	100.2	_	100.1	0.3	258.9	1.0	238.7	0.4
Jul	100.0	0.1	100.0	0.4	258.6	1.0	238.4	0.4
Aug	100.3	_	100.3	0.3	259.8	1.1		0.5
Sep	100.2	-0.1	100.2	0.2	259.6	0.8		0.1
Oct	100.3	-0.1	100.3	0.2	259.5	0.7		_
Nov	100.3	0.1	100.3	0.4	259.8	1.1		0.3
Dec	100.3	0.2	100.4	0.5	260.6	1.2		0.5
2016 Jan	99.5	0.3	99.8	0.6	258.8	1.3	220 1	0.7
Feb	99.8	0.3	100.1	0.6	260.0	1.3		0.7
Mar	100.2	0.5	100.4	0.7	261.1	1.6		0.8
Apr	100.2	0.3	100.5	0.6	261.4	1.3		0.7
May	100.4	0.3	100.7	0.7	262.1	1.4		0.7
Jun	100.6	0.5	100.9	0.8	263.1	1.6	240.9	0.9
Jul	100.6	0.6	100.9	0.9	263.4	1.9	241.1	1.1
Aug	100.9	0.6	101.2	0.9	264.4	1.8	241.8	1.0
Sep	101.1	1.0	101.4	1.2	264.9	2.0	242.3	1.3
Oct	101.2	0.9	101.5	1.2	264.8	2.0		1.3

Key: - zero or negligible

¹ From the release of January data on 16 February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices will be re-referenced and published with 2015=100.

² More detailed CPI, CPIH, RPI and RPIJ data are available at: http://www.ons.gov.uk

³ The National Statistics status of CPIH has been discontinued pending work to investigate and improve the method for measuring owner occupiers' housing costs in this index. The improvements from the resulting development work were introduced as part of the February 2015 dataset with the historical series revised back to 2005.

⁴ In accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007, the Retail Prices Index and its derivatives have been assessed against the code of Practice for Official Statistics and found not to meet the required standards for designation as National Statistics. A full report can be found at: http://www.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/

	Weights I	ndex (201	15=100)	Percentage over 1 m						age ch 2 mor			
	2016	2015 Oct	2016 Oct	2015 Oct		2016 Feb							201620 Sep C
CPI (Overall Index)	1 000	100.3	101.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.0 0
D1 Food and non-alcoholic beverages D2 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco D3 Clothing and footwear D4 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels D5 Furniture, household equipment and maintenance	103 42 71 120 59	99.1 100.3 102.9 100.2 100.2	96.8 102.4 102.3 100.5 100.2	-0.4 -0.4 2.0 0.1 -1.0	-0.5 -0.1 0.3 0.2 0.5	-2.3 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.2	1.0 1.4	-2.5 1.3 0.3 -0.1 0.3	1.0 -0.4 -	0.5 -0.7	1.8 -0.7 -0.1	1.4 -1.2 -0.1	
D6 Health D7 Transport D8 Communication D9 Recreation and culture	28 153 32 148	100.0 98.9 100.5 100.6	102.0 101.1 103.7 100.8	-0.7 -1.0 0.6 0.8	-1.0 - 0.1 0.2	2.0 -1.1 2.1	1.8 -0.1 1.4	2.0	1.9	2.7		2.0 1.0 4.1	2.2 2 1.2 2
 Education Restaurants and hotels Miscellaneous goods and services 	25 123 96	103.4 100.6 100.4	107.9 103.3 101.6	3.6 0.1 0.1	2.0 -0.1 -	4.8 1.9 1.2	4.8 2.1 1.0	4.8 2.3 1.0	4.8 2.6 1.3	4.8 2.3 1.1	4.8 2.7 0.9	2.3	2.9 2
All goods All services All items CPI excluding Energy, food, alcoholic beverages and tobacco	517 483 788	99.9 100.7 100.7	99.5 103.1 101.9	0.2 0.1 0.3	0.3 -0.1 -	-1.6 2.4 1.2	-1.6 2.8 1.5	-1.6 2.4 1.2	-1.8 2.6 1.2	2.8	2.7	-1.4 2.8 1.3	
01.1 Food 01.1.1 Bread and cereals 01.1.2 Meat 01.1.3 Fish 01.1.4 Milk, cheese and eggs	91 15 21 4 12	99.0 99.7 98.0 97.6 98.5	96.9 97.6 94.8 99.6 95.7	-0.5 0.3 -1.8 -1.0 -0.1	-0.3 -0.5 2.9	-2.2 -4.3 -4.9	-2.0 -4.4 -5.4	-1.6 -4.9 -2.8	-1.7 -5.2 -4.1	-1.3 -4.1 -4.2	-2.7 -5.4 -1.4	-0.9 -4.0 -0.9	-2.4 -2 -1.5 -2 -4.5 -3 -1.8 2 -2.9 -2
01.1.5 Oils and fats 01.1.6 Fruit 01.1.7 Vegetables including potatoes and tubers 01.1.8 Sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate and confectionery 01.1.9 Food products (nec)	2 9 13 12 3	99.5 100.1 98.9 99.9 98.0	98.5 102.3 94.1 98.0 98.4	-5.0 2.7 -1.0 0.2 -2.9	-1.0 1.2 -1.9 1.1	0.1 -0.4 -2.0	-7.3 1.9 -4.1	3.3 - -3.8 -0.3	-3.8 - -4.9	2.0 0.3 -6.6 -1.7	0.1 0.1 -3.8 -1.4	4.0 1.6 -4.6 -0.2	-5.0 -1 3.7 2 -4.1 -4 -2.8 -1 -0.5 0
01.2 Non-alcoholic beverages 01.2.1 Coffee, tea and cocoa 01.2.2 Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices	12 3 9	100.2 99.8 100.4	95.6 98.5 94.6	- -0.4 0.2	-1.8	-1.0 -1.9 -0.7	0.4	-1.1	2.0	0.2	-0.4	1.9	-1.4 -4 0.1 -1 -1.9 -5
02.1 Alcoholic beverages 02.1.1 Spirits 02.1.2 Wine 02.1.3 Beer	19 5 9 5	98.9 100.9 97.1 100.1	96.9 97.2 95.7 98.7	-2.2 -1.3 -3.3 -1.2	-0.3	-5.2 -3.3	$-4.5 \\ -4.0$	-3.4 -4.2	-5.0 -5.5	−3.1 −7.0	-2.5 -2.6	-2.0 -6.7	-3.8 -2 -4.7 -3 -3.7 -1 -3.2 -1
02.2 Tobacco	23	101.3	106.5	0.9	0.2	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.8	5.9 5
03.1 Clothing 03.1.2 Garments 03.1.3 Other clothing and clothing accessories 03.1.4 Cleaning, repair and hire of clothing	61 54 6 1	103.3 103.4 102.9 100.4	102.4 102.8 98.9 103.0	2.3 2.3 2.5 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.4 0.3 0.8 2.6	1.7 1.7 1.9 2.5		-0.6 1.1	−0.4 −0.7	-0.6 -1.0	-1.1 -2.4	1.1 -0 1.5 -0 -1.7 -3 2.6 2
03.2 Footwear including repairs	10	100.6	101.2	0.3	0.4	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2	-0.5	-2.1	-1.1	-1.6	0.4 0
04.1 Actual rentals for housing	72	101.1	102.1	0.2	0.1	2.9	2.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.2 1
04.3 Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling 04.3.1 Materials for maintenance and repair 04.3.2 Services for maintenance and repair	2 1 1	99.3 98.3 100.2	99.9 98.8 101.0	-0.2 -0.7 0.2	-0.6 -1.5 0.2	-0.7 0.7	0.4 0.2 0.6		-0.3 -1.2 0.6		1.0 1.4 0.5	0.9	1.0 0 1.2 0 0.8 0
04.4 Water supply and misc. services for the dwelling 04.4.1 Water supply 04.4.3 Sewerage collection	11 6 5	99.8 99.6 100.1	101.2 100.5 102.0	- - -	- - -	-0.7 -1.7 0.3		1.4 0.9 1.9	1.4 0.9 1.9		1.4 0.9 1.9	0.9	1.4 1 0.9 0 1.9 1
04.5 Electricity, gas and other fuels 04.5.1 Electricity 04.5.2 Gas 04.5.3 Liquid fuels 04.5.4 Solid fuels	35 17 16 1 1	98.8 99.9 97.8 92.5 100.3	97.3 99.7 93.3 106.3 100.4	- - 0.1 1.3	- - 14.1	-0.2 -6.0 -35.6	-0.2 -6.0 -28.4	-0.2 -7.3 -26.9	-0.2 -6.7 -23.5	-0.2 -6.7 -15.1	-0.2 -6.6 -11.1	-0.2 -6.6 -2.0	-2.0 -1 -0.2 -0 -4.6 -4 0.9 15 -0.4 0
05.1 Furniture, furnishings and carpets 05.1.1 Furniture and furnishings 05.1.2 Carpets and other floor coverings	20 16 4	99.4 98.9 100.9	100.0 98.8 104.6	-2.8 -4.0 0.3	-0.8 -1.1 0.7	0.2 0.7 -0.9	1.1 0.5 3.0	1.3 0.2 4.8		-2.0	-1.2	-2.5	-1.6 0 -3.0 -0 3.2 3
05.2 Household textiles	7	100.0	98.7	-1.2	1.4	-1.5	-0.7	-0.6	-2.2	-3.1	-2.9	-2.8	-3.8 -1
05.3 Household appliances, fitting and repairs 05.3.1/2 Major appliances and small electric goods 05.3.3 Repair of household appliances	8 7 1	101.5 101.9 98.8	103.7 103.9 102.1	1.2 1.9 -3.4	2.6 3.0 0.1	2.0 2.0 2.5	2.4 2.4 2.5	0.1 -0.1 1.5	1.2 1.1 1.7	1.5	0.5		0.8 2 0.9 2 -0.3 3
05.4 Glassware, tableware and household utensils	6	100.6	97.5	0.9	0.3	-0.4	-1.3	-1.4	-1.9	-2.1	-2.1	-0.6	-2.4 -3
05.5 Tools and equipment for house and garden	5	100.1	97.7	0.2	-1.0	1.1	0.1	-1.9	-1.4	-1.9	-0.3	-0.7	-1.2 -2
05.6 Goods and services for routine maintenance 05.6.1 Non-durable household goods 05.6.2 Domestic services and household services	13 5 8	100.4 99.2 101.1	101.5 96.9 104.3	-0.3 -1.0 0.1	1.4 3.5 0.1		0.2 -5.4 3.7	0.6 -4.6 3.9	0.7 -4.1 3.7	-3.4	-7.2	-7.2	-0.7 1 -6.6 -2 3.1 3
06.1 Medical products, appliances and equipment 06.1.1 Pharmaceutical products 06.1.2/3 Other medical and therapeutic equipment	13 8 5	100.5 99.9 101.2	101.3 101.8 100.5	- -0.4 0.6	-0.6 -0.9 -	1.2 1.3 0.9	0.7 0.1 1.4	1.4 1.3 1.4	1.1 1.0 1.0		1.1	2.1	1.4 0 2.4 1 -0.2 -0

3 CPI: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes ¹

	Weights In	ndex (201		Percentage over 1 m						age cha 2 mon			
	2016	2015 Oct	2016 Oct	2015 Oct									20162016 Sep Oc
06.2 Out-patient services 06.2.1/3 Medical services & paramedical services 06.2.2 Dental services	7 4 3	100.2 100.2 100.2	102.7 101.6 104.0	-0.1 -0.1 -	- - 0.1	1.3 1.3 1.3	1.3 1.2 1.3	2.1 1.6 2.6	2.1 1.4 2.9		2.5 1.7 3.3	1.4	2.4 2.5 1.3 1.4 3.7 3.8
06.3 Hospital services	8	99.3	102.7	-2.1	-2.4	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8 3.4
07.1 Purchase of vehicles	43	98.9	97.9	-0.1									-1.2 -1.0
07.1.1A New cars 07.1.1B Second-hand cars 07.1.2/3 Motorcycles and bicycles	25 16 2	100.2 96.6 98.4	101.2 92.8 97.8	-0.2 -1.5					-6.2		-4.1 ·		0.5 0.9 -4.0 -4.0 -1.1 -0.7
07.2 Operation of personal transport equipment 07.2.1 Spare parts and accessories	73 5	99.1 100.0	102.4 101.3	-0.3 -	1.1 0.4	-2.3 0.2		-2.2 0.4		-1.0 0.5	-0.6 0.6		
07.2.2 Fuels and lubricants	32 22	97.5 100.2	102.1 102.0	-0.9		-7.3		-7.5	-6.8	-5.5 ·	-4.3 ·	-2.6	1.4 4.7
07.2.3 Maintenance and repairs 07.2.4 Other services	14	100.2	102.0	0.5	0.1 -0.1	1.5 2.6	2.9	1.6 3.7	1.8 4.7		1.3 4.1	_	1.7 1.8 3.0 2.4
07.3 Transport services	37	98.3	102.3	-3.7	-2.2	2.2	7.7	2.0	1.8	4.1	_	5.0	
07.3.1 Passenger transport by railway 07.3.2 Passenger transport by road	13 12	99.5 99.9	99.5 104.0	-0.3 -0.6	-0.6 0.5	-0.4 1.4		-0.2 1.9		-1.8 · 3.3	-0.6 2.4		
07.3.3 Passenger transport by air 07.3.4 Passenger transport by sea and inland waterway	8 4	95.2 93.1	92.6 107.6	−12.7 −5.6			17.9 6.6	-3.2 0.9					-8.3 -2.8
,	•				-2.0								11.9 15.6
08.1 Postal services	2	100.4	101.9	-	-	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5		1.5		
08.2/3 Telephone and telefax equipment and services	30	100.6	103.8	0.7	0.1	2.1	1.4	1.7					3.7 3.2
09.1 Audio-visual equipment and related products 09.1.1 Reception and reproduction of sound and pictures	18 5	98.0 100.2	94.2 96.5	0.5 0.4									-3.2 -3.8 -4.2 -3.7
09.1.2 Photographic, cinematographic and optical equipmen	t 2	96.8	95.3	-0.5	2.0	-12.8-	-11.5	-13.7	-14.0	-9.0 ·	–7.0 ·	-4.4	-3.9 -1.5
09.1.3 Data processing equipment 09.1.4 Recording media	7 3	95.7 99.6	88.8 97.5	0.3 1.7	-3.4	-15.1- 0.9	-14.1- 3.6	3.1					-7.0 -7.2 3.1 -2.1
09.1.5 Repair of audio-visual equipment & related products	1	100.2	101.1	-	-	8.0	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9 0.9
09.2 Oth. major durables for recreation & culture 09.2.1/2 Major durables for in/outdoor recreation	12 12	100.7 100.7	102.0 102.0		0.9 0.9	1.7 1.7	1.8 1.8	1.3 1.3	1.2 1.2		0.3 0.3	0.3 0.3	
09.3 Other recreational items, gardens and pets 09.3.1 Games, toys and hobbies	35 20	101.0 101.6	99.4 98.4	2.0 3.4		-1.1 1.6	-1.3 -2.0		-0.7 -0.6		-0.5 -0.9		0.2 -1.6 3.2
09.3.2 Equipment for sport and open-air recreation	3	100.8	100.5	0.4			-2.0 -0.6		-0.6 -0.6				-0.2 -0.4
09.3.3 Gardens, plants and flowers 09.3.4/5 Pets, related products and services	4 8	98.5 100.6	100.1 101.0	-1.5 0.9	0.5 0.6	-0.5 -0.8	-0.9 -			-1.1 -0.6			
09.4 Recreational and cultural services	33	101.5	106.2	0.3	0.2	3.2	2.8	4.2	4.1	4.7	4.8	5.3	4.8 4.7
09.4.1 Recreational and sporting services 09.4.2 Cultural services	10 23	102.6 101.1	107.9 105.6	-0.2 0.5	0.1 0.2	4.2 2.8		4.3 4.3	4.2 4.2		4.0 5.2	3.9	4.9 5.2 4.7 4.4
09.5 Books, newspapers and stationery	14	101.3	104.4	1.5	1.9	3.4		1.2					2.7 3.1
09.5.1 Books	4	101.3	103.9	2.7	3.7	8.1	0.2	-3.5		4.5	3.5		-1.2 -0.2
09.5.2 Newspapers and periodicals 09.5.3/4 Misc. printed matter, stationery, drawing materials	5 5	100.3 100.0	106.2 102.7	0.1 2.0	0.8 1.7	2.5 0.3	4.5 0.4	5.0 0.8	4.9 0.6			4.5 2.0	
09.6 Package holidays	36	100.7	99.1	0.2	-0.4	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	_	_	-0.9 -1.5
10.0 Education	25	103.4	107.9	3.6	2.0	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.9 4.3
11.1 Catering services	101	100.3	102.9	0.1	0.2	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4 2.5
11.1.1 Restaurants & cafes 11.1.2 Canteens	93 8	100.4 100.1	103.0 101.6	0.1 0.2	0.2	1.7 0.2	1.9 0.7	2.1 0.9	2.2 1.3		2.3		2.5 2.6 1.7 1.5
11.2 Accommodation services	22	102.0	105.0	0.2	-1.6	3.1	3.7	3.6					5.0 3.0
12.1 Personal care	31	100.3	100.1	0.3	0.6	-1.0	-1.2	-1.0	-0.9	-1.1	-0.6	-1.1	-0.6 -0.2
12.1.1 Hairdressing and personal grooming establishments 12.1.2/3 Appliances and products for personal care	8 23	100.4 100.2	102.5 99.3	-0.2 0.4	-0.2	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.0 2.1 -1.4 -0.9
12.3 Personal effects (nec) 12.3.1 Jewellery, clocks and watches	16 9	99.5 100.1	99.6 101.3	-1.0 -0.2	-1.1 -0.4	0.6 0.7							0.2 0.1 1.4 1.2
12.3.2 Other personal effects	7	98.4	97.7	-2.3	-1.9								-1.1 -0.6
12.4 Social protection	16	100.8	104.4	0.2	0.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.6 3.6
12.5 Insurance	9	100.4	109.2	-0.1	-0.9 0.7	7.7		6.9	8.8		9.8		
12.5.2 House contents insurance 12.5.3 Health insurance	2 3	98.8 98.8	100.5 106.5	−0.7 −2.1	−0.7 −2.2		-1.2 7.7	-1.1 6.7	0.8 6.7				1.7 1.8 7.7 7.7
12.5.4 Transport insurance	4	101.9	114.7	1.3			11.3						14.0 12.5
12.6 Financial services (nec) 12.6.2 Other financial services (nec)	12 12	100.2 100.2	99.9 99.9	-0.1 -0.1	0.3 0.3	0.1 0.1	0.7 0.7	0.6 0.6					-0.8 -0.4 -0.8 -0.4
12.7 Other services (nec)	12	101.6	100.1	1.3	-0.2	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.4	-0.4	-0.3	1.4

Key:- zero or negligible .. not available (nec) not elsewhere covered

¹ From the relase of January data on 16 February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices will be re-referenced and published with 2015=100.

		Weights Ir	ndex (201	Oct Oct Oct Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug S 30.3 101.5 0.1 0.1 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 0.9 39.1 96.8 -0.4 -0.5 -2.3 -2.8 -2.5 -2.8 -3.0 -2.6 -2.2 30.3 102.3 2.0 0.3 0.3 1.4 0.4 -0.4 -0.6 -0.6 -1.2 30.4 102.2 0.2 0.3 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 30.1 100.3 -1.0 0.5 0.3 0.6 0.3 0.2 -0.5 -0.7 -1.0 30.0 101.0 -1.0 -1.1 1.0 -1.4 -1.1 -0.2 0.2 1.0 30.6 103.7 0.6 0.1 2.1 1.8 2.1 2.0 2.1 1.8 2.1 2.0 2.1 0.2 0.2 0.0 4.8 4.8 <td< th=""><th></th></td<>									
		2016	2015 Oct										620162016 ig Sep Oct
CPIF	(overall index) (NOT NATIONAL STATISTICS ¹)	1 000	100.3	101.5	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9 0	.9 1.2 1.2
02 03	Food and non-alcoholic beverages Alcoholic beverages and tobacco Clothing and footwear Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	86 35 60 266	99.1 100.3 102.9 100.4	102.5 102.3	-0.4 2.0	-0.1 0.3	1.2 0.3	1.1 1.4	1.4 0.4	1.1 -0.4	0.6 -0.6	1.9 1 -0.6 -1	.6 1.9 2.2 .2 1.1 –0.6
05 I	Furniture, household equipment and maintenance Health	50 23	100.1 100.0										
07	Fransport	128	98.9	101.0	-1.0	_	-1.1	-0.1	-1.4	-1.1	-0.2	0.2 1	.0 1.2 2.2
	Communication Recreation and culture	26 123	100.6										.2 3.6 3.1 .8 0.8 0.2
	Education Restaurants and hotels	21 102	103.4										.8 5.9 4.3 .3 2.9 2.6
	Miscellaneous goods and services	80	100.4										.7 1.2 1.1
04.2	Owner occupiers housing costs	165	100.5	103.2	0.2	0.4	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4 2	.4 2.4 2.7
All go	oods ervices	432 568	99.9 100.6										
	excluding Energy, food, alcoholic beverages & tobacco	824	100.6										
01.1 I	Food 1.1 Bread and cereals	76 13	<i>99.0</i> 99.7										
01.	1.2 Meat	17	98.0	94.8	-1.8	-0.5	-4.3	-4.4	-4.9	-5.2	-4.1	-5.4 -4	.0 -4.5 -3.3
	1.3 Fish 1.4 Milk, cheese and eggs	3 10	97.6 98.5										
01.	1.5 Oils and fats	2	99.5	98.5		-1.0	0.1	-7.3	3.3	-3.8	2.0	0.1 4	.0 -5.0 -1.0
	1.6 Fruit 1.7 Vegetables including potatoes and tubers	8 11	100.1 98.9										
01.	1.8 Sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate and confectionery 1.9 Food products (nec)	10 2	99.9 98.0										
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	10	100.3	95.7	0.1	-3.1	-1.0	-0.8	-1.6	0.3	-0.8	-1.4 -3	.9 –1.4 –4.5
01.	2.1 Coffee, tea and cocoa 2.2 Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices	<i>3 7</i>	99.8 100.4	98.5	-0.4	-1.8	-1.9	0.4	-1.1	2.0	0.2	-0.4 1	.9 0.1 –1.3
	Alcoholic beverages	15	99.0										
	1.1 Spirits 1.2 Wine	4 7	100.9 97.1										
02.	1.3 Beer	4	100.1	98.7	-1.2								
02.2	Говассо	20	101.3		0.9		4.3	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.8 5	.8 5.9 5.2
	Clothing 1.2 Garments	51 45	103.3 103.4										
03.	1.3 Other clothing and clothing accessories 1.4 Cleaning, repair and hire of clothing	5 1	102.9 100.4	98.9	2.5	0.2	0.8	1.9	1.0	1.1	-0.7	-1.0 -2	.4 –1.7 –3.9
	Footwear including repairs	9	100.6										
04.1	Actual rentals for housing	60	101.1	102.1	0.2	0.1	2.9	2.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.3 1	.3 1.2 1.0
04.2	Owner occupiers housing costs	165	100.5	103.2	0.2	0.4	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4 2	.4 2.4 2.7
	Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling 3.1 Materials for maintenance and repair	2 1	99.3 98.3	99.9 98.8	-0.2 -0.7	-0.6 -1.5	_ -0.7		0.2 -0.1	-0.3 -1.2			.9 1.0 0.6 .9 1.2 0.4
	3.2 Services for maintenance and repair	1	100.2	101.0	0.3	0.2	0.7						.8 0.8 0.8
	Nater supply and misc. services for the dwelling 4.1 Water supply	10 5	99.8 99.6	101.2 100.5	_				1.4 0.9				.4 1.4 1.4 .9 0.9 0.9
	4.3 Sewerage collection	5	100.1	102.0	-	-	0.3					1.9 1	
	Electricity, gas and other fuels	29	98.8	97.5	_								.1 –1.9 –1.3
	5.1 Electricity 5.2 Gas	14 13	99.9 97.8	99.7 93.3	_								.2 –0.2 –0.2 .6 –4.6 –4.6
	5.3 Liquid fuels 5.4 Solid fuels	1 1	92.5 100.3	106.3 100.4	0.1 1.3								.0 0.9 15.0 .8 –0.4 0.1
		16	99.4	99.9									
05.	Furniture, furnishings and carpets 1.1 Furniture and furnishings	13	98.9	98.8	-2.9 -4.0	-0.8 -1.1	0.3	0.5		0.3	-2.0	-1.2 -2	.4 –1.6 0.5 .5 –3.0 –0.1
	1.2 Carpets and other floor coverings Household textiles	3 6	100.9	104.6 98.7	0.3 –1.2		-0.9 -1.5						.9 3.2 3.7 .8 –3.8 –1.4
05.	Household appliances, fitting and repairs 3.1/2 Major appliances and small electric goods 3.3 Repair of household appliances	7 6 1	101.4 101.9 98.8	103.6 103.9 102.1	1.1 1.9 –3.4	2.6 3.0 0.1	2.1 2.0 2.5		0.2 -0.1 1.5		1.5	0.5 0	.1 0.8 2.2 .2 0.9 2.0 .2 –0.3 3.3
05.4	Glassware, tableware and household utensils	5	100.6	97.5	0.9	0.3	-0.4	-1.3	-1.4	-1.9	-2.1	-2.1 -0	.6 –2.4 –3.0
05.5	Tools and equipment for house and garden	5	100.1	97.7	0.2	-1.0	1.1	0.1	-1.9	-1.4	-1.9	-0.3 -0	.7 –1.2 –2.5
05.6	Goods and services for routine maintenance	11	100.4	101.5	-0.4	1.3	-0.1	0.1	0.6	0.7	0.9	-0.5 -0	.7 –0.6 1.1
	6.1 Non-durable household goods 6.2 Domestic services and household services	4 7	99.2 101.1	96.9 104.3	-1.0 0.1	3.5 0.1	-5.8 3.6						.2 –6.6 –2.3 .2 3.1 3.2
	Medical products, appliances and equipment	11	100.4	101.3	-	-0.6	1.2						.1 1.5 0.9
	Pharmaceutical products Other medical and therapeutic equipment	7 4	99.9 101.2	101.8 100.5	-0.4 0.6	-0.9 -	1.3 0.9		1.3 1.4				.1 2.4 1.9 .7 –0.2 –0.7

4 CPIH: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes^{1,2}

continued

	Weights Ir	ndex (201		Percentage over 1 m						age char 2 month			
	2016	2015 Oct	2016 Oct	2015 Oct			2016 Mar			201620 Jun			
06.2 Out-patient services	5	100.2	102.5	-0.1	_	1.3	1.3	1.8		2.2 2			
06.2.1/3 Medical services & paramedical services 06.2.2 Dental services	3 2	100.2 100.2	101.6 104.0	-0.1 -	0.1	1.3 1.3	1.2 1.3	1.6 2.6		1.9 1 3.1 3			
06.3 Hospital services	7	99.3	102.7	-2.1	-2.4	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.5	3.6 3	3.7 3	.7 3.	8 3.4
07.1 Purchase of vehicles	36	98.9	98.0	-0.1						-2.2 -1			
07.1.1A New cars 07.1.1B Second-hand cars	21 13	100.2 96.6	101.2 92.8	_ -0.2	0.4 -0.2				0.2 -6.2	-0.1 -5.6 -4			5 0.9 0 –4.0
07.1.2/3 Motorcycles and bicycles	2	98.4	97.8	-1.5	-1.1	-3.6	-6.1	-2.1	-2.3	−2.7 −1	.7 –4	.8 –1.	1 –0.
07.2 Operation of personal transport equipment 07.2.1 Spare parts and accessories	61 4	99.1 100.0	102.3 101.3	-0.3 -	1.1 0.4	-2.3 0.2	-3.1 0.5	-2.2 0.4		-1.1 -0 0.5 0		- 1. .7 0.	
07.2.2 Fuels and lubricants	26	97.5	102.1	-0.9	2.3	-7.3	-9.2	-7.5	-6.8	-5.5 -4	1.3 –2	.6 1.	4 4.
07.2.3 Maintenance and repairs 07.2.4 Other services	19 12	100.2 101.0	102.0 103.5	0.5	0.1 -0.1	1.5 2.6	1.7 2.9	1.6 3.7			l.3 1 l.1 3	.3 1. .9 3.	
7.3 Transport services	31	98.2	102.0	-3.7	-2.3	2.0	7.7	1.6	1.6	3.9 3	35 4	7 2	4 3.
07.3.1 Passenger transport by railway	11	99.5	99.5	-0.3	-0.6	-0.4	1.7	-0.2	0.6	-1.8 -0	0.6 -0	.5 0.	2
07.3.2 Passenger transport by road 07.3.3 Passenger transport by air	10 7	99.9 95.2	104.0 92.6	−0.6 −12.7	0.5 -7.4	1.4		1.9	2.7 –9.0	3.3 2 0.6 –4			
07.3.4 Passenger transport by sea and inland waterway	3	93.1	107.6	-5.6		10.2	6.6	0.9		10.6			
8.1 Postal services	1	100.4	101.9	-	-	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5 1	.5 1	.5 1.	5 1.
8.2/3 Telephone and telefax equipment and services	25	100.6	103.8	0.7	0.1	2.1	1.4	1.7	2.9	3.8 3	3.8 4	.3 3.	7 3.5
9.1 Audio-visual equipment and related products	16	98.0	94.4	0.5	-					-5.8 -4			-
09.1.1 Reception and reproduction of sound and pictures 09.1.2 Photographic, cinematographic and optical equipment	4 t 2	100.2 96.8	96.5 95.3	0.4 -0.5						-8.0 - 1 $-9.0 - 7$			
09.1.3 Data processing equipment	6	95.7	88.8	0.3		-15.1-	-14.1-	-13.2	-10.7·	-11.1 -9	9.6 –8	.5 –7.	0 –7.
09.1.4 Recording media 09.1.5 Repair of audio-visual equipment & related products	3 1	99.6 100.2	97.5 101.1	1.7 —	-3.4 -	0.9 0.8	3.6 0.9	3.1 0.7		5.1 (0.3 (
9.2 Oth. major durables for recreation & culture 09.2.1/2 Major durables for in/outdoor recreation	10 10	100.7 100.7	102.0 102.0	- -	0.9 0.9	1.7 1.7	1.8 1.8	1.3 1.3		1.2 (1.2 (
9.3 Other recreational items, gardens and pets	28	101.0	99.4	2.1		-1.0	_		-0.7				
09.3.1 Games, toys and hobbies 09.3.2 Equipment for sport and open-air recreation	16 2	101.6 100.8	98.4 100.5	3.4 0.4		−1.6 −0.1			-0.6 -0.6	1.7 –0 1.3 1			3. 2 -0
09.3.3 Gardens, plants and flowers	4 6	98.5 100.6	100.1	-1.5 0.9	0.5	-0.5	-0.9	-1.4	-1.3	-1.1 -0 -0.6 -0).7 –0	.9 –0.	5 1
09.3.4/5 Pets, related products and services						-0.8							
9.4 Recreational and cultural services 09.4.1 Recreational and sporting services	28 8	101.5 102.6	106.2 107.9	0.3 -0.2	0.2 0.1	3.2 4.2	2.9 4.5	4.3 4.3			I.9 5 I.0 3	.4 4. .9 4.	-
09.4.2 Cultural services	20	101.1	105.6	0.5	0.2	2.8	2.3	4.3			5.2 5		
9.5 Books, newspapers and stationery	11	101.3	104.5	1.5	1.9	3.3	2.0						
09.5.1 Books 09.5.2 Newspapers and periodicals	3 4	104.1 100.3	103.9 106.2	2.7 0.1	3.7 0.8	8.1 2.5	0.2 4.5	-3.5 5.0			3.5 2 1.0 4		2 –0 1 5
09.5.3/4 Misc. printed matter, stationery, drawing materials	4	100.0	102.7	2.0	1.7	0.3	0.4	0.8		2.2 1			
9.6 Package holidays	30	100.7	99.1	0.2	-0.4	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	-	0.	9 –1
0.0 Education	21	103.4	107.9	3.6	2.0	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8 4	1.8 4	.8 5.	9 4.
1.1 Catering services	84	100.3	102.9	0.1	0.2	1.6	1.8	2.0					
11.1.1 Restaurants & cafes 11.1.2 Canteens	77 7	100.4 100.1	103.0 101.6	0.1 0.2	0.2	1.7 0.2	1.9 0.7	2.1 0.9	2.2 1.3		-		-
1.2 Accommodation services	18	102.0	105.0	0.2	-1.6	3.1	3.7	3.6	4.7	2.9 4	1.5 2	.3 5.	0 3.
2.1 Personal care	26	100.3	100.1	0.3	0.7	-0.9	-1.1	-0.9	-0.9	-1.1 -0).6 –1	.1 –0.	6 –0.
12.1.1 Hairdressing and personal grooming establishments 12.1.2/3 Appliances and products for personal care	6 20	100.4 100.2	102.5 99.3	-0.2 0.4	-0.2 0.9					2.2 2 -2.1 -1			
2.3 Personal effects (nec) 12.3.1 Jewellery, clocks and watches	14 8	99.5 100.1	99.6 101.3	-0.9 -0.2	−1.1 −0.4					-0.6 -1 1.0 -0			
12.3.2 Other personal effects	6	98.4	97.7	-2.3	-1.9					-2.5 -1			
2.4 Social protection	13	100.8	104.4	0.2	0.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.4 3	.6 3.	6 3.
2.5 Insurance	7	100.4	108.7	_ 0.7	-0.8	7.3		6.5					
12.5.2 House contents insurance 12.5.3 Health insurance	2 2	98.8 98.8	100.5 106.5	−0.7 −2.1	-0.7 -2.2		-1.2 7.7			1.7 C			
12.5.4 Transport insurance	3	101.9	114.7	1.3	-2.2		11.3			14.4 14			
2.6 Financial services (nec) 12.6.2 Other financial services (nec)	10 10	100.2 100.2	99.9 99.9	-0.1 -0.1	0.3 0.3	0.1 0.1	0.7 0.7	0.6 0.6		-0.7 -0 -0.7 -0			
12.7 Other services (nec)	10	101.6	100.1	1.3	-0.2	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.4 -0).4 –0	.3	1.

Key:- zero or negligible .. not available (nec) not elsewhere covered

¹ From the release of January data on 16 February 2016, CPI and CPIH indices will be re-referenced and published with 2015=100.

² The National Statistics status of CPIH has been discontinued pending work to investigate and improve the method for measuring owner occupiers' housing costs in this index. The improvements from the resulting develop-